



FINO PAYTECH LIMITED

Annual Report for the F.Y. 2021-2022



FINO PAYTECH LIMITED

BOARDS' REPORT

Dear Shareholders,

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting their Sixteenth Annual Report together with the Audited Standalone and Consolidated Financial Statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2022.

1. Financial Highlights & Performance

The summarized standalone and consolidated financial results of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2022 as compared to the previous year are as under:

(Rs. in
Lakhs)

PARTICULARS	STANDALONE		CONSOLIDATED	
	2021-22	2020-21	2021-22	2020-21
Net Sales and other income	84,163.56	2,233.86	105063.02	86,037.22
Profit /(Loss) before Interest, Depreciation and Tax	60,906.87	(1,142.24)	2,200.28	5,612.23
Finance Charges	156.78	178.35	3,009.70	3,957.24
Depreciation	195.14	228.03	4,374.68	6,631.64
Profit /(Loss) before Tax and prior period items	60,554.95	(1,548.62)	(5,184.10)	(4,976.65)
Prior period items	-	-	-	-
Profit /(Loss) before Tax	60,554.95	(1,548.62)	(5,184.10)	(4,976.65)
<u>Tax expenses:</u>				
Current tax	8,191.09	-	130.59	8.26
Tax provision for earlier yrs.	-	-	-	-
Deferred	-	55.27	-	55.27
Mat Credit entitlement	-	-	-	-
Net Profit /(Loss) after Tax	52,363.86	(1,603.89)	(5,314.68)	(5,040.18)
Other Comprehensive Income	13.93	(156.60)	98.09	(199.57)
Balance of Profit /(Loss) carried forward to next year	52,377.78	(1,760.49)	(5,216.60)	(5,239.75)

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The net revenue of the Company was Rs. 84,163.54 lakhs as against Rs. 2,233.86 lakhs in the previous year. The profit before tax was Rs. 60,554.95 lakhs as against Rs. 1,548.62 lakhs profit in the previous year. The increase in net revenue was on account of an Offer for Sale of 1,56,02,999 equity shares aggregating upto Rs. 900,29,30,423 by the Company.

Bharat Petroleum Corporation Limited's (BPCL) investment in the Company is 21.97% (as on March 31, 2022), therefore your Company is an Associate Company of the BPCL.

2. Payment of Dividend

- i. During the year under review, your Board of Directors, in accordance with the provisions of Section 123 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Declaration and Payment of Dividend) Rules, 2014 and the Memorandum and Articles of Associations of the Company and pursuant to the provisions of Amended and Restated Shareholders Agreement dated July 29, 2016, as amended from time to time, declared and paid an interim dividend (i.e. Past Dividend Amount as described in aforesaid Amended and Restated Shareholders Agreement dated July 29, 2016 and Articles of Association of the Company) to "Series A Preference Shareholders", "Series B Preference Shareholders" and "Series C Preference Shareholder" as detailed below, out of the surplus funds available to the Company:

Series A Preference Shareholders				
Sr. No.	Name of Preference Shareholders	Series A	Dividend per share	Dividend Amount
1	International Finance Corporation	24,32,432.00	30.21	7,34,76,973.07
2	Intel Capital Corporation	24,72,973.00	30.21	7,47,01,603.39
3	HAV3 Holdings (Mauritius) Limited	15,81,081.00	30.21	4,77,60,038.54
Total		64,86,486.00		19,59,38,615.00

Series B Preference Shareholders				
Sr. No.	Name of Preference Shareholders	Series B	Dividend per share	Dividend Amount
1	International Finance Corporation	27,41,485.00	0.02	43,695.88
2	Intel Capital Corporation	19,61,300.00	0.02	31,260.69
3	HAV3 Holdings (Mauritius) Limited	97,48,902.00	0.02	1,55,385.43
Total		1,44,51,687.00		2,30,342.00

Series C Preference Shareholder				
Sr. No.	Name of Preference Shareholders	Series C	Dividend per share	Dividend Amount
1	Blackstone GPV Capital Partners (Mauritius) VI-B FDI Limited	1,87,80,518.00	19.20	36,04,93,144.00
Total		1,87,80,518.00		36,04,93,144.00

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- ii. On 8th June, 2022, your Board of Directors, in accordance with the provisions of the Memorandum and Articles of Associations of the Company declared and paid an interim dividend of Rs. 37.71/- on per Equity & Preference Share of the Company. The allocation of an interim Dividend was as follows:

S.No.	Type of Shares	Total number of shares	Dividend Per Share	Amount of Dividend
1	Equity	10,94,07,156	37.71	4,12,57,43,853
2	Preference	2,38,31,215	37.71	89,86,75,118
TOTAL				5,02,44,18,970

3. Particulars of Share Capital

i. Right Issue:

The Board of Directors at its meeting held on September 27, 2021 allotted 29,66,470 (Twenty Nine Lakhs Sixty Six Thousand Four Hundred Seventy) equity shares of face value of Rs.10/- each at a premium of Rs. 242/- each aggregating to Rs. 74,75,50,440/- (Rupees Seventy Four Crore Seventy Five Lakhs Fifty Thousand Four Hundred Forty only) to its existing equity shareholders on a rights basis.

ii. Conversion of Warrants:

- (i) The Board of Directors at its meeting held on January 25, 2022 approved the conversion of 15,00,000 (Fifteen Lakhs) warrants of Rs. 10/- each held by ICICI Lombard General Insurance Company Limited into 15,00,000 equity shares of Rs. 10/- each in the ratio of one equity share of Rs. 10/- for one warrant held.
- (ii) The Board of Directors through Circular Resolution on February 7, 2022 approved the conversion of 40,00,000 (Forty Lakhs) warrants of Rs. 10/- each held by ICICI Bank Limited into 40,00,000 equity shares of Rs. 10/- each in the ratio of one equity share of Rs. 10/- for one warrant held.

iii. Employees Stock Option Plan (ESOP)

During the year under review, pursuant to the ESOP Scheme of the Company, the Company had allotted 13,12,575 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each to the employees/ex-employees of the Company/Subsidiaries, who have exercised their ESOPs. The Company has not issued sweat equity shares or shares with differential voting rights during the year under review.

Pursuant to Section 62 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with sub-rule 9 of Rule 12 of the Companies (Share capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014, the details of ESOPs are given below:

a) Options granted	: 2,34,63,000
b) Options vested	: 58,20,250
c) Options exercised	: 98,67,325
d) Total number of shares arising as a result of exercise of options	: 98,67,325
e) Options lapsed	: 72,40,425

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f) Exercise price	: Rs. 10, 20, 30, 70.64, 75, 80, 100 & 105
g) Variation of terms of options	: none
h) Money realised by exercise of option	: As detailed in financial statements
i) Total number of options in force	: 63,55,250
j) Employee-wise details of options Granted to-	
i) Key Managerial Personnel (as on 31.03.2022)	: 1,00,000
ii) Any other employee who receives grant of options in any one year amounting to 5% or more of options granted during that year	: None
iii) Identified employees who were Granted option, during any one year Equal to or exceeding 1% of the issued Capital of the company (excluding outstanding warrants and conversions) at the time of grant	: None

As a result of the above changes in capital structure, the issued and paid-up share capital of the Company has increased from Rs. 1,23,45,93,260/- to Rs. 1,33,23,83,710/-.

During the year under review the Company has not changed its Authorised Share Capital, the Authorised Share Capital of the Company is Rs. 1,70,00,00,000/-, divided into 12,00,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each aggregating to Rs. 1,20,00,00,000/-, and 5,00,00,000 Fully Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares of Rs. 10/- each aggregating to Rs. 50,00,00,000/-.

iv. Dilution of stake in its wholly owned subsidiary i.e. FINO Payments Bank Limited:

During the year under review, as a part of the Initial Public Offering, of its subsidiary i.e. Fino Payments Bank Limited, the Company has diluted its 25% stake in its WOS by selling 1,56,02,999 (One Crore Fifty Six Lakhs Two Thousand Nine hundred and Ninety Nine) equity shares at Rs.577/- (Rupees Five hundred and Seventy Seven only) each aggregating to Rs.9,00,29,30,423/- (Rupees Nine Hundred Crore Twenty Nine Lakhs Thirty Thousand Four Hundred and Twenty Three only) by way of offer sale through stock exchange mechanism to the persons entitled thereto.

v. Alteration of Articles of Association:

The Company had altered its Articles of Association by passing special resolution at its Annual General Meeting held on 30th September, 2021.

4. Material changes and commitments/ Impact of COVID-19

The first quarter of FY 2021-22 coincided with the second wave of COVID-19 in India, which was more severe than the first wave. Having said that, the relative downside to the economy was lower than during the first wave as the government did



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not go in for a blanket lockdown of the economy.

The Company is operating in a phased manner as per directives from the Government of India. The extent to which the pandemic will impact our future financial results is currently uncertain and will depend on various other economic developments. The Company will continue to monitor any material changes to future economic conditions.

Except, as disclosed elsewhere in the report, there have been no material changes and commitments, which can affect the financial position of the Company between the end of the financial year and the date of this report.

5. Brief Description of the Company's working during the Year/State of Company's Affairs

The Company is engaged in the business of providing technology solutions to various banks, insurance companies, government and non-government institutions and body corporates.

6. Highlights of the performance of Company's Subsidiary Companies & Associate Company

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 129, 133, 134 and 136 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rules framed thereunder ("the Act"), the Company has prepared Audited Standalone & Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company and Audited Financial Statement of its subsidiaries and associate Company.

The performance and financial position of each of its Subsidiary Companies and Associate Company are detailed in statement containing salient features of the financial statements of Subsidiaries/ Associate Companies in form AOC- I which is prepared pursuant to Section 129 of the Companies Act, 2013 and forms part of the Annual Report.

The total revenue from the operation of Fino Payments Bank Limited during the year under review is Rs.1,00,885.39 lakhs and Net Profit is Rs.4,274.08 lakhs.

In terms of the approval granted by the Board of Directors of Bank at their meeting held on July 23, 2021 and by their Members through Special Resolution passed at the Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on October 12, 2021, the Bank, during the financial year 2021-22 completed the Initial Public Offer (IPO) of 2,08,02,305 Equity Shares of face value of Rs. 10 each at a price of Rs. 577 per equity share, including premium of Rs. 567 per equity share aggregating to Rs. 1200,29,29,985 comprising of a fresh issue of 51,99,306 equity shares aggregating to Rs. 299,99,99,562 and an Offer for Sale of 1,56,02,999 equity shares aggregating upto Rs. 900,29,30,423 by the Fino PayTech Limited.

The Issue opened on October 29, 2021 and closed on November 02, 2021 (both day inclusive) and it received overwhelming response from the investors across all categories.

The Bank received trading approval from BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited on November 11, 2021 and the entire fully paid-up 8,32,14,302



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Equity Shares were listed on BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited on November 12, 2021.

The total revenue from the operation of Fino Finance Private Limited during the year under review is Rs.1,457.65 lakhs and Net Loss is Rs.7,438.80 lakhs.

The total revenue from the operation of Fino Financial Services Private Limited during the year under review is Rs. NIL and Net Loss is Rs.0.88 lakhs.

The total revenue of Fino Trusteeship Services Limited, Associate Company of the Company, during the year under review is Rs.39.34 lakhs and Net Profit is Rs.27.91 lakhs.

7. Detail of Subsidiary/Associate Companies

Sr. No.	Name of the Company	Whether incorporated / acquired/ converted	Year of Incorporation /acquisition	Status
1	FINO Finance Private Limited	Acquired	2010	Wholly-owned Subsidiary
2	FINO Trusteeship Services Ltd.	Incorporated	2009	Associate Company
3	FINO Payments Bank Limited	Converted	2017	Subsidiary
4	FINO Financial Services Pvt. Ltd.	Incorporated	2014	Wholly-owned Subsidiary

The Financial Statements of Fino Finance Private Limited, Fino Financial Services Private Limited (Wholly-owned Subsidiary Companies), Fino Payments Bank Limited (Subsidiary Company) and Fino Trusteeship Services Limited (Associate Company) are forming part of the Consolidated financial statements of the Company.

8. Reserves

The Company doesn't propose to transfer any amount to reserves.

9. Directors' and Key Managerial Personnel

Appointment/Resignation of Director

During the Financial Year 2021-22, based on recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee („NRC“) of the Company, the Board of Directors has appointed Mr. Marcus Peter Strutt Thompson as a Nominee Director of the Company with effect from January 25, 2022.



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Further, Mr. Amit Jain, Nominee Director of the Blackstone GPV Capital Partners (Mauritius) VI-B FDI Limited, and Mr. Alok Gupta, Nominee Director of the HAV3 Holdings (Mauritius) Limited, have resigned with effect from May 25, 2021 and December 31, 2021, respectively.

Dr. Anjana Grewal, an Independent Director, was appointed for a term of five consecutive year w.e.f. February 17, 2017. Accordingly her tenure completed on February 16, 2022, she ceased to be an Independent Director with effect from closing business hours of February 16, 2022.

Your directors have placed on record, their deep appreciation on behalf of the Board for the valuable contribution made, guidance given and the services rendered by Mr. Amit Jain, Mr. Alok Gupta and Dr. Anjana Grewal for the Company.

Retirement by rotation:

In accordance with the provisions of Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Companies (Management & Administration) Rules, 2014 and Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Sudeep Gupta (DIN: 07899859), Director of the Company, who retires by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting („AGM“) and being eligible, has offered himself for re-appointment and the Board recommends his re-appointment.

Key Managerial Personnel:

During the year under review:

- i. Mr. Praveer Kumar tendered his resignation from the post of Chief Financial Officer (CFO) and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company with effect from closure of working hours on December 10, 2021;
- ii. Mr. Jitendra Kumar Garg tendered his resignation from the post of Company Secretary & Manager - Legal, KMP with effect from closure of business hours on March 07, 2022.

Except as mentioned above there were no further changes in the composition of the Board of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company during the year under review.

10. Declaration by Independent Directors

The Independent Directors have submitted their disclosures under Section 149 (7) of the Act to the Board that they fulfill all the criteria of independence as mentioned in Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 as amended from time to time.

11. Board Evaluation

Your Company is highly committed and have dedicated professionals as Directors on its Board. The Directors follow an efficient mechanism for Annual Evaluation of performance by the Board, Directors individually, and the Committees of the Board; the mechanism basically is based upon the principle of enhancement in Company's

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efficient governance and bringing higher levels of transparency, legacy and accountability in working of the Company.

Broadly, the evaluation framework for assessing the performance of Directors comprises of the following key areas:

- i. Attendance of Board Meetings and Committee Meetings.
- ii. Quality of contribution at the Board/Committee Meetings deliberations.
- iii. Strategic perspectives or inputs regarding future growth of Company and its performance.
- iv. Providing perspectives/advice and feedback going beyond information provided by the management.
- v. Commitment towards Shareholders and other Stakeholders" interests.

As per the Companies Act, 2013, the formal annual evaluation needs to be made by the Board of its own performance and that of its committees and individual Directors.

Further, Schedule IV of Companies Act, 2013 states that the performance evaluation of Independent Directors shall be done by the entire Board of Directors, excluding the Director being evaluated.

Accordingly, the Board of Directors had carried out annual performance evaluation of its own performance, the committees and Director individually including Independent Directors. The performance evaluation of the Non Independent Directors and the Board as a whole, Chairman of Company, taking into account the views of Executive Director and Non-Executive Director, was carried out by the Independent Directors.

The Board of Directors had expressed their satisfaction with the evaluation process.

12. Conservation of Energy, Research and Development, Technology Absorption and Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo

The information on conservation of energy and technology absorption pursuant to Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8(3) of the Companies (Account) Rules, 2014 are set out in the **Annexure-A**.

The details of Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo are set out in notes to the standalone financial statements.

13. Related Party Transactions

All material related party transactions under Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made thereunder are set out in Form AOC-2 (As per Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013) is annexed herewith as **Annexure- B**. These transactions are in ordinary course of business and on arm's length basis. The details of the related party transactions as required under Accounting Standard 18/ Ind AS 24, as the case may be, are set out in notes to accounts to the financial statements. All Related Party Transactions are placed before the Audit Committee.

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14. Board Committees

Detailed Composition of the Board committees namely Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Corporate Social Responsibility Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, number of meetings held during the year under review and other related details are set out below:

A. Details of Board of Directors' Meetings

During the year under review, seven (7) Board meetings were held on June 24, 2021, July 19, 2021, August 27, 2021, September 27, 2021, October 21, 2021, October 25, 2021 and January 25, 2022 respectively.

The details of the Directors and attendance at the meeting of the Board of Directors:

Sr. No	Name	Category	No. of Meetings Attended
1	Mr. Ashok Kini	Non-Executive Chairman, Independent Director	6
2	Dr. Anjana Grewal*	Independent Director	7
3	Mr. Ramakrishna Gupta Vetsa	Nominee Director	7
4	Mr. Alok Gupta #	Nominee Director	6
6	Mr. Amit Jain***	Nominee Director	0
5	Mr. Sudeep Gupta	Whole-time Director	7
7	Mr. Marcus Peter Strutt Thompson **	Nominee Director	0

*Ceased to be Director w.e.f February 16, 2022, upon completion of her term as an Independent Director.

#Ceased to be Nominee Director w.e.f December 31, 2021 due to resignation.

**Appointed as a Nominee Director of the Company w.e.f. January 25, 2022.

***Appointed as a Nominee Director of the Company w.e.f. May 25, 2021.

B. Audit Committee

The Board has constituted Audit Committee under Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013. As on March 31, 2022 the Committee comprised of one Independent Directors and one Nominee Directors.

During the year under review, three (3) meetings of the Audit Committee were held on June 24, 2021, August 27, 2021 and January 25, 2022 respectively.

The Committee was re-constituted on January 25, 2022

Details of members of the Committee and their attendance at the Audit Committee meetings are as given below:

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Sr. No	Name	Category	No. of Meetings Attended
1	Mr. Ashok Kini	Chairman	3
2	Dr. Anjana Grewal*	Member	3
3	Mr. Alok Gupta#	Member	2
4	Mr. Marcus Peter Strutt Thompson**	Member	0

*ceased to be Member of the Committee w.e.f February 16, 2022, upon completion of her term as an Independent Director.

#Ceased to be Nominee Director w.e.f December 31, 2021 due to resignation.

**Appointed as a member of the Committee w.e.f. June 29, 2022.

The Board of Directors had accepted all the recommendations given by the Audit committee during the year under review.

Authorised Representative of the Audit Committee was present at the Annual General Meeting held on September 30, 2021.

C. Nomination and Remuneration Committee

The Board has constituted Nomination and Remuneration Committee as per requirements of the Companies Act, 2013.

The Board of Directors has framed a policy which lays down guidelines in relation to remuneration of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other employee of the Company. This policy inter alia, prescribes criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of Directors also lays down criteria for selection and appointment of Board Members. The Nomination and Remuneration policy has been prepared as per requirements of the provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 read along with the Rules. There were no material changes in the policy during the F.Y. 2022-23. The Policy is available on the web site of the Company www.finopaytech.com.

As on March 31, 2022 the Committee comprised of one Independent Director and one Nominee Director.

During the year under review, two (2) meeting of Nomination and Remuneration Committee was held on June 24, 2021 and August 27, 2021.

Details of members of the Committee and their attendance at the Nomination and Remuneration Committee meetings are as given below:

Sr. no	Name	Category	No of Meetings attended
1.	Dr. Anjana Grewal*	Chairperson	2
2.	Mr. Ashok Kini	Member	2
3.	Mr. Alok Gupta#	Member	2
4.	Mr. Marcus peter Strutt Thompson**	Member	0

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*ceased to be the Member of the Committee w.e.f February 16, 2022, upon completion of her term as an Independent Director.

#Ceased to be Nominee Director w.e.f December 31, 2021 due to resignation.

**Appointed as a member of the Committee w.e.f. July 2, 2022.

Authorised Representative of the Committee was present at the Annual General Meeting held on September 30, 2021.

D. Corporate Social Responsibility Committee

In terms of section 135 and Schedule VII of the Act read with Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 made thereunder, as amended, the Board of Directors of your Company have constituted a Corporate Social Responsibility Committee and adopted CSR policy formulated by the Committee.

The CSR policy indicating the development and implementation of the policy on the CSR initiatives/activities as approved by the Board were uploaded in the Web site of the Company at www.finopaytech.com

The CSR obligation of Company for Financial Year 2021-22 was Rs. 5.29 Lakh. Your Directors confirms that the entire above mentioned amount was spent towards approved CSR activities during the Financial Year 2021-22.

Further, the Company had incurred average Net Loss of Rs. 1,271.76 Lakhs in the immediately preceding three financial years. As per the CSR rules, the Company is required to contribute 2% of the average net profits i.e. Rs. NIL in any of the prescribed activities during the Financial Year 2022-23.

The Annual Report on CSR initiatives/activities is enclosed as **Annexure-C**.

During the year under review, one (1) meeting of Corporate Social Responsibility Committee was held on June 24, 2021.

Details of members and their attendance at the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee meetings:

Sr. no	Name	Category	No of Meetings attended
1.	Mr. Ashok Kini	Chairman	1
2.	Dr. Anjana Grewal*	Member	1
3.	Mr. Ramkrishna Gupta Vetsa	Member	1

*ceased to be the Member of the Committee w.e.f February 16, 2022, upon completion of her term as an Independent Director.

15. Particulars of Loans, Guarantees or investments

The particulars of Loans given, Investments made and guarantees provided by the Company under Section 186 of the Act read with the Companies (Meetings of Board

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and its Powers) Rules, 2014 as at March 31, 2022, forms part of the Financial Statements.

16. Vigil Mechanism

The Company has established a Vigil Mechanism that enables the Directors and Employees to report genuine concerns. The Vigil Mechanism provides for (a) adequate safeguards against victimization of persons who use the Vigil Mechanism; and (b) direct access to the Chairperson of the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company in appropriate or exceptional cases. Details of the Vigil Mechanism policy are made available on the Company's website www.finopaytech.com.

17. Disclosure under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013:

Your Company is an equal opportunity employer and is committed to ensuring that the work environment at all its locations is conducive to fair, safe and harmonious relations between employees. It strongly believes in upholding the dignity of all its employees, irrespective of their gender or seniority. Discrimination and harassment of any type are strictly prohibited.

The Company has in place an Anti-Sexual Harassment Policy in line with the requirements of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013.

The Company has complied with the provisions relating to the constitution of Internal Complaints Committee (ICC) under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 to redress complaints received regarding sexual harassment. All employees (permanent, contractual, temporary, trainees) are covered under the policy.

The following is a summary of sexual harassment complaints received and disposed off during the financial year 2021-22.

- No. of complaints received: NIL (Previous year NIL).
- No. of complaints disposed off.: NA (Previous year NA).
- Number of cases pending for more than 90 days : NIL
- Number of workshops/awareness programmes against sexual harassment carried out – online training awareness is carried out periodically.
- Nature of action taken by the employer or District Officer – NA

18. Directors' Responsibility Statement

Pursuant to the requirement of Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, and based on the representations received from the operating management, your Directors hereby confirm that:

- (a) in the preparation of the annual accounts for the financial year ended March 31, 2022, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;

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- (b) the directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent, so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as on March 31, 2022 and profit of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2022;
- (c) the directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) for the time being in force) for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- (d) the directors had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis; and
- (e) the directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

19. Risk Management Policy

The Board has framed a policy on Risk Management including identification therein elements of risk, if any which in the opinion of the Board may threaten the existence of the Company. The policy helps to assess the risk areas, monitor and report compliance and effectiveness of the policy and procedure.

The Company has not come across any element of risk which may threaten the existence of the Company.

The Directors expressed their satisfaction that the systems of risk management are defensible.

20. Internal Controls and their adequacy

The Company has an Internal Control System, commensurate with the size, scale and complexity of its operations. Internal Audit Control System ensures that the regular internal audits are conducted functional areas. The findings are then taken up by Audit Committee along with management response for suitable action. The Company has adequate and effective internal audit system, covering on a continuous basis, the entire gamut of operations and services spanning all locations, business and functions. The Audit Committee monitors the Internal Audit System on regular intervals and directs necessary steps to further improve the Internal Control system.

21. Auditors

a) Statutory Auditors

The Shareholders in their meeting held on September 30, 2019 had appointed M/s. MSKC & Associates (Formerly known as M/s. R. K. Kumar & Co.) (ICAI Firm Registration No. 001595S), Chartered Accountants, as Statutory Auditors of the Company in place of M/s. B S R & Associates LLP (Registration No. 116231 W/W 100024), Chartered Accountants, for a term of 5 years, commencing from the

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conclusion of the 13th AGM till the conclusion of the 18th AGM of the Company to be held in the year 2024.

The Audited Standalone and Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2022, have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with relevant rules issued thereunder (Ind AS) and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.

The Notes to Accounts are self-explanatory and therefore do not call for any further comments. The Auditors' Report is unmodified and does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark.

The Board of Directors at its meeting held on August 26, 2022 had upon the recommendation of the Audit Committee, approved the appointment of M/s. A P Sanzgiri & Co., Chartered Accountants (FRN: 116293W), as Statutory Auditors of the Company to fill the casual vacancy caused by resignation of M/s. MSKC & Associates (ICAI Firm Registration No. 001595S) Chartered Accountants, for a term of 5 years, commencing from the conclusion of the ensuing AGM upto the conclusion of AGM to be held in year 2027, subject to approval by the members and has accordingly approved the Notice for 16th Annual General Meeting with a recommended resolution for appointment of the said firm as Statutory Auditors along with the additional information thereof.

M/s. A P Sanzgiri & Co., Chartered Accountants, have confirmed that the said appointment would be in conformity with the provisions of sections 139 and 141 of the Companies Act, 2013. The Members are requested to approve the appointment of M/s. A P Sanzgiri & Co., Chartered Accountants (FRN: 116293W) as Statutory Auditors of the Company and fix their remuneration.

The Company exempted the presence of Statutory Auditors in the AGM to be held on September 23, 2022.

b) Secretarial Auditor

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, your Company has appointed M/s. D M & Associates, Company Secretaries, Mumbai as the Secretarial Auditor to conduct an audit of the secretarial records of the Company for the financial year 2021-22. The Secretarial Audit Report for the financial year ended March 31, 2022 under the Act, read with Rules made thereunder, is set out in the **Annexure-D** to this report.

The Secretarial Audit Report does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark.

The Company exempted the presence of Secretarial Auditor in the AGM to be held on September 23, 2022.

FINO PAYTECH LIMITED

c) Internal Auditor

As required under Section 138 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 13 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, the Internal Audit function is carried out by the Internal Auditor. The Internal Auditors present their report to the Audit Committee. The scope, functioning, periodicity and methodology for conducting the internal audit have been formulated in consultation with the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors.

22. Annual Return

In accordance with the provision of Section 92 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013, the copy of the annual return in the prescribed Form No. MGT-7 is uploaded on website of the Company at www.finopaytech.com.

23. Disclosures under Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5 (2) of Companies (Appointment & Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014

The Company being unlisted Company the disclosure in terms of Rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment & Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 is not applicable and hence not required to be disclosed.

24. Reporting of Frauds by Auditors

During the year under review, the Statutory Auditors and the Secretarial Auditor have not reported any instances of frauds committed in the Company by its Officers or Employees to the Audit Committee under section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013, details of which need to be mentioned in this Report.

25. Additional disclosures

Your Directors state that no disclosure or reporting is required in respect of the following items as there were no transactions on these items during the financial year under review:

- i) Issue of equity shares with differential rights as to dividend, voting or otherwise.
- ii) Issue of shares (including sweat equity shares) to employees of your Company under any scheme. – please refer point no. 3 of the Board Report
- iii) No significant or material orders were passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals which impact the going concern status and Company's operations in future.
- iv) During the period under review, none of the Auditors of the Company have reported any fraud as specified under the second proviso of Section 143(12) of the Act (including any statutory modification(s) or reenactment(s) thereof for the time being in force).



FINO PAYTECH LIMITED

- v) The Company has complied with Secretarial Standards, i.e. SS-1 and SS-2, relating to Meetings of the Board of Directors and General Meetings, issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- vi) There were no material changes commitments affecting the financial position of your Company between the end of financial year (March 31, 2022) and the date of the report.
- vii) The Company has not accepted any deposits during the year in accordance with Chapter V of the Companies Act, 2013.
- viii) Company is not required to maintain cost records under Section 148(1) of the Act

Acknowledgement

The Board wishes to place on record its sincere appreciation to the contribution made by the Employees of the Company during the year under review. The Company has achieved impressive growth through the competence, hard work, solidarity, co-operation and support of employees at all levels. Your Directors thank the investors, customers, clients, vendors and other business associates for their continued support in the Company's growth. The Directors also wish to thank the Government Authorities, Banks and the Shareholders for their co-operation and assistance extended to the Company.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

**Place: Navi Mumbai
Date: August 26, 2022**

**SD/-
Ashok Kini
Non-Executive Chairman**

Annexure-A

Annexure to the Boards' Report

INFORMATION RELATING TO CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, R&D, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND INNOVATION, AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS/ OUTGO FORMING PART OF THE BOARDS' REPORT IN TERMS OF SECTION 134 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013.

A. Conservation of Energy

The Company has undertaken several initiatives at its registered office such as:

- Installed energy efficient LED lights.
- Most of the lights and air condition units are switched off after 7 pm. Only required lights are put on to save on wastage of energy. Switching off all the workstation area AC's during lunch time from 1 p.m. to 2 p.m. except cafeteria.
- Power factor has been maintained constantly **through use of Capacitor bank.**
- Installed sun control film & blinds across office to keep office cool and to save on AC consumption.

The Company has been consciously making efforts towards improving the energy performance year on year.

B. Research & Development

During the year under review, the Company had conducted following R & D activities.

Security

The Company has implemented a comprehensive security stack for the banking application. The security stack implemented for providing exceptional alters to monitor and take necessary action to protect any fraudulent activity. This covers all servers and network devises.

The SOC [Security Operations Center] is being managed by ctrl S and comprises the following.

- Intrusion Prevention Systems(IPS)
- Intrusion Detection Systems(IDS)
- Firewalls



FINO PAYTECH LIMITED

- Various monitoring mechanisms deployed using the above tools, alerts are monitored online and daily basis to ensure high level security.

During the period under review, the Company has incurred capital expenditure of Rs. NIL (Previous year Rs. NIL) towards Research and development activities.

C. Technology absorption

FINO ASA/AUA and KSA/KUA compliant

Extending the Company's gains and its experience on AUA/ASA, the Company has scaled it further and on boarded 6 AUA / KUA in its system, today the Company's enrollment and Lending enrollment are done using this platform. The Company is also among the first few to implement the Registered Device (RD) certification for UID.

Place: Navi Mumbai

Date: August 26, 2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-

Ashok Kini

Non-Executive Chairman

FORM NO. AOC-2

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arms length transactions under third proviso thereto

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

SI No.	Particulars	Amount (in Rs.)						
1	Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's	There were no contracts or arrangements or transactions entered into during the year ended 31st March, 2022 which were not at arm's length basis.						
2	Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis:							
(a)	Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship	Fino Payments Bank Limited. - Subsidiary Company	Fino Finance Private Limited. Wholly-Owned Subsidiary	Fino Finance Private Limited. Wholly-Owned Subsidiary	Fino Finance Private Limited. Wholly-Owned Subsidiary	Fino Payments Bank Limited. - Subsidiary company	Bharat Petroleum Corporation Limited. Significant Shareholder of the Company	Fino Payments Bank Limited. - Subsidiary Company
(b)	Nature of contracts/arrangements/ transactions	Reimbursement of Common Expenses	Reimbursement of Expenses	FLDG Payment in relation to the BC lending business with the IndusInd bank	Corporate Guarantee Commission receivable	Sharing of the Issue Expenses with respect to the IPO of the Bank	Cash Management Services	Purchase of Services
(c)	Duration of the contracts/arrangements/ transactions	01 April 21 to 31 March 22	01 April 21 to 31 March 22	01 April 21 to 31 March 22	01 April 21 to 31 March 22	01 April 21 to 31 March 22	01 April 21 to 31 March 22	01 April 21 to 31 March 22
(d)	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any:	At Actual Transaction value of Rs. 2,86,95,702/-	At Actual Transaction value of Rs. 60,21,587/-	At Actual Transaction value of Rs. 9,92,07,582/-	At Actual Transaction value of Rs. 5,13,364/-	At Actual Transaction value of Rs. 15,89,87,565/-	At Actual Transaction value of Rs. 3,43,25,894/-	At Actual Transaction value of Rs. 2,74,60,715/-
(e)	Date(s) of approval by the Board, if any:	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.		N.A.
(f)	Amount paid as advances, if any:	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil		Nil

Place: Navi Mumbai
Date: August 26, 2022



Annual Report on Corporate Social Responsibility
(Pursuant to Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014)

1. A brief outline of the Company's CSR policy, including overview of projects or programs proposed to be undertaken and a reference to the web-link to the CSR policy and projects Or programs:

- The Company has adopted the CSR policy through CSR Committee.
- The Company's CSR and welfare activities are committed to create and support programs that bring about sustainable changes through contributing towards major challenges faced by India (like improving healthcare, supporting education etc., and making our country a better place to live for all).
- The Company plans to support/ partner and assist various CSR activities in the following areas:
 - EDUCATION/HEATH CARE:
 - a. Financial Programs
 - b. Financial Literacy
 - c. Vocational training
 - d. Heath care camping
- The Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Policy of the Company, as approved by the Board of the Directors, is available on the Company's website at www.finopaytech.com

2. The Composition of the CSR Committee as on March 31, 2022:

- Mr. Ashok Kini- Chairman
- *Dr. Anjana Grewal- Member
- Mr. Ramakrishna Gupta Vetsa– Member

*Ceased to be Director w.e.f February 16, 2022, upon completion of her term as an Independent Director.

3. Average net profit/(loss) of the company for last three financial years: Rs. 264.39 Lakhs

4. Prescribed CSR Expenditure (FY 2021-22): Rs. 5.29 Lakhs
(two percent of the amount as in item 3 above)

5. Details of CSR spent during the financial year.

(a) Total amount to be spent for the financial year:	Rs. 5.30 Lakhs
(b) Amount unspent, if any:	NIL
(c) Manner in which the amount spent during the financial year:	The manner in
which the amount is spent is provided under Annexure-I	

Annexure-I

(Rs. In lakhs)

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Sr. No	CSR Project or activity identified	Sector in which the project is covered	Projects or Programmes 1) Local area or other 2) Specify the state and district where projects or programs was undertaken	Amount outlay (budget) project or program wise	Amount spent on the projects or programs Sub-heads: 1) Direct Expenditures on projects or programs 2) Overheads	Cumulative Expenditure up to the reporting period.	Amount spent: Direct or through implementing agency
1	Providing school kits for the economically challenged students of the society	Varanasi	Promoting Education		1.21	1.21	NIL
2.	Water Cooler along with UV and RO Filters	Varanasi, Mirzapur, Ghaziapur.	Promoting health care, eradicating hunger, poverty and malnutrition, sanitation and making available safe drinking water		4.09	5.30	NIL

6. In case the company has failed to spend the two per cent, of the average net profit of the last three financial years or any part thereof, the company shall provide the reasons for not spending the amount in its Boards' Report: Not Applicable.



FINO PAYTECH LIMITED

7. The CSR Committee confirms that the implementation and monitoring of the CSR activities of the Company are in compliance with the CSR objectives and CSR Policy of the Company.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Date: July 26, 2022
Place: Navi Mumbai

Sd/-
Ashok Kini
Chairman of CSR Committee

Sd/-
Sudeep Gupta
Whole-time Director

DM & ASSOCIATES COMPANY SECRETARIES LLP

(LLPIN NO. AAI-4743)

[Firm Registration No: L2017MH003500] [Peer Review Certificate: 758/2020]
REGD. OFFICE: # 205, NADIADWALA MARKET, PODDAR ROAD, MALAD (EAST), MUMBAI-400097
Tel No. 022-28443641 Email: dmassociatesllp@gmail.com

Annexure-D

Form No. MR-3

Secretarial Audit Report

[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No. 9 of the Companies
(Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

For the Financial Year Ended March 31, 2022

To,
The Members,
FINO PAYTECH LIMITED
MindSpace Juinagar, 9th Floor,
Plot No. Gen 2/1/F, Tower 1,
TTC Industrial Area, MIDC Shirwane,
Juinagar, Navi Mumbai
Thane – 400706,

Dear Members,

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **FINO PAYTECH LIMITED** (hereinafter called “the Company”). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts / statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company’s books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended March 31, 2022, complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on March 31, 2022 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 („SCRA“) and the rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment (Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial borrowings were not applicable to the company during Audit Period).
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 („SEBI Act“) **were not applicable** to the Company for the financial year under review:-

DM & ASSOCIATES COMPANY SECRETARIES LLP

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Tel No. 022-28443641 Email: dmassociatesllp@gmail.com

- a. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
- b. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
- c. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure requirements) Regulations, 2009;
- d. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 1999 and the Securities Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014;
- e. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008;
- f. Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021
- g. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993, regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
- h. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009; and
- i. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998;

(vi) During the Audit period no other specific laws were applicable to the Company.

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- a. Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- b. The Company being unlisted public Company, there is no Listing Agreement entered into by the Company with any Stock Exchange(s) and hence the same is not applicable to the Company.

We have relied on the representation made by the Company and its Officers for systems and mechanism formed by the Company for compliances under other applicable Acts, Laws and Regulations to the Company.

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

We further report that

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

DM & ASSOCIATES COMPANY SECRETARIES LLP

(LLPIN NO. AAI-4743)

[Firm Registration No: L2017MH003500] [Peer Review Certificate: 758/2020]
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Tel No. 022-28443641 Email: dmassociatesllp@gmail.com

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and for meeting convened under shorter notice, were in compliance with section 173(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Majority decision is carried through while the dissenting members' views, if any, are captured and recorded as part of the minutes.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

We further report that during the audit period the following specific events took place:

1. Rights Issue:

The Board of Directors at its meeting held on September 27, 2021 allotted 29,66,470 (Twenty Nine Lakhs Sixty Six Thousand Four Hundred Seventy) equity shares of face value of Rs.10/- each at a premium of Rs. 242/- each aggregating to Rs. 74,75,50,440/- (Rupees Seventy Four Crore Seventy Five Lakhs Fifty Thousand Four Hundred Forty only) to its existing equity shareholders on a rights basis.

2. Conversion of Warrants into Equity:

- (i) The Board of Directors at its meeting held on January 25, 2022 approved the conversion of 15,00,000 (Fifteen Lakhs) warrants of Rs. 10/- each held by ICICI Lombard General Insurance Company Limited into 15,00,000 equity shares of Rs. 10/- each in the ratio of one equity share of Rs. 10/- for one warrant held.
- (ii) The Board of Directors through Circular Resolution on February 7, 2022 approved the conversion of 40,00,000 (Forty Lakhs) warrants of Rs. 10/- each held by ICICI Bank Limited into 40,00,000 equity shares of Rs. 10/- each in the ratio of one equity share of Rs. 10/- for one warrant held.

3. Dilution of stake in its subsidiary FINO Payments Bank Limited:

As part of the Initial Public Offering of its subsidiary i.e. Fino Payments Bank Limited, the Company has sold its 20% stake in Fino Payments Bank Limited by selling 1,56,02,999 (One Crore Fifty Six Lakhs Two Thousand Nine hundred Ninety Nine) equity shares of Rs.10/- each at Rs. 577/- (Rupees Five hundred Seventy Seven only) each including premium of Rs. 567/-, aggregating to Rs. 9,00,29,30,423/- (Rupees Nine Hundred Crore Twenty Nine Lakhs Thirty Thousand Four Hundred Twenty Three only) by way of offer for sale through stock exchange mechanism to the persons entitled thereto.

DM & ASSOCIATES COMPANY SECRETARIES LLP

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Tel No. 022-28443641 Email: dmassociatesllp@gmail.com

4. Alteration of Articles of Association:

The Company had altered its Articles of Association by passing special resolution at its Annual General Meeting held on 30th September, 2021.

**For DM & Associates Company Secretaries LLP
Company Secretaries
ICSI Unique Code L2017MH003500**

SD/-

Dinesh Kumar Deora

Senior Partner

FCS NO 5683

C P NO 4119

UDIN: F005683D000570500

Place: Mumbai

Date: July 05, 2022

Note: This report is to be read with our letter of even date that is annexed as Annexure - I and forms an integral part of this report.

DM & ASSOCIATES COMPANY SECRETARIES LLP

(LLPIN NO. AAI-4743)

[Firm Registration No: L2017MH003500] [Peer Review Certificate: 758/2020]
REGD. OFFICE: # 205, NADIADWALA MARKET, PODDAR ROAD, MALAD (EAST), MUMBAI-400097
Tel No. 022-28443641 Email: dmassociatesllp@gmail.com

ANNEXURE - I

To
The Members,
FINO PAYTECH LIMITED
MindSPACE Juinagar, 9th Floor,
Plot No. Gen 2/1/F, Tower 1,
TTC Industrial Area, MIDC Shirwane,
Juinagar, Navi Mumbai
Thane – 400706

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter:

1. Maintenance of secretarial records is the responsibility of management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.
3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and books of accounts of the Company.
4. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management Representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events, etc.
5. The compliance of the provisions of corporate and other applicable laws, rules and regulations, standards is the responsibility of the management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
6. The Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For DM & Associates Company Secretaries LLP
Company Secretaries
ICSI Unique Code L2017MH003500

SD/-
Dinesh Kumar Deora
Senior Partner
FCS NO 5683
C P NO 4119
UDIN: F005683D000570500

Place: Mumbai
Date: July 05, 2022



Form AOC-1

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Statement containing salient features of the Financial Statement of Subsidiaries/Associate companies/Joint ventures

Part "A": Subsidiaries

(Information in respect of each subsidiary to be presented with amounts in *Rs.in lakhs*)

Sl. No.	Particulars	Details	Details	Details
1.	Name of the Subsidiaries	Fino Finance Pvt. Ltd.	Fino Payments Bank Ltd.	Fino Financial Services Pvt. Ltd.
2.	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
3.	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant Financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
4.	Share capital	4,157.68	8,321.43	1.00
5.	Reserves & surplus	(3,102.40)	39,661.72	(4.80)
6.	Total assets	5,515.88	1,68,000.23	0.03
7.	Total Liabilities (excl. Capital and Reserves)	4,460.61	1,20,017.08	3.84
8.	Investments	-	63,139.85	-
9.	Turnover	1,457.63	1,00,885.39	-
10.	Profit/(Loss) before taxation	(7,438.77)	4,274.08	0.88
11.	Provision for taxation	-	-	-
12.	Profit/(Loss) after taxation	(7,438.77)	4,274.08	0.88
13.	Proposed Dividend	-	-	-
14.	% of shareholding	100%	75%	100%

1. Name of subsidiary which is yet to commence operations- FINO Financial Services Private Ltd.

2. Names of subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the year- NIL



Part “B”: Associates and Joint Ventures

Statement pursuant to Section 129 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associate Companies and Joint Ventures-

Fino Trusteeship Services Limited	Particulars
1. Latest audited Balance Sheet Date	31.03.2022
2. Shares of Associate/Joint Ventures held by the company on the year end	
i. Number	24,500
ii. Amount of Investment in Associates/Joint Venture	Rs. 2,45,000
iii. Extend of Holding%	49%
3. Description of how there is significant influence	By virtue of holding equity shares
4. Reason why the associate/joint venture is not consolidated	Not Applicable
5. Net worth attributable to shareholding as per latest audited Balance Sheet	Rs. 117.84 Lakhs
6. Profit/(Loss) for the year	Rs. 27.91 Lakhs
i. Considered in Consolidation	Yes
ii. Not Considered in Consolidation	Not Applicable

1. Names of associates or joint ventures which are yet to commence operations.-NIL
2. Names of associates or joint ventures which have been liquidated or sold during the year.-NIL

FINO PayTech Limited

Financial Statements
together with Auditors' Report
for the year ended 31 March 2022

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Lakhs)

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Auditors' report

Balance sheet

Statement of profit and loss

Statement of changes in equity

Cash flow statement

Notes to financial statements

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of FINO PayTech Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the standalone financial statements of **FINO PayTech Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022, and the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the standalone financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2022, and profit, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the director's report but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Director's report has not been made available to us.

Our Opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form on assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated

When we read the Director's Report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and

application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating

effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As a part of audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also;

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors are disqualified as on March 31, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
 - (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its standalone financial statements - Refer Note 43 to the standalone financial statements;
 - ii. The Company has long-term contracts as at March 31, 2022 for which there were no material foreseeable losses. The Company does not have any derivative contracts as at March 31, 2022; and
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company
 - iv.
 - (1) Under Rule 11(e)(i)

The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(2) Under Rule 11(e)(ii)

The Management has represented, that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Parties), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, as on the date of this audit report, that the Company shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(3) Under Rule 11(e)(iii)

Based on the audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, and according to the information and explanations provided to us by the Management in this regard nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e) as provided under (1) and (2) above, contain any material mis-statement

- v. The Company has declared and paid dividend during the year which is in compliance with Section 123 of the Act.
3. As required by The Companies (Amendment) Act, 2017, in our opinion, according to information, explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors is within the limits laid prescribed under Section 197 of the Act and the rules thereunder.

For M S K C & Associates
Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 001595S

Sd/-
Padmashree Crasto
Partner
Membership No. 117156
UDIN: 22117156APYWCS6270

Mumbai
August 26, 2022

ANNEXURE A TO INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF FINO PAYTECH LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

[Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' in the Independent Auditors' Report]

- i.
 - (a) A. The company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.

B. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
 - (b) Property, Plant and Equipment have been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals during the year and no material discrepancies were identified on such verification.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no immovable properties, and accordingly, the requirements under paragraph 3(i)(c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
 - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not revalued its property, plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) and its intangible assets. Accordingly, the requirements under paragraph 3(i)(d) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
 - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us, no proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder. Accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph 3(i) (e) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- ii.
 - (a) The inventory (excluding stocks with third parties) has been physically verified by the management during the year. In respect of inventory lying with third parties, these have substantially been confirmed by them. In our opinion, the frequency, coverage and procedure of such verification is reasonable. No material discrepancies were noticed on verification between the physical stocks and the book records.
 - (b) The Company has been sanctioned working capital limits less than Rs. 5 crores in aggregate from Banks/financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. Hence, reporting under this clause is not applicable.
- iii. According to the information explanation provided to us, the Company has not made any investments in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Hence, the requirements under paragraph 3(iii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- iv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not either directly or indirectly, granted any loan to any of its directors or to any other person in whom the director is interested, in accordance with the provisions of section 185 of the Act and the Company has not made investments through more than two layers of investment companies in accordance with the provisions of section 186 of the Act. Accordingly, provisions stated in paragraph 3(iv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- v. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits from the public within the meaning of Sections 73, 74, 75 and 76 of the Act and the rules framed there under.

vi. The provisions of sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Act are not applicable to the Company as the Central Government of India has not specified the maintenance of cost records for any of the products of the Company. Accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph 3 (vi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

vii.

(a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, undisputed statutory dues including goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of custom, duty of excise, value added tax, cess have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities though there has been a slight delay in a few cases of Professional Tax, Provident Fund, According to the information and explanations given to us, undisputed dues in respect of provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, service tax, sales-tax, duty of custom, duty of excise, value added tax, goods and service tax, cess and other statutory dues which were outstanding, at the year end, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

Statutory dues which were outstanding, as at March 31, 2022 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable are as follows:

Name of the Statute	Nature of the Dues	Amount (Rs.)	Period to which the amount relates	Due Date	Date of Payment	Remarks, if any
Department of Commercial Taxes	Professional Tax	28,711	March 2015	30-Apr-15	Not yet paid	N.A.
Department of Commercial Taxes	Professional Tax	70,029	March 2016	30-Apr-16	Not yet paid	N.A.
Department of Commercial Taxes	Professional Tax	30,551	April 2016	30-May-16	Not yet paid	N.A.
Department of Commercial Taxes	Professional Tax	25,087	May 2016	30-Jun-16	Not yet paid	N.A.
Department of Commercial Taxes	Professional Tax	32,440	June 2016	30-Jul-16	Not yet paid	N.A.
Department of Commercial Taxes	Professional Tax	22,051	July 2016	30-Aug-16	Not yet paid	N.A.
Department of Commercial Taxes	Professional Tax	24,232	August 2016	30-Sep-16	Not yet paid	N.A.
Department of Commercial Taxes	Professional Tax	18,633	September 2016	30-Oct-16	Not yet paid	N.A.
Department of Commercial Taxes	Professional Tax	17,597	October 2016	30-Nov-16	Not yet paid	N.A.
Department of Commercial Taxes	Professional Tax	17,620	November 2016	30-Dec-16	Not yet paid	N.A.

Department of Commercial Taxes	Professional Tax	22,440	December 2017	30-Jan-17	Not yet paid	N.A.
Department of Commercial Taxes	Professional Tax	16,495	January 2017	28-Feb-17	Not yet paid	N.A.
Department of Commercial Taxes	Professional Tax	25,171	February 2017	30-Mar-17	Not yet paid	N.A.
Department of Commercial Taxes	Professional Tax	866	July 2019	30-Aug-19	Not yet paid	N.A.
Department of Commercial Taxes	Professional Tax	866	August 2019	30-Sep-19	Not yet paid	N.A.
Department of Commercial Taxes	Professional Tax	866	September 2019	30-Oct-19	Not yet paid	N.A.
Department of Commercial Taxes	Professional Tax	950	October 2019	30-Nov-19	Not yet paid	N.A.
Department of Commercial Taxes	Professional Tax	700	November 2019	30-Dec-19	Not yet paid	N.A.
Department of Commercial Taxes	Professional Tax	616	December 2019	30-Jan-20	Not yet paid	N.A.
Department of Commercial Taxes	Professional Tax	332	January 2020	28-Feb-20	Not yet paid	N.A.
Department of Commercial Taxes	Professional Tax	616	February 2020	30-Mar-20	Not yet paid	N.A.
Department of Commercial Taxes	Professional Tax	548	March 2020	30-Apr-20	Not yet paid	N.A.
Department of Commercial Taxes	Professional Tax	615	April 2020	30-May-20	Not yet paid	N.A.
Department of Commercial Taxes	Professional Tax	449	May 2020	30-Jun-20	Not yet paid	N.A.
Department of Commercial Taxes	Professional Tax	532	June 2020	30-Jul-20	Not yet paid	N.A.
Department of Commercial Taxes	Professional Tax	782	July 2020	30-Aug-20	Not yet paid	N.A.
Department of Commercial Taxes	Professional Tax	532	August 2020	30-Sep-20	Not yet paid	N.A.
Department of Commercial Taxes	Professional Tax	698	September 2020	30-Oct-20	Not yet paid	N.A.

Employee State Insurance	Employee State Insurance	4,046	April 2015	15-May-15	Not yet paid	N.A.
Employee State Insurance	Employee State Insurance	18,884	May 2015	15-Jun-15	Not yet paid	N.A.
Employee State Insurance	Employee State Insurance	17,690	June 2015	15-Jul-15	Not yet paid	N.A.
Labour Welfare fund Act	Labour Welfare fund	1,540	April 2020	15-May-20	Not yet paid	N.A.
Labour Welfare fund Act	Labour Welfare fund	5,620	May 2020	15-Jun-20	Not yet paid	N.A.
Labour Welfare fund Act	Labour Welfare fund	1,100	June 2020	15-Jul-20	Not yet paid	N.A.
Labour Welfare fund Act	Labour Welfare fund	340	July 2020	15-Aug-20	Not yet paid	N.A.
Labour Welfare fund Act	Labour Welfare fund	260	August 2020	15-Sep-20	Not yet paid	N.A.
Labour Welfare fund Act	Labour Welfare fund	260	September 2020	15-Oct-20	Not yet paid	N.A.
Labour Welfare fund Act	Labour Welfare fund	145	October 2020	15-Nov-20	Not yet paid	N.A.
Labour Welfare fund Act	Labour Welfare fund	145	November 2020	15-Dec-20	Not yet paid	N.A.
Labour Welfare fund Act	Labour Welfare fund	632	December 2021	15-Jan-21	Not yet paid	N.A.
Labour Welfare fund Act	Labour Welfare fund	105	January 2021	15-Feb-21	Not yet paid	N.A.
Labour Welfare fund Act	Labour Welfare fund	105	February 2021	15-Mar-21	Not yet paid	N.A.
Labour Welfare fund Act	Labour Welfare fund	185	March 2021	15-Apr-21	Not yet paid	N.A.
Labour Welfare fund Act	Labour Welfare fund	45	April 2021	15-May-21	Not yet paid	N.A.
Labour Welfare fund Act	Labour Welfare fund	45	May 2021	15-Jun-21	Not yet paid	N.A.
Labour Welfare fund Act	Labour Welfare fund	165	June 2021	15-Jul-21	Not yet paid	N.A.
Labour Welfare fund Act	Labour Welfare fund	45	July 2021	15-Aug-21	Not yet paid	N.A.
Labour Welfare fund Act	Labour Welfare fund	45	August 2021	15-Sep-21	Not yet paid	N.A.
Labour Welfare fund Act	Labour Welfare fund	25	September 2021	15-Oct-21	Not yet paid	N.A.
Employees Provident Fund Organisation	Provident Fund	8,312	February 2021	15-Mar-18	Not yet paid	N.A.
Employees Provident Fund Organisation	Provident Fund	5,975	March 2021	15-Apr-18	Not yet paid	N.A.
Employees Provident Fund Organisation	Provident Fund	9,853	April 2018	15-May-18	Not yet paid	N.A.

Employees Provident Fund Organisation	Provident Fund	8,946	May 2018	15-Jun-18	Not yet paid	N.A.
Employees Provident Fund Organisation	Provident Fund	5,215	June 2018	15-Jul-18	Not yet paid	N.A.
Employees Provident Fund Organisation	Provident Fund	7,923	July 2018	15-Aug-18	Not yet paid	N.A.
Employees Provident Fund Organisation	Provident Fund	5,206	August 2018	15-Sep-18	Not yet paid	N.A.
Employees Provident Fund Organisation	Provident Fund	730	September 2018	15-Oct-18	Not yet paid	N.A.
Employees Provident Fund Organisation	Provident Fund	730	October 2018	15-Nov-18	Not yet paid	N.A.
Employees Provident Fund Organisation	Provident Fund	730	November 2018	15-Dec-18	Not yet paid	N.A.
Employees Provident Fund Organisation	Provident Fund	2,140	December 2018	15-Jan-19	Not yet paid	N.A.
Employees Provident Fund Organisation	Provident Fund	4810	January 2019	15-Feb-19	Not yet paid	N.A.
Employees Provident Fund Organisation	Provident Fund	3,842	February 2019	15-Mar-19	Not yet paid	N.A.
Employees Provident Fund Organisation	Provident Fund	14,625	March 2019	15-Apr-19	Not yet paid	N.A.
Employees Provident Fund Organisation	Provident Fund	15,760	April 2019	15-May-19	Not yet paid	N.A.
Employees Provident Fund Organisation	Provident Fund	70,409	May 2019	15-Jun-19	Not yet paid	N.A.
Employees Provident Fund Organisation	Provident Fund	36,247	June 2019	15-Jul-19	Not yet paid	N.A.
Employees Provident Fund Organisation	Provident Fund	28,138	July 2019	15-Aug-19	Not yet paid	N.A.
Employees Provident Fund Organisation	Provident Fund	23,415	August 2019	15-Sep-19	Not yet paid	N.A.
Employees Provident Fund Organisation	Provident Fund	22,958	September 2019	15-Oct-19	Not yet paid	N.A.
Employees Provident Fund Organisation	Provident Fund	5,192	October 2019	15-Nov-19	Not yet paid	N.A.

Employees Provident Fund Organisation	Provident Fund	4,965	March 2019	15-Dec-19	Not yet paid	N.A.
Employees Provident Fund Organisation	Provident Fund	5,976	May 2020	15-Jan-20	Not yet paid	N.A.
Employees Provident Fund Organisation	Provident Fund	2,382	August 2019	15-Sep-19	Not yet paid	N.A.

- (b) According to the information and explanation given to us and examination of records of the Company, the outstanding dues of income-tax, goods and service tax, customs duty, cess and any other statutory dues on account of any dispute, are as follows:

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Amount Rs. in Lakhs	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending	Deposit under protest Rs.in Lakhs
Income Tax	TDS	143.52	2011-12	Bombay High Court	10.00
UP VAT Act	Sales Tax	147.54	2011-12	First Appeal	30.86
UP VAT Act	Sales Tax	291.98	2012-13	Additional Commissioner (Appeals)	38.95
CST Act	Sales Tax	278.78	2012-13	Sales Tax Appellate Tribunal	11.05
Income Tax	TDS	283.13	2012-13	Bombay High Court	50.00
UP VAT Act	Sales Tax	90.26	2013-14	Additional Commissioner (Appeals)	N.A.
CST Act	Sales Tax	102.37	2013-14	Sales Tax Appellate Tribunal	4.86
UP VAT Act	Sales Tax	51.62	2014-15	Commissioner (Appeals)	N.A.
CST Act	Sales Tax	4.52	2015-16	Sales Tax Appellate Tribunal	0.86
MVAT Act	Sales Tax	25.50	2015-16	Sales Tax Appellate Tribunal	3.80
MVAT Act	Sales Tax	19.90	2016-17	Commissioner (Appeals)	0.82
CST Act	Sales Tax	2.62	2016-17	Commissioner (Appeals)	0.13
MVAT Act	Sales Tax	16.18	2017-18 (Q1)	Commissioner (Appeals)	0.62
Income Tax	Income Tax	2,045.02	2018-19	CIT (Appeals)	N.A.

- viii. According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no transactions which are not accounted in the books of account which have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in Tax Assessment of the Company. Also, there are no previously unrecorded income which has been now recorded in the books of account. Hence, the provision stated in paragraph 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- ix.
- (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowings or in payment of interest thereon to any lender.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
 - (c) In our opinion and according to the information explanation provided to us, no money was raised by way of term loans. Accordingly, the provision stated in paragraph 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the standalone financial statements of the company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the company.
 - (e) According to the information explanation given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that the company has not taken any funds from an any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.
 - (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its securities, joint ventures or associate companies.
- x.
- (a) The Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph 3 (x)(a) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully, partly or optionally convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph 3 (x)(b) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xi.
- (a) During the course of our audit, examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company nor on the Company.
 - (b) We have not come across of any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company during the course of audit of the standalone financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2022, accordingly the provisions stated in paragraph (xi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (c) We have taken into consideration the whistle blower complaints received by the company during the year and shared with us for reporting under this clause.

- xii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph 3(xii) (a) to (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xiii. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv.
 - (a) In our opinion and based on our examination, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
 - (b) We have considered internal audit reports issued by internal auditors during our audit.
- xv. According to the information and explanations given to us, in our opinion during the year the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with its directors and hence, provisions of section 192 of the Act are not applicable to company. Accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph 3(xv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xvi.
 - (a) In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45 IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph clause 3 (xvi)(a) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) In our opinion, the Company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without any valid Certificate of Registration from Reserve Bank of India. Hence, the reporting under paragraph clause 3 (xvi)(b) of the Order are not applicable to the Company
 - (c) The Company is not a Core investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by Reserve Bank of India. Hence, the reporting under paragraph clause 3 (xvi)(c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
 - (d) The Company does not have more than one CIC as a part of its group. Hence, the provisions stated in paragraph clause 3 (xvi)(d) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xvii. Based on the overall review of standalone financial statements, Company has incurred cash losses amounting to Rs. 60.91 Lakhs during the immediately preceding financial year but has not incurred any cash losses during the current financial year.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Hence, the provisions stated in paragraph clause 3 (xviii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xix. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of financial ratios, ageing and expected date of realisation of financial assets and payment of liabilities, other information accompanying the standalone financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans, we are of the opinion that no material uncertainty exists as on the date of audit report and the Company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.
- xx. According to the information and explanations given to us, the provisions of section 135 of the Act are applicable to the Company. The Company has made the required contributions during the year and there are no unspent amounts which are required to be transferred to the special account as on the date of our audit report. Accordingly, the provisions of paragraph (xx)(a) to (b) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

- xxi. The reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of standalone financial statements. Accordingly, no comment in respect of the said clause has been included in the report.

For M S K C & Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration Number: 0015955

sd/-

Padmshree Crasto
Partner
Membership No. 117156
UDIN: 22117156APYWCS6270

Mumbai
August 26, 2022

ANNEXURE B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF FINO PAYTECH LIMITED

[Referred to in paragraph 2(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' in the Independent Auditors' Report]

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of FINO PayTech Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022, based on the internal control with reference to standalone financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) (the "Guidance Note").

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control with reference to standalone financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) (the "Guidance Note"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Standalone Financial Statements

A Company's internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of standalone financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of standalone financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the standalone financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Standalone Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

For M S K C & Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration Number: 001595S

sd/-

Padmashree Crasto
Partner
Membership No. 117156
UDIN: 22117156APYWCS6270

Mumbai
August 26, 2022

FINO PayTech Limited

Balance sheet

As at 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

	Notes	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
I. ASSETS			
(1) Non-current assets			
(a) Property, plant and equipment	2	397.01	431.90
(b) Right-of-use assets	36	981.92	1,134.48
(c) Capital work-in-progress		-	-
(d) Other intangible assets	3	5.01	11.35
(e) Financial assets			
(i) Investments	4	42,102.19	59,093.71
(ii) Other financial assets	5	738.64	305.71
(f) Deferred tax assets (net)		1,768.00	1,768.00
(g) Tax assets (net)		358.95	616.79
(h) Other non-current assets	6	350.07	334.77
Total non-current assets		46,701.79	63,696.71
(2) Current assets			
(a) Inventories	7	-	1,064.44
(b) Financial assets			
(i) Trade receivables	8	2,638.19	752.72
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	9	72,439.13	260.09
(iii) Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents above	10	592.95	1,058.29
(iv) Loans	11	5.43	0.08
(v) Other financial assets	12	11.32	9.78
(c) Other current assets	13	508.33	131.86
Total current assets		76,195.35	3,277.26
TOTAL ASSETS		122,897.14	66,973.97
II. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
(1) Equity			
(a) Equity share capital	14	10,940.72	9,962.81
(b) Instruments entirely in nature of equity		2,383.12	2,933.12
(c) Other equity	15	105,034.55	44,570.23
Total equity		118,358.39	57,466.16
(2) Liabilities			
(1) Non-current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Lease liabilities	16	938.67	1,075.78
(b) Provisions	17	132.58	158.01
(c) Other non-current liabilities	18	6.13	20.40
Total non-current liabilities		1,077.38	1,254.19
(2) Current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	19	71.29	71.17
(ii) Trade payables	20		
Due to micro and small enterprises		3.07	0.94
Due to other than micro and small enterprises		2,341.46	1,027.59
(iii) Lease liabilities	21	137.12	114.67
(iv) Other financial liabilities	22	249.75	5,915.40
(b) Other current liabilities	23	68.83	127.02
(c) Provisions	24	455.12	856.77
(d) Current tax liabilities (net)		134.73	140.06
Total current liabilities		3,461.37	8,253.62
Total liabilities		4,538.75	9,507.81
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		122,897.14	66,973.97

Notes to the financial statements

1-50

The accompanying notes to accounts form an integral part of the standalone financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached.

For M S K C & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Number : 001595S

Sd/-

Padmashree Crasto

Partner

Membership Number : 117156

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Fino PayTech Limited

Sd/-

Ashok Kini

Non-Executive Chairman &

Independent Director

DIN 00812946

Sd/-

Sd/-

Sudeep Gupta

Whole-time Director

DIN 07899859

Mumbai

26 August 2022

Rakesh Tripathi

Chief Financial Officer

FINO PayTech Limited

Statement of profit and loss

For the year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

Particulars	Notes	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021
Revenue			
I. Revenue from operations (gross of excise duty)	25	1,865.59	1,926.85
II. Other income	26	82,297.97	307.01
III. Total income (I + II)		84,163.56	2,233.86
Expenses			
Purchase of goods and services	27	1,145.09	869.64
Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and stock-in-trade	28	8.01	126.61
Employee benefits expenses	29	452.33	688.07
Finance costs	30	156.78	178.35
Depreciation and amortization expenses	2,3	195.14	228.03
Other expenses	31	21,651.26	1,691.78
Total expenses (IV)		23,608.61	3,782.48
V. Profit / (Loss) before tax (III - IV)		60,554.95	(1,548.62)
VI. Tax expense:			
1. Current tax		8,191.09	-
2. Tax provision for earlier years		-	-
2. Deferred tax		-	55.27
3. MAT credit entitlement		-	-
Total tax expenses (VI)		8,191.09	55.27
VII. Profit / (Loss) for the period (V - VI)		52,363.86	(1,603.89)
VIII. Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Remeasurement gain/(loss) on defined benefits		13.93	0.71
Change in fair value of FVOCI instrument		-	(212.58)
Income tax related to above items		-	55.27
Other comprehensive income (net of tax)		13.93	(156.60)
IX. Total comprehensive income for the year (VII + VIII)		52,377.79	(1,760.49)
X. Earnings per equity share			
1. Basic earnings per share		39.85	(1.25)
2. Diluted earnings per share		39.79	(1.25)

Notes to the financial statements

1-50

The accompanying notes to accounts form an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached.

For M S K C & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Number : 001595S

Sd/-

Padmashree Crasto

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Sudeep Gupta

Whole-time Director

DIN 07899859

Sd/-

Mumbai

26 August 2022

Rakesh Tripathi

Chief Financial Officer

FINO PayTech Limited

Statement of cash flows

For the year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021
A. Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit / (loss) from for the period	60,554.95	(1,548.62)
Profit / (loss) before tax	60,554.95	(1,548.62)
Adjustments for :		
Depreciation / amortisation	195.14	228.03
Profit / (loss) on sale of fixed assets	-	(0.27)
ESOP expense	36.13	3.71
Provision for doubtful debts and assets	1,795.28	1,259.68
Provision for diminution of investments	14,193.07	-
Interest expense	156.78	178.35
Interest income	(81,864.02)	(131.96)
Operating profit before working capital changes	(4,932.67)	(11.08)
Working capital adjustments:		
Decrease / (increase) in non-current financial assets - loans	21.84	(16.47)
(Increase) / decrease in non-current financial assets - others	(432.93)	254.53
(Increase) / decrease in other non-current assets	(15.30)	15.23
Decrease in inventories	1,064.44	126.61
(Increase) / decrease in trade receivables	(1,999.27)	1,025.85
(Increase) / decrease in current financial assets - loans	(19.20)	46.83
(Increase) / decrease in other current financial assets	(0.02)	31.22
(Increase) / decrease in other current assets	(376.47)	115.65
(Decrease) in other non-current liabilities	(14.27)	(7.97)
Increase / (decrease) in trade payables	1,316.00	(360.00)
(Decrease) in other current financial liabilities	(5,665.66)	(118.87)
(Decrease) in other current liabilities	(58.19)	(202.17)
(Decrease) in provisions	(2,104.16)	(696.97)
Cash generated from operating activities	(13,215.86)	202.39
Income tax (paid) / refund	(7,938.58)	238.78
Net Cash generated from operating activities (A)	(21,154.44)	441.17
B. Cash flows from investing activities		
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment/CWIP	(49.60)	(48.28)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	-	0.27
Acquisition of computer software	-	-
Proceeds from fixed deposits	465.34	(793.93)
Acquisition of non-current investments	2,903.38	0.96
Right of Use Asset	(66.41)	(81.53)
Interest received	81,864.02	131.96
Net cash generated from/ (used in) investing activities (B)	85,116.73	(790.55)

FINO PayTech Limited

Statement of cash flows

For the year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021
C. Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from issue of equity share capital	8,373.40	373.62
Repayment of short-term borrowings	0.13	(401.92)
Proceeds from short-term borrowings	-	-
Interest paid	(156.78)	(178.35)
Net cash (used in) financing activities (C)	8,216.75	(206.65)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)	72,179.04	(556.03)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	260.09	816.12
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	72,439.13	260.09
Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash on hand and balances with banks	72,439.13	260.09
Closing balances of Fixed deposit (more than 3 months but less than 12 months)	-	-
Other bank balances	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	72,439.13	260.09

Notes to the financial statements

1-50

The accompanying notes to accounts form an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached.

For M S K C & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Number : 001595S

Sd/-

Padmashree Crasto

Partner

Membership Number : 117156

Mumbai

26 August 2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

FINO PayTech Limited

Sd/-

Sd/-

Ashok Kini

Non-Executive Chairman &

Independent Director

DIN 00812946

Sudeep Gupta

Whole-time Director

DIN 07899859

Sd/-

Rakesh Tripathi

Chief Financial Officer

FINO PayTech Limited

Statement of changes in equity For the year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

(a) Equity share capital

	31 March 2022		31 March 2021	
	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	99,628,111	9,962.81	98,907,611	9,890.76
Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors	-	-	-	-
Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	99,628,111	9,962.81	98,907,611	9,890.76
Changes in equity share capital during the year	2,966,470	296.65	-	-
Equity shares issued during the year in consideration for cash (right issue)	5,500,000	550.00	-	-
Equity shares issued on account of conversion of share warrants	1,312,575	131.26	720,500	72.05
Equity shares issued during the year pursuant to exercise of ESOPs	-	-	-	-
Balance at the end of the reporting period	109,407,156	10,940.72	99,628,111	9,962.81

(b) Instruments entirely in nature of equity

	31 March 2022		31 March 2021	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	5,500,000	550.00	5,500,000	550.00
Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors	-	-	-	-
Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	5,500,000	550.00	5,500,000	550.00
Changes in equity share capital during the year	(5,500,000)	550.00	-	-
Balance at the end of the reporting period	-	-	5,500,000	550

Fully convertible preference shares (Series A,B,C)

	31 March 2022		31 March 2021	
	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	23,831,215	2,383.12	23,831,215	2,383.12
Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors	-	-	-	-
Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	23,831,215	2,383.12	23,831,215	2,383.12
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-	-	-	-
Balance at the end of the reporting period	23,831,215	2,383.12	23,831,215	2,383.12

Total of instruments entirely in nature of equity

	23,831,215	2,383.12	29,331,215	2,933.12
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(c) Other equity

Particulars	Equity component of compound financial instruments	Retained Earnings	Reserves & Surplus ESOP Reserve	Securities Premium	Share application money pending allotment	Equity investments through other comprehensive income	Total
Balance as at 01 April 2020	-	(12,923.60)	737.70	57,902.90	-	175.24	45,892.24
Total comprehensive income for the period ended 31 March 2021	-	(1,603.89)	-	-	-	-	(1,603.89)
Profit/ (Loss) for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other comprehensive income (net of tax)	-	0.71	-	-	-	(157.31)	0.71
- Remeasurements of defined benefit liability / (asset)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Equity investments through other comprehensive income - net change in fair value	-	-	-	-	-	(157.31)	(157.31)
Total comprehensive income	-	(1,603.18)	-	-	-	(157.31)	(1,760.49)
ESOP expense recognised under fair value approach	-	-	3.71	-	-	-	3.71
Deemed investment in subsidiary recognised through retained earnings	-	-	133.20	-	-	-	133.20
Premium on ESOP's exercised	-	-	(10.87)	312.44	-	-	301.57
Effect of options lapsed after vesting	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2021	-	(14,526.78)	863.74	58,215.34	-	17.93	44,570.23
Balance as at 01 April 2021	-	(14,526.78)	863.74	58,215.34	-	17.93	44,570.23
Total comprehensive income for the period ended 31 March 2022	-	52,363.86	-	-	-	-	52,363.86
Profit/ (Loss) for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other comprehensive income (net of tax)	-	13.93	-	-	-	-	13.93
- Remeasurements of defined benefit liability / (asset)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Equity investments through other comprehensive income - net change in fair value	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income	-	52,377.79	-	-	-	-	52,377.79
Depreciation transfer for Fixed assets (Name of the assets to be specified)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ESOP expense recognised under fair value approach	-	-	36.13	-	-	-	36.13
Deemed investment in subsidiary recognised through retained earnings	-	-	104.91	-	-	-	104.91
Premium on ESOP's exercised	-	-	(129.15)	129.15	-	-	-
Premium on right issue of shares	-	-	-	7,945.49	-	-	7,945.49
Effect of options lapsed after vesting	-	8.86	(8.86)	-	-	-	-
Additions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2022	-	37,859.87	866.77	66,289.98	-	17.93	105,034.55

FINO PayTech Limited

Statement of changes in equity (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

Nature and purpose of reserves

1) Securities premium

Securities premium is used to record the premium on issue of shares. It is utilised in accordance with the provisions of Section 52 of the Companies Act 2013.

2) ESOP reserve

ESOP reserve is used to recognise the grant date fair value of options issued to employees under the employee stock option plan which are unvested as on the reporting date.

3) Equity investments through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

The company has elected to recognise changes in the fair value of certain investments in equity securities in other comprehensive income. These changes are accumulated within the FVOCI equity investments reserve within equity. The company transfers amounts from this reserve to retained earnings when the relevant equity securities are derecognised.

Notes to the financial statements

1-50

The accompanying notes to accounts form an integral part of the standalone financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached.

For M S K C & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Number : 001595S

Sd/-

Padmashree Crasto

Partner

Membership Number : 117156

Sd/-

Ashok Kini

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Sd/-

Sudeep Gupta

Whole-time Director

DIN 07899859

Mumbai

26 August 2022

Rakesh Tripathi

Chief Financial Officer

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

As at 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

2 Property, plant and equipment

A. Reconciliation of carrying amount

P A R T I C U L A R S	Owned Assets					Total
	Leasehold improvements	Computers/ hardware	Plant and equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Vehicles	
Year ended 31 March 2021						
Gross block						
Opening gross block	323.39	1,078.11	466.55	41.62	14.61	2,200.01
Effect of movement in exchange rates	-	-	-	-	-	-
Additions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Revaluations during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-
Closing gross block	323.39	1,078.11	466.55	41.62	14.61	2,200.01
Accumulated depreciation						
Opening accumulated depreciation	280.62	836.30	307.26	31.58	14.28	1,702.86
Depreciation charge during the year	18.35	31.79	1.93	1.43	-	65.25
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-
Closing accumulated depreciation	298.97	868.09	309.19	33.01	14.28	1,768.11
Net block	24.42	210.02	157.36	8.61	0.33	431.90
Year ended 31 March 2022						
Gross block						
Opening gross block	323.39	1,078.11	466.55	41.62	14.61	2,200.01
Effect of movement in exchange rates	-	-	-	-	-	-
Additions	-	-	-	-	-	1.34
Revaluations during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-
Closing gross block	323.39	1,078.11	466.55	41.62	14.61	2,201.35
Accumulated depreciation						
Opening accumulated depreciation	298.97	868.09	309.19	33.01	14.28	1,768.11
Depreciation charge during the year	11.57	16.77	-	0.95	-	36.23
Effect of movement in exchange rates	-	-	-	-	-	-
Closing accumulated depreciation	310.54	884.86	309.19	33.96	14.28	1,804.34
Net block	12.85	193.25	157.36	7.66	0.33	397.01

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

As at 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

3 Other intangible assets

P A R T I C U L A R S	GROSS BLOCK			ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION			NET BLOCK	
	Balance at 01 April 2021	Additions	Disposals	Balance at 01 April 2021	Charge for the year	Eliminated on disposal of assets	Balance at 31 March 2022	Balance at 31 March 2021
Computer Software	656.12	-	-	644.77	6.34	-	651.11	5.01
TOTAL	656.12	-	-	644.77	6.34	-	651.11	5.01

P A R T I C U L A R S	GROSS BLOCK			ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION			NET BLOCK	
	Balance at 01 April 2020	Additions	Disposals	Balance at 01 April 2020	Charge for the year	Eliminated on disposal of assets	Balance at 31 March 2021	Balance at 01 April 2020
Computer Software	656.12	-	-	634.06	10.71	-	644.77	11.35
TOTAL	656.12	-	-	634.06	10.71	-	644.77	11.35

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

As at 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
4 Non-current investments		
Investments in subsidiary companies - equity instruments		
Unquoted Investments carried at cost		
24,500 (31 March 2021 : 24,500) Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up of Fino Trusteeship Services Limited	2.45	2.45
41,576,806 (31 March 2021 : 11,076,806) Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up of Fino Finance Private Limited (Formerly known as Intrepid Finance and Leasing Private Limited)	18,924.09	12,824.09
62,411,997 (31 March 2021 : 44,579,991) Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up of Fino Payments Bank Limited (Formerly known as Fino Fintech Limited)	-	45,016.70
9,999 (31 March 2021 : 9,999) Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up of Fino Financial Services Private Limited	1.00	1.00
Less: Provision for other than temporary impairment*	(14,196.52)	(3.45)
Quoted Investments carried at cost		
62,411,997 (31 March 2021 : 44,579,991) Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up of Fino Payments Bank Limited (Formerly known as Fino Fintech Limited)	36,013.36	-
Investment carried at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)- equity instruments		
3,030 (31 March 2021 : 3030) shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up in TAP Smart Data Information Services Pvt.Ltd	272.22	272.22
Deemed investment in subsidiary		
Fino Finance Private Limited (Formerly known as Intrepid Finance and Leasing Private Limited)	229.36	231.05
Fino Payments Bank Limited (Formerly known as Fino Fintech Limited)	856.23	749.65
Total	42,102.19	59,093.71
(a) Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	20,285.36	59,097.16
(b) Aggregate amount of quoted investments	36,013.36	-
(c) Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments	(14,196.52)	(3.45)

* It includes provision for Rs 141.93 cr on account of FFPL investment.

As at 31 March 2022, the Company has carried its investment in Fino Finance Private Limited at cost less impairment in value. The Company has appointed an independent valuer, to assess the value of its investment and impairment thereon as at 31 March 2022. Basis the internal assessment of the Company and report submitted by the independent valuer, the Company has impaired its investment in Fino Finance Private Limited by Rs 141.93 crores. As at 31 March the carrying value of investment (net off impairment) is Rs 48.60 crores and the impairment on this investment amounting to Rs 141.93 crores

5 Other financial assets

Unsecured, considered good

Security deposits	150.97	119.31
Unsecured, considered doubtful		
Security deposits	86.06	100.65
Less: Allowance for doubtful deposit	(86.06)	(100.65)
Deposits with banks (maturing after 12 months from the reporting date)*	587.78	186.44
Less: Allowance for bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	(0.11)	(0.04)
Total	738.64	305.71

* Represents deposits of Rs. 27.75 lakhs (Previous year Rs. 0.85 lakhs) provided against the pending litigations under Value Added Tax Act and sales tax registration purpose.

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

As at 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
6 Other non-current assets		
Deposits with Government Authorities	329.36	329.36
Balances with Government Authorities	-	-
Prepaid expenses	20.71	5.41
Total	350.07	334.77
7 Inventories		
Work-in-progress	-	-
Stock-in-trade	3,206.88	3,214.88
Less : Impairment of inventories	(3,206.88)	(2,150.44)
Total	-	1,064.44
8 Trade receivables		
Trade receivables		
Unsecured considered good	2,638.19	752.72
Unsecured, considered doubtful	616.24	502.45
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	(616.24)	(502.45)
Total	2,638.19	752.72
Of the above, trade receivables from related parties are as below:		
Total trade receivables from related parties (Refer Note 39)	889.30	308.89
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	-	-
Total	889.30	308.89
Ageing of trade receivables		
(i) Undisputed trade receivables – considered good		
Less than 6 months	2,638.19	692.56
6 months - 1 year	126.33	218.81
1-2 years	169.18	99.39
2-3 years	99.39	97.57
More than 3 years	221.34	146.84
	3,254.43	1,255.17
(ii) Undisputed trade receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk		
Less than 6 months	-	-
6 months - 1 year	-	-
1-2 years	-	-
2-3 years	-	-
More than 3 years	-	-
	-	-
(iii) Undisputed trade receivables – credit impaired		
Less than 6 months	-	-
6 months - 1 year	-	-
1-2 years	-	-
2-3 years	-	-
More than 3 years	-	-
	-	-

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

As at 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
(iv) Disputed trade Receivables – considered good		
Less than 6 months	-	-
6 months - 1 year	-	-
1-2 years	-	-
2-3 years	-	-
More than 3 years	-	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	-	-
(v) Disputed trade receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk		
Less than 6 months	-	-
6 months - 1 year	-	-
1-2 years	-	-
2-3 years	-	-
More than 3 years	-	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	-	-
(vi) Disputed trade receivables – credit impaired		
Less than 6 months	-	-
6 months - 1 year	-	-
1-2 years	-	-
2-3 years	-	-
More than 3 years	-	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	-	-
(vii) Unbilled dues		
Less than 6 months	-	-
6 months - 1 year	-	-
1-2 years	-	-
2-3 years	-	-
More than 3 years	-	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	-	-
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	(616.24)	(502.45)
Total	2,638.19	752.72

9 Cash and cash equivalents

a. Balance with banks :		
In current account	71,100.47	91.11
In escrow account		
In deposits with original maturity of less than 3 months	1,352.79	169.03
b. Cash on hand	-	-
Less: Allowance for cash and cash equivalents	(14.13)	(0.05)
Total	72,439.13	260.09

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

As at 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
10 Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents		
Other bank balances*	-	50.17
Deposits with banks**	593.07	1,008.33
Fixed deposits (with original maturity in excess of 3 months and due to mature within 12 months from the reporting date)	-	-
Less: Allowance for bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	(0.12)	(0.21)
Total	592.95	1,058.29
*Represents bank balance on account of corresponding creditors.		
** Represents deposits of Rs. 154.19 lakhs (Previous year Rs. 222.15 lakhs) provided against the pending litigations under Value Added Tax Act and other matters.		
11 Loans		
Unsecured, considered good		
Loans to related parties (Refer note 39)	4.74	-
Loans to employees	0.69	0.08
Total	5.43	0.08
12 Other financial assets		
Unsecured, considered good		
Security deposits	11.32	9.78
Unsecured, considered doubtful		
Security deposits	0.15	1.90
Less: Allowance for doubtful deposit	(0.15)	(1.90)
Total	11.32	9.78
13 Other current assets		
Unsecured, considered good		
Prepaid expenses	39.90	42.48
Advances to employees	1.76	8.23
Advance for expenses	-	10.73
Advance to supplier for goods / services	80.02	70.42
Statutory Dues Payable	386.65	-
Total	508.33	131.86

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

As at 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
14 Share capital		
a Authorised :		
Equity shares of INR 10 each	12,000.00	12,000.00
120,000,000 (31 March 2021 : 120,000,000) equity shares		
Fully convertible preference shares of INR 10 each	5,000.00	5,000.00
50,000,000 (31 March 2021 : 50,000,000) preference shares		
Total	<u>17,000.00</u>	<u>17,000.00</u>
b Issued and subscribed and paid up:		
109,407,156 (31 March 2021 : 99,628,111) equity shares fully paid up	10,940.72	9,962.81
2,643,210 (31 March 2021 : 2,643,210) 9.00% fully convertible preference shares of class - A fully paid up	264.32	264.32
9,919,694 (31 March 2021 : 9,919,694) 0.005% fully convertible preference shares of class - B fully paid up	991.97	991.97
11,268,311 (31 March 2021 : 11,268,311) 12.00% fully convertible preference shares of class - C fully paid up	1,126.83	1,126.83
Total	<u>13,323.84</u>	<u>12,345.93</u>
c Reconciliation of number of shares outstanding at the beginning and end of the year :		
Equity share :		
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	99,628,111	98,907,611
Equity Shares issued during the year in consideration for cash (Right issue)	2,966,470	-
Equity Shares issued on account of conversion of share warrants	5,500,000	-
Equity Shares issued during the year pursuant to exercise of ESOPs	1,312,575	720,500
Outstanding at the end of the year	<u>109,407,156</u>	<u>99,628,111</u>
Preference share :		
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	23,831,215	23,831,215
Converted into equity during the year	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	<u>23,831,215</u>	<u>23,831,215</u>

d Terms / rights attached to each classes of shares

1. Rights, preferences and restrictions attached

Equity Shares : The Company has only one class of equity shares having a face value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.

The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing annual general meeting.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

During the current year, the company has declared an interim dividend on preference shares as given below (Previous year: Nil)

Pursuant to the provision of Section 123 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Declaration and Payment of Dividend) Rules, 2014, the Board of Directors of Company has declared an Interim Dividend to its share-holders out of the surplus in the profit and loss account and out of profits of the financial year in which such interim dividend is sought to be declared. In view of the above, Rs. 37.71/- was paid as an interim dividend to each Equity & Preference Share of the Company amounting to Rs 502.44 crores. The record date fixed for the Interim dividend was June 9, 2022.

Preference shares: All the Fully convertible preference share ('FCPS') holders carry one voting right for each share held by them. Holder of series A, B and C preference shares were entitled to dividend of Rs.195,938,615, Rs.230,342 and Rs.360,493,144, respectively, ("Past Dividend Amount") and during the year, it was paid in accordance with applicable laws. The full payment of the past dividend amounts was made by the Company before declaring any dividends (other than for purposes of payment of past dividend amounts) on or after the date of the shareholders agreement dated 29th July, 2016. The preference shareholders shall, in addition to the respective accumulated preference dividend noted above, were entitled to, a minimum guaranteed dividend of 0.001% on the face value of the preference shares in accordance with applicable laws; and the Company shall not, after full payment of past dividend amounts, declare any dividend that is payable only to a select class of shareholders.

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

As at 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

14 Share capital (Continued)

e Shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company is set out below:

Equity share	31 March 2022		31 March 2021	
	No. of Shares	% holding	No. of Shares	% holding
Bharat Petroleum Corporation Limited	29,271,759	26.75%	28,435,423	28.54%
ICICI Prudential Life Insurance Company Ltd.	11,328,854	10.35%	11,328,854	11.37%
ICICI Bank Limited	9,919,118	9.07%	5,750,000	5.77%
Blackstone GPV Capital Partners (Mauritius) VI-B FDI Limited	7,512,207	6.87%	7,512,207	7.54%
HAV 3 Holdings (Mauritius) Limited	7,456,993	6.82%	7,456,993	7.48%
ICICI Lombard General Insurance Company Limited	6,789,194	6.21%	5,289,194	5.31%
International Finance Corporation	6,569,567	6.00%	6,569,567	6.59%

Fully convertible preference shares	31 March 2022		31 March 2021	
	No. of Shares	% holding	No. of Shares	% holding
Blackstone GPV Capital Partners (Mauritius) VI-B FDI	11,268,311	47.28%	11,268,311	47.28%
HAV 3 Holdings (Mauritius) Limited	6,797,990	28.53%	6,797,990	28.53%
International Finance Corporation	3,104,350	13.03%	3,104,350	13.03%
Intel Capital (Mauritius) Limited	2,660,564	11.16%	2,660,564	11.16%

f There are no promoter holding in the company for the year ended 31st March 2022 and 31st March 2021.

g Shares reserved for issuance under Stock Option Plans of the Company

For details of shares reserved for issue under the employee stock option (ESOP) plan of the Company, please refer note 34.

h Terms of conversion of Fully Convertible Preference Shares

FCPS are convertible in equity shares at the option and discretion of the holders at any time into the whole or fractional number of equity shares obtained by dividing issue price of FCPS by the conversion price of INR 37, INR 48.44 and INR 79.87 for series A Preference shares, series B Preference shares and series C Preference shares respectively in accordance with the shareholders agreement. These Preference shares have been issued for the maximum period of 20 years from the date of issue. If any Preference Shares have not been converted on or prior to the expiry of the maximum period, such unconverted Preference Shares shall be compulsorily converted into equity Shares. Below is the issue date and last date for conversion for all the classes of preference shares issued :

Class of Shares	Issue Date	Last date for conversion
Class - A	8-Jun-07	7-Jun-27
Class - B	3-Dec-09	2-Dec-29
Class - C	8-Jul-11	7-Jul-31

i Terms of conversion of share warrants:

Share warrants were held by ICICI Bank Limited and ICICI Lombard General Insurance Company Limited. Each warrant was convertible into 1 equity share at the rate of Rs. 10 each. These warrants have been converted into equity shares in the current year.

j There is no holding/ultimate holding company of Fino Paytech Limited

k Aggregate number of bonus shares issued, shares issued for consideration other than cash and shares bought back during the period of 5 years immediately preceding the reporting date: Nil (Previous Year : Nil)

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

As at 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
15 Other equity		
Reserves and surplus		
Securities premium	66,289.98	58,215.34
Share based payments reserves	866.77	863.74
Retained earnings	37,859.87	(14,526.78)
Share application money pending allotment	-	-
Equity investments through other comprehensive income	17.93	17.93
Total	105,034.55	44,570.23
Securities premium		
Opening balance	58,215.34	57,902.90
Additions during the year	8,074.64	312.44
Closing balance	66,289.98	58,215.34
Fully convertible preference shares		
Opening balance	-	-
Conversions during the year	-	-
Closing balance	-	-
Share warrants in the nature of equity		
Opening balance	-	-
Additions during the year	-	-
Closing balance	-	-
Share based payments reserve		
Opening balance	863.74	737.70
Additions during the year	3.03	126.04
Closing balance	866.77	863.74
Retained earnings		
Opening balance	(14,526.78)	(12,923.60)
Net profit (loss) for the year	52,363.86	(1,603.89)
Other comprehensive income	13.93	0.71
ESOP options lapsed	8.86	-
Closing balance	37,859.87	(14,526.78)
Equity investments through other comprehensive		
Opening balance	17.93	175.24
Net profit/(loss) for the year	-	(157.31)
Closing balance	17.93	17.93
	105,034.55	44,570.23

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

As at 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
16 Non-current financial liabilities - other financial liabilities		
Lease liability	938.67	1,075.78
	938.67	1,075.78
17 Non-current liabilities - provisions		
Provision for employee benefits		
Gratuity [Refer note 35]	29.10	52.94
Compensated absences [Refer note 35]	1.28	2.87
Other provision		
Provision for litigation*	102.20	102.20
Total	132.58	158.01
18 Other non-current liabilities		
Contract liabilities (Refer Note 23)	6.13	20.40
Total	6.13	20.40
19 Financial liabilities - borrowings		
Secured		
Loans from banks*	71.29	71.17
Unsecured		
Liability component of compound financial instrument	-	-
Unsecured		
Loans from related parties (Refer note 39)	-	-
Total	71.29	71.17

*FD OD facility is from ICICI bank limited at the rate of 5.50 % p.a.

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

As at 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

31 March 2022

31 March 2021

20 Trade payables

Dues to micro and small enterprises (Refer note 44)	3.07	0.94
Dues to other than micro and small enterprises	2,341.46	1,027.59
Total	2,344.53	1,028.53

Disclosure of outstanding dues of micro and small enterprise under trade payables is based on the information available with the Company regarding the status of the suppliers as defined under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company and has been relied upon by the auditors. There is no undisputed amount overdue as on 31 March 2022, to micro and small enterprises on account of principal or interest.

Ageing of trade payables

(i) MSME		
Less than 1 year	3.07	0.94
1-2 years	-	-
2-3 years	-	-
More than 3 years	-	-
	3.07	0.94
(ii) Others		
Less than 1 year	2,113.15	699.63
1-2 years	17.90	126.21
2-3 years	13.01	5.23
More than 3 years	197.40	196.52
	2,341.46	1,027.59
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME		
Less than 1 year	-	-
1-2 years	-	-
2-3 years	-	-
More than 3 years	-	-
	-	-
(iv) Disputed dues – others		
Less than 1 year	-	-
1-2 years	-	-
2-3 years	-	-
More than 3 years	-	-
	-	-
Total trade payables	2,344.53	1,028.53

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

As at 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
21 Lease liabilities		
Lease liability	137.12	114.67
	<u>137.12</u>	<u>114.67</u>
22 Other current financial liabilities		
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	0.45	0.82
Unpaid dividends	-	5,566.62
Security deposits collected from agents	4.05	39.77
Other payables (Refer note 39)	245.25	308.19
Total	<u>249.75</u>	<u>5,915.40</u>
23 Other current liabilities		
Advances from customers	30.27	28.89
Statutory dues payable	-	41.70
Contract liabilities	22.01	32.48
Other current liabilities	16.55	23.95
Total	<u>68.83</u>	<u>127.02</u>
24 Current liabilities - provisions		
Provision for employee benefits		
Gratuity [Refer note 35]	5.81	9.96
Bonus payable	6.04	38.34
Compensated absences [Refer note 35]	0.38	0.82
Other provisions :		
Provision for expected loss on first loss default guarantee	442.89	807.65
Total	<u>455.12</u>	<u>856.77</u>

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021
25 Revenue from operations		
Sales of goods and services		
Sale of goods	433.54	341.25
Core banking solution services, enrollment income and other services	1,432.05	1,585.60
Total	1,865.59	1,926.85
26 Other income		
Interest received on financial assets carried at amortised cost		
- Deposits with banks	815.67	89.27
- Others	81,048.35	42.69
Profit / (loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	0.27
Miscellaneous income, net	433.95	174.78
Total	82,297.97	307.01
27 Purchase of goods and services		
Purchase of goods - cards and devices	347.55	124.38
Enrollment expenses	99.74	127.15
Other direct cost	697.80	618.11
Total	1,145.09	869.64
28 Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and stock-in-trade		
Opening stock :		
Traded goods	3,214.88	3,341.49
Work-in-progress	-	-
Closing stock:		
Traded goods	3,206.87	3,214.88
Work-in-progress	-	-
Changes in inventories:		
Changes in inventories of stock-in-trade and work-in-progress		
Traded goods	8.01	126.61
Work-in-progress	-	-
Less : Provision	-	-
Total	8.01	126.61

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021
29 Employee benefit expense		
Salaries, wages and bonus	352.17	630.22
Contribution to provident fund and other funds	38.05	40.98
Share based expense	36.13	3.71
Staff welfare expenses	25.98	13.16
Total	452.33	688.07
30 Finance costs		
Interest on borrowings	14.70	23.58
Other borrowing costs	-	-
Interest on lease liability	142.08	154.77
Total	156.78	178.35
31 Other expenses		
Repairs and maintenance	18.72	39.21
Rent	-	-
Rates and taxes	233.62	78.81
Insurance	35.73	42.84
Bank charges	4.63	3.59
Power and fuel	8.81	8.35
Communication	15.94	30.84
Travelling and conveyance	20.94	25.72
Legal and professional	5,258.64	113.04
Stationery and printing	5.40	0.09
Directors sitting fees	12.00	12.50
Payment to auditors		
- Statutory audit	24.75	22.92
- Tax audit	0.75	-
Provisions / (write back) for doubtful trade receivables and inventory	1,795.28	1,259.68
Provision for diminution of investments	14,193.07	-
Corporate social responsibility (CSR) (Refer note 46)	5.31	-
Advertisement, publicity and sales promotion expenses	0.29	0.36
Miscellaneous expenses	17.38	53.83
Total	21,651.26	1,691.78

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

32 1. Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management

A. Accounting classification and fair values

Carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy, are presented below. It does not include the fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

31 March 2022	Carrying amount		Fair value				
	Amortised Cost	Fair value through other comprehensive income	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets measured at fair value							
Investment in unquoted equity instruments	-	272.22	272.22	-	-	272.22	272.22
Financial assets measured at amortised cost							
Non-current financial assets	738.64	-	738.64	-	-	771.33	771.33
Other financial assets							
Current financial assets							
Trade receivables	2,638.19	-	2,638.19	-	-	-	2,638.19
Cash and cash equivalents	72,439.13	-	72,439.13	-	-	-	72,439.13
Other bank balances	592.95	-	592.95	-	-	-	592.95
Loans							
- Loans to employees	0.69	-	0.69	-	-	-	0.69
- Loans to related parties	4.74	-	4.74	-	-	-	4.74
Other current financial assets	11.32	-	11.32	-	-	-	11.32
	76,425.66	272.22	76,697.88	-	-	1,043.55	76,730.57
Non-current financial liabilities							
Lease liability	1,075.78	-	1,075.78	-	-	1,075.78	1,075.78
Current financial liabilities							
Current borrowings	71.29	-	71.29	-	-	-	71.29
Trade payables	2,344.53	-	2,344.53	-	-	-	2,344.53
Other current financial liabilities	249.75	-	249.75	-	-	-	249.75
	3,741.35	-	3,741.35	-	-	1,075.78	3,741.35

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

32 1. Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management (Continued)

A. Accounting classification and fair values (Continued)

31 March 2021	Amortised Cost	Carrying amount Fair value through other comprehensive income	Total	Fair value			Total
				Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Financial assets measured at fair value							
Investment in unquoted equity instruments	-	272.22	272.22	-	-	272.22	272.22
Financial assets measured at amortised cost							
Non current financial assets	305.71	-	305.71	-	-	318.59	318.59
Other financial assets							
Current financial assets							
Trade receivables	752.72	-	752.72	-	-	-	752.72
Cash and cash equivalents	260.09	-	260.09	-	-	-	260.09
Other bank balances	1,058.29	-	1,058.29	-	-	-	1,058.29
Loans							
- Loans to employees	0.08	-	0.08	-	-	-	0.08
Other current financial assets	9.78	-	9.78	-	-	-	9.78
	2,386.67	272.22	2,658.89	-	-	590.81	2,671.77
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost							
Lease liability	1,190.45	-	1,190.45	-	-	1,190.45	1,190.45
Short term borrowings	71.17	-	71.17	-	-	-	71.17
Trade payables	1,028.53	-	1,028.53	-	-	-	1,028.53
Other current financial liabilities	5,915.40	-	5,915.40	-	-	-	5,915.40
	8,205.55	-	8,205.55	-	-	1,190.45	8,205.55

(1) Assets that are not financial assets such as receivables from statutory authorities, export benefit receivables, prepaid expenses, advances paid, are not included.

(2) Other liabilities that are not financial liabilities such as statutory dues payable, deferred revenue, advances from customers and certain other accruals, are not included.

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

32 1. Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management (Continued)

B. Measurement of fair values

Valuation techniques and significant unobservable inputs

- Fair value of cash and cash equivalent, other bank balance, loan to employees, loan to related parties, trade and short term receivables, trade payables, and other current liabilities approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.
- The following tables show the valuation techniques used in measuring Level 2 and Level 3 fair values.

Financial instruments measured at fair value

Type	Valuation technique			
	Input considered	Increase	Equity	Equity
Investment in equity instruments				
		Increase	Equity	Equity
	4.50%		6.43	3.50%
	22.30%		22.44	24.30%
				Decrease
				(6.10)
				(19.97)
Security deposits				

For valuation of investment in equity instruments, discounted cash flow method is used to capture the present value of expected future economic benefits. Under the discounting cash flow method, the net cash flows expected to be generated are discounted using weighted average cost of capital.

The valuation model considers present value of expected payments discounted using the Government of India bond rate for the remaining maturity of the instrument.

Sensitivity analysis on level 3 fair values

For the fair values of investment in equity instruments, reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the significant observable inputs, holding other inputs constant, would have the following effects:

Significant observable inputs	31 March 2022			
	Input considered	Increase	Equity	Equity
		Increase	Equity	Equity
	5.00%		4.93	3.00%
	27.89%		37.27	32.89%
				Decrease
				(4.56)
				(28.98)

Significant observable inputs	31 March 2021			
	Input considered	Increase	Equity	Equity
		Increase	Equity	Equity
	5.00%		4.93	3.00%
	27.89%		37.27	32.89%
				Decrease
				(4.56)
				(28.98)

C. Financial risk management

The Company has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

- Credit risk ;
- Liquidity risk ;
- Market risk ; and
- Interest rate risk

i. Risk management framework

The Company's Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework.

The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Company, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to maintain a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements *(Continued)*

For the year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

32 Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management *(Continued)*

C. Financial risk management *(Continued)*

ii. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers and other financial assets including security deposits.

The maximum exposure to the credit risk at the reporting date is primarily from trade receivables and security deposits as mentioned below. Both trade receivables and security deposits are unsecured.

The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. Credit risk is managed through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring the creditworthiness of customers to which the Company grants credit terms in the normal course of business. Accordingly, the Company makes specific provisions against such trade receivables wherever required and monitors the same at periodic intervals.

a. Credit concentration and collaterals held

Concentration of credit risk with respect to trade receivables are limited, due to the Company's customer base being diverse. All trade receivables are reviewed and assessed for default on a periodic basis. The company does not hold any collaterals as security.

b. Amounts arising from ECL

i. Inputs, assumptions and techniques used for estimating impairment on trade receivables

For trade receivables or any contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset that result from transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 115, the Company always measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

Further, for the purpose of measuring lifetime expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables, the Company has used a practical expedient as permitted under Ind AS 109. This expected credit loss allowance is computed based on a provision matrix which takes into account historical credit loss experience and adjusted for forward-looking information.

For financial assets other than trade receivables company applies general expected credit loss model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss.

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

32 Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management (Continued)

C. Financial risk management (Continued)

ii. Ageing of trade receivables

Gross Trade receivables	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Less Than 180 days	2,638.19	692.55
More than 180 days	616.24	562.62
Closing balance	3,254.43	1,255.17

iii. Loss allowance

The following table shows movement in the loss allowance in respect of trade receivables and other loans and advances:

Trade receivables	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Opening balance	502.45	2,192.30
Net Impairment loss recognised	113.79	-
Balance written back	-	(1,689.85)
Closing balance	616.24	502.45

First Loss Default Guarantee*	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Opening balance	807.65	564.05
Net Impairment loss recognised	-	243.60
Balance written back	(364.76)	-
Closing balance	442.89	807.65

*First Loss Default Guarantee is provided to Fino Finance Private Limited for the BC (Business correspondent)

Other advances	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Opening balance	102.55	154.02
Balance written back	(16.34)	(51.47)
Closing balance	86.21	102.55

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

32 Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management (Continued)

C. Financial risk management (Continued)

iii. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

Maturity profile of financial liabilities

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted and include estimated interest payments.

31 March 2022	Contractual cash flows						
	Carrying amount	Total	Less than 6 months	6-12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Borrowings:							
Working capital loans from banks	71.29	71.29	71.29	-	-	-	-
Trade and other payables	2,344.53	2,344.53	2,344.53	-	-	-	-
Lease Liability	1,075.79	1,532.37	130.54	132.74	270.08	686.24	312.77
Other current financial liabilities	249.75	249.75	249.75	-	-	-	-
Contractual cash flows							
31 March 2021	Carrying amount	Total	Less than 6 months	6-12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Borrowings:							
Working capital loans from banks	71.17	71.17	71.17	-	-	-	-
Trade and other payables	1,028.53	1,028.53	1,028.53	-	-	-	-
Lease Liability	1,190.45	1,789.13	127.33	129.43	263.27	740.89	528.20
Other current financial liabilities	5,915.40	5,915.40	5,915.40	-	-	-	-

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

32 Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management (Continued)

C. Financial risk management (Continued)

iv. Market risk

In the course of its business, the Company is exposed to certain financial risks namely interest risk, currency risk and liquidity risk. The Company's preliminary focus is to achieve better predictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on its financial performance.

Currency risk

The Company is not exposed to currency risk on account of its trade receivables, trade payables and other financial assets in foreign currency. The functional currency of the Company is Indian Rupee.

v. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates primarily to the Company's borrowings with floating interest rates.

Exposure to interest rate risk

Company's interest rate risk arises from borrowings. The interest rate profile of the Company's interest-bearing financial instruments as reported to the management of the Company is as follows:

	<u>31 March 2022</u>	<u>31 March 2021</u>
Borrowings		
Fixed rate borrowings	-	-
Variable rate borrowings	71.29	71.17
Total borrowings	71.29	71.17

Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed-rate instruments

The Company does not account for any fixed-rate financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit or loss.

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable-rate instruments

A reasonably possible change of 100 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have increased/ (decreased) equity and profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency exchange rates, remain constant.

	<u>Profit / (loss)</u>		<u>Equity (net of tax)</u>	
	<u>100 bp increase</u>	<u>100 bp decrease</u>	<u>100 bp increase</u>	<u>100 bp decrease</u>
31 March 2022				
Variable-rate instruments	(0.71)	0.71	(0.53)	0.53
Cash flow sensitivity	(0.71)	0.71	(0.53)	0.53
31 March 2021				
Variable-rate instruments	(0.71)	0.71	(0.53)	0.53
Cash flow sensitivity	(0.71)	0.71	(0.53)	0.53

The risk estimates provided assume a parallel shift of 100 basis points interest rate across all yield curves. This calculation also assumes that the change occurs at the balance sheet date and has been calculated based on risk exposures outstanding as at that date. The period end balances are not necessarily representative of the average debt outstanding during the period.

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements *(Continued)*

For the year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

33 Capital management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to (a) maximise shareholders value and provide benefit to the stakeholders and (b) maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

The Company monitors capital using a ratio of "adjusted net debt" to "adjusted equity". For this purpose, adjusted net debt is defined as total liabilities (Non current and Current liability) less cash and cash equivalents. Equity comprises all components of equity.

	<u>31 March 2022</u>	<u>31 March 2021</u>
Total liabilities	4,538.75	9,507.81
Gross debt	4,538.75	9,507.81
Less - cash and cash equivalents	(72,439.13)	(260.09)
Less - other bank deposits	(592.95)	(1,058.29)
Adjusted net debt	(68,493.33)	8,189.43
Total equity	118,358.39	57,466.16
Adjusted net debt to equity ratio	(0.58)	0.14

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

34 Share-based payment arrangements:

A. Description of share-based payment arrangements

i. Share option programmes (equity-settled)

The Company has only one Employee Stock Option Plan ESOP II 2007 ('Plan') in force for a total grant of 2,34,63,000 options across the various schemes under the said plan. The plan provides that the Company's employees are granted an option to acquire equity shares of the Company that vests in a graded manner. During the current year an amendment has been made to the employee stock option scheme with reference to exercise of vested option by option grantee's nominee or legal heirs in case of death of option holder in accordance with which, all vested options may be exercised by the option grantee's nominee or legal heirs immediately after, but in no event later than five years from the date of death of the option holder. This amendment has come into force from 24th May, 2017.

ESOP

Grant Date	No. of Options	Exercise Price	Vesting Period (years)	Vesting Conditions
1-Jan-07	2,135,000	10.00	2 to 5	At the end of 1 year Nil and 25% of options at the end of years 2, 3, 4 and 5 respectively.
3-Sep-07	1,345,000	20.00	2 to 5	At the end of 1 year Nil and 25% of options at the end of years 2, 3, 4 and 5 respectively.
1-Sep-08	1,870,000	20.00	1 to 4	25% of the options at the end of years' 1 2 3 and 4 respectively
1-Apr-09	3,265,000	20.00	1 to 4	25% of the options at the end of years' 1 2 3 and 4 respectively
1-Aug-10	3,035,000	30.00	1 to 4	25% of the options at the end of years' 1 2 3 and 4 respectively
1-Oct-11	2,366,500	75.00	1 to 4	25% of the options at the end of years' 1 2 3 and 4 respectively
1-Mar-12	82,500	75.00	1 to 4	25% of the options at the end of years' 1 2 3 and 4 respectively
1-Aug-12	1,894,000	80.00	1 to 4	25% of the options at the end of years' 1 2 3 and 4 respectively
1-Mar-14	200,000	80.00	1 to 4	25% of the options at the end of years' 1 2 3 and 4 respectively
6-Feb-15	2,500,000	80.00	1 to 4	25% of the options at the end of years' 1 2 3 and 4 respectively
1-Jul-15	75,000	80.00	1 to 4	25% of the options at the end of years' 1 2 3 and 4 respectively
1-Dec-15	1,000,000	80.00	1 to 4	25% of the options at the end of years' 1 2 3 and 4 respectively
15-Apr-16	10,000	70.64	1 to 4	25% of the options at the end of years' 1 2 3 and 4 respectively
1-Dec-16	50,000	70.64	1 to 4	25% of the options at the end of years' 1 2 3 and 4 respectively
16-Aug-17	1,995,000	100.00	1 to 4	25% of the options at the end of years' 1 2 3 and 4 respectively
3-Apr-18	100,000	100.00	1 to 4	25% of the options at the end of years' 1 2 3 and 4 respectively
1-Aug-18	255,000	105.00	1 to 4	25% of the options at the end of years' 1 2 3 and 4 respectively
30-Aug-18	50,000	105.00	1 to 4	25% of the options at the end of years' 1 2 3 and 4 respectively
1-Mar-19	255,000	105.00	1 to 4	25% of the options at the end of years' 1 2 3 and 4 respectively
1-Jul-19	980,000	100.00	1 to 4	25% of the options at the end of years' 1 2 3 and 4 respectively

The weighted average share price as at the date of exercise of options exercised during the year during the year ended 31 March 2022 was INR 68.41 (31 March 2021 : INR 51.86). Since the company is not listed, the share price available during the year is taken as the weighted average share price.

Share options outstanding at the end of the period have the following exercise price. As per the ESOP scheme-II 2007, while in employment the employee can exercise the vested options till the time it is listed in a stock exchange and three years from the date of vesting. Additionally, in the case of resignation/termination, all the vested options as on the last working day of the employee shall be exercisable before the expiry of three years from the his/ her last working day. Hence, the contractual life of the options is not determinable.

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

Share-based payment arrangements: (Continued)

Grant date	Exercise price	Share options 31 March 2022	Share options 31 March 2021
03-Sep-07 to 01-Apr-09	20	-	873,500
1-Aug-10	30	-	495,000
01-Oct-11 to 01-Mar-12	75	-	744,000
01-Aug-12 to 01-Jul-15	80	-	2,226,250
1-Dec-15 to 15-Apr-16	71	-	428,000
16-Aug-17 to 03-Apr-18	100	-	1,200,000
01-Aug-18 to 01-Mar-19	105	107,500	322,500
1-Jul-19	100	427,500	226,250

B. Measurement of fair values

i. Equity-settled share-based payment arrangements

The fair value of the employee share options has been measured using the Black-Scholes formula. Service and non-market performance conditions attached to the arrangements were not taken into account in measuring fair value.

The requirement that the employee has to save in order to purchase shares under the share purchase plan has been incorporated into the fair value at grant date by applying a discount to the valuation obtained. The discount has been determined by estimating the probability that the employee will stop saving based on historical behaviour.

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Grant date	Nil	Nil
Fair value at grant date	Nil	Nil
Share price at grant date	Nil	Nil
Exercise price	Nil	Nil
Expected volatility (weighted-average)	Nil	Nil
Expected life (weighted-average)	Nil	Nil
Expected dividends	Nil	Nil
Risk-free interest rate (based on government bonds)	Nil	Nil

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

34 Share-based payment arrangements: (Continued)

C. Reconciliation of outstanding share options

Activity in the options outstanding under the employee's stock option scheme.

Particulars	31 March 2022		31 March 2021	
	Average exercise price per share per option	Number of options	Average exercise price per share per option	Number of options
Options outstanding as at the beginning of the year	77.07	7,741,750	75.20	8,556,000
Add: Options granted during the year	-	-	-	-
Less: Options exercised during the year	68.41	1,312,575	51.86	720,500
Less: Options lapsed during the year	65.05	73,925	100.00	93,750
Options outstanding as at the year end	78.79	6,355,250	77.07	7,741,750
Options exercisable as at the year end	101.00	535,000	72.59	6,515,500

D. Expenses arising from share based payment transactions

The total expenses arising from share based payment transactions recognised profit or loss as part of employee benefit expenses is INR 36.13 lakhs (31 March 2021 : INR 3.71 lakhs).

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

35 Employee benefits

The Company contributes to the following post-employment defined benefit plans in India.

A. Defined Contribution Plans:

The Company makes specified monthly contributions towards employee provident fund to Government administered provident fund scheme which is a defined contribution plan. The Company's contribution is recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss during the period in which the employee renders the related service.

The Company has recognised INR 22.85 lakhs for 31 March 2022 (31 March 2021: 37.30 lakhs) as expenditure and included under 'Employee benefit expenses' in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Gratuity

The Company's gratuity benefit scheme is a defined benefit plan. The Company's net obligation in respect of a defined benefit plan is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods; that benefit is discounted to determine its present value. Any unrecognised past service costs and the fair value of any plan assets are deducted. The calculation of the Company's obligation under the plan is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method.

Compensated absences

Compensated absences balance upto 7 days are encashed at the end of financial year on the basic salary. Encashment of more than 7 days of leave is not permitted.

Based on the actuarial valuation obtained in this respect, the following table sets out the status of the gratuity and compensated absences amounts recognised in the Company's financial statements as at balance sheet date:

	Note	Gratuity	
		31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Liability at the end of the year	17, 24	34.91	62.90
Fair value of Plan Assets at the end of the year		-	-
Amount recognised in Balance sheet		34.91	62.90

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

35 Employee benefits (Continued)

D. Defined benefit obligations

i. Actuarial assumptions

The following were the principal actuarial assumptions at the reporting date (expressed as weighted averages).

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Discount rate	6.55%	6.15%
Expected rate of return on plan assets		
Salary escalation rate	5.20%	5.20%
Withdrawal rate	15.00%	15.00%
Mortality rate	IALM 2012-14 Ultimate	IALM 2012-14 Ultimate

ii. Sensitivity analysis

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligation by the amounts shown below.

	Gratuity			
	31 March 2022		31 March 2021	
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
Discount rate (1% movement)	(1.86)	2.07	(3.47)	3.88
Future salary growth (1% movement)	2.08	(1.90)	3.88	(3.53)
Withdrawal rate (1% movement)	0.61	(1.42)	0.51	(1.69)
Mortality Rate (10% movement)	0.01	0.00	0.01	(0.00)

The sensitivity analysis above have been determined based on a method that extrapolates the impact on defined benefit obligation as a result of reasonable changes in key assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period.

Expected future cash flows

The expected future cash flows in respect of gratuity as at 31 March 2022 were as follows:

Expected future benefit payments

31 March 2022	5.81
31 March 2023	5.25
31 March 2024	4.81
31 March 2025	4.35
31 March 2026	3.90
Thereafter	29.86

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

35 Employee benefits (Continued)

B. Movement in net defined benefit (asset) liability

The following table shows a reconciliation from the opening balances to the closing balances for net defined benefit (asset) liability and its components:

Particulars	Gratuity					
	Defined benefit obligation		Fair value of plan assets		Net defined benefit (asset) liability	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Opening balance	62.90	58.12	-	-	62.90	58.12
Adjustments to opening balance on account of employee transfer		-			-	-
Adjusted opening balance	62.90	58.12			62.90	58.12
Included in profit or loss						
Current service cost	3.91	10.08	-	-	3.91	10.08
Past service cost			-	-		
Interest cost (income)	3.87	3.92	-	-	3.87	3.92
	70.68	72.12	-	-	70.68	72.12
Included in OCI						
Actuarial loss (gain) arising from:						
Demographic assumptions	-	1.89			-	1.89
Financial assumptions	(0.80)	(17.42)	-	-	(0.80)	(17.42)
Experience adjustment	(13.13)	14.82	-	-	(13.13)	14.82
Return on plan assets excluding interest income						-
	56.75	71.41	-	-	56.75	71.41
Other						
Contributions paid by the employer						
Benefits paid	(21.84)	(8.51)	-	-	(21.84)	(8.51)
Closing balance	34.91	62.90	-	-	34.91	62.90

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

35 Employee benefits (Continued)

C. Components of defined benefit plan cost:

Particulars	Gratuity	
	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021
Recognised in Income Statement		
Current service cost	3.91	10.08
Interest cost / (income) (net)	3.87	3.92
Unrecognised past service cost- non vested benefits	-	-
Past service cost	-	-
Total	7.78	14.00
Recognised in other comprehensive income		
Remeasurement of net defined benefit liability/(asset)	(13.93)	(0.71)
Return on plan assets excluding net interest	-	-
Cumulative post employment (gains) recognised in the SOCIE	(13.93)	(0.71)

D. Category of assets

Category of assets	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021
Corporate bonds	-	-
Equity shares	-	-
Government securities	-	-
Insurer managed funds	-	-
Bank balances	-	-
Others	-	-
Total	-	-

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

Note 36 : Leases

Right-of-use (ROU) asset

Particulars	Building	Office Equipment	Total
Gross Block			
Opening balance as on 1 April 2020	878.41	362.85	1,241.26
Additions		120.08	120.08
Deletions	-	-	-
Closing Balance as on 31 March 2021	878.41	482.93	1,361.34
Accumulated depreciation			
Opening balance as on 1 April 2020	64.81	9.98	74.79
Depreciation for the period	99.16	52.91	152.07
Depreciation on deletions	-	-	-
Closing Balance as on 31 March 2021	163.97	62.89	226.86
Net block	714.44	420.04	1,134.48
Gross Block			
Opening balance as on 1 April 2021	878.41	482.93	1,361.34
Additions	-	-	-
Deletions	-	-	-
Closing Balance as on 31 March 2022	878.41	482.93	1,361.34
Accumulated depreciation			
Opening balance as on 1 April 2021	163.97	62.89	226.86
Depreciation for the period	99.15	53.41	152.56
Depreciation on deletions	-	-	-
Closing Balance as on 31 March 2022	263.12	116.30	379.42
Net block	615.29	366.63	981.92

Lease liabilities included in the balance sheet	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Current	137.12	114.67
Non-current	938.67	1,075.78
	1,075.79	1,190.45

Amounts recognised in the statement of profit and loss	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021
Interest on lease liabilities	142.08	154.77
Income from sub-leasing right-to-use assets	(124.53)	(206.83)
Expenses relating to short-term leases	22.90	85.15
Total	40.45	33.09

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities are disclosed in Note no. 32 of Financial instruments-Liquidity risk.

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

37 Earnings per share (EPS)

Basic EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential equity shares into equity shares.

i. Profit attributable to equity share holders of the Company

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Profit attributable to equity share holders of the Company:		
Continuing operations	52,363.86	(1,603.89)
Less: Preference dividend including tax thereon	(0.03)	(0.03)
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company for basic earnings	52,363.83	(1,603.92)
Interest on convertible debentures	-	-
Interest on share warrants	-	-
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company adjusted for the effect of basic and dilution (a)	52,363.83	(1,603.92)

ii. Weighted average number of ordinary shares

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Issued ordinary shares at 01 April 2021	99,628,111	98,907,611
Effect of share options exercised	927,661	206,755
Conversion of share warrants	5,500,000	-
Right issue of shares during the period	1,503,553	-
Weighted average number of shares at 31 March 2022	107,559,325	99,114,366
Additions:-		
Share options	-	-
Convertible preference shares	23,831,215	23,831,215
Convertible share warrants	-	5,500,000
Weighted average number of shares at 31 March 2022 for basic EPS (b)	131,390,540	128,445,581
Weighted average number of shares at 31 March 2022	131,390,540	128,445,581
Add: potential equity shares	225,903	2,124,711
Weighted average number of shares at 31 March 2022 for basic EPS (c)	131,616,443	130,570,292

Basic and Diluted earnings per share

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
	Rs.	Rs.
Basic earnings per share (a / b)	39.85	(1.25)
Diluted earnings per share (a / c)	39.79	(1.25)

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

38 Tax expense

(a) Amounts recognised in profit and loss

	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021
Current income tax		
Current period	8,191.09	-
Changes in estimated related to prior years	-	-
Deferred income tax liability / (asset), net		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	-	55.27
Deferred tax expense	-	55.27
Tax expense for the year	8,191.09	55.27

(b) Amounts recognised in other comprehensive income

	For the year ended 31 March 2022			For the year ended 31 March 2021		
	Before tax	Tax (expense) benefit	Net of tax	Before tax	Tax (expense) benefit	Net of tax
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss						
Remeasurements of defined benefit liability (asset)	13.93	-	13.93	0.71	-	0.71
Equity instrument through OCI	-	-	-	(212.58)	55.27	(157.31)
Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss						
Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss	-	-	-	-	-	-
	13.93	-	13.93	(211.87)	55.27	(156.60)

(c) Reconciliation of effective tax rate

	For the year ended 31 March 2022		For the year ended 31 March 2021	
Profit before tax		60,554.95		(1,548.62)
Tax using the Company's domestic tax rate	26.00%	15,744.29	26.00%	(402.64)
Tax effect of:				
Tax effects of amounts which are not deductible for taxable income	0.01%	4.07	0.00%	-
Items on which no deferred tax was recognized	8.99%	5,443.14	-29.57%	457.91
Effect of change in tax rate	-21.47%	(13,000.41)	0.00%	-
	13.53%	8,191.09	-3.57%	55.27

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

38 Tax Expense (Continued)

(d) Movement in deferred tax balances

	Net balance 01 April 2021	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in OCI	Other	31 March 2022		
					Net	Deferred tax asset	Deferred tax liability
Deferred tax asset / liability							
Property, plant and equipment	419.54	(59.86)	-	-	359.68	359.68	-
Security deposits	12.47	(1.84)	-	-	10.63	10.63	-
Leases	14.55	9.86	-	-	24.41	24.41	-
Provisions	981.24	127.20	-	-	1,108.44	1,108.44	-
Unabsorbed Business Loss	332.75	(68.93)	-	-	263.82	263.82	-
Equity instrument through OCI	(6.30)	(0.00)	-	-	(6.30)	-	(6.30)
MAT Credit entitlement	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	13.75	(6.43)	-	-	7.32	7.32	-
Deferred tax assets (net)	1,768.00	(0.00)	-	-	1,768.00	1,774.30	(6.30)
Set off tax							
Net tax assets	1,768.00	(0.00)	-	-	1,768.00	1,774.30	(6.30)

(e) Movement in deferred tax balances

	Net balance 01 April 2020	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in OCI	Other	31 March 2021		
					Net	Deferred tax asset	Deferred tax liability
Deferred tax asset / liability							
Property, plant and equipment	450.28	(30.74)	-	-	419.54	419.54	-
Security deposits	14.19	(1.72)	-	-	12.47	12.47	-
Borrowings	(0.08)	14.63	-	-	14.55	14.55	-
Provisions	1,351.36	(370.12)	-	-	981.24	981.24	-
Unabsorbed Business Loss	-	332.75	-	-	332.75	332.75	-
Equity instrument through OCI	(61.57)	(0.00)	55.27	-	(6.30)	-	(6.30)
MAT Credit entitlement	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	13.82	(0.07)	-	-	13.75	13.75	-
Deferred tax assets (net)	1,768.00	(55.27)	55.27	-	1,768.00	1,774.30	(6.30)
Set off tax							
Net tax assets	1,768.00	(55.27)	55.27	-	1,768.00	1,774.30	(6.30)

The company offsets tax assets and liabilities if and only if it has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.

Significant management judgment is required in determining provision for income tax, deferred income tax assets and liabilities and recoverability of deferred income tax assets. The recoverability of deferred income tax assets is based on estimates of taxable income in which the relevant entity operates and the period over which deferred income tax assets will be recovered.

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

Tax losses & unabsorbed depreciation carried forward

	31 March 2022	Expiry for 31 March 2022	31 March 2021	Expiry for 31 March 2021
Business losses	1,108.18	3/31/2026	1,161.00	3/31/2026
Business losses	49.48	3/31/2028	306.36	3/31/2028
Business losses	201.77	3/31/2029	-	-
Unabsorbed depreciation	971.34	No expiry	647.20	No expiry
	2,330.77		2,114.56	

Tax Credits carried forward

	31 March 2022	Expiry for 31 March 2022	31 March 2021	Expiry for 31 March 2021
MAT credit entitlement	259.40	3/31/2026	259.40	3/31/2026
	259.40		259.40	

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following items, because it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the company can use the benefits therefrom:

	31 March 2022	31 March
Deductible temporary differences	3,755.62	-
MAT Credit entitlement	259.40	259.40
Tax losses & unabsorbed depreciation	342.18	216.17
	4,357.20	475.57

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

39 Related party disclosures

A. Names of related parties

Sr. No.	Particulars	Country of Incorporation	Proportion of ownership interest
1	<u>Related party by whom significance influence is exercised</u> Bharat Petroleum Corporation Limited	India	26.75%
2	<u>Entities which are controlled by the company and with whom the Company had transactions during the year</u> FINO Trusteeship Services Limited	India	49%
	Fino Finance Private Limited (Formerly known as Intrepid Finance and Leasing Private Limited)	India	100%
	Fino Payments Bank Limited (Formerly known as FINO Fintech Private Limited)	India	75%
	FINO Financial Services Private Limited	India	100%
3	Key Management Personnel Ashok Kini -Non-executive Chairman & Independent Director Marcus Peter Strutt Thompson - Nominee Director of HAV 3 Dr. Anjana Grewal - Independent Director (tenure as an independent director has been expired on 16.02.2022) Sudeep Gupta - Whole-time Director Ramakrishna Gupta Vesta - Nominee Director of Bharat Petroleum Corporation Limited (BPCL) Praveer Kumar - Chief financial officer (Cessation with effect from 10.12.2021) Jitendra Garg - Company Secretary & Manager-Legal (Cessation with effect from 07.03.2022)		

B. Transactions with key management personnel

i. Key management personnel compensation

Sr. No.	Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021
i.	Short-term employee benefits	36.13	42.90
ii.	Post-employment benefits	10.35	2.66
iii.	Share-based payment	-	-

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

39 Related party relationships, transactions and balances

Note 39 above provides the information about the Group's structure including the details of the subsidiaries and the holding company. The following table provides the total amount of transactions that have been entered into with related parties for the relevant financial year. All the related party transactions are at arm's length price.

Nature of Transaction	Subsidiaries	Related party by whom significant influence is exercised	Key Management Personnel	Total
Corporate Guarantee				
March 31, 2022	1,932.62	-	-	1,932.62
March 31, 2021	3,669.50	-	-	3,669.50
Recovery of expenses				
March 31, 2022	447.17	-	-	447.17
March 31, 2021	309.39	-	-	309.39
Sale of services / fixed assets				
March 31, 2022	-	343.26	-	343.26
March 31, 2021	-	289.94	-	289.94
Purchase of Services				
March 31, 2022	274.61	-	-	274.61
March 31, 2021	226.67	-	-	226.67
Director sitting fees				
March 31, 2022	-	-	12.00	12.00
March 31, 2021	-	-	12.50	12.50
Advance paid				
March 31, 2022	5.74	-	-	5.74
March 31, 2021	8.49	-	-	8.49
Advance received				
March 31, 2022	245.76	-	-	245.76
March 31, 2021	263.13	-	-	263.13
Loan Taken				
March 31, 2022	-	-	-	-
March 31, 2021	-	-	-	-
Loan repaid				
March 31, 2022	-	-	-	-
March 31, 2021	-	-	-	-
Interest on loan taken				
March 31, 2022	-	-	-	-
March 31, 2021	-	-	-	-
Guarantee Commission				
March 31, 2022	5.13	-	-	5.13
March 31, 2021	19.79	-	-	19.79

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

Balance Outstanding				
Corporate Guarantee				
March 31, 2022	250.20	-	-	250.20
March 31, 2021	2,182.82	-	-	2,182.82
Trade Receivables (Gross)				
March 31, 2022	800.50	88.80	-	889.30
March 31, 2021	201.12	107.77	-	308.89
Trade Payables (Gross)				
March 31, 2022	-	-	-	-
March 31, 2021	356.01	-	-	356.01
Short term borrowings				
March 31, 2022	-	-	-	-
March 31, 2021	-	-	-	-
Short term loans				
March 31, 2022	4.74	-	-	4.74
March 31, 2021	10.73	-	-	10.73
Interest payable on loan taken				
March 31, 2022	-	-	-	-
March 31, 2021	-	-	-	-
Other payables				
March 31, 2022	245.76	-	-	245.76
March 31, 2021	263.13	-	-	263.13
Deemed Investment				
March 31, 2022	1,085.59	-	-	1,085.59
March 31, 2021	980.68	-	-	980.68

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

40 Revenue from contract with customers

The Company derives revenues primarily from sale of device along with AMC, enrolment services, BC services, repairs and maintenance of devices, advertisement services, micro ATM running charges.

Revenue is recognized upon transfer of control of devices or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration expected to receive in exchange for those devices or services.

Revenues in excess of invoicing are classified as contract assets while invoicing in excess of revenues are classified as contract liabilities.

In case of sale of devices along with AMC, the Company has applied the guidance in Ind AS 115, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, by applying the revenue recognition criteria for each distinct performance obligation. Sale of devices and AMC services meet the criteria of distinct performance obligations. For allocating the transaction price, the Company has measured the revenue in respect of each performance obligation of a contract at its relative standalone selling price. The price that is regularly charged for an item when sold separately is the best evidence of its standalone selling price. The revenue is recognised at point in time for sale of devices and over the period of time in case of AMC.

Enrolment services, BC services, repairs and maintenance of devices, advertisement services, micro ATM running charges are recognized over the period of time / term of the contract.

The Company presents revenues net of indirect taxes in its Statement of Profit and Loss.

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

In the following table, revenue from contracts with customers is disaggregated by major revenue streams and timing of revenue recognition :

Major revenue streams	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021
Sale of products	433.54	341.25
CBS Services, enrollment income and other services	1,432.05	1,585.60
Total	1,865.59	1,926.85
Timing of revenue recognition		
Products transferred at point in time	433.54	341.25
Services transferred over the period of time	1,432.05	1,585.60
	1,865.59	1,926.85

The information relating to trade receivables and contract liabilities relating to revenue from operations is disclosed in note no. 8 and 23 respectively.

The remaining performance obligation disclosure provides the aggregate amount of the transaction price yet to be recognized as at the end of the reporting period and an explanation as to when the Company expects to recognize these amounts in revenue. Applying the practical expedient as given in Ind AS 115, the Company has not disclosed the remaining performance obligation related disclosures for contracts where the revenue recognized corresponds directly with the value to the customer of the entity's performance completed to date.

The aggregate value of performance obligations that are completely or partially unsatisfied as at March 31, 2022 other than those meeting the exclusion criteria mentioned above, is 28.14 lakh (March 2021 : 52.88 lakh) . Out of this, the Company expects to recognize revenue of around 78 % (March 2021 : 61%) within the next one year and the remaining thereafter.

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

41 Ratios analysis & it's elements

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021	% change from 31 March 2021 to 31 March 2022	Reasons if change is more than 25%
Current Ratio	2201%	40%	5444%	The change is on account of OFS funds lying in current account as on 31st March 2022
Debt-Equity Ratio	0%	0%	-51%	The change is on account of increase in equity capital as on 31st March 2022
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	26706%	-458%	-5934%	Change is due to increased net profit after tax as on 31st March 2022 due to OFS gain
Return on Equity Ratio	44%	-3%	-1685%	There is profit in CY as compared to loss in LY
Inventory turnover ratio	0%	94%	-100%	Ratio for FY22 is zero as there is no inventory as on 31st March 2022
Trade Receivables turnover ratio	71%	256%	-72%	Balance trade receivable as on 31st March 2022 has increase due to OFS funds receivable.
Trade payables turnover ratio	49%	85%	-42%	Balance trade payable as on 31st March 2022 has increased due to issue exp payable
Net capital turnover ratio	3%	-39%	-107%	The change is on account of increase on revenue during FY22 as compared to FY21
Net profit ratio	3246%	-80%	-4139%	During FY22 PAT has increased due to OFS gain.
Return on Capital employed	51%	-2%	-2253%	The change is on account of increase in earnings due to OFS gain and corresponding increase in Equity
Return on investment	44%	-3%	-1685%	The change is on account of increase in PAT due to OFS gain and corresponding increase in Equity

Ratios	Numerator	Denominator	31 March 2022		31 March 2021	
			Numerator	Denominator	Numerator	Denominator
Current Ratio	Current assets	Current liabilities	76,195.35	3,461.37	3,277.26	8,253.62
Debt-Equity Ratio	Debt :- long term borrowings + short term borrowings	Equity :- Total Equity	71.29	118,358.39	71.17	57,466.16
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Earning available for debt services :- net profit before tax + non cash expenses tax (Depreciation and Amortisation) + interest expense on borrowings	Interest + Installment :- interest expenses on borrowings and current maturities	60,906.87	228.07	(1,142.24)	249.51
Return on Equity Ratio	Total Profit / (loss) for the period / year	Total Equity	52,363.86	118,358.39	(1,603.89)	57,466.16
Inventory turnover ratio	Cost of good sold :- Cost of material, operation and incidental cost+ changes in inventories of stock-in-trade	Average Inventory	1,153.10	-	996.25	1,064.44
Trade Receivables turnover ratio	Revenue from operations	Average Trade Receivables	1,865.59	2,638.19	1,926.85	752.72
Trade payables turnover ratio	Total Purchase	Average Trade Payables	1,145.09	2,344.53	869.64	1,028.53
Net capital turnover ratio	Revenue from operations	Working capital	1,865.59	72,733.98	1,926.85	(4,976.36)
Net profit ratio	Profit / (loss) after tax	Revenue from operations	60,554.95	1,865.59	(1,548.62)	1,926.85
Return on Capital employed	Earning before interest & taxes (EBIT) :- profit / (loss) before tax + interest expenses on financial liabilities carried at amortised cost	Capital Employed :- total equity (parent+ non controlling interest) + borrowings	60,711.73	118,429.69	1,370.28	57,537.32
Return on investment	Profit / (loss) after tax attributable to owners of the company	Equity shareholders' fund	52,363.86	118,358.39	1,603.89	57,466.16

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

42 Additional Regulatory Information

a. Details of benami property held

The Company do not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property.

b. Details of loans and advances

Loans and advances granted to promoters, directors, key managerial personnel (KMPs) and the related parties which are repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment

Type of borrower	Amount of loan or advance in the nature of loan outstanding	Percentage to the total loans and advances in the nature of loans
Promoters	-	-
Directors	-	-
KMPs	-	-

c. Willful defaulter

The company has not been declared as a willful defaulter by any financial institution or bank as at the date of balance sheet.

d. Relationship with struck off companies

The Company do not have any transactions with companies struck off.

e. Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies (ROC)

The company has no pending charges or satisfaction which are yet to be registered with the ROC beyond the statutory period.

f. Compliance with number of layers of companies

The company has complied with the provision of the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.

g. Compliance with approved Scheme(s) of Arrangements

There are no Schemes of arrangements has been approved by the Competent Authority in terms of sections 230 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013.

h. Discrepancy in utilization of borrowings

The company has used the borrowings from banks and financial institutions for the specific purpose for which it was taken at the balance sheet date. There are no discrepancy in utilisation of borrowings.

i. Utilisation of borrowed funds and share premium:

(A) The company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries).

(B) the company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party).

The company have not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (intermediaries) with the understanding that the intermediary shall:

- directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries); or
- provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

The Company have not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:

- directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or;
- provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

j. Borrowings taken against current assets

Where the Company has borrowings from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets, it shall disclose the following:-

- whether quarterly returns or statements of current assets filed by the Company with banks or financial institutions are in agreement with the books of accounts;
- if not, summary of reconciliation and reasons of material discrepancies, if any to be adequately disclosed.

k. Undisclosed income

The Company has no transaction that is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).

l. Details of Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency

The company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency.

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

43 Contingent liabilities and commitments

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Contingent liabilities		
(i) Arrears of preference share dividend	-	-
(ii) Value added tax and entry tax	2,710.40	730.05
(iii) Navi Mumbai municipal corporation cess	-	-
(iv) Corporate guarantee issued on behalf of subsidiaries	250.20	2,182.82
(v) Performance security provided	-	-
(vi) Income tax	-	-
(vii) TDS Notice u/s 201(1) and 201(1A)	-	-

The Company has reviewed all its pending litigations and proceedings and has adequately provided for where provisions are required and disclosed as contingent liabilities where applicable, in its Financial Statements. The Company does not expect the outcome of these proceedings to have a materially adverse effect on its Financial results.

* During the year ended 31 March 2021, Navi Mumbai Municipal Corporation (NMMC) raised a demand of INR 102.20 lakhs towards cess on purchases within the NMMC jurisdiction. During the FY 20-21, same has been provided fully. Hence, there is no contingent liability on account of NMMC cess.

There are pending litigation under UP VAT Act, department has considered all the movement of assets from one state to other state as a deemed sale in the year 2008-09 & 2010-11 and in the year 2009-10, 2011-12, 2012-13 & 13-14 department has increased card price. There are pending litigation under Maharashtra VAT Act, department has raised CST demand. Total liability under dispute is amounting to INR 2710.40 Lakhs against which company has paid INR 151.96 lakhs under protest.

Capital Commitments

a. The company has capital commitments of INR Nil as on 31 March 2022 (31 March 2021 : INR Nil)

44 Details of Dues to micro and small suppliers

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Dues to micro and small suppliers		
a. The amounts remaining unpaid to micro and small suppliers as at the end of the year		
- Principal	3.07	-
- Interest	-	-
b. The amount of interest paid by the company as per the Micro Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act, 2006) along with amount of the payment made to micro and small suppliers beyond the appointed day during each accounting year.	-	-
c. The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under MSMED Act, 2006.	-	-
d. The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year.	-	-
e. The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under the MSMED Act, 2006.	-	-

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

45 Foreign currency transactions

Expenditure incurred in foreign currency	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Membership fees	0.68	0.63
Consultancy charges	18.96	18.51
Annual maintenance charges	-	-
	19.64	19.14

46 Corporate social responsibility (CSR)

The company fulfils the applicability criteria under section 135 of companies act 2013, so CSR expenses incurred for year ending 31 March 22 is 5.31 Lakhs (Previous year : Nil).

Particulars	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Amount required to be spent by the company during the year	5.29	-
Amount of expenditure incurred	5.31	-
Shortfall at the end of the year	(0.02)	-
Total of previous years shortfall	-	-
Reason for shortfall		

Nature of CSR activities	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Set up 18 water purifier units for safe drinking water	4.09	-
Distribution of School kit for promoting education to 300 students	1.22	-

(i) details of related party transactions, e.g., contribution to a trust controlled by the company in relation to CSR expenditure as per relevant Accounting Standard,

(ii) where a provision is made with respect to a liability incurred by entering into a contractual obligation, the movements in the provision during the year shall be shown separately.

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements *(Continued)*

For the year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

47 Operating segment

The Company has presented segment information in the consolidated financial statements which are presented in the same financial report. Accordingly, in terms of Paragraph 4 of Ind AS 108 'Operating Segments', no disclosures related to segments are presented in the standalone financial statements.

48 Subsequent events

There are no significant subsequent events that would require adjustments or disclosures in the financial statements as on the balance sheet date.

49 Derivative contracts

The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material losses.

50 Prior year comparatives

Previous year figures have been regrouped and reclassified wherever necessary to confirm to current year's presentation.

As per our report of even date attached.

For M S K C & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Number : 001595S

Sd/-

Padmashree Crasto

Partner

Membership Number : 117156

Mumbai

26 August 2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

FINO PayTech Limited

Sd/-

Ashok Kini

Non-Executive Chairman &

Independent Director

DIN 00812946

Sd/-

Rakesh Tripathi

Chief Financial Officer

Sd/-

Sudeep Gupta

Whole-time Director

DIN 07899859

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of FINO PayTech Limited

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of FINO PayTech Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "Holding Company") and its subsidiaries (Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group"), which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, and based on consideration of reports of other auditors on separate financial statements and on the other financial information of subsidiaries, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of their consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at March 31, 2022, of consolidated profit and other comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in India in terms of the Code of Ethics issued by Institute of Chartered Accountant of India ("ICAI"), and the relevant provisions of the Act and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Director's report but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

When we read the Director's Report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements in term of the requirements of the Act that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance and consolidated cash flows of the Group in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; the selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing ("SAs") will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists

related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Other Matters

We did not audit the financial statements of subsidiaries Fino Finance Private Limited, whose financial statements reflect total assets of Rs. 5,515.91 Lakhs as at March 31, 2022, total revenues of Rs. 1,460.43 Lakhs and net cash flows amounting to Rs. 2,227.39 Lakhs for the year ended on that date; FINO Financial Services Private Limited, whose financial statements reflect total assets of Rs. 0.03 Lakhs as at March 31, 2022, total revenues of Rs. 0 and net cash flows amounting to Rs. 0 for the year ended on that date and FINO Trusteeship Services Limited, whose financial statements reflect total assets of Rs. 657.02 Lakhs as at March 31, 2022, total revenues of Rs. 39.34 Lakhs and net cash flows amounting to Rs. (13.55) Lakhs for the year ended on that date as considered in the consolidated financial statements. These financial statements have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries, and our report in terms of sub-section (3) of Section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors and the financial statements certified by the Management.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report, to the extent applicable, that:

- a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements.
- b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors.
- c. The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
- d. In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Indian accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 7 of the (Companies Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on March 31, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the reports of the statutory auditors of its subsidiary companies incorporated in India, none of the directors of the Group companies incorporated in India are disqualified as on March 31, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f. With respect to the adequacy of internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Group and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in “Annexure A”.
- g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor’s Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditor’s) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the consolidated financial position of the Group - Refer Note 44 to the consolidated financial statements.
 - ii. The Group has long term contracts as at March 31, 2022 for which there we no material foreseeable losses. The Group does not have any derivative contracts as at March 31, 2022.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company, and its subsidiary companies.

iv.

(1) Under Rule 11(e)(i)

The respective Managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiaries respectively that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, as on the date of this audit report, that such parties shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries (“Ultimate Beneficiaries”) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

(2) Under Rule 11(e)(ii)

The respective Managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiaries that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, as on the date of this audit report, that the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (“Ultimate Beneficiaries”) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

(3) Under Rule 11(e)(iii)

Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances performed by us and that performed by the auditors of the subsidiaries which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, and according to the information and explanations provided to us by the Management of the Holding company in this regard nothing has come to our or other auditors’ notice that has caused us or the other auditors to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e) as provided under (1) and (2) above, contain any material mis-statement.

- v. The Group has declared and/or paid dividend during the year which is in compliance with Section 123 of the Act.
- 2. As required by The Companies (Amendment) Act, 2017, in our opinion, according to information, explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Group to its directors is within the limits laid prescribed under Section 197 of the Act and the rules thereunder.
- 3. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the CARO reports issued by us for the Company and on consideration of CARO reports by statutory auditors of subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements of the Company to which reporting under CARO is applicable, we report that there are no Qualifications/adverse remarks.

For M S K C & Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration Number: 001595S

Sd/-
Padmashree Crasto
Partner
Membership No. 117156
UDIN: 22117156APYWRP1662

Mumbai
August 26, 2022

ANNEXURE A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF FINO PAYTECH LIMITED

[Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' in the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the Members of FINO PayTech Limited on the consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022.

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

Opinion

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Company as of and for the year ended March 31, 2022, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of FINO PayTech Limited (hereinafter referred to as "the Holding Company") and its subsidiary companies, which are companies incorporated in India, as of that date.

In our opinion, and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies, which are companies incorporated in India, have, in all material respects, internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022, based on the internal control with reference to consolidated financial statements criteria established by the respective companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("the ICAI").

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the Holding company and its subsidiary companies, which are companies incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control with reference to consolidated financial statements criteria established by the respective companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Holding company and its subsidiary companies, which are companies incorporated in India, based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the ICAI and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements included obtaining an

understanding of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in the Other Matters paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Holding company and its subsidiary companies, which are companies incorporated in India.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls With Reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to consolidated financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of consolidated financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to consolidated financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls With Reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to consolidated financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Other Matters

Our aforesaid reports under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements insofar as it relates to 4 subsidiary companies, which are companies incorporated in India, is based on the corresponding reports of the auditors of such companies incorporated in India.

For M S K C & Associates

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 001595S

sd/-

Padmashree Crasto

Partner

Membership No. 117156

UDIN: 22117156APYWRP1662

Mumbai

July 26, 2022

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (*Continued*)

as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022.

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

1.1 General information

FINO PayTech Limited Group is primarily engaged in providing technology based solutions and services related to financial inclusion. It is a business and banking technology platform combined with extensive services delivery channel. The Group includes a Non-Banking Financial Company - Non Deposit Accepting or Holding Company ('NBFC-ND') registered with Reserve Bank of India ('RBI'). It is engaged in providing finance to poor women in rural areas of India who are organized as Joint Liability Groups ('JLG'). The Group services institutions like banks, micro finance institutions, government entities and insurance companies. The Group includes a Bank which offers services such as current and savings accounts, remittances, business correspondent, mobile banking, bill payments and third party financial products distribution. The Bank is engaged in providing various types of financial services to the rural, poor and underserved and unserved classes to help them be economically self-reliant.

1.2 Significant Accounting Policies

1.2.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) to comply with Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the 2013 Act"), read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, and other relevant provisions of the Act and Rules there under, as amended from time to time.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to the existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

1.2.2 Functional and presentation currency

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian rupees (INR), which is the Group's functional currency. All amounts have been rounded off to two decimal places to the nearest lakhs, unless otherwise indicated.

1.2.3 Basis of measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the following items:

- certain financial assets and liabilities that may be measured at fair value;
- defined benefit plans – plan assets measured at fair value;
- share-based payments

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (*Continued*)

as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022.

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

1.2.4 Presentation of Financial Statements

The Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss and Statement of Changes in Equity are prepared and presented in the format prescribed in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”). The Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared and presented as per the requirements of Ind AS 7 “Statement of Cash Flows”. The disclosure requirements with respect to items in the Balance Sheet and Statement of Profit and Loss, as prescribed in the Schedule III to the Act, are presented by way of notes forming part of the financial statements along with the other notes required to be disclosed under the notified Accounting Standards and the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as amended.

1.2.5 Current versus non-current classification

The group presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current and non-current classification.

An asset is classified as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current when it is:

- Expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

The group classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. Based on the nature of products/services and the time between acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the group has identified twelve months as its operating cycle for the purpose of current / non-current classification of assets and liability.

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (*Continued*)

as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022.

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

1.2.6 Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with Ind AS requires use of estimates and assumptions for some items, which might have an effect on their recognition and measurement in the balance sheet and statement of profit and loss and disclosure of contingent liabilities. The actual amounts realized may differ from these estimates. The estimates and the underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. The estimates and the underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and future periods are affected.

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following estimates and judgements, which have a significant impact on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities at each balance sheet date.

- **Determination of the estimated useful lives of tangible assets and intangible assets**

Useful lives of tangible and intangible assets are based on the life prescribed in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013. In cases, where the useful lives are different from that prescribed in Schedule II, useful lives and residual values are based on technical advice, taking into account the nature of the asset, the estimated usage of the asset, the operating conditions of the asset, past history of replacement, anticipated technological changes, manufacturers' warranties and maintenance support.

- **Recognition and measurement of defined benefit obligations**

The obligation arising from defined benefit plan is determined on the basis of actuarial valuation using projected unit method. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. Key actuarial assumptions include discount rate, trends in salary escalation, actuarial rates and life expectancy and withdrawal rate. The discount rate is determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds. The period to maturity of the underlying bonds correspond to the probable maturity of the post-employment benefit obligations. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is sensitive to changes in these assumptions. These assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

- **Recognition of deferred tax assets**

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences of temporary differences between the carrying values of assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases, and unutilized business loss and depreciation carry-forward and tax credits at the rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses, depreciation carry-forward and unused tax credits could be utilized. Accordingly, the Group exercises its judgement to reassess the carrying amount of deferred tax assets at the end of each reporting period.

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (*Continued*)

as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022.

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

1.2.6 Use of estimates and judgments (*Continued*)

- **Expected credit loss**

Expected credit loss is to be recognised for financial assets when upon assessment, the credit risk on the financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition. The measurement of ECL includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on Group's historical experience and credit assessment including the incorporation of forward-looking information.

The inputs used and process followed by the Group in determining the ECL have been detailed in Note 34.

- **Fair valuation of employee share options**

The fair valuation of the employee share options is based on the Black-Scholes model used for valuation of options. Key assumptions made with respect to expected volatility includes share price, expected dividends and discount rate, under this option pricing model. The assumptions and models used for estimating fair value for share-based payments transactions are discussed in Note 36.

- **Fair value measurement of financial instruments**

When the fair values of the financial assets and liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on the quoted market prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation technique. The inputs to these models are taken from the observable market where possible, but where this is not feasible, a review of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgements include consideration of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

- **Recognition and measurement of other provisions**

The recognition and measurement of other provisions are based on the assessment of the probability of an outflow of resources, and on past experience and circumstances known at the balance sheet date. The actual outflow of resources at a future date may therefore vary from the amount included in other provisions.

- **Effective Interest Rate**

All financial assets/liabilities are required to be measured at fair value on initial recognition. In case of financial assets which are required to subsequently measured at amortised cost, interest is accrued using the effective interest method.

The 'effective interest rate' is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected behavioral life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset.

This estimation, by nature, requires an element of judgement regarding the expected behavior and life-cycle of the instruments, the effect of potentially different interest rates at various stages and other characteristics of the product life cycle (including prepayments and penalty interest and charges) as well expected changes to the base rate and other transaction costs and fees paid or received that are integral parts of the instrument.

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (*Continued*)

as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022.

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

1.2.6 Use of estimates and judgments (*Continued*)

- **Leases**

Ind AS 116 requires lessees to determine the lease term as the non-cancellable period of a lease adjusted with any option to extend or terminate the lease, if the use of such option is reasonably certain. Assessment is made on the expected lease term on a lease-by-lease basis and thereby it assesses whether it is reasonably certain that any options to extend or terminate the contract will be exercised. In evaluating the lease term, the Group considers factors such as any significant leasehold improvements undertaken over the lease term, costs relating to the termination of the lease and the importance of the underlying asset to companies operations taking into account the location of the underlying asset and the availability of suitable alternatives. The lease term in future periods is reassessed to ensure that the lease term reflects the current economic circumstances. After considering current and future economic conditions, the Group has concluded that no changes are required to lease period relating to the existing lease contracts. The determination of the incremental borrowing rate used to measure lease liabilities.

- **Business model assessment**

Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of the business model test. The Group determines the business model at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. This assessment includes judgement reflecting all relevant evidence including how the performance of the assets is evaluated and their performance measured, the risks that affect the performance of the assets and how these are managed and how the managers of the assets are compensated. Monitoring is part of the Group's continuous assessment of whether the business model for which the remaining financial assets are held continues to be appropriate and if it is not appropriate whether there has been a change in business model and so a prospective change to the classification of those assets.

1.2.7. Measurement of fair values

The Group's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values for financial instruments.

When measuring the fair value of a financial asset or a financial liability, the Group uses observable market data as far as possible. Fair values are categorized into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows.

- *Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.*
- *Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).*
- *Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).*

If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Group recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022.

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

1.2.8. Basis for Consolidation

i. Business combinations

The Group accounts for business combinations using the acquisition method when control is transferred to the Group. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred, which is measured at acquisition date fair value, and the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree. For each business combination, the Group elects whether to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquiree at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Any goodwill that arises is tested annually for impairment. Any gain on a bargain purchase is recognised in equity under the head 'Capital reserve'. Acquisition costs are expensed as incurred, except if related to the issue of debt or equity securities.

The consideration transferred does not include amounts related to the settlement of pre-existing relationships. Such amounts are generally recognised in profit or loss.

ii. Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the parent has power over the entity, it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The consolidated financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control commences until the date on which control ceases.

The following are the entities considered in the consolidated financial statements:

Sr. No.	Name of the Entity	Country of Incorporation	Proportion of Ownership interest as on reporting date
1	Fino Payments Bank Limited	India	99.99%
2	Fino Finance Private Limited	India	99.99%
3	FINO Trusteeship Services Limited	India	49.00%
4	Fino Financial Services Private Limited	India	99.99%

In addition to above, the group controls FINO Fintech Foundation Trust and FINO ESOP Trust, which are incorporated in India and are consolidated for financial reporting purpose.

iii. Non-controlling interests (NCI)

Non-controlling interests in the net assets (excluding goodwill) of consolidated subsidiaries are identified separately from equity. The interest of non-controlling shareholders may be initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the fair value of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. The choice of measurement basis is made on an acquisition to acquisition basis. Subsequent to acquisition, the carrying amount of non-controlling interest is the amount of those interests at initial recognition plus the non-controlling interest's share of subsequent changes in equity. Total comprehensive income is attributed to non-controlling interests even if it results in the noncontrolling interest having a deficit balance.

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (*Continued*)

as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022.

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

Changes in the Group's equity interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions.

iv. Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealized income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions, net of deferred taxes, are eliminated.

1.2.9 Foreign currency

Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency of Group at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each balance sheet date, monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are reported at prevailing closing spot rate. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate when the fair value was determined. Exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss. Foreign currency non-monetary items that are measured based on historical cost are not retranslated.

1.2.10 Revenue

Revenue from contracts with the customers is based on the core principle that an entity recognizes revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customer in an amount that reflects the consideration to which it expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods and services. Revenue is recognised on satisfaction of performance obligations by applying five-step model.

Revenue from sale of goods in the course of ordinary activities is recognized when all significant risks and rewards of their ownership are transferred to the customer and no significant uncertainty exists regarding the amount of the consideration that will be derived from the sale of the goods and regarding its collection.

• Sale of Goods and Services

- i. Revenue from sale of goods in the course of ordinary activities is recognized at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of returns and allowances and volume rebates. Revenue is recognized when control of the ownership in goods are transferred to the customer. Revenues are recognized when collectability of the resulting receivables is reasonably assured.
- ii. Enrollment and other incomes are recognized on accrual basis in accordance with the terms and conditions of the underlying mandates entered into with the respective customers.
- iii. Revenue from Core Banking Services ('CBS') service is recognized on accrual basis.
- iv. Revenues from other services are recognized pro-rata over the period of the contract as and when services are rendered.

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (*Continued*)

as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022.

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

- v. Disbursement fee includes remittance and service fees which are recognized based on the amount of disbursements/ remittances/ collections made through Point of Transaction (POT) devices.
 - vi. Business correspondent fee is recognised on the allotment of POT devices to individual agents.
 - vii. Transaction fee is recognized on the completion of individual transactions made through POT devices.
 - viii. Account Maintenance fees is recognised on the basis of number of accounts maintained.
 - ix. Agent registration fee is recognized on receipt of non-refundable agent deposit.
 - x. Insurance broking income is recognized based on the numbers of policies sold to customers on behalf of insurance companies.
 - xi. Service charges are recognised on accrual basis in accordance with the service agreement, if any with the customer
 - xii. Dividend income is recognized when right to receive dividend is established.
- **Grants/ Subsidies**

Government grants are recognised where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attached conditions will be complied with.

When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the related costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed. When the grant relates to an asset, it is recognised as income in equal amounts over the expected useful life of the related asset.

1.2.11 Finance income and finance costs

- i. Loan processing fees is amortised over the tenor of the loan.
- ii. Interest income on a financial asset at amortised cost is recognised on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the effective interest rate ('EIR'). The EIR is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash flows of the financial assets through the expected life of the financial asset or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount of the financial instrument. The internal rate of return on financial assets after netting off the fees received, and cost incurred approximates the effective interest rate method of return for the financial asset. The future cash flows are estimated taking into account all the contractual terms of the instrument.

The interest income is calculated by applying the EIR to the gross carrying amount of non-credit impaired financial assets (i.e. at the amortised cost of the financial asset before adjusting for any expected credit loss allowance). For credit-impaired financial assets the interest income is calculated by applying the EIR to the amortised cost of the credit-impaired financial assets (i.e. the gross carrying amount less the allowance for ECLs).

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (*Continued*)

as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022.

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

- iii. Interest income on deposits with banks is recognised on a time proportion accrual basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the effective interest rate.

1.2.12 Securitization Transactions

The group securitizes its loans through Special Purpose Vehicles ('SPV'). Loans securitized to the SPV are analyzed in accordance with Ind AS 109 in order to determine whether the assets transferred to the vehicle shall be derecognized. Where the group continues to hold substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial assets, the group shall continue to recognize the financial assets.

Post securitization, the group continues to service the loans transferred to the SPV. The group provides credit enhancements in the form of cash collaterals to the SPV.

1.2.13 Taxation

Income tax expense comprises current tax (i.e. amount of tax for the period determined in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961), deferred tax charge or benefit (reflecting the tax effect of timing differences between accounting income and taxable income for the period).

Current tax

Current tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961 in respect of taxable income for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the Group's financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit and quantified using the tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted as on the reporting date.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the relevant entity intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses, unused tax credits and deductible temporary differences are carried forward to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used.

Transaction or event which is recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or in equity, is recorded along with the tax as applicable.

Deferred tax assets include Minimum Alternative Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws in India, to the extent it would be available for set off against future current income tax liability. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as deferred tax asset in the balance sheet when the

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asset can be measured reliably, and it is probable that the future economic benefit associated with the asset will be realised.

MAT Credit

MAT under the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961 is recognized as current tax in the statement of profit and loss. The credit available under the Income Tax Act, 1961 in respect of MAT paid is recognized as an asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Group will pay normal income tax during the period for which the MAT can be carried forward for set off against the normal tax liability. MAT credit recognized as an asset is reviewed at each balance sheet date and written down to the extent the aforesaid convincing evidence no longer exists.

1.2.14 Employee benefits

i. Short term employee benefits

Short term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid within twelve months if the Group has a present or legal constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably. These benefits include salaries and wages, bonus and ex-gratia.

ii. Defined contribution plans

Provident fund

The Group makes specified monthly contributions towards employee provident fund to Government administered provident fund scheme which is a defined contribution plan. The Group's contribution is recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss during the period in which the employee renders the related service.

iii. Defined benefit plans

The following post – employment benefit plans are covered under the defined benefit plans:

Gratuity Fund

The Group's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in the current and prior periods, discounting that amount and deducting the fair value of any plan assets.

The calculation of defined benefit obligations is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method.

Re-measurement of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognised immediately in OCI. Net interest expense (income) on the net defined liability (assets) is computed by applying the discount rate, used to measure the net defined liability (asset), to the net defined liability (asset) at the start of the financial year after taking into account any changes as a result of contribution and benefit payments during the year. Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognised in profit or loss.

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When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognised immediately in profit or loss. The Group recognises gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

Other long-term employee benefits

Compensated absences balances up to 7 days are encashed at the end of financial year on the basic salary. Encashment of more than 7 days of leave is not permitted. Leave balance over 7 days will lapse at the end of the financial year. The obligation is measured on the basis of an annual independent actuarial valuation.

iv. Share-based payments arrangement

The grant date fair value of options granted to employees is recognized as an employee expense, with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period that the employees become unconditionally entitled to the options. The expense is recorded on straight line basis over the period over which the employee would be entitled to apply for the options (i.e. vesting period). The amount recognized as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of stock options that vest at the end of each reporting period.

1.2.15 Property, plant and equipment

i. Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises:

- a) its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates.
- b) any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.
- c) the initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located, the obligation for which an entity incurs either when the item is acquired or as a consequence of having used the item during a particular period for purposes other than to produce inventories during that period.

Income and expenses related to the incidental operations, not necessary to bring the item to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management, are recognised in profit or loss.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted and depreciated for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Property, plant and equipment is de-recognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use. Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in profit or loss.

Advances paid towards the acquisition of fixed assets outstanding at each balance sheet date are disclosed as other non-current assets or other current assets as applicable. The

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cost of fixed assets not ready for their intended use at each balance sheet date is disclosed as capital work-in-progress.

ii. Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Group.

iii. Depreciation

Depreciation is provided as per the useful life on written down value as under Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013, except in case of Computers (excluding servers), where the management estimates the useful lives to be 5 years instead of 3 years as prescribed under Schedule II.

Assets costing less than INR 5,000 are depreciated at 100% in the year of acquisition. The Group uniformly estimates a zero-residual value for all these assets.

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed annually and adjusted if appropriate. Based on technical evaluation and consequent advice, the management believes that its estimates of useful lives as given below best represent the period over which management expects to use these assets.

Class of asset	Management estimate of useful life	Useful life as per Schedule II
Computer	5 Years	3 Years
Computer server	6 Years	6 Years
Office equipment	5 Years	5 Years
Vehicles	8 Years	8 Years
Furniture and fixtures	10 Years	10 Years

Lease hold improvements are amortised on a straight-line basis over the period of lease.

Point of Transactions ('POT') devices which are classified as plant and machinery are depreciated over the useful life of the asset (five years).

1.2.16 Goodwill & other Intangible assets:

i. Goodwill:

The excess of the cost of an acquisition over the Company's share in the fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets and liabilities is recognized as goodwill. Goodwill is included on the basis of its deemed cost, which represents the amount recorded under previous GAAP, adjusted for the reclassification of certain intangibles. Goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

ii. Other Intangible assets:

Computer Software

Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment. Intangible assets are amortized over their respective individual estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis, from the date they are available for use. The estimated useful

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life of an identifiable intangible asset is based on the number of factors including the effects of obsolescence, demand, competition, and other economic factors and the level of maintenance expenditures required to obtain the expected future cash flows from the asset. Amortization methods and useful lives are reviewed periodically including at each financial year end. Intangible assets are amortised over a period of five years with zero residual value.

1.2.17 Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

a) Financial assets

Classification

The Group classifies financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income or fair value through profit or loss on the basis of its business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets (other than financial assets at FVTPL) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Subsequent Measurement

i. Debt instruments are measured at amortised cost

- A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:
 - a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
 - b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

The EIR method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest over the relevant period. The EIR is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash flows (including all fees paid or received that form an integral part of the EIR, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the asset, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition. Interest income is included in finance income in the profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit or loss. Assets recognised at amortised cost include trade and other receivables, fixed deposits, security deposits, cash and cash equivalents and bank balances in current account.

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ii. **Financial instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)**

Debt instruments that meet the following criteria are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) (except for debt instruments that are designated at fair value through Profit or Loss (FVTPL) on initial recognition):

- a) the asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial asset; and
- b) the contractual terms of the instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payment of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Interest income is recognized in statement of profit and loss for FVTOCI debt instruments. Other changes in fair value of FVTOCI financial assets are recognized in other comprehensive income. When the investment is disposed of, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in reserves is transferred to statement of profit and loss.

iii. **Financial instruments at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)**

- Any debt instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVOCI, is classified as at FVTPL.
- In addition, the Group may elect to classify a debt instrument, which otherwise meets amortized cost or FVOCI criteria, as at FVTPL. However, such election is allowed only if doing so reduces or eliminates a measurement or recognition inconsistency (referred to as 'accounting mismatch').
- Financial assets that do not meet the SPPI criteria are measured at FVTPL with all subsequent changes in the fair value recognized in profit and loss.

iv. **Equity investments**

- All equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Group may make irrevocable election to classify the same either as at FVOCI or FVTPL. The Group makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.
- If the Group decides to classify an equity instrument as FVOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in the OCI. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to profit and loss, even on sale of investment. However, the Group may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity.
- Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the profit and loss.

Derecognition

The group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and

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rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the group neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control of the financial asset.

If the group enters into transactions whereby it transfer assets recognised on its balance sheet, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets, the transferred assets are not derecognised.

On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount of the asset (or the carrying amount allocated to the portion of the asset derecognised) and the sum of (i) the consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) and (ii) any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in OCI is recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment of financial assets

Ind AS 109 replaces the incurred loss model with a forward looking 'expected credit loss model' (ECL). This requires considerable judgment over how changes in economic factors affect ECL's, which will be determined on a probability-weighted basis.

The Group applies expected credit loss model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

- a) Loans and debt instruments that are measured at amortised cost e.g., loans, debt securities, deposits, and bank balance.
- b) Other receivables - The application of simplified approach does not require the Group to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition. Trade receivables are tested for impairment on a specific basis after considering the sanctioned credit limits, security like letters of credit, security deposit collected etc. and expectations about future cash flows.

b) Financial liabilities

Classification

The Group classifies all financial liabilities as subsequently measured at amortised cost, except for financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable and incremental transaction cost.

Subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

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Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost and the carrying amounts are determined based on EIR method. Interest expense is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

The Group's financial liabilities includes trade and other payables, loans and borrowings and security deposits.

1.2.17 Financial Instruments (*Continued*)

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. A new liability based on the modified terms is recognised at fair value. The difference between carrying amount of original financial liability and a new financial liability with modified terms is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

c) Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

d) Equity instruments

An equity instrument is a contract that evidences residual interest in the assets of the group after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognised at the proceeds received net of direct issue cost.

e) Compound instrument

Compound financial instruments issued by the Group comprise convertible share warrants denominated in INR that can be converted to equity shares at the option of the holder, when the number of shares to be issued is fixed and does not vary with changes in fair value.

A compound financial instrument which contains both a liability and an equity component is separated at the issue date. The liability component of a compound financial instrument is initially recognised at the fair value of a similar liability that does not have an equity conversion option. The equity component is initially recognised at the difference between the fair value of the compound financial instrument as a whole and the fair value of the liability component. Any directly attributable transaction costs are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to their initial carrying amounts.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the liability component of a compound financial instrument is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. The equity component of a compound financial instrument is not remeasured subsequently.

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Interest related to the financial liability is recognised in profit or loss (unless it qualifies for inclusion in the cost of an asset). In case of conversion at maturity, the financial liability is reclassified to equity and no gain or loss is recognised.

f) Reclassification

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, apart from the exceptional circumstances in which the Group acquires, disposes of, or terminates a business line or in the period the Group changes its business model for managing financial assets. Financial liabilities are not reclassified.

1.2.18 Inventories

Inventories which comprise work-in-progress and traded goods are carried at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost of inventories comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. In determining the cost, weighted average cost method is used. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

1.2.19 Provisions and contingent liabilities

The Group recognises a provision when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows (representing the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date) at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as finance cost. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. If it is no longer probable that the outflow of resources would be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed.

A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation arising from past events the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group or a present obligation that may arise from past events, but probably not require an outflow of resources to settle the obligation. When there is a possible obligation of a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision disclosure is made.

A contingent asset is not recognised but disclosed in the consolidated financial statements where an inflow of economic benefit is probable.

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1.2.20 Leases

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Group assesses whether:

- the contract involves the use of an identified asset - this may be specified explicitly or implicitly and should be physically distinct or represent substantially all of the capacity of a physically distinct asset. If the supplier has a substantive substitution right, then the asset is not identified.
- the Group has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset throughout the period of use; and
- the Group has the right to direct the use of the asset. The Group has this right when it has the decision-making rights that are most relevant to changing how and for what purpose the asset is used. In rare cases where the decision about how and for what purpose the asset is used is predetermined, the Group has the right to direct the use of the asset if either:
 - the Group has the right to operate the asset; or
 - the Group designed the asset in a way that predetermines how and for what purpose it will be used.

At inception or on reassessment of a contract that contains a lease component, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of their relative stand-alone prices.

Group as a lessee

The Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The estimated useful lives of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of the underlying assets. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at amortised cost at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

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1.2.20 Leases *(Continued)*

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments.
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date.
- amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and
- the exercise price under a purchase option that the Group is reasonably certain to exercise, lease payments in an optional renewal period if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, and penalties for early termination of a lease unless the Group is reasonably certain not to terminate early.

It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or if the Group changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option.

When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

Carrying amount of lease liabilities is increased by interest on lease liability and reduced by lease payments.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The group has availed for the exemption as permitted under this standard, not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

1.2.21 Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying values of non-financial assets/cash generating units at each balance sheet date are reviewed for impairment if any indication of impairment exists. If the carrying amount of the assets exceed the estimated recoverable amount, an impairment is recognised for such excess amount. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment.

For impairment testing, assets that do not generate independent cash flows are grouped together into cash generating units (CGUs). Each CGU represents the smallest group of assets that generates cash flows that are largely independent of the cash flows of other assets or CGUs.

The recoverable amount is the greater of the net selling price and their value in use. Value in use is arrived at by discounting the future cash flows to their present value based on an appropriate pre-tax discount factor that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to the CGU.

When there is indication that an impairment loss recognised for an asset (other than a revalued asset) in earlier accounting periods which no longer exists or may have decreased, such reversal of impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, to the

FINO PayTech Limited

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1.2.21 Impairment of non-financial assets *(Continued)*

extent the amount was previously charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss. In case of revalued assets, such reversal is treated as in revaluation increase.

1.2.22 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash, bank balances and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Group's cash management.

1.2.23 Earnings per share

Basic Earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit for the period attributable to the equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit for the period attributable to the equity shareholders and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

1.2.24 Borrowing cost

Expense related to borrowing cost are accounted using effective interest rate. Borrowing costs are interest and other costs (including exchange differences relating to foreign currency borrowings to the extent that they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs) incurred in connection with the borrowings of funds. Borrowing costs are directly attributable to acquisition or construction of an asset which necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use are capitalized as a part of the cost of that asset. Other borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period which they are incurred.

1.2.25 Recent accounting pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 23, 2022, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2022, applicable from April 1st, 2022, as below:

Ind AS 103 – Reference to Conceptual Framework

The amendments specify that to qualify for recognition as part of applying the acquisition method, the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed must meet the definitions of assets and liabilities in the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting under Indian Accounting Standards (Conceptual Framework) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India at the acquisition date. These changes do not significantly change the

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1.2.25 Recent accounting pronouncements (*Continued*)

requirements of Ind AS 103. The Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

Ind AS 16 – Proceeds before intended use

The amendments mainly prohibit an entity from deducting from the cost of property, plant and equipment amounts received from selling items produced while the company is preparing the asset for its intended use. Instead, an entity will recognise such sales proceeds and related cost in profit or loss. The Company does not expect the amendments to have any impact in its recognition of its property, plant and equipment in its financial statements.

Ind AS 37 – Onerous Contracts - Costs of Fulfilling a Contract

The amendments specify that that the ‘cost of fulfilling’ a contract comprises the ‘costs that relate directly to the contract’. Costs that relate directly to a contract can either be incremental costs of fulfilling that contract (examples would be direct labour, materials) or an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling contracts. The amendment is essentially a clarification and the Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

Ind AS 109 – Annual Improvements to Ind AS (2021)

The amendment clarifies which fees an entity includes when it applies the ‘10 percent’ test of Ind AS 109 in assessing whether to derecognise a financial liability. The Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

Ind AS 116 – Annual Improvements to Ind AS (2021)

The amendments remove the illustration of the reimbursement of leasehold improvements by the lessor in order to resolve any potential confusion regarding the treatment of lease incentives that might arise because of how lease incentives were described in that illustration. The Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

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Consolidated balance sheet

As at 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

	Note	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
I. ASSETS			
(1) Non-current assets			
(a) Property, plant and equipment	2	8,785.68	5,684.36
(b) Right-of-use assets	39	3,472.30	3,495.47
(c) Capital work-in-progress	2	45.86	181.04
(d) Goodwill	53	-	716.66
(e) Other intangible assets	3	896.86	1,124.33
(f) Financial assets			
(i) Investments	4	4,330.15	273.45
(ii) Loans	5	5.10	1,431.34
(iii) Others	6	5,657.40	5,927.69
(g) Deferred tax assets (net)	41	1,768.00	1,768.00
(h) Advance tax assets (net)		1,805.40	1,562.14
(i) Other non-current assets	7	416.08	409.99
Total non current assets		27,182.83	22,574.47
(2) Current assets			
(a) Inventories	8	1,325.87	1,677.02
(b) Financial assets			
(i) Investments	9	59,073.31	50,340.13
(ii) Trade receivables	10	7,003.13	4,611.81
(iii) Cash and cash equivalents	11A	105,747.79	14,850.31
(iv) Bank balances other than (iii) above	11B	44,405.24	13,813.66
(v) Loans	12	631.53	9,051.15
(vi) Others	13	6,030.05	7,774.14
(d) Other current assets	14	4,018.33	1,775.29
Total current assets		228,235.25	103,893.51
TOTAL ASSETS		255,418.08	126,467.98
II. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
(1) Equity			
(a) Equity share capital	15	10,917.42	9,937.52
(b) Instruments entirely in nature of equity		2,383.12	2,933.12
(c) Other equity	16	100,553.52	4,136.06
Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company		113,854.06	17,006.70
Non-controlling interests		11,953.22	45.86
Total equity		125,807.28	17,052.56
(2) Non current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	17	1,991.03	5,820.09
(ii) Lease liabilities	18	3,253.57	3,237.36
(b) Provisions	19	191.78	1,061.00
(c) Other non-current liabilities	20	6.14	20.41
Total non current liabilities		5,442.52	10,138.86
(3) Current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	21	27,079.69	24,609.61
(ii) Trade payables	22		
Due to micro and small enterprises		3.07	0.94
Due to other than micro and small enterprises		4,327.43	5,488.98
(iii) Lease liabilities	23	636.14	575.15
(iv) Other financial liabilities	24	86,117.29	63,391.15
(b) Other current liabilities	25	3,059.18	3,162.56
(c) Short-term provisions	26	2,727.13	1,826.18
(d) Current tax liabilities		218.35	221.99
Total current liabilities		124,168.28	99,276.56
Total liabilities		129,610.80	109,415.42
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		255,418.08	126,467.98

For M S K C & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 001595S

Sd/-

Padmashree Crasto

Partner

Membership Number : 117156

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

FINO PayTech Limited

Sd/-

Ashok Kini

Non-Executive Chairman &

Independent Director

DIN 00812946

Sd/-

Sudeep Gupta

Whole-time Director

DIN 07899859

Sd/-

Rakesh Tripathi

Chief Financial Officer

Mumbai

26 August 2022

FINO PayTech Limited

Consolidated statement of profit and loss

For the Year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

	Note	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Revenue			
I. Revenue from operations (Gross of excise duty)	28	100,081.90	83,451.26
II. Other income	29	4,981.12	2,585.96
III. Total income (I+II)		105,063.02	86,037.22
IV. Expenses			
Purchase of goods and services	30	17,536.89	14,054.17
Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and stock-in-trade	31	(705.29)	514.40
Employee benefits expenses	32	15,558.88	14,562.90
Finance costs	33	3,009.70	3,957.24
Depreciation and amortization expenses		4,374.68	6,631.64
Other expenses	34	70,472.26	51,293.52
Total expenses (IV)		110,247.12	91,013.87
Profit/(loss) before exceptional items, and tax		(5,184.10)	(4,976.65)
V. Loss before exceptional items and tax		(5,184.10)	(4,976.65)
VI. Exceptional items		-	-
VII. Loss before tax (V - VI)		(5,184.10)	(4,976.65)
VIII. Tax expense:			
1. Current tax		130.59	8.26
2. Deferred tax		-	55.27
IX. Loss for the year		(5,314.69)	(5,040.18)
X. Other comprehensive income			
(i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Remeasurements of defined benefit liability / (asset)		76.97	(26.89)
Equity investments through other comprehensive income - net change in fair value		-	(212.58)
Income tax related to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		-	55.27
		76.97	(184.20)
(ii) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss			
Investments measured at FVOCI		21.12	(15.37)
Income tax related to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
		21.12	(15.37)
Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax)		98.09	(199.57)
XI. Total comprehensive income for the year (IX + X)		(5,216.60)	(5,239.75)
Profit attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		(5,975.06)	(5,052.17)
Non-controlling interests		660.37	11.99
Profit for the year		(5,314.69)	(5,040.18)
Other comprehensive income attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		96.00	(199.57)
Non-controlling interests		2.09	-
Other comprehensive income for the year		98.09	(199.57)
Total comprehensive income attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		(5,879.06)	(5,251.74)
Non-controlling interests		662.46	11.99
Total comprehensive income for the year		(5,216.60)	(5,239.75)
XIII. Earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company			
	40		
1. Basic earnings per share (INR)		(4.56)	(3.94)
2. Diluted earnings per share (INR)		(4.56)	(3.94)

For M S K C & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No: 001595S

Sd/-

Padmashree Crasto
Partner
Membership Number : 117156

Mumbai
26 August 2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
FINO PayTech Limited

Sd/-

Ashok Kini
Non-Executive Chairman &
Independent Director
DIN 00812946

Sd/-

Rakesh Tripathi
Chief Financial Officer

Sd/-

Sudeep Gupta
Whole-time Director
DIN 07899859

FINO PayTech Limited

Consolidated statement of cash flows

For the Year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
A. Cash flow from operating activities		
Loss before tax from continuing operations	(5,184.10)	(4,976.65)
Loss before tax	(5,184.10)	(4,976.65)
Adjustments to reconcile (loss) / profit before tax to net cash used in operating activities		
Depreciation	4,374.68	6,631.64
Profit / Loss on sale of fixed assets	-	(0.27)
ESOP expense	459.61	136.94
Interest income	(5,162.12)	(5,692.09)
Interest & finance charges	3,009.70	3,957.24
Provision for loan losses expenses	5,825.60	4,416.91
Impairment of goodwill	716.66	-
Provision for doubtful debts and assets	1,802.14	1,640.21
Operating profit before working capital changes	5,842.17	6,113.93
Working capital adjustments:		
(Increase) in inventories	351.15	514.40
(Increase) / decrease in trade receivables	(4,193.46)	(1,990.12)
(Increase) / decrease in other current assets	(2,243.04)	114.58
Decrease in current financial assets - loans	8,305.47	10,317.58
Decrease / (increase) in other current financial assets	1,744.10	(4,230.55)
(Increase) / decrease in non current financial assets - others	(5,555.31)	(5,527.98)
Decrease in other non current assets	(6.10)	(36.31)
Decrease in non-current financial assets - loans	1,426.24	5,537.89
(Decrease) / increase in trade payables	(1,159.42)	310.41
Increase / (decrease) in other current liabilities	(103.38)	1,455.22
(Decrease) / increase in other current financial liabilities	25,981.73	30,307.42
(Decrease) / increase in other current lease liabilities	-	-
(Decrease) in other non-current liabilities	(14.27)	(7.96)
(Decrease) in provisions	108.69	456.97
Cash generated from / (used in) operations before adjustments for interest received and interest paid	30,484.57	43,335.48
Interest paid	(1,167.76)	(2,866.43)
Interest received	870.44	2,471.79
Cash used in operations	30,187.25	42,940.84
Income tax paid	(8,447.81)	1,350.75
Net cash (used) / generated from operating activities (A)	21,739.44	44,291.59
B. Cash flows from investing activities		
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(6,679.63)	(7,392.73)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	37.60	73.23
Acquisition of computer software	(471.32)	(372.97)
Acquisition of investments	(12,768.76)	(37,441.34)
Stake sale of subsidiary	113,190.61	-
Proceeds from fixed deposits	(30,591.59)	1,341.28
Interest received	4,405.83	2,174.13
Net Cash used in investing activities (B)	67,122.74	(41,618.40)

FINO PayTech Limited

Consolidated statement of cash flows (Continued)

For the Year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
C. Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from issue of equity shares	8,391.44	358.23
Proceeds from subordinate debt	1.77	(2,481.75)
Proceeds from long term borrowings	(3,255.59)	(8,696.95)
Repayment of non current borrowings	(3,830.83)	(896.82)
Proceeds of short term borrowings (net)	2,470.08	4,832.47
Lease payments	100.37	311.60
Interest & finance charges paid	(1,841.94)	(1,090.81)
	<u>2,035.30</u>	<u>(7,664.03)</u>
Net cash generated from financing activities (C)		
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)	90,897.48	(4,990.84)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	14,850.31	19,841.15
	<u>105,747.79</u>	<u>14,850.31</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		
	<u>105,747.79</u>	14,850.31
Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash on hand and balances with banks	105,747.79	14,850.31
	<u>105,747.79</u>	<u>14,850.31</u>

For M S K C & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 001595S

Sd/-

Padmashree Crasto

Partner

Membership Number : 117156

Mumbai

26 August 2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

FINO PayTech Limited

Sd/-

Sd/-

Ashok Kini

Non-Executive Chairman &

Independent Director

DIN 00812946

Sd/-

Sudeep Gupta

Whole-time Director

DIN 07899859

Rakesh Tripathi

Chief Financial Officer

FINO PayTech Limited
Consolidated statement of changes in equity

For the Year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

(A) Equity share capital

	As at 31 March 2022		As at 31 March 2021	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	99,375,160	9,937.52	98,654,660	9,865.47
Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors	-	-	-	-
Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	99,375,160	9,937.52	98,654,660	9,865.47
Changes in equity share capital during the year	9,799,045	979.90	720,500	72.05
Balance at the end of the reporting period	109,174,205	10,917.42	99,375,160	9,937.52

(B) Instruments entirely in nature of equity

	As at 31 March 2022		As at 31 March 2021	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Share warrants				
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	5,500,000	550.00	5,500,000	550.00
Changes in share warrants due to prior period errors	-	-	-	-
Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	5,500,000	550.00	5,500,000	550.00
Changes in equity share capital during the year	(5,500,000)	(550.00)	-	-
Balance at the end of the reporting period	-	-	5,500,000	550.00
Fully convertible preference shares (Series A,B,C)				
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	23,831,215	2,383.12	23,831,215	2,383.12
Changes in fully convertible preference shares due to prior period errors	-	-	-	-
Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	23,831,215	2,383.12	23,831,215	2,383.12
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-	-	-	-
Balance at the end of the reporting period	23,831,215	2,383.12	23,831,215	2,383.12
Total of instruments entirely in nature of equity	23,831,215	2,383.12	29,331,215	2,933.12

(C) Other equity

Particulars	Attributable to owners of the Company					Total attributable to owners of the company	Attributable to Non-controlling Interests	Total
	Retained Earnings	Statutory Reserve	ESOP Reserve	Securities Premium	Investment fluctuation reserve			
Balance as at 01 April 2020	(50,459.93)	175.87	737.68	58,297.10	-	8,949.31	33.87	8,983.18
Total comprehensive income for the period ended 31 March 2021								
Profit for the year	(5,052.17)	-	-	-	-	(5,052.17)	11.99	(5,040.18)
Other comprehensive income (net of tax)	-	-	-	-	(157.31)	(172.68)	-	(172.68)
- Remeasurements of FVTOCI debt instruments	(26.89)	-	-	-	-	(26.89)	-	(26.89)
- Remeasurements of defined benefit liability / (asset)	(5,079.06)	-	-	-	(157.31)	(5,251.74)	11.99	(5,239.75)
Total comprehensive income for the period ended 31 March 2021								
ESOP expense recognised under fair value approach	-	-	136.93	-	-	136.93	-	136.93
Changes in ownership interest in subsidiaries that do not result in loss of control - acquisition of NCI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Premium on issue of shares under ESOP scheme	(511.86)	-	(10.86)	312.42	-	301.56	-	301.56
Appropriation towards statutory reserve	(56,050.85)	687.73	863.75	58,609.52	-	4,136.06	45.86	4,181.92
Balance as at 31 March 2021	(56,050.85)	687.73	863.75	58,609.52	-	4,136.06	45.86	4,181.92
Balance as at 01 April 2021	(56,050.85)	687.73	863.75	58,609.52	-	4,136.06	45.86	4,181.92
Total comprehensive income for the period ended 31 March 2022								
Profit for the period	(5,975.06)	-	-	-	-	(5,975.06)	660.37	(5,314.69)
Other comprehensive income (net of tax)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Remeasurements of FVTOCI debt instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.27	21.12
- Remeasurements of defined benefit liability / (asset)	82.15	-	-	-	-	82.15	(5.19)	76.96
Total comprehensive income for the period ended 31 March 2022	(5,892.91)	-	-	-	-	(5,879.06)	662.45	(5,216.61)

FINO PayTech Limited
Consolidated statement of changes in equity
For the Year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

Changes in ownership interest in subsidiaries that do not result in loss of control - acquisition by non-controlling interest										11,156.93	113,190.61
Income tax on sale shares of subsidiary recognised in equity as sale does not result in loss of control										-	(8,070.32)
Movement in non-controlling interest during the year										87.98	-
ESOP expense recognised under fair value approach	(8.33)		(79.65)							459.61	459.61
Premium on issue of shares under ESOP scheme	-		459.61							-	-
Premium on right issue of shares of parent company	-		(129.14)							-	-
Premium on issue of treasury share and others (net)										7,945.49	7,945.49
Effect of options vested/lapsed										16.04	16.04
Appropriation towards statutory and investment fluctuation reserve		8.86				(8.86)					
		(809.54)									
Balance as at 31 March 2022		12,308.57	1,361.17	1,105.71	85,730.17	8.14	17.93	21.83	100,553.52	11,953.22	112,506.74

(b) **Other equity (Continued)**

Nature and purpose of reserves

- Securities premium reserve**
Securities premium reserve is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of Section 52 of the Companies Act 2013.
- ESOP reserve**
ESOP reserve is used to recognise the grant date fair value of options issued to employees under the Employee stock option plan which are unvested as on the reporting date.
- Statutory reserve (as per RBI Act)**
In terms of the requirements of Section-45-1C of the RBI Act, every non-banking financial company is required to transfer a sum of not less than 20 (Twenty) percent of its net profit every year to statutory reserve.
- Equity Instruments through FVTOCI**
This represents the cumulative gains and losses arising on the revaluation of equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, under an irrevocable option, net of amounts reclassified to retained earnings when such assets are disposed off.
- Debt Instruments through FVTOCI**
This represents the cumulative gains and losses arising on the revaluation of debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, net of amounts reclassified to profit or loss when such assets are disposed off and for impairment losses on such instruments.
- Investment fluctuation reserve**
This represents reserve created as per "Prudential Norms for Classification, Valuation and Operation of Investment Portfolio by Banks – Spreading of MTM losses and creation of Investment Fluctuation Reserve (IFR)"

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
FINO PayTech Limited

Sd/-
For: M S K C & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No: 0015955

Sd/-

Padmashree Crasto
Partner

Membership Number : 117156

Sd/-
Ashok Kini
Non-Executive Chairman &
Independent Director
DIN 00812946

Sd/-
Suddeep Gupta
Whole-time Director
DIN 07899859

Mumbai
26 August 2022

Sd/-
Rakesh Tripathi
Chief Financial Officer

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

As at 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

2 Property, plant and equipment

A. Reconciliation of carrying amount

	PARTICULARS						Total
	Leasehold improvements	Computers / hardware	Owned assets Plant and machinery	Furniture and fixtures	Vehicles	Office Equipment	
<u>Year ended 31 March 2021</u>							
Gross block	2,719.61	5,811.22	2,289.31	254.97	93.67	1,267.34	12,436.12
Additions	34.67	883.54	5,436.50	1.40	17.75	19.99	6,393.85
Disposals	(277.13)	-	-	-	-	(9.55)	(286.68)
Closing gross block	2,477.15	6,694.76	7,725.81	256.37	111.42	1,277.78	18,543.29
Accumulated depreciation							
Balance at 01 April 2020	1,588.78	4,175.63	1,005.91	127.22	73.83	1,044.57	8,015.94
Depreciation charge during the year	485.59	907.07	3,501.30	11.46	10.77	140.52	5,056.71
Disposals	(205.22)	-	-	-	-	(8.50)	(213.72)
Closing accumulated depreciation	1,869.15	5,082.70	4,507.21	138.68	84.60	1,176.59	12,858.93
Net block	608.00	1,612.06	3,218.60	117.69	26.82	101.19	5,684.36
<u>Year ended 31 March 2022</u>							
Balance at 1 April 2021	2,477.15	6,694.76	7,725.81	256.37	111.42	1,277.78	18,543.29
Additions	3.20	2,078.16	3,392.22	2.67	-	624.35	6,100.60
Disposals	(300.48)	-	-	-	-	(2.55)	(303.03)
Closing gross block	2,179.87	8,772.92	11,118.03	259.04	111.42	1,899.58	24,340.86
Accumulated depreciation							
Balance at 01 April 2021	1,869.15	5,082.70	4,507.21	138.68	84.60	1,176.59	12,858.93
Depreciation charge during the year	158.71	1,124.70	1,261.14	9.31	11.92	395.90	2,961.68
Disposals	(263.13)	-	-	-	-	(2.30)	(265.43)
Closing accumulated depreciation	1,764.73	6,207.40	5,768.35	147.99	96.52	1,570.19	15,555.18
Net block	415.14	2,565.52	5,349.68	111.05	14.90	329.39	8,785.68

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

As at 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

2 CWIP aging schedule

(a) For Capital-work-in progress, following ageing schedule shall be given:

CWIP	Amount in CWIP for a period of			Total*
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	
Projects in progress				
Balance as at 31 March 2022	18.86	27.00	-	45.86
Balance as at 31 March 2021	181.04	-	-	181.04
Projects temporarily suspended				
Balance as at 31 March 2022	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2021	-	-	-	-

(b) For capital-work-in progress, whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan :

CWIP	To be completed in		
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years
Balance as at 31 March 2022			
Project 1	-	-	-
Project 2	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2021			
Project 1	-	-	-
Project 2	-	-	-

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued) As at 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

3 Other intangibles assets

P A R T I C U L A R S	Balance as at 01 April 2021	GROSS BLOCK		Balance as at 31 March 2022	Balance as at 01 April 2021	Charge for the year	Eliminated on disposal of	ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION		Balance as at 31 March 2022	NET BLOCK	
		Additions	Disposals					Charge for the year	Eliminated on disposal of		Balance as at 31 March 2022	Balance as at 31 March 2021
Computer Software	4,068.90	471.32	-	4,540.22	2,944.57	698.79	-	3,643.36	896.86	1,124.33		
TOTAL	4,068.90	471.32	-	4,540.22	2,944.57	698.79	-	3,643.36	896.86	1,124.33		

P A R T I C U L A R S	Balance as at 01 April 2020	GROSS BLOCK		Balance as at 31 March 2021	Balance as at 01 April 2020	Charge for the year	Eliminated on disposal of	ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION		Balance as at 31 March 2021	NET BLOCK	
		Additions	Disposals					Charge for the year	Eliminated on disposal of		Balance as at 31 March 2021	Balance as at 31 March 2020
Computer Software	3,695.93	372.97	-	4,068.90	2,231.49	713.08	-	2,944.57	1,124.33	1,464.44		
TOTAL	3,695.93	372.97	-	4,068.90	2,231.49	713.08	-	2,944.57	1,124.33	1,464.44		

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

As at 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
4 Financial assets - investments		
Investments measured at amortised cost		
Investments in government securities		
Unquoted		
- National saving certificate	0.35	1.23
Investment carried at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)- debt instruments		
Quoted		
- Investments in government securities	4,057.58	-
Investment carried at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)- equity instruments		
3,030 (Previous year : 3030) shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up in TAP Smart Data Information Services Pvt.Ltd	272.22	272.22
	<u>4,330.15</u>	<u>273.45</u>
(a) Aggregate amount of quoted investments	4,057.58	-
(b) Aggregate market value of quoted investments	4,057.58	-
(a) Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	272.57	273.45
(b) Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments	-	-
5 Financial assets - loans		
Secured loans		
Considered good:		
Loans to MSME	5.09	427.83
Considered doubtful:		
Loans to MSME	198.79	38.54
Less: Loss allowance	(198.79)	(38.54)
	(A) 5.09	427.83
Unsecured loans		
Considered good:		
Loans to JLG groups	0.01	1,003.51
Loans to MSME	-	-
Considered doubtful:		
Loans to JLG groups	0.04	482.44
Less: Loss allowance	(0.04)	(482.44)
	(B) 0.01	1,003.51
	(A + B) 5.10	1,431.34
6 Other non-current financial assets		
Unsecured		
Considered good:		
Security deposits	392.64	1,773.78
Considered doubtful:		
Security deposits	93.70	104.35
Less: Loss allowance	(93.70)	(104.35)
Deposits with banks (maturing after 12 months from the reporting date)*	1,242.16	751.43
Deposits for margin money with banks**	4,023.63	3,403.29
Less: Loss allowance	(1.03)	(0.81)
	<u>5,657.40</u>	<u>5,927.69</u>
* Represents deposits of Rs. 27.75 lakhs (Previous year Rs. 0.85 lakhs) provided against the pending litigations under Value Added Tax Act and sales tax registration purpose.		
** Includes deposits of Rs. NIL (Previous Year : Rs. 49.01 lakhs) provided as cash collateral against borrowings, deposits of Rs. Nil (Previous Year : Nil) provided as cash collateral against loan securitised.		
7 Other non-current assets		
Prepaid expenses	85.37	48.73
Deposits with Government Authorities (sales tax, income tax, cess etc.)	330.71	361.26
	<u>416.08</u>	<u>409.99</u>

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

As at 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
8 Inventories		
Stock-in-trade	4,532.75	3,827.46
Less : Impairment of inventories	(3,206.88)	(2,150.44)
	<u>1,325.87</u>	<u>1,677.02</u>
Inventories are valued at lower of cost or net realisable value.		
9 Current investments		
Investment in government securities		
Quoted		
Investment in T-bills	59,073.31	50,340.13
	<u>59,073.31</u>	<u>50,340.13</u>
(a) Aggregate book value of quoted investments;	59,073.31	50,340.13
(b) Aggregate market value of quoted investments;	59,073.31	50,340.13
10 Trade receivables		
<i>Unsecured</i>		
- Considered Good	7,003.13	4,611.81
- Doubtful	1,187.35	1,073.56
Less: Loss allowance	(1,187.35)	(1,073.56)
	<u>7,003.13</u>	<u>4,611.81</u>
Of the above, trade receivables from related parties are as below:		
Total trade receivables from related parties	88.80	107.77
Less: Provision	-	-
Net trade receivables	<u>88.80</u>	<u>107.77</u>
(Outstanding from due date of payment / from date of transaction)	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
(i) Undisputed trade receivables – considered good		
Less than 6 months	7,046.43	4,611.80
6 months - 1 year	654.14	28.79
1-2 years	169.18	800.37
2-3 years	99.39	97.57
More than 3 years	221.34	146.84
	<u>8,190.48</u>	<u>5,685.37</u>
(ii) Undisputed trade receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk		
Less than 6 months	-	-
6 months - 1 year	-	-
1-2 years	-	-
2-3 years	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
(iii) Undisputed trade receivables – credit impaired		
Less than 6 months	-	-
6 months - 1 year	-	-
1-2 years	-	-
2-3 years	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
(iv) Disputed trade receivables – considered good		
Less than 6 months	-	-
6 months - 1 year	-	-
1-2 years	-	-
2-3 years	-	-
More than 3 years	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

As at 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
(v) Disputed trade receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk		
Less than 6 months	-	-
6 months - 1 year	-	-
1-2 years	-	-
2-3 years	-	-
More than 3 years	-	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired		
Less than 6 months	-	-
6 months - 1 year	-	-
1-2 years	-	-
2-3 years	-	-
More than 3 years	-	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
(vii) Unbilled dues		
Less than 6 months	-	-
6 months - 1 year	-	-
1-2 years	-	-
2-3 years	-	-
More than 3 years	-	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Less: Provision for doubtful receivables	1,187.35	1,073.56
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	7,003.13	4,611.81
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

11A Cash and cash equivalents

a. Balance with banks :		
In current account	103,441.63	13,813.81
In deposits with original maturity of less than 3 months	1,352.79	175.01
b. Cash on hand	973.79	864.22
Less: Loss allowance	(20.42)	(2.73)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	105,747.79	14,850.31
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

11B Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents

Deposits with Banks*	43,274.10	10,855.64
Other fixed deposits(with original maturity in excess of three months and due to mature within 12 months from the reporting date)	1,139.80	2,910.54
Other bank balances**	(0.00)	50.17
Less: Loss allowance	(8.66)	(2.69)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	44,405.24	13,813.66
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

* Includes deposits of Rs. 174.35 lakhs (Previous year 2020-21 : Rs. 239.56 lakhs) provided against the pending litigations under Value Added Tax Act & Rs. 13,051.31 (Previous Year 2020:21 : 5887.05) provided as cash collateral against borrowings).

** Represents bank balance which is restricted on account of its corresponding creditors.

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (*Continued*)

As at 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
12 Current financial assets - Loans		
Secured loans		
Considered good:		
Loans to MSME (Secured)	267.82	504.12
Considered doubtful:		
Loans to MSME	124.31	33.79
Less: Loss allowance	(124.31)	(33.79)
	(A) 267.82	504.12
Unsecured loans		
Considered good:		
Loans to JLG groups	336.04	8,520.37
Loans to MSME	-	-
Loans to employees/contractual staff	25.16	13.25
Death claim receivable	2.51	13.41
Considered doubtful:		
Loans to MSME	30.43	15.80
Less: Loss allowance	(30.43)	(15.80)
Loans to JLG groups	2,537.24	3,945.96
Less: Loss allowance	(2,537.24)	(3,945.96)
Death claim receivable	-	162.84
Less: Loss allowance	-	(162.84)
	(B) 363.71	8,547.03
	(A + B) 631.53	9,051.15
13 Other current financial assets		
Unsecured		
Considered good:		
Security deposits	2,000.57	149.22
Considered doubtful:		
Security deposits	2.35	13.31
Less: Loss allowance	(2.35)	(13.31)
Other receivables	4,030.27	7,626.41
Less: Loss allowance	(0.79)	(1.49)
	6,030.05	7,774.14
14 Other current assets		
Prepaid Expenses	54.31	74.07
Security deposits	0.25	-
Advances to staff/agents/employees	31.32	41.65
Advance to Suppliers	1,525.83	1,164.75
Other Current Assets	2,406.62	494.82
	4,018.33	1,775.29

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

As at 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
15 Share capital		
a Authorised :		
Equity Shares of Rs.10 each		
120,000,000 (31 March 2021 : 120,000,000) Equity shares	12,000.00	12,000.00
Fully convertible Preference Shares of Rs.10 each		
50,000,000 (31 March 2021 : 50,000,000) Equity shares	5,000.00	5,000.00
TOTAL	17,000.00	17,000.00
b Issued and subscribed and paid up:		
109,174,205 (31 March 2021 : 99,375,160) equity shares fully paid up*	10,917.42	9,937.52
2,643,210 (31 March 2021 : 2,643,210) 9.00% preference shares of class - A fully paid up	264.32	264.32
9,919,694 (31 March 2021 : 9,919,694) 0.005% preference shares of class - B fully paid up	991.97	991.97
11,268,311 (31 March 2021 : 11,268,311) 12.00% preference shares of class - C fully paid up	1,126.83	1,126.83
TOTAL	13,300.54	12,320.64
*On consolidation, 232,951 (31 March 2021 : 252,951) shares held by Fino ESOP trust are reduced from share capital.		
c Reconciliation of number of shares outstanding at the beginning and end of the year :		
Equity share :		
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	99,375,160	98,654,660
Equity Shares issued during the year in consideration for cash (Right issue)	2,966,470	-
Equity Shares issued on account of conversion of share warrants	5,500,000	-
Equity Shares issued during the year pursuant to exercise of ESOPs	1,312,575	720,500
Treasury shares issued	20,000	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	109,174,205	99,375,160
Preference share :		
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	23,831,215	23,831,215
Converted into equity shares	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	23,831,215	23,831,215

d Terms / rights attached to each classes of shares

1. Rights, preferences and restrictions attached

Equity shares : The Group has only one class of equity shares having a par value of INR 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Group, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Group, after repayment of all the liabilities and distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by them.

During the current year, the company has declared an interim dividend on preference shares as given below (Previous year: Nil)

Preference shares: All the Fully convertible preference share ('FCPS') holders carry one voting right for each share held by them. Holder of Series A, B and C Preference shares were entitled to Dividend of Rs.195,938,615, Rs.230,342 and Rs.360,493,144, respectively, ("Past Dividend Amount") and during the year, it was paid in accordance with applicable Laws. The full payment of the Past Dividend Amounts was made by the Company before declaring any dividends (other than for purposes of payment of Past Dividend Amounts) on or after the date of the Shareholders Agreement dated 29th July, 2016. The preference shareholders shall, in addition to the respective accumulated preference dividend noted above, were entitled to, a minimum guaranteed dividend of 0.001% on the face value of the Preference Shares in accordance with applicable Laws; and the Company shall not, after full payment of Past Dividend Amounts, declare any dividend that is payable only to a select class of shareholders.

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

e Shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Group is set out below:

Equity share	31 March 2022		31 March 2021	
	No. of Shares	% holding	No. of Shares	% holding
Bharat Petroleum Corporation Limited	29,271,759	26.81%	28,435,423	28.61%
ICICI Prudential Life Insurance Company Ltd.	11,328,854	10.38%	11,328,854	11.40%
ICICI Bank Limited	9,919,118	9.09%	5,750,000	5.79%
Blackstone GPV Capital Partners (Mauritius) VI-B FDI Limited	7,512,207	6.88%	7,512,207	7.56%
HAV 3 Holdings (Mauritius) Limited	7,456,993	6.83%	7,456,993	7.50%
ICICI Lombard General Insurance Company Limited	6,789,194	6.22%	5,289,194	5.32%
International Finance Corporation	6,569,567	6.02%	6,569,567	6.61%

Fully convertible preference shares

	As at 31 March 2022		As at 31 March 2021	
	No. of Shares	% holding	No. of Shares	% holding
Blackstone GPV Capital Partners (Mauritius) VI-B FDI Limited	11,268,311	47.28%	11,268,311	47.28%
HAV 3 Holdings (Mauritius) Limited	6,797,990	28.53%	6,797,990	28.53%
International Finance Corporation	3,104,350	13.03%	3,104,350	13.03%
Intel Capital Corporation	2,660,564	11.16%	2,660,564	11.16%

f There are no promoter holding in the company for the year ended 31st March 2022 and 31st March 2021.

g Shares reserved for issuance under stock option plans of the Group

For details of shares reserved for issue under the employee stock option (ESOP) plan of the group, please refer note 37.

h Terms of conversion of Fully convertible preference shares :

FCPS are convertible in equity shares at the option and discretion of the holders at any time into the whole or fractional number of equity shares obtained by dividing issue price of FCPS by the conversion price of Rs. 37, Rs. 48.44 and Rs. 79.87 for series A Preference shares, series B Preference shares and series C Preference shares respectively in accordance with the shareholders agreement. These Preference shares have been issued for the maximum period of 20 years from the date of issue. If any Preference Shares have not been converted on or prior to the expiry of the maximum period, such unconverted Preference Shares shall be compulsorily converted into equity Shares. Below is the issue date and last date for conversion for all the classes of preference shares issued :

Class of Shares	Issue Date	Last date for conversion
Class - A	8-Jun-07	7-Jun-27
Class - B	3-Dec-09	2-Dec-29
Class - C	8-Jul-11	7-Jul-31

i Terms of conversion of share warrants:

Share warrants are held by ICICI Bank Limited (number of share warrants Nil (31 March 2021 : 40 lakhs) and ICICI Lombard General Insurance Company Limited (number of share warrants Nil lakhs (31 March 2021 : 15 lakhs). Each warrant was convertible into 1 equity share at the rate of Rs. 10 each. These warrants have been converted into equity shares in the current year.

j Aggregate number of bonus shares issued, shares issued for consideration other than cash and shares bought back during the period of 5 years immediately preceding the reporting date: Nil (Previous year : Nil)

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

As at 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
16 Other Equity		
Securities premium reserve	85,730.17	58,609.52
Share application money pending allotment	-	-
Statutory reserve	1,361.17	687.73
ESOP reserve	1,105.71	863.75
Investment fluctuation reserve	8.14	-
Retained earnings	12,308.57	(56,050.85)
Other comprehensive income		
Remeasurements of defined benefit liability / (asset)		
Debt instrument through OCI	21.83	7.98
Equity instrument through OCI	17.93	17.93
	<u>100,553.52</u>	<u>4,136.06</u>
Securities premium reserve		
Opening balance	58,609.52	58,297.10
Additions during the year	27,120.65	312.42
Closing balance	<u>85,730.17</u>	<u>58,609.52</u>
Statutory reserve		
Opening balance	687.73	175.87
Changes in ownership interest in subsidiaries that do not result in loss of control - Acquisition of NCI	(127.96)	-
Additions during the year	801.40	511.86
Closing balance	<u>1,361.17</u>	<u>687.73</u>
ESOP reserve		
Opening balance	863.75	737.68
Additions during the year	241.96	126.07
Closing balance	<u>1,105.71</u>	<u>863.75</u>
Investment fluctuation reserve		
Opening balance	-	-
Additions during the year	8.14	-
Closing balance	<u>8.14</u>	<u>-</u>
Retained earnings		
Opening balance	(56,050.85)	(50,459.93)
Net loss for the year	(5,975.06)	(5,052.17)
ESOP lapsed	8.86	-
Transfer to Statutory and investment fluctuation reserve	(809.54)	(511.86)
Changes in ownership interest in subsidiaries that do not result in loss of control -	83,131.66	-
Movement in retained earnings for non-controlling interest	(8.33)	-
Income tax on sale shares of subsidiary recognised in equity as sale does not result in loss of control	(8,070.32)	-
Remeasurements of defined benefit liability / (asset) (net of tax)	82.15	(26.89)
Closing balance	<u>12,308.57</u>	<u>(56,050.85)</u>
Other comprehensive income		
Debt instrument through OCI	7.98	23.35
Increase/(Decrease) during the year	13.85	(15.37)
Closing balance	<u>21.83</u>	<u>7.98</u>
Equity instrument through OCI		
As per Last Balance Sheet	17.93	175.24
Increase/(Decrease) during the year	-	(157.31)
Closing Balance	<u>17.93</u>	<u>17.93</u>
	<u>100,553.52</u>	<u>4,136.06</u>

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

As at 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
17 Non-current financial liabilities - Borrowings		
Secured		
Term loans from banks*	0.00	478.59
Term loans from other parties	0.00	370.03
Privately placed redeemable non convertible debentures	-	2,982.21
Unsecured		
Subordinated debt (Non-convertible debenture)	1,991.03	1,989.26
	<u>1,991.03</u>	<u>5,820.09</u>

Unsecured loan :

Subsequent subordinated debt of Rs. 2,000 lakhs is issued at an interest rate of 14.50% p.a. and is repayable on 01 October 2025 in a single bullet payment with interest payable monthly and is unsecured.

18 Lease liabilities - Non-current

Lease liabilities	3,253.57	3,237.36
	<u>3,253.57</u>	<u>3,237.36</u>

19 Non current liabilities - Provisions

Provision for employee benefits

Gratuity [Refer note 38]	83.70	886.77
Compensated Absences [Refer note 38]	5.88	72.03

Other provision :

Provision for litigation *	102.20	102.20
	<u>191.78</u>	<u>1,061.00</u>

* During the year ended 31 March 2011, Navi Mumbai Municipal Corporation (NMMC) raised a demand of INR 102.20 lakhs towards cess on purchases within the NMMC jurisdiction. During the financial year 2020-21, same was provided fully.

20 Other non-current liabilities

Contract liability	6.14	20.41
	<u>6.14</u>	<u>20.41</u>

21 Current financial liabilities - Borrowings

Secured

Loans repayable on demand from banks*	27,044.00	18,870.50
Current maturities of long-term debt	35.69	3,246.40
Current maturities of Sub Debt	-	2,492.71

	<u>27,079.69</u>	<u>24,609.61</u>
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* Cash credit facility from bank is taken at an interest rate of 10.05% p.a. and the same is secured against 1.1 times of the outstanding loans, corporate guarantee of Holding Company viz. Fino PayTech Limited and cash collaterals.

Over draft facilities from banks are taken at an interest rate ranging from 3.36 % to 8.20 % p.a. (previous year : 3.15% to 8.30%) and the same are secured against cash collaterals.

22 Trade and other payables

Dues to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises	3.07	0.94
Others	4,327.43	5,488.98
	<u>4,330.50</u>	<u>5,489.92</u>

Disclosure of outstanding dues of Micro and Small Enterprise under Trade Payables is based on the information available with the Group regarding the status of the suppliers as defined under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006. There is no undisputed amount overdue as on 31 March 2022, to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises on account of principal or

Particulars (Outstanding from due date of payment / from date of transaction)	As at	As at
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
(i) MSME		
Less than 1 year	3.07	0.94
1-2 years	-	-
2-3 years	-	-
More than 3 years	-	-
	<u>3.07</u>	<u>0.94</u>
(ii) Others		
Less than 1 year	4,097.80	5,160.60
1-2 years	19.22	126.63
2-3 years	13.01	5.23

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

As at 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
More than 3 years	197.40	196.52
	<u>4,327.43</u>	<u>5,488.98</u>
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME		
Less than 1 year	-	-
1-2 years	-	-
2-3 years	-	-
More than 3 years	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
(iv) Disputed dues – Others		
Less than 1 year	-	-
1-2 years	-	-
2-3 years	-	-
More than 3 years	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
(v) Accruals		
Less than 1 year	-	-
1-2 years	-	-
2-3 years	-	-
More than 3 years	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>4,330.50</u>	<u>5,489.92</u>
23 Lease liabilities - Current		
Lease liabilities	636.14	575.15
	<u>636.14</u>	<u>575.15</u>
24 Current - Other financial liabilities		
Unpaid dividends	-	5,566.62
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	0.45	45.34
Deposit collected from agents	4.06	39.77
Deposit from customers	50,422.74	25,073.01
Collections payable on loan securitised	0.13	0.38
Payable to related parties	-	-
Earnest money deposits from BC/Merchants	2,766.48	1,999.43
CMS collection payable account	6,491.66	4,118.52
Payable on settlement account	1,607.55	5,099.05
Payable on account of BC business	22,137.44	20,882.15
Other payables	2,686.78	566.88
	<u>86,117.29</u>	<u>63,391.15</u>
25 Other current liabilities		
Advances from customers	30.28	28.90
Statutory dues payables (includes Professional Tax, ESIC, Provident Fund, Withholding Taxes, etc.)	1,160.17	959.78
Deferred revenue [Refer note 27]	22.01	32.48
Other current liabilities	1,846.72	2,141.40
	<u>3,059.18</u>	<u>3,162.56</u>
26 Current liabilities - Provisions		
Provision for employee benefits		
Gratuity [Refer note 38]	1,077.66	179.99
Bonus payable	1,001.45	765.93
Compensated absences [Refer note 38]	97.54	24.08
Other provision :		
Provision for expected loss on performance security	550.48	856.18
	<u>2,727.13</u>	<u>1,826.18</u>
27 Deferred income		
Contract liability	28.16	52.89
	<u>28.16</u>	<u>52.89</u>

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the Year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
28 Revenue from operations		
A. Sale of goods		
Cards and devices	433.54	341.25
B. Rendering of services		
Enrollment income	18,947.79	15,474.86
Commission, exchange, brokerage	11,370.88	47,928.44
Interest income on portfolio loans	621.49	3,318.17
Disbursement charges	3,095.26	3,582.30
Other services	65,612.94	12,806.24
Total revenue from operations	100,081.90	83,451.26
29 Other income		
Interest received on financial assets carried at amortised cost		
Deposits with banks	1,917.07	1,015.66
Other interest income	212.07	168.48
Interest received on financial assets carried at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)		
Government securities	21.62	-
T-bills	2,276.69	989.98
Profit / (loss) on sale of fixed assets (net)	-	0.27
Gain on disposal of ROU asset	7.88	183.96
Rent concessions	12.55	109.55
Other miscellaneous income	533.24	118.06
Write back of liabilities	-	-
Total other income	4,981.12	2,585.96
30 Purchase of goods and services		
Purchase of goods:		
Cards and devices	1,509.55	620.44
Other direct cost	825.26	833.01
Purchase of services:		
Sourcing charges	13,762.82	11,484.28
Enrollment expenses	99.74	127.15
Others	1,339.52	989.29
Total purchases of goods and services	17,536.89	14,054.17
31 Changes in inventories of stock-in-trade and work-in-progress		
Opening Stock :		
Traded goods	3,827.46	4,341.86
Work-in-progress	-	-
Closing Stock:		
Traded goods	4,532.75	3,827.46
Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and stock-in-trade		
Traded goods	(705.29)	514.40
Work-in-progress	-	-
Less : Provision	-	-
Changes in inventories of stock-in-trade and work-in-progress	(705.29)	514.40

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the Year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
32 Employee benefit expense		
Salaries and wages	14,024.08	13,419.84
Contribution to provident and other funds	1,041.58	991.78
Share based payment expenses	459.61	136.93
Staff welfare expenses	33.61	14.35
Employee benefit expense	15,558.88	14,562.90
33 Finance costs		
Interest on borrowings measured at amortised cost	1,167.76	2,866.43
Interest on deposits	1,428.48	595.24
Other borrowing costs	31.56	58.20
Interest on unwinding of lease liability	381.90	437.37
Finance costs	3,009.70	3,957.24
34 Other expenses		
Repairs and maintenance:		
- Others	565.37	867.17
Rent	673.13	667.44
Rates and taxes	54.03	87.35
Insurance	464.81	445.89
Power and fuel	27.32	170.72
Communication cost	1,990.60	1,360.81
Infrastructure cost	37.03	71.53
Commission and brokerage	42,181.53	31,865.03
Bank charges	93.69	165.13
Technology and technical support expenses	-	-
Interchange fees	5,622.26	3,044.63
Travelling and conveyance	809.12	631.23
Training expenses	18.43	5.82
Legal and professional charges	4,228.74	3,150.34
Stationery & printing expenses	199.56	125.03
Directors sitting fees	22.75	93.79
Payment to auditors		
- Statutory audit	81.08	86.09
Provision for doubtful debts and advances	1,802.14	1,640.21
Provision for loan losses expenses	5,825.60	4,416.91
Impairment of Goodwill	716.66	-
Advertisement, publicity and sales promotion expenses	1,616.16	864.18
Corporate social responsibility (CSR)	5.31	-
Miscellaneous expenses	3,436.94	1,534.22
	70,472.26	51,293.52

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the Year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

35 Financial instruments – fair values and risk management

A. Accounting classification and fair values

Carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy, are presented below. It does not include the fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

31 March 2022	Carrying amount				Fair value		
	FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 3	Total
Financial assets measured at fair value							
Non-current investments							
Equity instruments	-	272.22	-	272.22	-	272.22	272.22
Debt instruments	-	4,057.58	-	4,057.58	4,057.58	-	4,057.58
Current investments	-	59,073.31	-	59,073.31	59,073.31	-	59,073.31
Financial assets not measured at fair value							
Non current financial assets							
Non current investments	-	-	0.35	0.35	-	0.35	0.35
Loans							
Loans to JLG groups	-	-	0.01	0.01	-	0.01	0.01
Loans to MSME	-	-	5.09	5.09	-	5.09	5.09
Other non current financial assets	-	-	5,657.40	5,657.40	-	5,690.13	5,690.13
Current financial assets							
Trade receivables	-	-	7,003.13	7,003.13	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	105,747.79	105,747.79	-	-	-
Other bank balances	-	-	44,405.24	44,405.24	-	-	-
Loans							
Loans to JLG groups	-	-	336.04	336.04	-	-	-
Loans to MSME	-	-	267.82	267.82	-	-	-
Loans to employees	-	-	25.16	25.16	-	-	-
Others	-	-	2.51	2.51	-	-	-
Other current financial assets			6,030.05	6,030.05			-
	-	63,403.11	169,480.59	232,883.70	63,130.89	5,967.80	69,098.69
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value							
Long term borrowings	-	-	1,991.03	1,991.03	-	2,000.00	2,000.00
Short term borrowings	-	-	27,079.69	27,079.69	-	-	-
Lease liability	-	-	3,889.71	3,889.71	-	3,889.71	3,889.71
Trade and other payables	-	-	4,330.50	4,330.50	-	-	-
Other current financial liabilities	-	-	86,117.29	86,117.29	-	-	-
	-	-	123,408.22	123,408.22	-	5,889.71	5,889.71

(1) Assets that are not financial assets such as receivables from statutory authorities, prepaid expenses, advances paid etc. are not included.

(2) Other liabilities that are not financial liabilities such as statutory dues payable, deferred revenue, advances from customers and certain other accruals etc. are not included.

(3) There are no level 2 items.

(4) Group has not taken any derivative instrument.

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the Year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

35 Financial instruments – fair values and risk management (Continued)

A. Accounting classification and fair values (Continued)

31 March 2021	Carrying amount			Total	Fair value		Total
	FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortised Cost		Level 1	Level 3	
Financial assets measured at fair value							
Current investments	-	50,340.13	-	50,340.13	50,340.13	-	50,340.13
Non current investments	-	272.22	-	272.22	-	272.22	272.22
Financial assets not measured at fair value							
Non current financial assets							
Non current investments	-	-	1.23	1.23	-	1.23	1.23
Loans							
Loans to JLG groups	-	-	1,003.51	1,003.51	-	760.94	760.94
Loans to MSME	-	-	427.83	427.83	-	420.06	420.06
Other non current financial assets	-	-	5,927.69	5,927.69	-	6,077.94	6,077.94
Current financial assets							
Trade receivables	-	-	4,611.81	4,611.81	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	14,850.31	14,850.31	-	-	-
Other bank balances	-	-	13,813.66	13,813.66	-	-	-
Loans							
Loans to JLG groups	-	-	8,520.37	8,520.37	-	-	-
Loans to MSME	-	-	504.12	504.12	-	-	-
Loans to employees	-	-	13.25	13.25	-	-	-
Others	-	-	13.41	13.41	-	-	-
Other current financial assets	-	-	7,774.14	7,774.14	-	-	-
	-	50,612.35	57,461.33	108,073.68	50,340.13	7,532.39	57,872.52
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value							
Long term borrowings	-	-	5,820.09	5,820.09	-	4,598.40	4,598.40
Short term borrowings	-	-	24,609.61	24,609.61	-	-	-
Lease liability	-	-	3,812.51	3,812.51	-	3,812.51	3,812.51
Trade and other payables	-	-	5,489.92	5,489.92	-	-	-
Other current financial liabilities	-	-	63,391.15	63,391.15	-	-	-
	-	-	103,123.28	103,123.28	-	8,410.91	8,410.91

(1) Assets that are not financial assets such as receivables from statutory authorities, prepaid expenses, advances paid etc. are not included.

(2) Other liabilities that are not financial liabilities such as statutory dues payable, deferred revenue, advances from customers and certain other accruals etc. are not included.

(3) There are no level 2 items.

(4) Group has not taken any derivative instrument.

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the Year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

35 Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management (Continued)

B. Measurement of fair values

Valuation techniques and significant unobservable inputs

- Fair value of cash and bank balances, loans to employees, trade and other short term receivables, trade payables, other current liabilities etc. approximate their carrying amounts largely due to short term maturities of these instruments.
- The following tables show the valuation techniques used in measuring Level 2 and Level 3 fair values, as well as the significant unobservable inputs used.

Financial instruments measured at fair value

Type	Valuation technique
Fixed rates long term borrowings	The valuation model considers present value of expected payments discounted using an appropriate discounting rate.
Investment in equity instruments	For valuation of investment in equity instruments, discounted cash flow method is used to capture the present value of expected future economic benefits. Under the discounting cash flow method, the net cash flows expected to be generated are discounted using weighted average cost of capital.
Security deposits	The valuation model considers present value of expected payments discounted using the Government of India bond rate for the remaining maturity of the instrument.
Loans to JLG groups and MSME	The valuation model considers present value of expected payments discounted using an appropriate discounting rate.

Sensitivity analysis on level 3 fair values

For the fair values of Investment in equity instruments, reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the significant observable inputs, holding other inputs constant, would have the following effects:

Significant observable inputs	31 March 2022			
	Input considered	Equity	Input considered	Equity
	Increase		Decrease	
Long term growth rate	4.50%	6.43	3.50%	(6.10)
Cost of equity	22.30%	22.44	24.30%	(19.97)

Significant observable inputs	31 March 2021			
	Input considered	Equity	Input considered	Equity
	Increase		Decrease	
Long term growth rate	5.00%	4.93	3.00%	(4.56)
Cost of equity	27.89%	37.27	32.89%	(28.98)

C. Financial risk management

The Group has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

- Credit risk ;
- Liquidity risk ; and
- Market risk

i. Risk management framework

The Company's board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework. The board of directors from time to time provide guidance to the management on overall risk framework and implementation of risk policy.

The audit committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the Group's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Group. The audit committee is assisted in its oversight role by internal audit. Internal audit undertakes both regular and ad hoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the audit committee.

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the Year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

35 Financial instruments – fair values and risk management (Continued)

C. Financial risk management (Continued)

ii. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Group's receivables from customers and loans and advances.

The following financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure:

	Financial assets	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Loans to JLG	2,873.33	13,952.29
Trade receivables	8,190.48	5,685.37
	<u>11,063.81</u>	<u>19,637.66</u>

a. Trade receivables

Concentration of credit risk with respect to trade receivables are limited, due to the Group's customer base being diverse. All trade receivables are reviewed and assessed for default on a periodic basis. The Group does not hold any collaterals as security.

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. Credit risk is managed through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring the creditworthiness of customers to which the Group grants credit terms in the normal course of business. Accordingly, the Group makes specific provisions against such trade receivables wherever required and monitors the same at periodic intervals. Concentration of credit risk with respect to trade receivables are limited, due to the Group's customer base being diverse. All trade receivables are reviewed and assessed for default on a periodic basis. The Group does not hold any collaterals as security.

For trade receivables or any contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset that result from transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 115, the Group always measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

Further, for the purpose of measuring lifetime expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables, the Group has used a practical expedient as permitted under Ind AS 109. This expected credit loss allowance is computed based on a provision matrix which takes into account historical credit loss experience and adjusted for forward-looking information.

b. Credit risk related to financial services (NBFC) business

The maximum exposure to the credit risk at the reporting date is primarily from loans to Joint Liability Groups (JLG), loans to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSME) and other loans and advances (such as Mobile Loans, security deposits, FLDG placed for borrowings and securitisation, death claim receivable etc.) as mentioned below. Both trade receivables and other loans and advances are unsecured.

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. Credit risk is managed through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring the creditworthiness of customers to which the Group grants credit terms in the normal course of business. The Group has established a credit policy under which each new customer is analysed individually for creditworthiness before the Group offers any loan.

Credit concentration and collaterals held:

The group does not hold any collaterals against any of its credit exposures.

In case of loans to MSMEs, collateral is generally comprised of mortgage of immovable property of the MSME borrowers to cover any shortfall in outstanding loan principal and accrued interest. Such mortgage of immovable property provides a secondary source of repayment of funds advanced in the event that a customer cannot meet their contractual repayment obligations. The Loan to Value (LTV) of such loans is generally in the range of 35% to 70%.

The group evaluates the concentration of risk with after considering factors such as the geographical spread of its operations, the limit on lending to a single borrower and the past history of borrowers. The risk of concentration to credit risk is not considered to be significant with respect to loans made to the Joint Liability Group comprising women living in rural areas of India. The group's operations are spread out across 6 states in India with no concentration in any single area within a particular state.

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the Year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

35 Financial instruments – fair values and risk management (Continued)

C. Financial risk management (Continued)

Inputs considered in the ECL model:

When determining whether the risk of default on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis based on the Group's historical experience, expert credit assessment and including forward looking information.

In assessing the impairment of loan assets under Expected Credit Loss (ECL) Model, the loans have been segmented into three stages based on the risk profiles. The three stages reflect the general pattern of credit deterioration of a financial instrument.

The Group categorises loan assets into stages based on the days past due status.

- Stage 1: 0-30 days past due
- Stage 2: 31- 90 days past due
- Stage 3: More than 90 days past due

Assumption considered in the ECL model:

- "Loss given default" (LGD) is an estimate of loss from a transaction given that a default occurs. However in absence of such data we have used proxy rate as prescribed by regulatory authority.
- "Probability of default" (PD) is defined as the probability of whether the borrowers will default on their obligations in the future. For assets which are in Stage 1, a 12 month PD is required. For Stage 2 assets a lifetime PD is required while Stage 3 assets are considered to have a 100% PD.
- "Exposure at default" (EAD) represents the expected exposure in the event of a default and is the gross carrying amount in case of the financial assets held by the Group.

Estimation techniques:

The Lending business has applied the following estimation technique for ECL model:

- The probability of default is computed using a "roll rate" method based on the probability of receivable progressing through successive stages based on past portfolio
- Loss given default is calculated at the rate prescribed by regulatory authority.
- For FLDGs placed for BC Lending business, the ECL shall be calculated as lower of :
 1. ECL on the underlying loan portfolio
 2. Amount of FLDGs provided

Forward looking information:

The group incorporates forward looking information into both assessment of whether the credit risk of an instrument has increased significantly since its initial recognition and its measurement of ECL. Based on the consideration of a variety of external actual and forecast information, the group forms a 'base case' view of the future direction of relevant economic variables such as real GDP, private consumption, domestic demand and money supply as well as a representative range of other possible forecast scenarios. This process involves developing two or more additional economic scenarios and considering the relative probabilities of each outcome. The base case represents a most likely outcome while the other scenarios represent more optimistic and more pessimistic outcomes.

Assessment of significant increase in credit risk:

The credit risk on a financial asset of the group are assumed to have increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due. Accordingly the financial assets shall be classified as Stage 2, if on the reporting date, it has been 30 days past due.

Definition of default:

A default on a financial asset is when the counterparty fails to make the contractual payments within 90 days of when they fall due. This definition of default is determined by considering the business environment in which the group operates and other micro-economic factors. Accordingly the financial assets shall be classified as Stage 3, if on the reporting date, it has been 90 days past due.

Ageing analysis

The following tables show the ageing of loans & receivables:

Trade Receivables	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Less than 180 days	7,003.13	4,551.64
More than 180 days	1,187.35	1,133.73
Closing balance	8,190.48	5,685.37

JLG Loans	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Stage 1	253.77	5,301.98
Stage 2	164.91	4,153.84
Stage 3	2,454.65	4,496.47
Closing balance	2,873.33	13,952.29

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the Year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

35 Financial instruments – fair values and risk management (Continued)

C. Financial risk management (Continued)

MSME & other loans	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Stage 1	239.73	819.09
Stage 2	55.26	75.80
Stage 3	331.45	125.18
Closing balance	626.44	1,020.07

Loss allowance

The following table shows movement in the loss allowance in respect of trade receivables:

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Trade receivables		
Opening balance	1,073.56	4,715.23
Net impairment loss recognised	113.79	-
Balance written back	-	(3,641.67)
Closing balance	1,187.35	1,073.56

Loss allowance

The following table shows reconciliations from the opening to the closing balance of the loss allowance:

	12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL not credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL credit-impaired	Total
Loans to joint liability groups				
Balance as at 31 March 2020	303.42	640.90	245.46	1,189.78
Transfer to 12 month ECL	0.79	(0.79)	-	-
Transfer to Lifetime ECL not credit impaired	(47.53)	47.53	-	-
Transfer to Lifetime ECL credit impaired	(48.01)	(25.00)	73.01	-
Net remeasurement of loss allowance	(167.49)	1,524.39	2,962.39	4,319.29
New financial assets originated or purchased		-	-	-
Financial assets that have been derecognised		(812.28)	(268.38)	(1,080.66)
Balance as at 31 March 2021	41.18	1,374.75	3,012.48	4,428.40
Transfer to 12 month ECL	0.95	(0.61)	(0.34)	-
Transfer to Lifetime ECL not credit impaired	(2.07)	(0.15)	2.22	-
Transfer to Lifetime ECL credit impaired	(6.46)	(109.38)	115.84	-
Net remeasurement of loss allowance	3.12	20.86	-	23.98
New financial assets originated or purchased	99.96	2,252.17	2,049.35	4,401.48
Financial assets that have been derecognised	(125.06)	(3,466.70)	(2,724.82)	(6,316.58)
Balance as at 31 March 2022	11.62	70.94	2,454.73	2,537.28

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the Year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

35 Financial instruments – fair values and risk management (Continued)

C. Financial risk management (Continued)

	12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL not credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL credit-impaired	Total
Loans to MSME				
Balance as at 31 March 2020	8.72	47.66	44.50	100.88
Transfer to 12 months ECL	2.21	(2.21)	-	-
Transfer to Lifetime ECL not credit impaired	(0.53)	0.53	-	-
Transfer to Lifetime ECL credit impaired	(1.00)	(5.31)	6.31	-
Net remeasurement of loss allowance	(5.12)	(26.58)	18.95	(12.75)
New financial assets originated or purchased	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2021	4.28	14.09	69.76	88.13
Transfer to 12 months ECL	2.65	(0.14)	(2.51)	-
Transfer to Lifetime ECL not credit impaired	(0.13)	2.93	(2.80)	-
Transfer to Lifetime ECL credit impaired	(0.41)	(2.53)	2.94	-
Net remeasurement of loss allowance	1.03	2.95	-	3.98
New financial assets originated or purchased	(0.55)	(2.10)	264.07	261.42
Balance as at 31 March 2022	6.87	15.20	331.46	353.53

FLDGs placed for BC lending	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Opening balance	856.18	605.98
Net Impairment loss recognised	(305.70)	250.20
Balance written back	-	-
Closing balance	550.48	856.18

*First Loss Default Guarantee is provided to Fino Finance Private Limited for the BC (Business correspondent) business.

Other advances	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Opening balance	280.50	345.10
Net Impairment loss recognised	-	7.84
Balance written back	(184.45)	(72.44)
Closing balance	96.05	280.50

'12 month ECL' and 'Lifetime ECL not impaired' are collectively assessed. 'Lifetime ECL credit impaired' are individually assessed. Loans which are written off continue to be subject to enforcement activity.

Significant changes in gross carrying value that contributed to change in loss allowance:

The lending business mostly provides loans to joint liability groups in rural areas which have significantly increased on a year on year basis and hence contributed to the change in loss allowance.

Credit concentration and collaterals held:

The group does not hold any collaterals against any of its credit exposures.

In case of loans to MSMEs, collateral is generally comprised of mortgage of residential house property of the MSME borrowers to cover any shortfall in outstanding loan principal and accrued interest. Such mortgage of residential house property provides a secondary source of repayment of funds advanced in the event that a customer cannot meet their contractual repayment obligations. The Loan to Value (LTV) of such loans is generally in the range of 35% to 40%.

The group evaluates the concentration of risk with after considering factors such as the geographical spread of its operations, the limit on lending to a single borrower and the past history of borrowers. The risk of concentration to credit risk is not considered to be significant with respect to loans made to the Joint Liability Group comprising women living in rural areas of India. The group's operations are spread out across 4 states in India with no concentration in any single area within a particular state.

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the Year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

35 Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management (Continued)

C. Financial risk management (Continued)

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk can be either fair value interest rate risk or cash flow interest rate risk. Fair value interest rate risk is the risk of changes in fair values of fixed interest bearing investments because of fluctuations in the interest rates. Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of floating interest bearing investments will fluctuate because of fluctuations in the interest rates.

Exposure to interest rate risk

Group's interest rate risk arises from borrowings. The interest rate profile of the Group's interest-bearing financial instruments as reported to the management of the Group is as follows.

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Borrowings		
Fixed rate borrowings	28,993.58	28,561.44
Variable rate borrowings	77.14	1,912.78
Total	<u>29,070.72</u>	<u>30,474.22</u>

Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed-rate instruments

The Group does not account for any fixed-rate financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit or loss.

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable-rate instruments

A reasonably possible change of 100 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have increased (decreased) profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency exchange rates, remain constant.

	Profit / (loss)		Equity (net of tax)	
	100 bp increase	100 bp increase	100 bp increase	100 bp increase
31 March 2022				
Variable-rate instruments	(0.77)	0.77	(0.57)	0.57
Cash flow sensitivity (net)	<u>(0.77)</u>	<u>0.77</u>	<u>(0.57)</u>	<u>0.57</u>
31 March 2021				
Variable-rate instruments	(19.13)	19.13	(14.15)	14.15
Cash flow sensitivity (net)	<u>(19.13)</u>	<u>19.13</u>	<u>(14.15)</u>	<u>14.15</u>

The risk estimates provided assume a parallel shift of 100 basis points interest rate across all yield curves. This calculation also assumes that the change occurs at the balance sheet date and has been calculated based on risk exposures outstanding as at that date. The period end balances are not necessarily representative of the average debt outstanding during the period.

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the Year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

35 Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management (Continued)

C. Financial risk management (Continued)

iii. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation.

Maturity profile of financial liabilities

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted, and include estimated interest payments and exclude the impact of netting agreements.

31 March 2022	Carrying amount	Total	Less than 6 months	Contractual cash flows			
				6-12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Working capital loans from banks	27,079.69	27,079.69	27,079.69	-	-	-	-
Subordinated debt	1,991.03	3,040.82	146.19	143.81	290.79	2,460.03	-
Trade and other payables	4,330.50	4,330.50	4,330.50	-	-	-	-
Other current financial liabilities	86,117.29	86,117.29	86,117.29	-	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	3,889.71	5,092.72	495.40	497.99	972.14	2,184.03	943.16

31 March 2021	Carrying amount	Total	Less than 6 months	Contractual cash flows			
				6-12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Rupee term loans from banks	478.59	3,207.04	2,412.51	380.72	413.81	-	-
Rupee term loans from others	3,616.43	1,116.54	539.70	316.95	259.89	-	-
Redeemable non convertible debentures	2,982.21	3,624.36	223.10	199.90	3,201.36	-	-
Working capital loans from banks	18,870.50	18,870.50	18,870.50	-	-	-	-
Subordinated debt	4,481.97	2,726.43	124.98	2,601.45	-	-	-
Trade and other payables	5,489.92	5,489.92	5,489.92	-	-	-	-
Other current financial liabilities	63,391.15	63,391.15	63,391.15	-	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	3,812.51	5,189.27	505.92	409.88	758.44	2,002.37	1,512.66

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the Year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

35 Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management (Continued)

C. Financial risk management (Continued)

iv. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices – such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices – will affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. Market risk is attributable to all market risk sensitive financial instruments including foreign currency receivables and payables and long term debt. We are exposed to market risk primarily related to foreign exchange rate risk, interest rate risk and the market value of our investments. Thus, our exposure to market risk is a function of investing and borrowing activities and revenue generating and operating activities in foreign currency. The objective of market risk management is to avoid excessive exposure in our foreign currency revenues and costs.

Currency risk

The Group is exposed to currency risk on account of its trade receivables in foreign currency. The functional currency of the Group is Indian Rupee i.e INR.

Exposure to currency risk (Exposure in different currencies converted to functional currency i.e. INR)

The currency profile of financial assets and financial liabilities as at 31 March 2022, 31 March 2021 are as below:

	31 March 2022 USD	31 March 2022 EURO	31 March 2022 BDT
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-
Trade and other receivables	-	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Financial liabilities			
Trade and other payables	-	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

	31 March 2021 USD	31 March 2021 EURO	31 March 2021 BDT
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-
Trade and other receivables	-	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Financial liabilities			
Trade and other payables	-	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the Year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

35 Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management (Continued)

C. Financial risk management (Continued)

iv. Market risk (Continued)

The following significant exchange rates have been applied during the year.

	Year-end spot rate	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
USD 1	NA	NA
EUR 1	NA	NA
BDT 1	NA	NA

Sensitivity analysis

A reasonably possible strengthening (weakening) of the Indian Rupee against the foreign currencies at March 31 would have affected the measurement of financial instruments denominated in foreign currencies and affected equity and profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant and ignores any impact of forecast sales and purchases.

	Profit / (loss)		Equity (net of tax)	
	Strengthening	Weakening	Strengthening	
31 March 2022				
USD - 3% Movement	-	-	-	-
EUR - 3% Movement	-	-	-	-
BDT -3% Movement	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-

	Profit / (loss)		Equity (net of tax)	
	Strengthening	Weakening	Strengthening	
31 March 2021				
USD - 1% Movement	-	-	-	-
EUR - 3% Movement	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (*Continued*)

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(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

36 Capital Management

For the purpose of the Group's capital management, capital includes issued capital and other equity reserves . The the Group's objective when managing capital are to :

- a) maximise shareholders value and provide benefit to stakeholders and
- b) maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital,

The Group monitors capital using Adjusted net debt to equity ratio. For this purpose, adjusted net debt is defined as total liabilities (non-current and current liability) less cash and cash equivalent and other bank deposits. Equity comprises of all components of equity.

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Total liabilities	129,610.80	109,415.42
Gross Debt	129,610.80	109,415.42
Less - Cash and Cash Equivalents	(105,747.79)	(14,850.31)
Less - Other Bank Deposits	(44,405.24)	(13,813.66)
Adjusted Net debt	(20,542.23)	80,751.45
Total equity	125,807.28	17,052.56
Adjusted Net debt to equity ratio	(0.16)	4.74

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

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Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs

37 Share-based payment arrangements:

1. ESOP scheme under Fino Paytech Limited

A. Description of share-based payment arrangements

i. Share option programs (equity-settled)

The Company has only one Employee Stock Option Plan ESOP II 2007 ("Plan") in force for a total grant of 2,34,63,000 options across the various schemes under the said Plan. The Plan provides that the Company's employees are granted an option to acquire equity shares of the Company that vests in a graded manner. During the current year an amendment has been made to the employee stock option scheme with reference to exercise of vested option by Option Grantee's nominee or legal heirs in case of death of option holder in accordance with which, all Vested Options may be Exercised by the Option Grantee's nominee or legal heirs immediately after, but in no event later than five years from the date of Death of the option holder. This amendment has come into force from 24th May, 2017.

ESOP				
Grant Date	No. of Options	Exercise Price	Vesting Period (years)	Vesting Conditions
1-Jan-07	2,135,000	10.00	2 to 5	At the end of 1 year Nil and 25% of options at the end of years 2, 3, 4 and 5 respectively.
3-Sep-07	1,345,000	20.00	2 to 5	At the end of 1 year Nil and 25% of options at the end of years 2, 3, 4 and 5 respectively.
1-Sep-08	1,870,000	20.00	1 to 4	25% of the options at the end of years' 1, 2, 3 and 4 respectively
1-Apr-09	3,265,000	20.00	1 to 4	25% of the options at the end of years' 1, 2, 3 and 4 respectively
1-Aug-10	3,035,000	30.00	1 to 4	25% of the options at the end of years' 1, 2, 3 and 4 respectively
1-Oct-11	2,366,500	75.00	1 to 4	25% of the options at the end of years' 1, 2, 3 and 4 respectively
1-Mar-12	82,500	75.00	1 to 4	25% of the options at the end of years' 1, 2, 3 and 4 respectively
1-Aug-12	1,894,000	80.00	1 to 4	25% of the options at the end of years' 1, 2, 3 and 4 respectively
1-Mar-14	200,000	80.00	1 to 4	25% of the options at the end of years' 1, 2, 3 and 4 respectively
6-Feb-15	2,500,000	80.00	1 to 4	25% of the options at the end of years' 1, 2, 3 and 4 respectively
1-Jul-15	75,000	80.00	1 to 4	25% of the options at the end of years' 1, 2, 3 and 4 respectively
1-Dec-15	1,000,000	80.00	1 to 4	25% of the options at the end of years' 1, 2, 3 and 4 respectively
15-Apr-16	10,000	70.64	1 to 4	25% of the options at the end of years' 1, 2, 3 and 4 respectively
1-Dec-16	50,000	70.64	1 to 4	25% of the options at the end of years' 1, 2, 3 and 4 respectively
16-Aug-17	1,995,000	100.00	1 to 4	25% of the options at the end of years' 1, 2, 3 and 4 respectively
3-Apr-18	100,000	100.00	1 to 4	25% of the options at the end of years' 1, 2, 3 and 4 respectively
1-Aug-18	255,000	105.00	1 to 4	25% of the options at the end of years' 1, 2, 3 and 4 respectively
30-Aug-18	50,000	105.00	1 to 4	25% of the options at the end of years' 1, 2, 3 and 4 respectively
1-Mar-19	255,000	105.00	1 to 4	25% of the options at the end of years' 1, 2, 3 and 4 respectively
1-Jul-19	980,000	100.00	1 to 4	25% of the options at the end of years' 1, 2, 3 and 4 respectively

The weighted average share price as at the date of exercise of options exercised during the year during the year ended 31 March 2022 was INR 68.41 (31 March 2021 : INR 51.86). Since the company is not listed, the share price available during the year is taken as the weighted average share price.

Share options outstanding at the end of the period have the following exercise price. As per the ESOP scheme-II 2007, while in employment the employee can exercise the vested options till the time it is listed in a stock exchange and three years from the date of vesting. Additionally, in the case of resignation/termination, all the vested options as on the last working day of the employee shall be exercisable before the expiry of three years from the his/her last working day. Hence, the contractual life of the options is not determinable.

Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs

37 Share-based payment arrangements: (Continued)

Grant date	Exercise price	Share options 31 March 2022	Share options 31 March 2021
03-Sep-07 to 01-Apr-09	20	-	873,500
1-Aug-10	30	-	495,000
01-Oct-11 to 01-Mar-12	75	-	744,000
01-Aug-12 to 01-Dec-15	80	-	2,226,250
15-Apr-16 to 01-Dec-16	71	-	428,000
16-Aug-17 to 03-Apr-18	100	-	1,200,000
01-Aug-18 to 01-Mar-19	105	107,500	322,500
1-Jul-19	100	427,500	2,26,250

B. Measurement of fair values

i. Equity-settled share-based payment arrangements

The fair value of the employee share options has been measured using the Black-Scholes formula. Service and non-market performance conditions attached to the arrangements were not taken into account in measuring fair value.
The requirement that the employee has to save in order to purchase shares under the share purchase plan has been incorporated into the fair value at grant date by applying a discount to the valuation obtained. The discount has been determined by estimating the probability that the employee will stop saving based on historical behaviour.

	31 March 2022		31 March 2021	
	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Grant date	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Fair value at grant date	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Share price at grant date	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Exercise price	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Expected volatility (weighted-average)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Expected life (weighted-average)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Expected dividends	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Risk-free interest rate (based on government bonds)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)
For the Year ended 31 March 2022

Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs

37 Share-based payment arrangements: (Continued)

C. Reconciliation of outstanding share options

Activity in the options outstanding under the employee's stock option Scheme as at 31 March 2021

Particulars	31 March 2022		31 March 2021	
	Average exercise price per share per option	Number of options	Average exercise price per share per option	Number of options
Options outstanding as at the beginning of the year	77.07	7,741,750	75.20	8,556,000
Add: Options granted during the year	-	-	-	-
Less: Options exercised during the year	68.41	1,312,575	51.86	720,500
Less: Options lapsed during the year	65.05	73,925	100.00	93,750
Options outstanding as at the year end	79.00	6,355,250	77.07	7,741,750
Options exercisable as at the year end	101.00	535,000	72.59	6,515,500

D. Expenses arising from share based payment transactions

The total expenses arising from share based payment transactions recognised profit or loss as part of employee benefit expenses is INR 141.04 lakhs (31 March 2021 : INR 136.93 lakhs)

2. Fino Payments Bank (FPB) Share option programs (equity-settled)

The FPB has issued a scheme of Employee Stock Option Plan ESOP 2021 ("Plan") under which the FPB has granted 7,80,236 employees stock options (ESOP). The Plan provides that the FPB's employees are granted an option to acquire equity shares of the FPB that vests in a graded manner.

Grant Date	No. of Options	Exercise Price	Vesting Period (years)	Vesting Conditions
19-Jul-21	780,236	600.00	1 to 3	33% of the options at the end of years' 1, 2 and 3 respectively

Remaining weighted contractual life of options is 4.30 years

The fair value of the employee share options has been measured using the Black-Scholes formula. Service and non-market performance conditions attached to the arrangements were not taken into account in measuring fair value.

The requirement that the employee has to save in order to purchase shares under the share purchase plan has been incorporated into the fair value at grant date by applying a discount to the valuation obtained. The discount has been determined by estimating the probability that the employee will stop saving based on historical behaviour.

	19-Jul-21
Grant date	
Fair value at grant date (weighted average)	176.02
Share price at grant date	600.00
Exercise price	600.00
Expected volatility (weighted-average)	29.76%
Expected life (weighted-average)	3.50
Expected dividends	Nil
Risk-free interest rate (based on government)	5.26%

There is no movement in number of options in the grant dated 19 July 2021 during the year due to vesting, lapse or exercise of options.

The total expenses arising from share based payment transactions recognised profit or loss as part of employee benefit expenses under this scheme is INR 318.57 lakhs (31 March 2021 : INR Nil lakhs)

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

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(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

38 Employee benefits

The Group contributes to the following post-employment defined benefit plans in India.

(i) Defined Contribution Plans (Provident Fund):

The Group makes specified monthly contributions towards employee provident fund to Government administered provident fund scheme which is a defined contribution plan. The Group's contribution is recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss during the period in which the employee renders the related service.

The Group has recognised INR 903.68 lakhs (31 March 2021 : 879.21 lakhs) as expenditure and included under 'Employee benefit expenses' in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(ii) Defined Benefit Plan:

Gratuity :

The Group's gratuity benefit scheme is a defined benefit plan. The Group's net obligation in respect of a defined benefit plan is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods; that benefit is discounted to determine its present value. Any unrecognised past service costs and the fair value of any plan assets are deducted.

The calculation of the Group's obligation under the plan is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method.

Compensated absences :

Compensated absences balance upto 7 days are encashed at the end of financial year on the basic salary. Encashment of more than 7 days of leave is not permitted. Leave balance over 7 days will lapse at the end of the financial year.

Based on the actuarial valuation obtained in this respect, the following table sets out the status of the gratuity and compensated absences amounts recognised in the Group's financial statements as at balance sheet date:

	Note	Gratuity		Compensated absences	
		31 March 2022	31 March 2021	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Liability at the end of the year	19, 26	1,161.36	1,066.76	103.42	96.11
Fair value of Plan Assets at the end of the year		-	-	-	-
Net Obligation at the end of the year		1,161.36	1,066.76	103.42	96.11

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the Year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

38 Employee benefits (Continued)

B. Movement in net defined benefit (asset) liability

The following table shows a reconciliation from the opening balances to the closing balances for net defined benefit (asset) liability and its components:

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	31 March 2021	31 March 2021	31 March 2021	31 March 2021
Defined benefit obligation						
Opening balance	1,066.76	962.21	-	-	1,066.76	962.21
Included in profit or loss						
Current service cost	176.93	147.69	-	-	176.93	147.69
Past service cost	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest cost (income)	60.94	49.44	-	-	60.94	49.44
	1,304.63	1,159.34	-	-	1,304.63	1,159.34
Included in OCI						
Remeasurement loss (gain):						
Actuarial loss (gain) arising from:						
Demographic assumptions	(82.92)	96.42	-	-	(82.92)	96.42
Financial assumptions	92.96	(86.34)	-	-	92.96	(86.34)
Experience adjustment	1.59	16.81	-	-	1.59	16.81
	1,316.26	1,186.23	-	-	1,316.26	1,186.23
Other						
Contributions paid by the employer						
Benefits paid	(154.90)	(119.47)	-	-	(154.90)	(119.47)
Closing balance	1,161.36	1,066.76	-	-	1,161.36	1,066.76
Gratuity						
Fair value of plan assets						
31 March 2022						
31 March 2021						
Net defined benefit (asset) liability						
31 March 2022						
31 March 2021						

C. Defined benefit obligations

i. Actuarial assumptions

The following were the principal actuarial assumptions at the reporting date (expressed as weighted averages).

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Discount rate	5.6%-6.55%	5.6%-6.15%
Expected Rate of Return on Plan Assets	-	-
Salary escalation rate	5.20%-8.40%	5.20%-6.80%
Employee Turnover	15%-30%	15%-22%
Mortality rate	100% of IALM 2012-14	100% of IALM 2012-14

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Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the Year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

38 Employee benefits (Continued) ii. Sensitivity analysis

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligation by the amounts shown below.

	31 March 2022		31 March 2021	
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
Discount rate (1% movement)	1,121.40	1,204.17	(52.56)	57.52
Future salary growth (1% movement)	1,202.81	1,121.90	56.46	(52.41)
Withdrawal rate (1% movement)	1,098.27	1,294.86	(44.55)	70.99

The sensitivity analysis above have been determined based on a method that extrapolates the impact on defined benefit obligation as a result of reasonable changes in key assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period.

Expected future cash flows

The expected future cash flows in respect of gratuity as at 31 March 2022 were as follows

Expected future benefit payments	
March 31, 2023	308.91
March 31, 2024	250.10
March 31, 2025	202.91
March 31, 2026	160.78
March 31, 2027	124.45
Thereafter	406.98

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the Year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

Note 39 : Leases

Right-of-use (ROU) asset

Particulars	Building	Office Equipment	Total
Gross Block			
Opening balance as on 01 April 2020	6,115.45	362.85	6,478.30
Additions	714.41	120.08	834.49
Deletions	(2,053.40)	-	(2,053.40)
Closing Balance as on 31 March 2021	4,776.46	482.93	5,259.39
Accumulated depreciation			
Opening balance as on 01 April 2020	2,370.40	9.98	2,380.38
Depreciation for the period	808.93	52.92	861.85
Depreciation on deletions	(1,478.31)	-	(1,478.31)
Closing Balance as on 31 March 2021	1,701.02	62.90	1,763.92
Net block	3,075.44	420.03	3,495.47
Gross Block			
Opening balance as on 01 April 2021	4,776.46	482.93	5,259.39
Additions	731.40	-	731.40
Deletions	(1,037.59)	-	(1,037.59)
Closing Balance as on 31 March 2022	4,470.27	482.93	4,953.20
Accumulated depreciation			
Opening balance as on 01 April 2021	1,701.02	62.90	1,763.92
Depreciation for the period	660.76	53.42	714.18
Depreciation on deletions	(997.20)	-	(997.20)
Closing Balance as on 31 March 2022	1,364.58	116.32	1,480.90
Net block	3,105.69	366.61	3,472.30

Lease liabilities included in the balance sheet	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Current	636.14	575.15
Non-current	3,253.57	3,237.36
	3,889.71	3,812.51

Amounts recognised in the statement of profit and loss	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Interest on lease liabilities	381.90	437.37
Expenses relating to leases of low-value assets	673.13	667.44
Lease Concessions	12.55	109.55
Total	1,067.58	1,214.36

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities are disclosed in Note no. 35 of Financial instruments-Liquidity risk.

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the Year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

40 Earnings per share (EPS)

Basic EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of Equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential Equity shares into Equity shares.

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
i. Profit attributable to Equity holders of Company		
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company:		
Continuing operations	(5,975.06)	(5,052.17)
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company for basic earnings	(5,975.06)	(5,052.17)
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company adjusted for the effect of dilution	(5,975.06)	(5,052.17)
ii. Weighted average number of ordinary shares		
Issued ordinary shares at 1 April	99,375,160	98,654,660
Effect of share options exercised	927,661	206,755
Treasury shares	15,671	-
Conversion of share warrants	5,500,000	-
Right Issue of shares during the period	1,503,553	-
Weighted average number of shares at 31 March	107,322,045	98,861,415
Convertible preference shares	23,831,215	23,831,215
Share warrants	-	5,500,000
Weighted average number of shares at 31 March for basic EPS	131,153,260	128,192,630
Weighted average number of shares at 31 March	131,153,260	128,192,630
Add: Potential Equity Shares	225,903	2,124,711
Weighted average number of shares at 31 March for diluted EPS	131,379,163	130,317,341
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Basic earnings per share	(4.56)	(3.94)
Diluted earnings per share	(4.56)	(3.94)

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the Year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

41 Tax expense

(a) Amounts recognised in profit and loss

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Current income tax		
Current period (A)	130.59	8.26
Changes in estimated related to prior years (B)	-	-
Deferred income tax liability / (asset), net		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	-	55.27
Reduction in tax rate	-	-
Recognition of previously unrecognised tax losses	-	-
Change in recognised deductible temporary	-	-
Deferred tax expense (C)	-	55.27
Tax expense for the year (A)+(B)+(C)	130.59	63.53

(b) Amounts recognised in other comprehensive income

	Year ended 31 March 2022			Year ended 31 March 2021		
	Before tax	Tax (expense) benefit	Net of tax	Before tax	Tax (expense) benefit	Net of tax
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss						
Remeasurements of defined benefit liability (asset)	76.97	-	76.97	(26.89)	-	(26.89)
Equity investments through other comprehensive income - net change in fair value	-	-	-	(212.58)	55.27	(157.31)
Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss						
Investments measured at FVOCI	21.12	-	21.12	(15.37)	-	(15.37)
	98.09	-	98.09	(254.84)	55.27	(199.57)

(c) Reconciliation of effective tax rate

	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Profit before tax	(5,184.10)	(4,976.65)
Tax using the Company's domestic tax rate	(1,347.87)	(1,293.93)
Tax effect of:		
Tax impact of income not subject to tax	-	(611.59)
Tax effects of amounts which are not deductible for taxable income	4.07	1,605.33
Tax effect on items on which no deferred tax was recognized	27.71	32.20
Deferred tax assets not recognized because realization is not probable	7,793.99	1,880.80
Effect of permanent difference on utilization of loss	(1,493.67)	(1,549.21)
On account of consolidation adjustments	(4,849.22)	-
Others	(4.42)	(0.07)
	130.59	63.53

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the Year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

41 Tax expense (Continued)

(d) Movement in deferred tax balances

	Net balance 01 April 2021	Recognised in profit or loss	31 March 2022		Net	Deferred tax asset	Deferred tax liability
			Recognised in OCI	Other			
Deferred tax asset							
Property, plant and equipment	462.52	(100.42)	-	-	362.10	362.10	-
leases	14.55	9.86	-	-	24.41	24.41	-
Security deposits	12.47	(1.84)	-	-	10.63	10.63	-
Borrowings	(10.10)	7.68	-	-	(2.42)	-	(2.42)
Loans	9.27	(9.27)	-	-	-	-	-
Provisions	966.99	141.45	-	-	1,108.44	1,108.44	-
Brought forward losses and unabsorbed depreciation	45.45	218.37	-	-	263.82	263.82	-
Equity instrument through OCI	(6.30)	0.00	-	-	(6.30)	-	(6.30)
MAT Credit	259.40	(259.40)	-	-	-	-	-
Other items	13.75	(6.43)	-	-	7.32	7.32	-
Tax assets (Liabilities)	1,768.00	-	-	-	1,768.00	1,776.72	(8.72)
Set off tax							
Net tax assets	1,768.00	-	-	-	1,768.00	1,776.72	(8.72)

(e) Movement in deferred tax balances

	Net balance 01 April 2020	Recognised in profit or loss	31 March 2021		Net	Deferred tax asset	Deferred tax liability
			Recognised in OCI	Other			
Deferred tax asset							
Property, plant and equipment	482.78	(20.26)	-	-	462.52	462.52	-
Leases	14.19	0.36	-	-	14.55	14.55	-
Security deposits	(0.08)	12.55	-	-	12.47	12.47	-
Borrowings	(22.65)	12.55	-	-	(10.10)	-	(10.10)
Loans	9.27	(9.27)	-	-	9.27	9.27	-
Provisions	1,351.36	(384.37)	-	-	966.99	966.99	-
Brought forward losses and unabsorbed depreciation	-	45.45	-	-	45.45	45.45	-
Equity instrument through OCI	(61.57)	-	55.27	-	(6.30)	-	(6.30)
MAT Credit		259.40	-	-	259.40	259.40	-
Other items	3.97	9.78	-	-	13.75	13.75	-
Tax assets (Liabilities)	1,768.00	(55.27)	55.27	-	1,768.00	1,784.40	(16.40)
Set off tax							
Net tax assets	1,768.00	(55.27)	55.27	-	1,768.00	1,784.40	(16.40)

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

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(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

41 Tax expense (Continued)

The Group offsets tax assets and liabilities if and only if it has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.

Significant management judgment is required in determining provision for income tax, deferred income tax assets and liabilities and recoverability of deferred income tax assets. The recoverability of deferred income tax assets is based on estimates of taxable income in which the relevant entity operates and the period over which deferred income tax assets will be recovered.

Tax losses carried forward

	31 March 2022	Expiry date	31 March 2021	Expiry date
Business losses	9,034.82	3/31/2026	1,697.09	3/31/2022
Business losses	4,037.54	3/31/2027	1,211.17	3/31/2023
Business losses	580.35	3/31/2028	4,428.85	3/31/2024
Business losses	1,902.82	3/31/2029	4,155.29	3/31/2025
Business losses	10,176.27	3/31/2030	11,213.56	3/31/2026
Unabsorbed depreciation	6,662.05	No expiry	5,593.27	3/31/2027
			1,970.78	3/31/2028
			6,063.07	No expiry
	<u>32,393.85</u>		<u>36,333.08</u>	

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following items, because it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the company can use the benefits therefrom:

	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Deductible temporary differences [Gross amount]	7,319.66	3,685.73
MAT credit entitlement	259.40	259.40
Tax losses [Gross amount]	8,074.59	8,092.36
	<u>15,653.65</u>	<u>12,037.49</u>

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the Year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

42 Additional Information as required by Paragraph 2 of the General Instructions for Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements to Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013

Name of the entity	Net Assets, i.e. total assets minus total liabilities		Share of profit or loss		Share in other comprehensive income		Share in total comprehensive income	
	As % of consolidated net assets	Amount	As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount	As % of consolidated other comprehensive income	Amount	As % of consolidated total comprehensive income	Amount
Parent								
FINO PayTech Limited	70.83%	118,358.39	106.89%	52,363.86	14.20%	13.93	106.71%	52,377.79
Subsidiaries								
Indian								
FINO Payments Bank Limited	21.35%	35,682.29	8.24%	4,035.48	66.70%	65.42	8.35%	4,100.90
FINO Finance Private Limited	0.63%	1,055.24	-15.19%	(7,438.80)	19.10%	18.74	-15.12%	(7,420.06)
FINO Trusteeship Services Limited	0.03%	57.74	0.03%	13.67	0.00%	-	0.03%	13.67
FINO Financial Services Private Limited	0.00%	(3.81)	0.00%	(0.88)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.88)
Non-controlling interests in all subsidiaries	7.15%	11,953.22	0.03%	14.23	0.00%	-	0.03%	14.23
Total	100.00%	167,103.07	100.00%	48,987.56	100.00%	98.09	100.00%	49,085.65
Adjustments arising out of consolidation		(41,295.79)		(54,302.25)		-		(54,302.25)
As at 31 March 2022		125,807.28		(5,314.69)		98.09		(5,216.60)
Name of the entity	Net Assets, i.e. total assets minus total liabilities		Share of profit or loss		Share in other comprehensive income		Share in total comprehensive income	
	As % of consolidated net assets	Amount	As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount	As % of consolidated other comprehensive income	Amount	As % of consolidated total comprehensive income	Amount
Parent								
FINO PayTech Limited	76.95%	57,466.16	31.82%	(1,603.89)	78.47%	(156.60)	33.59%	(1,760.49)
Subsidiaries								
Indian								
FINO Payments Bank Limited	19.70%	14,713.61	-39.92%	2,012.56	17.25%	(34.43)	-37.75%	1,978.13
FINO Finance Private Limited	3.23%	2,412.86	108.56%	(5,472.62)	4.28%	(8.54)	104.59%	(5,481.16)
FINO Trusteeship Services Limited	0.06%	44.07	-0.23%	11.51	0.00%	-	-0.22%	11.51
FINO Financial Services Private Limited	0.00%	(2.93)	0.01%	(0.73)	0.00%	-	0.01%	(0.73)
Non-controlling interests in all subsidiaries	0.06%	45.86	-0.24%	11.99	0.00%	-	-0.23%	11.99
Total	100.00%	74,679.63	100.00%	(5,041.18)	100.00%	(199.57)	100.00%	(5,240.75)
Adjustments arising out of consolidation		(57,627.07)		1.00		-		1.00
As at 31 March 2021		17,052.56		(5,040.18)		(199.57)		(5,239.75)

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the Year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

43 Related Party Disclosures

A. Names of Related Parties

Sr. Particulars No.	Country of Incorporation	Proportion of ownership interest
1 Subsidiary Companies		
FINO Finance Private Limited (formerly known as Intrepid Finance and Leasing private limited)	India	100.00%
FINO Payments Bank Limited (formerly known as FINO Fintech Private limited)	India	75.00%
FINO Trusteeship Services limited	India	49.00%
FINO Financial Services Private Limited	India	100.00%
2 Names of related parties by whom significant influence is exercised		
Bharat Petroleum Corporation Limited	India	26.81%
3 Key Management Personnel		
Ashok Kini -Non-executive Chairman & Independent Director		
Marcus Peter Strutt Thompson - Nominee Director of HAV 3		
Dr. Anjana Grewal - Independent Director (tenure as an independent director has been expired on 16.02.2022)		
Sudeep Gupta - Whole-time Director		
Ramakrishna Gupta Vesta - Nominee Director of Bharat Petroleum Corporation Limited (BPCL)		
Praveer Kumar - Chief financial officer (Cessation with effect from 10.12.2021)		
Jitendra Garg - Company Secretary & Manager-Legal (Cessation with effect from 07.03.2022)		

B. Transactions with key management personnel

i. Key management personnel compensation

Sr. Particulars No.	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
i. Short-term employee benefits	36.13	42.90
ii. Post-employment defined benefit	10.35	2.66
iii. Share based payments	-	-
iv. Compensated absences	-	-

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the Year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

43 Related party relationships, transactions and balances

Note 43 above provides the information about the Group's structure including the details of the subsidiaries and the holding company. The following table provides the total amount of transactions that have been entered into with related parties for the relevant financial year:

Nature of Transaction	Related party by whom significant influence is exercised	Bharat Petroleum Corporation Limited	Key Management Personnel	Total
Purchase of services				
31 March 2022	-	-	-	-
31 March 2021	-	-	-	-
Sale of Services				
31 March 2022	343.26	-	-	343.26
31 March 2021	289.94	-	-	289.94
Loans given				
31 March 2022	-	-	-	-
31 March 2021	-	-	-	-
Loans repaid				
31 March 2022	-	-	-	-
31 March 2021	-	-	-	-
Interest on loan				
31 March 2022	-	-	-	-
31 March 2021	-	-	-	-
Salary and allowances				
31 March 2022	-	-	-	-
31 March 2021	-	-	-	-
Balance Outstanding				
Trade Receivables				
31 March 2022	88.80	-	-	88.80
31 March 2021	107.77	-	-	107.77
Share warrants				
31 March 2022	-	-	-	-
31 March 2021	-	-	-	-
Bank balances				
31 March 2022	-	-	-	-
31 March 2021	-	-	-	-
Other payables				
31 March 2022	-	-	-	-
31 March 2021	-	-	-	-
Vehicle loan				
31 March 2022	-	-	-	-
31 March 2021	-	-	-	-
Loan				
31 March 2022	-	-	-	-
31 March 2021	-	-	-	-
Equity shares held in Intrepid				
31 March 2022	-	-	-	-
31 March 2021	-	-	-	-

All transactions with these related parties are made in the normal course of business and on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions.

Outstanding balances at the year-end are unsecured and settlement occurs in cash.

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the Year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

44 Contingent liabilities

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
a. Contingent liabilities		
(i) Arrears of preference share dividend	-	-
(ii) Value added tax and entry tax	2,710.40	730.05
(iii) Navi Mumbai municipal corporation cess	-	-
(iv) Credit enhancements provided towards asset securitisation in the form of cash collaterals	-	-
(v) Corporate guarantee issued on behalf of subsidiaries	250.20	2,182.82
(iv) Performance security provided	-	-
(v) Income tax notice u/s 143(3)	-	33.11
(vi) Credit enhancements provided towards business correspondent arrangement in the form of	-	-
(vii) Employer's contribution to PF*	368.25	368.25

*Pertains to Fino Payments Bank Limited

The Group has reviewed all its pending litigations and proceedings and has adequately provided for where provisions are required and disclosed as contingent liabilities where applicable, in its Financial Statements. The Group does not expect the outcome of these proceedings to have a materially adverse effect on its Financial results.

b. Capital Commitments

The Group has capital commitments of INR 196.51 lakhs at 31 March 2022 (31 March 2021: INR 1,417.50 lakhs).

45 Foreign currency transactions

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Expenditure in foreign currency		
Director siting fees	16.75	8.43
Membership fees	3.81	0.63
Miscellaneous expenses	-	16.95
Legal and professional fees	18.96	18.51
AMC	-	-
	<u>39.52</u>	<u>44.52</u>
Income earned in foreign currency		
Sale of services	-	7.18
Other non operating income	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>7.18</u>

46 Other notes

a Social Security Code, 2020

The Code on Social Security 2020 ('the Code') relating to employee benefits, during the employment and post-employment, has received Presidential assent on September 28, 2020. The Code has been published in the Gazette of India. Further, the Ministry of Labour and Employment has released draft rules for the Code on November 13, 2020. However, the effective date from which the changes are applicable is yet to be notified and rules for quantifying the financial impact are also not yet issued.

The Company will assess the impact of the Code and will give appropriate impact in the financial statements in the period in which, the Code becomes effective and the related rules to determine the financial impact are published.

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the Year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

47 Segment reporting

The main business of the Group is to carry on the activity of promoting sustainable livelihood for the rural poor and underserved classes by helping them becoming economically self-reliant, through the provision of financial services and technical assistance in an integrated and sustainable manner. Since the business operations of the Group are primarily concentrated in India, the Group is considered to operate only in the domestic segment.

The Group has identified four reportable business segment viz. Corporate Business, Lending, Retail and Others. Corporate business includes customer acquisition on behalf of other banks and servicing them through the BC network. Lending includes distribution of small ticket size loans to SHGs in rural areas. We operate for our NBFC and as BCs to other NBFCs/banks. Retail includes account opening (CASA), banking transactions, remittance and sale of other financial products like insurance, mutual fund etc. through branch network and merchant channel. Others consists of residuary incomes such as grants and Interest on Income tax refund. The Company has determined the reporting segments based on the information reviewed by the Company's Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM). The accounting policies consistently used in the preparation of the financial statements are also consistently applied to record income and expenditure of individual segments.

Revenue and expenses have been identified to a segment on the basis of relationship to operating activities of the segment. Segment assets and segment liabilities represent assets and liabilities in respective segments.

Sr. No.	Particulars	Corporate		Lending		Retail		Others		Total	
		31 March 2022	31 March 2021	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
1	Segment Revenue										
	External Turnover	17,507.68	18,075.27	1,306.27	4,974.74	80,512.77	60,737.75	755.18	21.42	100,081.90	83,809.18
	Inter Segment Turnover	-	-	-	(584.63)	-	226.71	-	-	-	(357.92)
	Total Turnover	17,507.68	18,075.27	1,306.27	4,390.11	80,512.77	60,964.46	755.18	21.42	100,081.90	83,451.26
	Other Income	1,272.00	1,241.73	14.13	156.49	-	6.53	3,694.99	1,181.21	4,981.12	2,585.96
	Inter Segment Turnover	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total Income	18,779.68	19,317.00	1,320.40	4,546.60	80,512.77	60,970.99	4,450.17	1,202.63	105,063.02	86,037.22
2	Segment Result before Interest and Taxes										
	Segment Assets	(4,824.23)	(17.01)	(6,455.78)	(2,898.23)	17,067.68	12,011.24	4,396.75	1,198.37	10,184.42	10,294.37
	Less : Interest Expense	310.56	536.03	1,084.44	2,575.75	1,093.32	446.47	521.38	398.99	3,009.70	3,957.24
	Less : Unallocated Expenses	(5,134.79)	(553.04)	(7,540.23)	(5,473.98)	-	-	-	-	12,358.82	11,313.78
	Profit Before Tax	120.78	55.27	-	(5,473.98)	15,974.36	11,564.77	3,875.36	799.38	(5,184.10)	(4,976.65)
	Tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	9.81	8.26	130.59	63.53
	Profit After Tax	(5,255.57)	(608.31)	(7,540.23)	(5,473.98)	15,974.36	11,564.77	3,865.55	791.12	(5,314.69)	(5,040.18)
3	Other Information										
	Segment Assets	131,881.83	28,013.09	5,515.84	15,390.96	17,345.43	15,653.91	2.80	16.64	154,745.90	59,074.60
	Add: Unallocated corporate assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100,672.18	67,393.38
	Total segment assets	131,881.83	28,013.09	5,515.84	15,390.96	17,345.43	15,653.91	2.80	16.64	255,418.08	126,467.98
	Segment Liabilities	24,375.47	16,614.21	4,460.62	12,978.10	86,817.66	59,286.91	8.71	14.11	115,662.46	88,893.33
	Add: Unallocated corporate liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,948.34	20,522.09
	Total segment liabilities	24,375.47	16,614.21	4,460.62	12,978.10	86,817.66	59,286.91	8.71	14.11	129,610.80	109,415.42
	Depreciation and amortization expense									4,374.68	6,631.64

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the Year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

48 Transfer of financial assets

The Group transfers financial assets, primarily loans to Joint Liability Groups, that are not derecognised as the Company has continuing involvement.

Securitisations:

Transfer of financial assets that do not result in derecognition

The Company was party to securitisation transactions involving its Joint Liability Group loan portfolio.

In these transactions, the assets, interests in the assets, or beneficial interest in the cash flows arising from the assets, are transferred to a special purpose entity, which then issues pass through certificates to third party investors.

In the securitisations in which the Company transfers loans and advances to an unconsolidated securitisation vehicle, it retains the credit risk principally by way of credit enhancements placed with the SPV's. The Company does not transfer substantially all of the risks and rewards of these assets.

Hence, the company continues to recognize the securitised portfolio in its books of accounts.

The following table shows the carrying amount of the securitised assets that have not resulted in derecognition, together with the associated liabilities :

31 March 2022	Loans to Joint liability group	Credit enhancements
Carrying amount of assets	-	-
Carrying amount of associated liabilities	-	-

31 March 2021	Loans to Joint liability group	Credit enhancements
Carrying amount of assets	-	-
Carrying amount of associated liabilities	-	-

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the Year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

49 Master netting or similar agreements

The following table presents the recognised financial instruments that are offset, or subject to enforceable master netting arrangements and other similar agreements but not offset, as at 31 March.

Particulars	Effects of offsetting on the balance sheet			Related amounts not offset in the balance sheet		
	Gross Amounts	Gross amounts set off in the balance sheet	Net amounts presented in the balance sheet	Amounts subject to master netting arrangements	Financial instrument collateral	Net amount
31 March 2022						
Financial assets						
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial liabilities						
Long term borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-

Particulars	Effects of offsetting on the balance sheet			Related amounts not offset in the balance sheet		
	Gross Amounts	Gross amounts set off in the balance sheet	Net amounts presented in the balance sheet	Amounts subject to master netting arrangements	Financial instrument collateral	Net amount
31 March 2021						
Financial assets						
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial liabilities						
Long term borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the financial statements (*Continued*)

For the Year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

50 Involvement with unconsolidated structured entities

The following table describes the types of structured entities that the Company does not consolidate but in which it holds an interest.

Type of structured entities	Nature and purpose	Interest held by the Company	Total Assets 31 March 2022	Total Assets 31 March 2021
Securitisation vehicle for loans and advances	To generate: - Funding for the Company's lending activities,	- Credit enhancements placed with the SPV's	-	-

51 Subsequent events

Pursuant to the provision of Section 123 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Declaration and Payment of Dividend) Rules, 2014, the Board of Directors of Holding Company has declared an Interim Dividend to its share-holders out of the surplus in the profit and loss account and out of profits of the financial year in which such interim dividend is sought to be declared. In view of the above, Rs. 37.71/- was paid as an interim dividend to each Equity & Preference Share of the Company amounting to Rs 502.44 crores. The record date fixed for the Interim dividend was June 9, 2022

52 Litigation

During the year ended 31 March 2011, Navi Mumbai Municipal Corporation (NMMC) raised a demand of INR 102.20 lacs towards cess on purchases within the NMMC jurisdiction. During the financial year 2020-21, same was provided fully. Hence, there is no contingent liability on account of NMMC cess.

There are pending litigation under UP VAT Act, department has considered all the movement of assets from one state to other state as a deemed sale in the year 2008-09 & 2010-11 and in the year 2009-10, 2011-12, 2012-13 & 13-14 department has increased card price. There are pending litigation under Maharashtra VAT Act, department has raised CST demand. Total liability under dispute is amounting to INR 2710.40 Lakhs against which company has paid INR 151.96 lakhs under protest.

The Group has reviewed all its pending litigations and proceedings and has adequately provided for where provisions are required and disclosed as contingent liabilities where applicable, in its Financial Statements. The Group does not expect the outcome of these proceedings to have a materially adverse effect on its Financial results.

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the Year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

53 Impairment testing of Goodwill

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill has been allocated as follows:

	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Acquisition of the lending business	716.66	716.66
Less: Impairment loss	(716.66)	-
Total	-	716.66

The recoverable amount was based on greater of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use estimated using discounted cash flows. The fair value measurement was categorised as a Level 3 fair value based on inputs in the valuation technique used.

The key assumptions used in the estimation of the recoverable amount are set out below. The values assigned to the key assumptions represent management's assessment of future trends in the relevant industries and have been based on historical data from both external and internal sources.

	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Price to book value multiple	NA	3.39

ii. Sensitivity analysis

Change in recoverable amount of Goodwill	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Increase by 5% of price to book value multiple	NA	409.25
Decrease by 5% of price to book value multiple	NA	(409.25)

Impairment on investment in Fino Finance Private Limited and Goodwill written off

As at 31 March 2022, in the standalone financials of Fino Paytech Ltd, the Company has carried its investment in Fino Finance Private Limited at cost less impairment in value. The Company has appointed an independent valuer, to assess the value of its investment and impairment thereon as at 31 March 2022. Basis the internal assessment of the Company and report submitted by the independent valuer, the Company has impaired its investment in Fino Finance Private Limited by Rs 141.93 crores. As at 31 March the carrying value of investment (net off impairment) is Rs 47.31 crores and the impairment on this investment amounting to Rs 141.93 crores.

At Consol level, Goodwill amounting to 7.16 cr had arisen on acquisition of Fino Finance Private Ltd and same is written off during the FY 21-22 due to impairment of investment in Fino Finance Private Ltd at standalone level of Fino Paytech Ltd.

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the Year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

54 Revenue from contract with customers

Changes in significant accounting policies - Ind AS 115: Revenue from contracts with customers

The Company derives revenues primarily from sale of device along with AMC, enrolment services, BC services, repairs and maintenance of devices, advertisement services, micro ATM running charges.

Revenue is recognized upon transfer of control of devices or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration expected to receive in exchange for those devices or services.

Revenues in excess of invoicing are classified as contract assets while invoicing in excess of revenues are classified as contract liabilities.

In case of sale of devices along with AMC, the Company has applied the guidance in Ind AS 115, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, by applying the revenue recognition criteria for each distinct performance obligation. Sale of devices and AMC services meet the criteria of distinct performance obligations. For allocating the transaction price, the Company has measured the revenue in respect of each performance obligation of a contract at its relative standalone selling price. The price that is regularly charged for an item when sold separately is the best evidence of its standalone selling price. The revenue is recognised at point in time for sale of devices and over the period of time in case of AMC.

Enrolment services, BC services, repairs and maintenance of devices, advertisement services, micro ATM running charges are recognized over the period of time / term of the contract.

The Company presents revenues net of indirect taxes in its Statement of Profit and Loss.

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

In the following table, revenue from contracts with customers is disaggregated by major revenue streams and timing of revenue recognition :

Major revenue streams	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Corporate		
Sale of products	433.54	341.25
CBS Services, enrollment income and other services	1,426.91	1,565.81
BC Banking	15,647.23	16,168.21
Total	<u>17,507.68</u>	<u>18,075.27</u>
Retail		
Sale products		
Other services description		
Cash management services	5,834.33	3,050.95
Insurance		-
Remittances	35,510.80	25,646.36
Commission, exchange and brokerage	39,161.31	25,641.63
Miscellaneous income	761.51	6,646.94
	<u>81,267.95</u>	<u>60,985.88</u>
Income other than lending business	<u>98,775.63</u>	<u>79,061.15</u>
Interest income	770.12	3,318.17
Others	536.15	1,071.94
Income from lending business	<u>1,306.27</u>	<u>4,390.11</u>
Total revenue from operations	<u>100,081.90</u>	<u>83,451.26</u>
Timing of revenue recognition		
Products transferred at point in time	433.54	341.25
Services transferred over the period of time	98,878.24	79,791.84
Recognised as per Ind AS 109	770.12	3,318.17
	<u>100,081.90</u>	<u>83,451.26</u>

The information relating to trade receivables and contract liabilities relating to revenue from operations is disclosed in note no. 10 and 27 respectively .

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the Year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

The remaining performance obligation disclosure provides the aggregate amount of the transaction price yet to be recognized as at the end of the reporting period and an explanation as to when the Company expects to recognize these amounts in revenue. Applying the practical expedient as given in Ind AS 115, the Company has not disclosed the remaining performance obligation related disclosures for contracts where the revenue recognized corresponds directly with the value to the customer of the entity's performance completed to date.

The aggregate value of performance obligations that are completely or partially unsatisfied as at March 31, 2022 other than those meeting the exclusion criteria mentioned above, is 28.16 lakh (March 2021 : 52.88 lakh) . Out of this, the Company expects to recognize revenue of around 78 % (March 2021 : 61%) within the next one year and the remaining thereafter.

55 Additional Regulatory Information

a. Details of Benami Property held

The Group do not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Group for holding any Benami property.

b. Details of Loans and advances

Loans and advances granted to promoters, directors, key managerial personnel (KMPs) and the related parties which are repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment

Type of borrower	Amount of loan or advance in the nature of loan outstanding	Percentage to the total loans and advances in the nature of
Promoters	-	-
Directors	-	-
KMPs	-	-

c. Willful Defaulter

The Group has not been declared as a willful Defaulter by any Financial Institution or bank as at the date of Balance Sheet.

d. Relationship with Struck off Companies

The Group do not have any transactions with companies struck off.

e. Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies (ROC)

The Group has no pending charges or satisfaction which are yet to be registered with the ROC beyond the Statutory period.

f. Compliance with number of layers of companies

The Group has complied with the provision of the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.

g. Compliance with approved Scheme(s) of Arrangements

There are no Schemes of Arrangements has been approved by the Competent Authority in terms of sections 230 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013.

h. Discrepancy in utilization of borrowings

The Group has used the borrowings from banks and financial institutions for the specific purpose for which it was taken at the balance sheet date. There are no discrepancy in utilisation of borrowings.

i. Utilisation of Borrowed funds and share premium:

(A) The Group has not advanced or loaned or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries).

(B) The Group has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party).

FINO PayTech Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the Year ended 31 March 2022

(Currency: Indian Rupees in lakhs)

The Group have not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (intermediaries) with the understanding that the intermediary shall:

- a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Group (Ultimate Beneficiaries); or
- b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

The Group have not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Group shall:

- a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or;
- b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

j. Undisclosed income

The Group has no transaction that is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).

k. Details of Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency

The Group has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency.

For M S K C & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No: 001595S

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
FINO PayTech Limited

Sd/-

Sd/-

Sd/-

Padmashree Crasto
Partner
Membership Number : 117156

Ashok Kini
*Non-Executive Chairman &
Independent Director*
DIN 00812946

Sudeep Gupta
Whole-time Director
DIN 07899859

Sd/-

Mumbai
26 August 2022

Rakesh Tripathi
Chief Financial Officer