DIRECTORS REPORT

To, The Members, **Fincare Small Finance Bank Limited ("The Bank")**

Your Directors take pleasure in presenting the 28th Annual Report on the business and operations of the Bank together with the Audited Financial Statements for Financial Year 2022-23.

In the last five years, the Management has strived and achieved significant success in establishing the Bank as a new-generation Bank with focus on financial inclusion. With a high tech, high customer centricity model, the Bank offers innovative Banking services to the bottom of the pyramid (BOP) segments and also to the more affluent customers. The Bank has been extending its reach to the unBanked/underBanked segments and aims to provide both to individuals and small businesses affordable financial products and services customized to their needs. The Bank follows a business model focused on financial inclusion and aims to provide individuals and businesses with affordable financial products and services that meet their needs and its business objective is to enhance access to savings, credit and other financial products for MSMEs and unorganized entities, especially in rural and semi-urban areas, by leveraging technology and last-mile distribution. In its journey, the Bank has won several awards and accolades.

As of 31st March 2023, the Bank had a total of 1231 Banking outlets of which 339 are located in Rural, 640 in Semi-Urban, 179 in Urban and 73 in Metro locations, thereby covering 19 States namely Andhra Pradesh, Bihar, Chhattisgarh, Gujarat, Haryana, Karnataka, Kerala, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Punjab, Rajasthan, Tamil Nadu, Odisha, Telangana, West Bengal, Uttarakhand, Goa, Himachal Pradesh and Uttar Pradesh & 3 Union Territories (UTs) namely Chandigarh, NCT of Delhi and Puducherry.

The Bank has a full suite of Banking products such as Savings Account, Current Account, Fixed Deposit, NRI Fixed Deposit, Recurring Deposit, Micro Loan, Cash Overdraft, Loan against Gold, Loan against property, Institutional Finance and Two-wheeler Loan. The digital paradigm plays a part of the Bank's core DNA and it has been the force multiplier that has enabled the Bank to emerge as a best-in-class player in India. Your Bank recognizes digital as the currency that is going to radically change India's future, particularly in Banking. As a new-age Bank, it is striving hard to set new standards in customer experience with extensive use of technology, commitment to customer delight and the 'digital first' approach supporting an extensive physical network, aids in technology-led operations.

Details of operations are given in the 'Management Discussion and Analysis' which forms part of this Annual Report.

Some of the key developments of F.Y 2022-23 are highlighted in this report.

1. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS – F.Y 2022-23

The financial performance for F.Y 2022-23 as compared to the previous year is summarized in the following table:(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	F.Y 2022-23	F.Y 2021-22
Interest Income	174,412	144,857
Other Income	22,668	19,617
Interest expended	65,368	56,978
Operating expenses	87,405	64,680
Provision and Contingencies	31,310	42,241
Profit before Tax	12,997	575
Profit after Tax	10,364	887
Surplus brought forward	17,521	18,110
Amount available for appropriation	27,885	18,997
Appropriation/transfers:		
Transfer to Statutory Reserve	2,591	222
Transfer to Other Reserves	388	1,254
Surplus carried to Balance Sheet	24,906	17,521
BEPS (₹)	4.69	0.38
DEPS (₹)	4.68	0.38

Note: Some of the numbers have revisions in the previous year due to reclassification in the grouping.

2. DIVIDEND

In order to strengthen the Bank's financial position as well as to support the ongoing expansion plans, your Directors did not recommend any dividend for the year under review.

3. AMOUNTS TRANSFERRED TO RESERVES

During the year under review, the Bank has transferred a sum of ₹ 2591 Lakhs to Statutory Reserves and ₹ 388 Lakhs to Other Reserves.

4. CHANGE IN NATURE OF BUSINESS

There has been no change in the nature of business of the Bank during the year under review.

5. CREDIT RATING

During the period under review and till the date of Board's report, the Bank has been assigned CARE A (Stable) rating and ICRA A (Stable) rating from CARE RATINGS and ICRA respectively for its Long-Term facilities and Tier II Bonds. The Bank has also been assigned IND A (Stable) credit rating by India Ratings & Research for its Unsecured Sub-ordinated Debt. Further, the fixed deposit program of the Bank has been rated "ICRA A (stable outlook)" rating by ICRA which is reaffirmed and migrated from MA+ (stable outlook) as per ICRA rating scale. Further, the Bank is assigned Crisil A1+ rating for Certificate of Deposits by CRISIL.

6. TRANSFER OF UNCLAIMED DIVIDEND TO INVESTOR EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND

During the year under review, the Bank did not have any outstanding amount that was required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund in pursuance of provisions of section 125 of the Companies Act, 2013.

7. THE STATE OF BANK'S AFFAIRS

The Bank continues to be categorized as a 'Small Finance Bank' under the RBI Regulations and during the year it continued to carry on business as 'Small Finance Bank'. As a growing 'Small Finance Bank', it has been expanding its area of operations and customer base. The management has been investing in digital solutions to support Bank's expanding operations, as required from time to time. The Bank's digital products and services aim to enhance customer convenience and expand its reach. The Bank onboarded

10. NUMBER OF MEETINGS OF THE BOARD DURING THE FY23

3.23 Lakh Fincare 101- Digital Savings account customers in FY22-23. The Fincare 101 solution enables in opening a completely digital Full KYC account by the customer. As a result, a total of 59,197 customers successfully opened the account via V-KYC process in FY22-23, registering 93% YoY growth.

Key highlights of the Bank's operations during FY23 in comparison to FY22 are as follows:

Particulars	F.Y 2022-23	F.Y 2021-22
Gross disbursements (₹ in Crores)	-	6856.54
Gross loans (₹ in Crores)	-	7599.57
No. of Banking outlets (including BC)	1231	919
No. of Re-cyclers /ATMs	92 Re-cyclers & 52 ATMs	90 Re-cyclers & 35 ATMs
No. of Branches	856 + 2 DBUs	673
No. of Loan Accounts		27,45,353
No. of Staff		11733

8. CAPITAL STRUCTURE OF THE BANK

During the financial year ended 31st March, 2023, the Authorized Share Capital of the Bank stood at ₹ 300,00,00,000 (Rupees Three Hundred Crores) divided into 30,00,00,000 (Thirty Crores) Equity Shares of ₹ 10 (Rupees Ten) each.

The issued, subscribed and paid-up capital of the Bank as at 31st March, 2023 is ₹ 220,77,97,200 (Rupees I;Two Hundred and Twenty Crores Seventy-Seven Lakhs Nine-Seven Thousand Two Hundred) divided into 22,07,79,720 (Twenty-Two Crores Seven Lakhs Seventy-Nine Thousand Seven Hundred and Twenty) Equity Shares of ₹ 10 (Rupees Ten) each.

During FY23, the Bank did not issue any shares during the year. Also, the Bank has not bought back any of its securities.

9. ANNUAL RETURN

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 92(3) read with Rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, the Annual Return of the Bank in form MGT - 7 has been placed on the Bank's website <u>www.fincarebank.com</u>.

The Board of Directors of the Bank met 17 times in FY-2023. The maximum interval between any two meetings did not exceed 120 days and the Minutes of all the Board Meetings were duly recorded in the Minutes Book as prescribed in the Companies Act, 2013. The details of the meetings held during the year are mentioned hereunder:

Quarter 1 (April – June)	Quarter 2 (July – September)	Quarter 3 (October- December)	Quarter 4 (January- March)
1 st April, 2022	18 th July, 2022	2 nd November, 2022	31 st January 2023
25 th April, 2022	29 th July, 2022	8 th December, 2022	20 th February 2023
26 th May, 2022	6 th August, 2022		28 th February 2023
9 th June, 2022	12 th August, 2022		10 th March 2023
17 th June, 2022	23 rd August, 2022		
27 th June, 2022			

The Details of Attendance of Directors are available in the Corporate Governance Report annexed as Annexure I to this report.

11. PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS MADE UNDER SECTION 186 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

Being a Bank, disclosure of information pertaining to loans extended, guarantees given, securities provided, acquisition of securities etc. are not required to be made.

Details of Investments are given in Schedule 8 to the Financial Statements forming part of this Annual Report.

12. PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS MADE WITH RELATED PARTIES

As there are no material related party transactions, Form AOC-2 is not required to be given pursuant to Section 134(3) (h) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014 for the Financial Year ended on 31^{st} March, 2023.

13. EMPLOYEE STOCK OPTION SCHEME

In compliance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021, as amended from time to time, the Board had authorized the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Bank to administer and implement the Company's Employees Stock Option Scheme including deciding and reviewing the eligibility criteria for grant and /or issuance of stock options under the Scheme.

During the period under review, no stock options were either issued or allotted under the Employee Stock Option Scheme of the Bank and there have been no amendments with Employee Stock Option Plan-2018 (version-4) of the Bank.

14. LISTING OF SHARES OF THE BANK

In accordance with the terms and conditions of the Small Finance Bank (SFB) license issued to our Bank, the Bank is required to list its equity shares within three years from the date the net worth of our Bank crosses ₹ 500 Crores (Rupees Five Hundred Crores). In order to ensure compliance with the aforesaid licensing condition, the Bank had filed Draft Red Herring prospectus (DRHP) with Securities Exchange Board of India on 9th May, 2021, followed by an Addendum to DRHP on 20th August, 2021. However, due to prevailing and overall financial considerations, the IPO process was slowed down. Also, based on internal working groups recommendations, the Association of Small Finance Banks had written to RBI for extending timelines for new as well as existing SFBs to list their securities. However, RBI had accepted the recommendation for new SFBs only. Hence, the existing SFBs may have to comply with the existing timelines, considering the significance of Capital Adequacy. The DRHP filed on 9th May, 2021 was valid till 28th July, 2022.

Accordingly, the Board of the Bank at its meeting held on 17th June, 2022 passed a resolution to authorize the management to take all necessary steps in relation to the evaluation of options for raising additional capital including through an initial public offering by way of issue of fresh equity shares and/or offer for sale to interested and/ or existing shareholders of the Bank. Subsequently, the Bank filed a fresh Draft Red Herring prospectus (DRHP) with Securities Exchange Board of

India on 7th August, 2022 proposing a primary issue of upto ₹ 6,250 (Rupees Six Thousand Two Hundred and Fifty) million and offer for sale of upto 17,000,000 equity shares.

Thereafter, the Bank received a letter from SEBI returning the DRHP and giving a period of 60 days to re-submit the DRHP. The Bank re-submitted the Draft Red Herring prospectus (DRHP) on May 2, 2023 based on the Amended and Restated Financials as at March 31, 2023. As at the date of this report, the Bank is awaiting approval from SEBI on the DRHP filed on May 2, 2023.

15. APPOINTMENT OF AUDITORS

A. STATUTORY AUDITORS

M/s S.R. Batliboi & Associates, LLP (FRN 101049W) are appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Bank for a period of three years from F.Y. 2022 to F.Y. 2024 subject to the approval of the RBI and them meeting the eligibility criteria under Companies Act, 2013. The Bank has sought approval of the RBI for continuation of appointment of M/s S.R. Batliboi & Associates, LLP, Chartered Accountants (FRN 101049W) for FY 2023-24.

B. SECRETARIAL AUDITOR

Pursuant to the provisions of section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the Bank, at its meeting held on 2 November, 2022 has appointed M/s. Parikh Dave & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries as the Secretarial Auditor of the Bank, to conduct Secretarial Audit for F.Y. 2022-23. The Secretarial Audit Report is appended as Annexure II to the Board's Report.

C. INTERNAL AUDITOR

Mr. Subash V., holding a Master's degree in Business Administration, also a Certified Associate of Indian Institute of Bankers, and a bachelor's degree in Science – Mathematics, Physics and Chemistry, was appointed as an Internal Auditor of the Bank w.e.f. 14th July, 2021 for a period of 3 years or retirement age, whichever is earlier.

16. EXPLANATION OR COMMENTS ON QUALIFICATIONS, RESERVATIONS OR ADVERSE REMARKS OR DISCLAIMERS MADE BY THE AUDITORS AND THE PRACTICING COMPANY SECRETARY IN THEIR REPORTS

There is no qualification, reservation, disclaimer or adverse remark made or fraud reported either by the Statutory Auditor or by the Secretarial Auditor in their reports, which otherwise would have required the Board to provide explanation in their report.

17. MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENT IF ANY AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE BANK OCCURRED BETWEEN THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR TO WHICH THIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS RELATE AND THE DATE OF THE REPORT

There are no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Bank that have occurred between the end of the financial year i.e., 31st March, 2023 and the date of Boards' Report.

- 18. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO IN THE MANNER AS PRESCRIBED IN RULE 8(3) OF THE COMPANIES (ACCOUNTS) RULES, 2014
- (A) Conservation of Energy and Technology Absorption: The Bank is committed towards saving energy and performing business operations in a sustainable manner. The details pertaining to the same is provided on page no. _____ of Annual Report.
- (B) The Foreign Exchange earnings and outgo:

Particulars	₹ (F.Y 2022-23)	₹ (F.Y 2021-22)
Foreign Exchange Earnings	-	-
Foreign Exchange outflow	14,493,053	27,32,446

19. SUBSIDIARIES, JOINT VENTURES AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

The Bank does not have any Subsidiary, Joint Venture and/or Associate Company. Hence, Form AOC-1 as specified under Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable to the Bank.

20. RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY

The Bank has in place a comprehensive Risk Management framework supported by detailed policies and processes for management of Credit Risk, Market Risk, Liquidity Risk, Operational Risk, Reputational Risk and various other risks. The Board is supported by the Risk Management Committee, which is chaired by an Independent Director. It is also supported by various management committees as part of the Risk Governance framework. The design and implementation of a sound risk process is largely the responsibility of Chief Risk Officer supported by Risk Department of the Bank. At present there are no risks identified which threaten the existence of the Bank.

21. DEPOSITS

The Company being a Bank, requirements on disclosures of information in pursuance of Rule 8(5)(v) & (vi) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, read with Sections 73 and 74 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable.

22. DIRECTORS & KMPs

The Bank's Board consists of professionals with required knowledge and experience in the Banking sector. The responsibilities of the Board include, inter alia, formulating policies, taking new initiatives, reviewing performance, monitoring plans and ensuring that the Bank operates within the framework laid down by the regulator.

A) Change in Directors

During the financial year under review, following changes took place in the composition of the Board of Directors:

 Mr. Varun Sabhlok ceased to be an Independent Director w.e.f. 30th August, 2022 after completion of his tenure in the Bank.

- The Board of Directors, upon recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, at its meeting held on 6th August, 2022 appointed Mr. Narayanan Rajagopalan Nadadur as an Additional Director (Independent) on the Board of the Bank and was appointed as an Independent Director in the AGM dated September 27, 2022.
- The Board of Directors, upon recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, at its meeting held on 27th June, 2022 re-appointed Mr. Sunil Gulati and Mr. Alok Prasad as Independent Directors for a second term for the maximum tenure permissible under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and applicable Banking Regulations/RBI guidelines prevailing from time to time on the Board of the Bank. Their re-appointment was thereafter approved by way of passing special resolution at the extra ordinary general meeting held on 19th July, 2022.
- Mr. Dhiraj Poddar, Nominee Director, retires by rotation this year, and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment. The Board recommends his reappointment as Director of the Company liable to retire by rotation and was re-appointed in the AGM dated September 27, 2022.

The Board of Directors, upon recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, at its meeting held on February 20, 2023 re-appointed Mr. Rajeev Yadav as a MD & CEO for another term for the maximum tenure permissible under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and applicable Banking Regulations/RBI guidelines prevailing from time to time on the Board of the Bank. His re-appointment was thereafter approved by way of passing special resolution at the extra ordinary general meeting held on March 15, 2023.

Further, after the period under review, i.e. 31st March, 2023:

- The Board of Directors, upon recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, at its meeting held on 12th June, 2023 re-appointed Mr. Pramod Kabra as a Non-Executive Director for third term for a period of 4 years subject to maximum tenure permissible under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and applicable Banking Regulations/RBI guidelines prevailing from time to time on the Board of the Bank.
- The Board of Directors, upon recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, at its meeting held on 28th February, 2023 appointed Mr. Vinay Baijal as a Chairperson of the Board for the maximum tenure permissible under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and applicable Banking Regulations/RBI guidelines prevailing from time to time on the Board of the Bank.

The Bank is in compliance with the requirements of the RBI guidelines with respect to Small Finance Banks.

B) Changes in Key Managerial Personnel

During the period under review, there has been no change in the KMPs of the Bank.

23. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS OR TRIBUNALS IMPACTING THE GOING CONCERN STATUS AND BANK'S OPERATIONS IN FUTURE

There are no material orders passed by the Regulators/ Courts/Tribunals during FY23, which would impact the going concern status of the Bank and its future operations. The Bank has complied with the applicable requirements and no penalties were imposed on the Bank by Stock Exchanges and SEBI during the year under review.

24. UPDATE ON INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In respect of adequacy of Internal Financial Controls (IFC) with reference to the Financial Statements, the Board has adopted the policies and procedures for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Bank's policies, safeguarding of its assets, timely prevention and detection of frauds and errors, accuracy and completeness of the accounting records and timely preparation of reliable financial information. Further, the management regularly reviews the controls for any possible changes and takes appropriate actions.

25. DECLARATION BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

The Independent Directors have submitted their disclosures to the Board confirming compliance with all the requirements as stipulated in section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 so as to qualify themselves to be appointed as Independent Directors under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the relevant rules.

26. DETAILS OF POLICY DEVELOPED AND IMPLEMENTED BY THE BANK ON ITS CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY INITIATIVES

In compliance with Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, the Bank has adopted a Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Policy. The CSR policy of the Bank is framed in line with the guidelines on Corporate Social Responsibility for Private and Public enterprises.

Statutory disclosures with respect to the CSR Committee and a Report on CSR Activities form part of this report as **Annexure III.**

27. COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD

The Board has constituted various Committees to take informed decisions in the interest of the Bank and to establish adequate corporate governance practice. The Board Committees deal with specific matters as per powers delegated by the Board and monitor the activities falling under different functional areas of the Bank in accordance with provisions of Companies Act, 2013, the relevant rules made thereunder, Banking Regulation Act, 1949, other guidelines issued by RBI from time to time and, the Articles of Association of the Bank.

Details of composition of various Committees are specified in the Corporate Governance Report forming part of this report as Annexure I.

Further there were no instances when Board had not accepted any recommendation of the Audit Committee.

28. STATEMENT INDICATING THE MANNER IN WHICH FORMAL ANNUAL EVALUATION HAS BEEN MADE BY THE BOARD OF ITS OWN PERFORMANCE AND THAT OF ITS COMMITTEES AND INDIVIDUAL DIRECTORS

The Directors carried out evaluation of the Board as a whole, its Committees and the Directors (Executive, Non-Executive & Independent Directors) as per the performance evaluation procedure recommended by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee (Nomination Committee) for evaluation of performance of (i) Board/ Committees (ii) Directors, in areas such as, Board composition, level of involvement, performance of duties, attendance, etc. The Directors were updated by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee found the performance of all the Directors to be satisfactory and also found the overall functioning of the Board as well as that of its Committees as effective.

EVALUATION OF THE BOARD

The Board evaluated its performance as a whole and was satisfied with its performance and composition of Independent and Non-Independent Directors. Further, the Board appreciated that it comprised of professionals from multiple backgrounds which brought diversity of thinking and inputs to the table for effective functioning.

EVALUATION OF THE COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD

The Board evaluated its committees and was satisfied with their composition, functioning, frequency of meetings and performance.

EVALUATION OF THE DIRECTORS BY THE BOARD

The Board reviewed the individual performance of all the Directors of the Bank including Executive, Non-Executive and Independent Directors and noted that the performance of each Director met the expectations of the Bank. The Board further discussed that it is advisable to continue with the existing terms of appointment of the Independent Directors.

29. SEPARATE MEETING OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

The Independent Directors of the Bank met separately on 27th February 2023 without the presence of other directors and / or management team members, as required under Schedule IV of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable provisions of the Act.

30. DETAILS OF ESTABLISHMENT OF VIGIL MECHANISM FOR DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES

The Bank has established a Whistle Blower Policy pursuant to which Directors and employees of the Bank can report their concerns on unethical and/or improper behavior, practices, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the Bank's Code of Conduct or any other wrongful conduct in the Bank or of its staff. There were 8 complaints reported in the quarter ended 31st March, 2023 and suitable actions were taken as per Whistle Blower Policy adopted by the Bank.

31. DISCLOSURE UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013

The Bank has in place a policy in line with the requirements of The Sexual Harassment of Women at the Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013. The Internal Committee has been set up to redress complaints received regarding sexual harassment. All employees are covered under the policy. During F.Y 2022-23, 6 complaints were received.

32. MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

The Management Discussion and Analysis report is attached to this report as **Annexure IV.**

33. DIRECTORS RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

In accordance with the provisions of Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Board hereby submits its responsibility Statement:

- a. in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards were followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- b. the Directors selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Bank at the end of the financial year 2022-23 and of the profit of the Bank for that period;
- c. the Directors took proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the Bank and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d. the Directors prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- e. the Directors laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Bank and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively; and
- f. the Directors devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

34. HUMAN RESOURCES

The Bank continued to attract talent, both freshers and experienced in order to support its business and expansion goals. With ongoing efforts in transforming the Bank, the Bank provided employment opportunities across business, corporate and control functions. The Bank expanded its workforce to 14,804 employees as at 31st March, 2023 as against 11,733 employees as at 31st March, 2022.

The disclosures pursuant to section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5 of Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 are specified in the Corporate Governance Report forming part of this report as **Annexure I**.

35. COMPLIANCE

The Bank has established a strong compliance culture and framework in line with its strategic goals of transparency and trust, among all its stakeholders. The Bank has a dedicated Compliance Department for ensuring regulatory compliance, across all its businesses and operations. The key functions of this department include, disseminating key regulatory updates affecting the various businesses of the Bank, reviewing new products and processes from a regulatory compliance perspective, providing guidance on compliancerelated matters, among others. The Bank also put in place a 'Know Your Customer' and 'Anti-Money Laundering Policy' approved by the Board of Directors and transaction monitoring procedures, in accordance with the RBI guidelines.

36. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

A Report on Corporate Governance is attached as **Annexure** I and forms part of the Directors' Report. Details on number of Meetings of Board and Committees and composition of various Committees of the Board are given in the Corporate Governance Report.

37. COMPLIANCE OF SECRETARIAL STANDARDS

The Bank has a dedicated Secretarial Department which ensures compliances of the Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India, along with the other requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable provisions.

38. DISCLOSURE ON MAINTAINANCE OF COST RECORDS

The maintenance of cost records as specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013, is not applicable to the Bank and hence the same is not maintained.

39. POLICY ON DIRECTORS' APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 134 and 178 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Bank has formulated and adopted the policy on appointment and remuneration of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel, a copy of which is placed on the website of the Bank at www.fincarebank.com.

40. RBI GUIDELINES

The Bank has complied and is committed to comply with all the licensing and operating guidelines of RBI as amended from time to time and the provisions of Banking Regulation Act, 1949.

41. CAUTIONARY STATEMENT

Statements in this Directors' Report and Management Discussion and Analysis Report describing the Bank's objectives, projections, estimates, expectations or predictions may be "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of applicable RBI guidelines and regulations. Actual results could differ materially from those expressed or implied. Important factors that could make difference to the Bank's operations include raw changes in Government regulations, Tax regimes, economic developments within India and the countries in which the Company conducts business and other ancillary factors.

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Sd/-

Pramod Kabra Chairman and Non-Executive Director DIN: 02252403 Add: 2101, Floor 21, Plot 30, Tower No.4, Strata Planet Godrej, Keshavrao, Khadymarg, Saat Rasta, Jacob Circle, Mumbai – 400011, Maharashtra

Date: June 23, 2023

Place: Mumbai

42. ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The Directors place on record their sincere thanks to the Reserve Bank of India, Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Indian Banks' Association (IBA), Unique Identification Authority of India (UIDAI), the Bank's Customers, Depositors, Bankers and other Lenders, Shareholders, Registrar and Transfer Agent, Debenture holders, Debenture Trustees and other stakeholders for their continued support and faith reposed in the Bank. The Directors would also like to thank the BSE Limited, National Securities Depository Limited, Central Depository Services (India) Limited and the Credit Rating Agencies for their continued co-operation. The Board of Directors appreciates their support and is grateful for the confidence that they have placed in the Board of Directors and the Bank's management. The Board also places on record its deep appreciation for the dedication and commitment of the staff at all levels as their hard work, co-operation and support which enabled the Bank to achieve its corporate goals.

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Sd/-

Rajeev Yadav

Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer DIN: 00111379 Add: Villa 578. Phase 3. Adarsh Palm Retreat. Outer Ring Road, Devarabeesanahalli, Bellandur, Bangalore- 560103, Karnataka

Date: June 23, 2023

Place: Bengaluru

Annexure I

REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Fincare Small Finance Bank Limited (the "Company/ Bank") has put in place a Corporate Governance process that aims to meet stakeholders' aspirations and societal expectations. It is not a discipline imposed by a regulator, but is a culture that guides the Board, Management and Staff to function towards the best interest of stakeholders. The philosophy stems from the belief that Corporate Governance is a key element in improving efficiency and growth as well as enhancing investor confidence. The Bank strongly believes in ethical conduct and self-discipline to achieve higher standard of Corporate Governance and continues to strive for excellence in business operations through transparency and accountability to its stakeholders.

BANK'S PHILOSOPHY ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE:

The Bank's Corporate Governance Philosophy is based on the phrase "Total commitment to ethical practices in the conduct of business". At the core of its Corporate Governance practice is the Board, which oversees how the management serves and protects the long-term interests of all the stakeholders of the Bank. The Bank believes that an active well informed and independent Board is necessary to ensure the highest standards of Corporate Governance. The Bank's Corporate Governance practices are aimed at meeting the requirements as per the Reserve Bank of India ("RBI"), Securities Exchange Board of India ("SEBI") and other Regulators besides good practices recommended by professional bodies or practiced by leading Banks/ Companies in India.

CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE:

The Bank has adopted and implemented Corporate Governance Policy which empowers the Board with necessary authority to review and evaluate its operations. This Policy permits the Board to make decisions that are independent of the Management. The Board may change this Policy from time to time in order to effectively achieve Bank's stated objectives.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

The Bank has an optimal combination of Executive Director, Non-Executive Chairman, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors, in compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 and the Directions issued by the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) for Small Finance Banks from time to time. The Board's actions and decisions are aligned with the Bank's best interests. It is committed to the goal of sustainably elevating Bank's value. The Board critically evaluates Bank's strategic direction, management policies and their effectiveness. In terms of the Corporate Governance philosophy, all statutory and other significant material information is placed before the Board to enable it to discharge its responsibility of strategic supervision of the Bank as trustees of the Shareholders.

1. Composition of the Board and directorships held during the FY 2022-23:

Category	Name of Director	Date of Appointment	Date of Cessation	No. of Board Meetings attended	No. of Committee Meetings attended	Attendance at last AGM held on September 27, 2022	Other Directorships (As at March 31, 2023)
Executive Director	Mr. Rajeev Yadav, Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer	July 17, 2017	-	17	12	No	NIL
	Mr. Pramod Kabra, Part- Time Chairman and Non- Executive Director	September, 19, 2013	-	11	10	No	3
Non-	Mr. Divya Sehgal, Nominee Director	October 13, 2021	-	6	2	No	2
Executive Directors	Mr. Dhiraj Poddar, Nominee Director	September 27, 2021	-	1	2	Yes	8
	Mr. Sameer Yogesh Nanavati, Nominee Director	June 24, 2017	-	12	14	Yes	3

Category	Name of Director	Date of Appointment	Date of Cessation	No. of Board Meetings attended	No. of Committee Meetings attended	Attendance at last AGM held on September 27, 2022	Other Directorships (As at March 31, 2023)
	Mr. Alok Prasad, Independent Director	July 20, 2017	-	16	26	Yes	3
	Mr. Sunil Satyapal Gulati, Independent Director	July 20, 2017	-	14	27	No	11
	Ms. Nanda Sameer Dave, Independent Director	June 21, 2021	-	11	14	No	1
Independent Directors	Mr. Varun Sabhlok, Independent Director*	August 31, 2017	August 30, 2022	8	5	NA	-
Directors	Mr. Vinay Baijal, Independent Director	February 25, 2017	-	17	23	Yes	3
	Ms. Aarthi Sivanandh, Independent Director	April 28, 2021	-	12	4	No	1
	Mr. Narayanan Rajagopalan Nadadur, Independent Director*	August 06, 2022	-	6	8	No	1

Notes:

- The Board of Directors, upon recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, at its meeting held on 27th June, 2022 re-appointed Mr. Sunil Satyapal Gulati (DIN: 00016990) as an Independent Director on the Board of the Bank for a second term of five years, as per the maximum tenure permissible under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. His re-appointment as an Independent Director of the Bank was approved by the shareholders by way of passing of a special resolution at the Extra-Ordinary General Meeting held on 19th July, 2022.
- The Board of Directors, upon recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, at its meeting held on 27th June, 2022 re-appointed Mr. Alok Prasad, (DIN:00080225), as an Independent Director on the Board of the Bank for a second term of five years, as per the maximum tenure permissible under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. His re-appointment as an Independent Director of the Bank was approved by the shareholders by way of passing of a special resolution at the Extra-Ordinary General Meeting held on 19th July, 2022.
- The Board of Directors, upon recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, at its meeting held on 6th August, 2022 appointed Mr. Narayanan Rajagopalan Nadadur (DIN: 07877022) as an Additional Director (Independent) with effect from August 6, 2022 on the Board of the Bank for a period of 5 years. His appointment was, thereafter, regularized as an Independent Director by way of passing a special resolution at the Annual General Meeting held on 27th September, 2022.

- The Board of Directors at its meeting held on 23rd August, 2022, took note of the cessation of Mr. Varun Sabhlok, from the position of the Independent Director of the Bank from the close of business hours on August 30, 2022.
- The Board of Directors, upon recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, at its meeting held on 23rd August, 2022 re-appointed Mr. Dhiraj Poddar, (DIN: 01946905), as a Nominee Director (nominated by Fincare Business Services Limited) on the Board of the Bank for a second term of five years, as per the maximum tenure permissible under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. His re-appointment as a Nominee Director of the Bank was approved by the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting held on 27th September, 2022.

2. Disclosure of relationships between Directors inter-se:

The Directors do not have any relationship inter-se.

3. Number of Shares and convertible instruments held by Non-Executive Directors:

Mr. Sameer Yogesh Nanavati, Nominee Director representing Fincare Business Services Limited holds 1,62,213 equity shares of the Bank amounting to negligible percentage (0.07%) of total paid-up Equity Share Capital of the Bank.

Apart from the above, none of the other Non-executive Directors of the Company hold any shares in the Company.

BOARD MEETINGS:

The Board of Directors of the Company met 17 (Seventeen) times in the financial year 2022-23. The maximum interval between any two meetings did not exceed 120 days and the minutes of all the Board Meetings were duly recorded in the Minutes Book as prescribed in the Companies Act, 2013. The details of the meetings held in the year are mentioned hereunder: -

Quarter 1 (April-June)	Quarter 2 (July-Sept)	Quarter 3 (Oct-Dec)	Quarter 4 (Jan-March)
April 1, 2022	July 18, 2022	November 2, 2022	January 31, 2023
April 25, 2022	July 29, 2022	December 8, 2022	February 20, 2023
May 26, 2022	August 6, 2022		February 28, 2023
June 9, 2022	August 12, 2022		March 10, 2023
June 17, 2022	August 23, 2022		
June 27, 2022			

The Minutes of all the Board Meetings were duly recorded in the Minutes Book.

Prior to each meeting of Board of Directors, agenda items along with detailed background information were circulated to the Board Members in compliance with Secretarial Standards (SS-1) and applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. Various presentations were also made to the Board by the functional heads on important matters. In addition to items which were required to be placed before the Board for its noting and/or approval, information on various other significant items were also provided.

COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD:

During the period under review, the Board had 11 (Eleven) Committees, namely,

- Audit Committee;
- Nomination and Remuneration Committee;
- Risk Management Committee;
- Corporate Social Responsibility Committee;
- Customer Service Committee;
- IT Strategy Committee;
- Stakeholders Relationship Committee;
- Credit Approval Committee;
- Fraud Monitoring Committee;
- Special Committee to Investigate Sambandh Fraud; and
- Willful Defaulter Identification Review Committee

These Committees assist the Board of Directors by focusing on specific responsibilities in greater detail than what is achievable for the Board as a whole, reporting to the Board and making necessary recommendations.

AUDIT COMMITTEE:

Composition:

The Audit Committee ("the ACB") has been constituted in accordance with provisions of Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and RBI regulations applicable to the Bank.

During the financial year 2022-23 pursuant to the appointment and resignation of the Directors as mentioned in the notes to point no. 1 of this report under the heading "Composition of the Board and directorships held during the FY 2022-23" and also to align the committee structure with RBI Circular on Corporate Governance in Banks – Appointment of Directors and constitution of committees of the Board, the ACB was reconstituted on 23rd August, 2022. Post the re-constitutions the composition of the ACB as at 31st March, 2023 was as follows:

- 1. Mr. Vinay Baijal Chairperson and Independent Director
- 2. Mr. Alok Prasad Independent Director
- 3. Mr. Dhiraj Poddar Nominee Director
- 4. Mr. Sameer Yogesh Nanavati Nominee Director
- 5. Mr. Sunil Satyapal Gulati Independent Director
- 6. Mr. Narayanan Rajagopalan Nadadur Independent Director
- 7. Ms. Nanda Sameer Dave Independent Director

The ACB of the Board met 11 (Eleven) times during the year under review:

Quarter 1 (April-June)	Quarter 2 (July-Sept)	Quarter 3 (Oct-Dec)	Quarter 4 (Jan-March)
May 25, 2022	July 29, 2022	October 17, 2022	January 10, 2023
May 26, 2022	August 12, 2022	November 2, 2022	January 31, 2023
	August 29, 2022	November 24, 2022	
		December 21, 2022	

Audit Committee Meeting attendance:

Name	Nature of Directorship	No of meetings attended
Mr. Vinay Baijal	Chairperson of the Audit Committee and Independent Director	11
Mr. Alok Prasad	Independent Director	10
Mr. Sameer Yogesh Nanavati	Nominee Director	7
Mr. Sunil Satyapal Gulati	Independent Director	9
Mr. Varun Sabhlok*	Independent Director	3
Ms. Nanda Sameer Dave	Independent Director	8
Mr. Dhiraj Poddar	Independent Director	2
Mr. Narayanan Rajagopalan Nadadur **	Independent Director	5

*Mr. Varun Sabhlok ceased to be the Member of the ACB w.e.f 23rd August, 2022.

**Mr. Narayanan Rajagopalan Nadadur was inducted as a Member of the ACB w.e.f. 23rd August, 2022.

Functioning of the ACB:

On 29th July, 2022, the Board of Directors revised the charter for the ACB setting out the roles, responsibilities and functioning of the Committee. In addition to adherence to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, applicable guidelines of the Reserve Bank of India and all other applicable regulatory requirements, the terms of reference of the Audit Committee are covered by its charter. Its functioning, inter alia includes the following:

A. Audit-related functions

- 1. Recommending to the Board, the appointment, reappointment, terms of reference and, if required, the replacement or removal of the statutory auditor and the fixation of audit fees.
- 2. Discussion with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion, to ascertain any area of concern.
- 3. Reviewing and monitoring the statutory and internal auditors independence and performance, and effectiveness of audit process.
- 4. Approval of payment to statutory auditors for any other services rendered by the statutory auditors.
- Review of compliance with inspection and audit reports of Reserve Bank of India, review of the findings of internal investigations, discussion the scope of audit with external auditors and examination of reasons for substantial defaults.
- 6. A consolidated review of cases of fraud, dacoity, robbery etc., detected during the year containing information such as area of operations where such attempts were made, effectiveness of new processes and procedures put in place during the year, trend of such cases during the last three years, need for further change in processes and procedures, if any, etc as at March 31 every year should be put up to the ACB within three months of the end of the relative year.

B. Financial Statements

- 1. Reviewing with the management, the annual financial statements before submission to the Board for approval, with particular reference to:
 - (i) Matters required to be included in the Directors Responsibility Statement to be included in the Boards

report in terms of clause (c) of sub-section 3 of section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013;

- (ii) Changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same;
- (iii) Major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management;
- (iv) Significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings;
- (v) Compliance with legal requirements relating to financial statements;
- (vi) Disclosure of any related party transactions; and
- (vii) Qualifications in draft Audit report.
- 2. Reviewing with the management, the half-yearly financial statements before submission to the Board for approval; and
- 3. Reviewing with the management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the Board for approval.

C. Internal audit related functions

- 1. Reviewing with the management, the adequacy of the internal control systems;
- Reviewing the adequacy of internal audit function, if any, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure, coverage and frequency of internal audit;
- 3. Discussing with internal auditors any significant findings and follow up there on; and
- 4. Reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the Board.

D. Related Party Transactions

- a. Prior approval of all related party transactions or any subsequent material modification of transactions of the Bank with related parties. Provided that only those members of the audit committee, who are independent directors, shall approve related party transactions.
- b. Defining \Box material modifications \Box .

E. Others

- Reviewing with the management, the statement of uses / application of funds raised through an issue (public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, etc.), the statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document / prospectus / notice and the report submitted by the monitoring agency monitoring the utilisation of proceeds of a public or rights issue and making appropriate recommendations to the board to take up steps in this matter.
- 2. In relation to a monitoring agency appointed to monitor the utilisation of proceeds of a public issue or rights issue or preferential issue or qualified institutions placement, the monitoring report of such agency shall be placed before the audit committee on a quarterly basis, promptly upon its receipt.
- 3. Evaluating internal financial controls and risk management systems.
- 4. Appointing valuers for valuation of any property, stocks, shares, debentures, securities or goodwill or any other assets or net worth of a Bank or liability of the Bank under the provision of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 5. Undertaking and / or approving valuation of undertakings or assets of the Bank, wherever it is necessary.
- 6. Scrutinizing inter-Bank loans and investments.
- 7. Reviewing guidelines for investing surplus funds of the Bank.
- 8. Reviewing investment proposals before submission to the Board of Directors.
- 9. To review proposal for mergers, demergers, acquisitions, carve-outs, sale, transfer of business / real estate and its valuation report and fairness opinion, if any, thereof.
- 10. Pre-approval or any subsequent modification of transactions of the Bank with related parties
- 11. To ensure proper system of storage, retrieval, display, or printout of the electronic record.
- 12. To look into the reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to the debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors.
- 13. To review the functioning of the Whistle Blower I vigil mechanism. The procedures should ensure adequate safeguards against victimization of persons using such mechanism and make provision for direct access to the chairperson of the Audit Committee in appropriate or exceptional cases.
- 14. Any other requirement in accordance with the applicable provisions of Companies Act, or any re-enactment, amendment or modification thereto from time to time.
- 15. To review findings and report of Fraud Monitoring Committee on periodic basis on the cases of attempted fraud and any other findings.
- 16. Review the KYC/Anti-Money Laundering (AML) / Counter -Financing of Terrorism CFT) policy annually and review the implementation of the Bank's AML / CFT programme.

- 17. The Committee will perform any other duties and responsibilities that are consistent with the Committee's purpose, Articles of Association as the Board or Committee deems necessary or appropriate.
- 18. To approve appointment of chief financial officer after assessing the qualifications, experience and background, etc. of the candidate.
- 19. Carrying out any other function as is mentioned in the terms of reference of the audit committee
- 20. Reviewing the utilization of loans and/ or advances from/ investment by the holding company in the subsidiary exceeding rupees 100 crore or 10% of the asset size of the subsidiary, whichever is lower including existing loans / advances / investments existing As at the date of coming into force of this provision
- 21. Consider and comment on rationale, cost-benefits and impact of schemes involving merger, demerger, amalgamation etc.

F. Disclosure

- 1. Oversight of the B'nk's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that, the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible;
- 2. Take note of required disclosures on significant changes in internal controls over financial reporting during the year;
- 3. Mandatorily review the following information:
 - Management discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations; Statement of significant related party transactions, (as defined by the Audit Committee), submitted by management;
 - (ii) Management letters of internal control weaknesses issued by the statutory auditors;
 - (iii) Internal audit reports relating to internal control weaknesses;
 - (iv) The appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the Chief Internal Auditor; and;
 - (v) Statement of deviations:
 - quarterly statement of deviation(s) including report of monitoring agency, if applicable, submitted to stock exchange(s) in terms of Regulation 32(1) of the Listing Regulations.
 - annual statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document/ prospectus/notice.
 - c. annual statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document/ prospectus/notice in terms of Regulation 32(7) of the Listing Regulations.
 - d. In relation to a monitoring agency appointed to monitor the utilization of proceeds of a public issue or right issue or preferential issue or qualified institutions placements, the monitoring report of such agency shall be placed before the Audit Committee on a quarterly basis, promptly upon its receipt.

Quarter 4

In order to perform its roles and responsibilities and to investigate any activity within its terms of reference, the Audit Committee shall have the power to seek information from any employee, to obtain outside legal or other professional advice and to secure attendance of outsiders with relevant expertise, if it considers necessary.

NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE:

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee ("the NRC") has been constituted in accordance with provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and RBI regulations applicable to the Bank.

The NRC of the Board met 12 (Twelve) times during the year under review:

(April-June)	(July-Sept)	(Oct-Dec)	(Jan-March)
April 21, 2022	July 11, 2022	October 14, 2022	January 30, 2023
April 22, 2022	August 4, 2022		February 20, 2023
June 27, 2022	August 23, 2022		February 23, 2023
			February 28, 2023
			March 03, 2023

Quarter 2

Nomination and Remuneration Committee Meeting attendance:

Name	Nature of Directorship	No. of meetings attended
Mr. Alok Prasad	Chairperson of NRC and Independent Director	12
Mr. Pramod Kabra	Part Time Chairman of Board and Non-Executive Director	10
Mr. Sunil Satyapal Gulati	Independent Director	12
Mr. Vinay Baijal	Independent Director	12

Functioning of the NRC

Quarter 1

The Board of Directors revised the charter for the NRC setting out the roles, responsibilities and functioning of this Committee on 29th July, 2022. In addition to adherence to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and applicable RBI guidelines, the terms of reference of Nomination and Remuneration Committee is covered by its Charter and its functioning, inter alia, includes the following:

- Formulating the criteria for determining qualifications, 1 compliance with the fit and proper criteria as required under the Reserve Bank of India Guidelines for Licensing of Small Finance Banks in the Private Sector, attributes and independence of a Director and recommending to the Board of Directors a policy, relating to the remuneration of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other employees;
- 2. While formulating the above policy, ensure that ---
 - the level and composition of remuneration is reasonable (i) and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate Directors of the quality required to run our Bank successfully;
 - (ii) relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets appropriate performance benchmarks; and
 - (iii) remuneration to Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and senior management involves a balance between fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and long term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the Bank and its goals;

- Formulating criteria for evaluation of performance of 3. Independent Directors and the Board of Directors;
- 4. Reviewing the performance of each existing Director and considering the results of such review when determining whether or not to recommend the nomination of such Director for the next year;
- Devising a policy on diversity of Board of Directors; 5.
- 6. Identifying persons who are qualified to become directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down, and recommending to the Board of Directors their appointment and removal and the manner for effective evaluation of performance of the Board, its committees and individual Directors to be carried out either by the Board, by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee or by an independent external agency and reviewing its implementation and compliance.
- 7. Extending or continuing the term of appointment of the Independent Director, on the basis of the report of performance evaluation of Independent Directors;
- 8. Recommending to the board, all remuneration, in whatever form, payable to senior management;
- 9. Determining the Bank's policy on specific remuneration packages for Whole-time Directors / Executive Directors including pension rights and any compensation payment;

Composition:

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The composition of the NRC as at 31st March, 2023 was as follows:

- Mr. Alok Prasad Chairperson and Independent Director 1.
- 2. Mr. Sunil Satyapal Gulati - Independent Director
- 3. Mr. Pramod Kabra - Part-time Chairman of Board and Non-**Executive Director**
- 4. Mr. Vinay Baijal - Independent Director

Quarter 3

- 10. Deciding the actual Salary, Salary Grades, Overseas Allowance, Perquisites, Retirals and Increment of Whole-time Directors;
- 11. Defining and implementing the performance linked incentive scheme and evaluating the performance and determine the amount of incentive of the Whole-time Directors for that purpose;
- 12. Administering, monitoring and formulating detailed terms and conditions of the Employees Stock Option Scheme of the Bank;
- Periodically reviewing and suggesting revision of the total remuneration package of the Whole-time Directors keeping in view performance of the Bank, standards prevailing in the industry, norms specified by RBI, statutory guidelines, etc;
- 14. Carrying out any other function as mandated by the Board from time to time and / or enforced/mandated by any statutory notification, amendment or modification, as may be applicable;
- 15. Planning for MD&CEO/ senior management succession including plans for interim succession in the event of an unexpected occurrence and submitting a report to the Board to nominate potential successors to such personnel;
- 16. Ensuring that a Deed of Covenant and a declaration and undertaking in Bank's favor, as may be specified by RBI, is obtained from every Director;
- 17. Ensuring that an annual declaration is obtained from its Directors that the information provided has not undergone change and where there is any change, requisite details from them has been obtained forthwith;
- 18. Scrutinizing Deed of Covenant and a declaration and undertaking submitted by each of its Directors and on a continuing basis, performing due diligence in respect of each of its Directors and reporting to the Reserve Bank if any of its directors fails to fulfil the 'fit and proper' criteria as specified by the RBI from time to time.
- 19. Reviewing and assessing its own performance on an annual basis;

- Overseeing the Director succession planning process for ensuring the right mix of Directors on the Board;
- 21. In cases where a Director provides any services to the Bank in any other capacity, evaluating whether the Director possesses the requisite qualification for the practice of such profession;
- 22. Developing an Orientation (new Directors) and Continuing Education Program (CEP) for the Board and individual Directors so as to keep abreast of changes in the Bank and the environment in which it operates; and
- 23. Performing such other functions as may be necessary or appropriate for the performance of its duties.

RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE:

The Bank has formed Risk Management Committee ("the RMC") of the Board for assisting the Board to establish a risk culture and risk governance framework in the organization. The function of the Committee is to identify management of risk inherent in all products and services across the Bank and to ensure that the established risk culture is adopted across all levels.

During the financial year 2022-23 pursuant to the appointment and resignation of the Directors as mentioned in the notes to point no. 1 of this report under the heading "Composition of the Board and directorships held during the FY 2022-23" and also to align the committee structure as per RBI Circular on Corporate Governance in Banks – Appointment of Directors and constitution of committees of the Board, the RMC was reconstituted on 23rd August, 2022. Post these re-constitutions the composition of the RMC as at 31st March, 2023 was as follows:

- 1. Mr. Sunil Satyapal Gulati Chairperson of the RMC and Independent Director
- 2. Mr. Alok Prasad Chairman of the Board and Non-Executive Director
- 3. Mr. Rajeev Yadav Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer
- 4. Mr. Narayanan Rajagopalan Nadadur Independent Director

The RMC of the Board met 4 (four) times during the year under review:

Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4
(April-June)	(July-Sept)	(Oct-Dec)	(Jan-March)
June 7, 2022	August 29, 2022	October 28, 2022	January 30, 2023

Risk Management Committee Meeting Attendance:

Name	Nature of Directorship	No. of meetings attended
Mr. Sunil Satyapal Gulati Chairperson of the RMCB and Independent Director		4
Mr. Rajeev Yadav	Managing Director and CEO	4
Mr. Alok Prasad	Independent Director	3
Mr. Varun Sabhlok*	Independent Director	1
Mr. Narayanan Rajagopalan Nadadur	Independent Director	2

*Mr. Varun Sabhlok ceased to be the Member of the RMC w.e.f 23rd August, 2022.

**Mr. Narayanan Rajagopalan Nadadur was inducted as a Member of the RMC w.e.f. 23rd August, 2022.

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Functioning of Risk Management Committee

On 29th July, 2022, the Board of Directors have revised the charter for the Risk Management Committee setting out the roles, responsibilities and functioning of the Committee. In addition to the applicable RBI guidelines, the terms of reference of Risk Management Committee are covered by its Charter and its functioning, inter alia includes the following:

A. Risk Management

- 1. To formulate a detailed risk management policy which shall include:
 - a. A framework for identification of internal and external risks specifically faced by the listed entity, in particular including financial, operational, sectoral, sustainability (particularly, ESG related risks), information, cyber security risks or any other risk as may be determined by the committee.
 - b. Measures for risk mitigation including systems and processes for internal control of identified risks.
 - c. Business continuity plan.
- To ensure that appropriate methodology, processes and systems are in place to monitor and evaluate risks associated with the business of the Bank;
- To monitor and oversee implementation of the risk management policy, including evaluating the adequacy of risk management system;
- 4. To periodically review the risk management policy, at least once in two years, including by considering the changing industry dynamics and evolving complexity;
- 5. To keep the board of directors informed about the nature and content of its discussions, recommendations and actions to be taken;
- 6. The appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the chief risk officer (if any) shall be subject to review by the committee;
- The Risk Management Committee shall coordinate its activities with other committees, in instances where there is any overlap with activities of such committees, as per the framework laid down by the board of directors;
- To ensure that all the current and future material risk exposures of the Bank are assessed, identified, quantified, appropriately mitigated and managed;
- 9. To establish a framework for the risk management process and to ensure its implementation in the Bank;
- 10. To ensure that the Bank is taking appropriate measures to achieve prudent balance between risk and reward in both ongoing and new business activities;
- 11. Review and recommend changes, from time to time, to the Risk Management plan and/ or associated frameworks, processes and practices of the Bank;
- 12. To enable compliance with appropriate regulations, wherever applicable, through the adoption of best practices;

- 13. To verify adherence to various risk parameters and prudential limits for treasury operations and to review its risk monitoring system.
- 14. Perform other activities related to this charter as requested by the Board of Directors or to address issues related to any significant subject within its term of reference.
- 15. To develop an integrated framework for charting / categorizing various types of loans, to determine implications on quality and review of returns and reports to the Reserve Bank of India pertaining to the Risk Monitoring function.
- 16. Evaluate overall risks faced by the bank and determining the level of risks which will be in the best interest of the bank.
- 17. To review management's formulation of procedures, action plans and strategies to mitigate risks on short term as well as long term basis;
- 18. To review the credit and liquidity stress test results on a quarterly basis
- 19. Identify, monitor and measure the risk profile of the bank.
- 20. To ensure that the Bank's credit exposure to any one group or industry does not exceed the internally set limits and that the risk is prudently diversified.
- 21. Develop policies and procedures, verify the models that are used for pricing complex products, review the risk models as development takes place in the markets and also identify new risks.
- 22. Design stress scenarios to measure the impact of unusual market conditions and monitor variance between the actual volatility of portfolio value and that predicted by the risk measures.
- 23. Monitor compliance of various risk parameters by operating Departments.
- 24. Review the outsourcing functions of the Bank
- 25. Review of risk management practices, procedures and systems to ensure that same are adequate to limit all potential risks, faced by the bank to prudent levels (Annually). (Risk Management Framework to be reviewed for adequacy).
- 26. Limit Management Framework to be defined by outlining of the tolerance limits. Any exceptions and breaches to be reported on a quarterly basis.
- 27. Reviewing adequacy of insurance policies taken by Management to cover risks/ transfer risk exposures.
- 28. To ensure compliance with Banks Group policy and regulatory requirement.

B. Liquidity Management

- 1. Ensuring compliance with Banks Group policy and regulatory requirement;
- 2. Setting local targets and reviewing assumptions used for forecasting cash flows;
- 3. Reviewing and approving contingency plans for liquidity and realisability assumption;

- 4. Reviewing and managing concentration risk arising from both borrowers and depositors;
- 5. Ensuring business activity is consistent with the structural integrity of the balance sheet, including capital consumption;
- 6. Ensuring that risks inherent in local payment systems are evaluated, guantified and managed.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY COMMITTEE:

During the financial year 2022-23 pursuant to the appointment and resignation of the Directors as mentioned in the notes to point no. 1 of this report under the heading "Composition of the Board and directorships held during the FY 2022-23" and also to align the committee structure with RBI Circular on Corporate Governance in Banks – Appointment of Directors and constitution of committees of the Board, the CSR was reconstituted on 23 August 2022. Post these re-constitutions the composition of the CSR as at 31st March, 2023 was as follows:

- 1. Mr. Divya Sehgal Chairperson of CSR Committee and Independent Director
- 2. Ms. Aarthi Sivanandh Independent Director
- 3. Mr. Sameer Yogesh Nanavati Nominee Director

The CSR Committee of the Board met 4 (four) times during the year under review.

Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4
(April-June)	(July-Sept)	(Oct-Dec)	(Jan-March)
June 20, 2022	September 29, 2022	December 15, 2022	March 28, 2023

CSR Committee Meeting Attendance:

Name	Nature of Directorship	No of meetings attended/approval granted
Mr. Divya Sehgal	Chairperson of the CSR Committee and Independent Director	2
Ms. Aarthi Sivanandh	Independent Director	4
Mr. Sameer Yogesh Nanavati	Nominee Director	4
Mr. Varun Sabhlok*	Independent Director	0

*Mr. Varun Sabhlok ceased to be the Member of the CSR Committee w.e.f 23rd August, 2022.

The Bank has spent a total amount of ₹ 2,37,94,099 towards CSR activities for the financial year 2022-23 as against the total CSR obligation of ₹ 2,36,58,890 in the areas specified in Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013, with no unspent amount for the financial year 2022-23.

A detailed Report on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Activities for the financial year 2022-23 is enclosed as **Annexure III.**

Functioning of the CSR Committee

The CSR Committee has acted as per the policy laid down by the Board. The Board reviews the Charter of the CSR Committee setting out the responsibilities, roles of the Committee, the terms of reference of the Committee which inter-alia includes the following:

To consider, review and decide the following:

- 1. Formulating a corporate social responsibility policy to the Board, indicating the activities to be undertaken by the Bank in areas or subject specified in the Companies Act, 2013. The activities shall be within the list of permitted activities specified in the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules thereunder;
- Recommending the amount of expenditure to be incurred, amount to be at least 2% of the average net profit of the Bank in the three immediately preceding financial years;
- 3. Recommending to the Board, the amount of expenditure to be incurred on the activities pertaining to CSR. (Prescribed in Schedule VII) and monitor the same;
- 4. Review and monitor the corporate social responsibility activities of the Bank on behalf of the Board to ensure that the Bank is in compliance with appropriate laws and legislations;

- 5. Instituting a transparent monitoring mechanism for implementation of the corporate social responsibility projects or programs or activities undertaken by the Bank;
- Monitoring the corporate social responsibility policy from time to time and issuing necessary directions as required for proper implementation and timely completion of corporate social responsibility programmes;
- 7. Identifying corporate social responsibility policy partners and corporate social responsibility policy programmes;
- 8. Review management's position on key stakeholder expectations involving corporate social responsibility and provide perspectives for Board's consideration;
- 9. Identifying and appointing the corporate social responsibility team of the Bank including corporate social responsibility manager, wherever required;
- 10. Reviewing management-identified opportunities to optimize the use of technology for the use of CSR activities; and
- 11. Performing such other duties and functions as the Board may require the corporate social responsibility committee to undertake to promote the corporate social responsibility activities of the Bank.

The Corporate Social Responsibility Committee regularly report to the Board on all significant matters it has addressed and with respect to such other matters that are within its responsibilities, or such other items/matters prescribed under applicable law or prescribed by the Board in compliance with applicable law from time to time. The Committee may issue guidelines, procedures, formats, reporting mechanism and manuals in supplement and for better implementation of its policy as considered appropriate.

CUSTOMER SERVICE COMMITTEE:

Customer Service Committee was constituted by the Board of Directors of the Bank at their meeting held on 24th June, 2017 to assist the Board and the Bank in monitoring the quality of services rendered to the customers and to ensure implementation of directives received from the Reserve Bank of India in this regard.

The composition of the Customer Service Committee as at $31^{\rm st}$ March, 2023 was as follows:

- 1. Ms. Nanda Sameer Dave Chairperson of the Customer Service Committee and Independent Director
- 2. Mr. Rajeev Yadav Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer
- 3. Ms. Aarthi Sivanandh Independent Director
- 4. Mr. Sameer Yogesh Nanavati Nominee Director

The Customer Service Committee of the Board met 3 (three) times during the year under review.

Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4
(April-June)	(July-Sept)	(Oct-Dec)	(Jan-March)
May 13, 2022	July 26, 2022	December 8, 2022	NIL

Customer Service Committee Meeting Attendance:

Name	Nature of Directorship	No of meetings attended/ approval granted
Ms. Nanda Sameer Dave	Chairperson of the Customer Service Committee and Independent Director	3
Mr. Rajeev Yadav	Managing Director and Chief Executive Office	3
Mr. Sameer Yogesh Nanavati	Nominee Director	2
Ms. Aarthi Sivanandh	Independent Director	0

Functioning of the Customer Service Committee

Terms of reference of the Committee are governed by the charter, which inter-alia includes the following:

- To formulate comprehensive deposit policy incorporating the issues arising out of the demise of a depositor for operation of his account, the product approval process, the annual survey of depositor satisfaction and the triennial audit of such services.
- To monitor implementation of awards under the Banking Ombudsman Scheme.
- To ensure customers are treated fairly all the times and complaints raised by them are dealt with courtesy and in time.
- To evaluate feedback on quality of customer service and overseeing implementation of commitments towards customers as per the directions received from BCSBI.
- To ensure that all regulatory instructions regarding customer service are followed by the Bank.
- Review and approve customer service policies and customer communication strategies of the Bank.
- Review the performance of Standing Committee on Customer Service.

IT STRATEGY COMMITTEE MEETING:

IT Strategy Committee was formed by the Board of Directors at their meeting held on 24th June, 2017 in order to assist the Board in overseeing the IT functions of the Bank, besides providing inputs, reviewing and amending the aligned corporate and IT strategy.

During the financial year 2022-23 pursuant to the appointment and resignation of the Directors as mentioned in notes to point 1 of this report under heading "Composition of the Board and directorships held during the FY 2022-23" and also to align the committee structure with RBI Circular on Corporate Governance in Banks – Appointment of Directors and constitution of committees of the Board, the IT Strategy Committee was reconstituted on 23rd August, 2022. Post the re-constitution the composition of the IT Strategy Committee as at 31st March, 2023 was as follows:

- 1. Mrs. Nanda Sameer Dave Chairperson of IT Strategy Committee and Independent Director
- 2. Mr. Rajeev Yadav Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer
- 3. Mr. Sunil Satyapal Gulati Independent Director
- 4. Mr. Narayanan Rajagopalan Nadadur Independent Director

The IT Strategy Committee of the Board met 4 (four) times during the year under review.

Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4
(April-June)	(July-Sept)	(Oct-Dec)	(Jan-March)
May 13, 2022	July 6, 2022	November 3, 2022	February 28, 2023

IT Strategy Committee Meeting attendance:

Name	Nature of Directorship	No of meetings attended/approval granted
Ms. Nanda Sameer Dave*	Chairperson of the Committee and Independent Director	3
Mr. Rajeev Yadav	Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer	4
Mr. Sunil Satyapal Gulati	Independent Director	2
Mr. Narayanan Rajagopalan Nadadur**	Independent Director	1
Mr. Varun Sabhlok***	Independent Director	1

*Ms. Nanda Sameer Dave was designated as the Chairperson of the IT Strategy Committee w.e.f. 23rd August, 2022.

**Mr. Narayanan Rajagopalan Nadadur was inducted as a Member of the IT Strategy Committee w.e.f. 23rd August, 2022.

***Mr. Varun Sabhlok ceased to be the Member of the IT Strategy Committee w.e.f 23rd August, 2022.

Functioning of IT Strategy Committee

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Terms of reference in addition to the regulatory requirements is governed by the charter which broadly includes the following:

- Approving IT strategy and policy documents;
- Ensuring that the management has put an effective strategic planning process in place;
- Ratifying that the business strategy is indeed aligned with IT strategy;
- Ensuring that the IT Organizational structure complements the business model and its direction;
- Ascertaining that management has implemented processes and practices that ensure that IT delivers value to the business;
 - Ensuring IT investments represent a balance of risks and benefits and that budgets are acceptable;
 - Monitoring the method that management uses to determine the IT resources needed to achieve strategic goals and provide high-level direction for sourcing and use of IT resources;
 - Ensuring proper balance of IT investments for sustaining Bank's growth;
 - Becoming aware about exposure towards IT risks and controls and evaluating effectiveness of management's monitoring of IT risks;

The SRC met once on 23rd March, 2023 during the year under review.

- Assessing Senior Management's performance in implementing IT strategies;
- Issuing high-level policy guidance (e.g. related to risk, funding, or sourcing tasks);
- Confirming whether IT or business architecture is to be designed, so as to derive the maximum business value from IT;
- Evaluating effectiveness of management's monitoring of IT risks and overseeing the aggregate funding of IT at the Bank level;
- Reviewing IT performance and contribution of IT to businesses (i.e. delivering the promised value).

STAKEHOLDER RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE

Stakeholder Relationship Committee ("the SRC") was constituted on 26^{th} April, 2021 and the composition of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee as at 31^{st} March, 2023 was as follows:

- Mr. Dhiraj Poddar Chairperson of the SRC and Nominee Director
- 2. Mr. Alok Prasad Independent Director
- 3. Mr. Sameer Yogesh Nanavati Nominee Director
- 4. Mr. Rajeev Yadav Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer
- 5. Mr. Divya Sehgal Nominee Director

Name	Nature of Directorship	No of meetings attended/approval granted
Mr. Dhiraj Poddar	Chairperson of the SRC and Nominee Director	0
Mr. Rajeev Yadav	Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer	1
Mr. Sameer Yogesh Nanavati	Nominee Director	1
Mr. Alok Prasad	Independent Director	1
Mr. Divya Sehgal	Nominee Director	0

Stakeholder's Relationship Committee Meeting Attendance:

Functions of the Stakeholder Relationship Committee

- Resolving the grievances of the security holders of the Bank including complaints related to transfer/ transmission of shares, non-receipt of annual report, non-receipt of declared dividends, issue of new/ duplicate certificates, general meetings etc. and assisting with quarterly reporting of such complaints.
- Reviewing measures taken for effective exercise of voting rights by shareholders.
- Reviewing adherence to the service standards adopted by the Bank in respect of various services being rendered by the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent.
- Reviewing the various measures and initiatives taken by the Bank for reducing the quantum of unclaimed dividends and ensuring timely receipt of dividend warrants/ annual reports/ statutory notices by the shareholders of the Bank.
- Formulating procedures in line with the statutory guidelines to ensure speedy disposal of various requests received from shareholders from time to time.
- Redressing shareholders' and investors' complaints/ grievances such as transfer of shares, non-receipt of balance sheet, non-receipt of declared dividend etc.
- Approving transfer or transmission of shares and other securities.
- Approving sub-division, consolidation and/or replacement of share or other securities certificate(s) of the Bank.
- Approving allotment and listing of shares, transfer or transmission of shares, debentures or any other securities.
- Authorizing affixation of common seal of the Bank.
- Approving the transmission of shares or other securities arising as a result of death of the sole/ any joint shareholder.
- Approving dematerialization or rematerialization of the issued shares.
- Ensuring proper and timely attendance and redressal of investor queries and grievances.
- Carrying out any other functions contained in the SEBI Listing Regulations, Companies Act, 2013 and/ or equity listing agreements (if applicable), as and when amended from time to time; and
- Delegating powers to any other employee(s), officer(s), representative(s), consultant(s), professional(s), or agent(s).

CREDIT APPROVAL COMMITTEE:

Credit Approval Committee of the Board was constituted by the Board members at their meeting held on 24th June, 2017 in order to assist the Board to approve credit exposures, which are beyond the powers delegated to the executives of Bank. This facilitates quick response to the needs of the customers and speedy disbursement of loans.

During the financial year 2022-23 pursuant to the appointment and resignation of the Directors as mentioned in notes to point 1 of this report under heading "Composition of the Board and directorships held during the FY 2022-23" and also to align the committee structure with RBI Circular on Corporate Governance in Banks – Appointment of Directors and constitution of committees of the Board, the Credit Approval Committee was reconstituted on 23rd August, 2022. Post these re-constitutions the composition of the Credit Approval Committee as at 31st March, 2023 is as follows:

- 1. Mr. Narayanan Rajagopalan Nadadur Chairman of Credit Approval Committee and Non-Executive Director
- 2. Mr. Pramod Kabra Chairperson of Board and Non-Executive Director
- 3. Mr. Rajeev Yadav Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer
- 4. Mr. Sameer Yogesh Nanavati Nominee Director
- 5. Mr. Sunil Satyapal Gulati Independent Director

The Credit Approval Committee did not meet during the year under review.

Functioning of the Credit Approval Committee

Terms of reference of the Committee are governed by the charter, which inter-alia includes the following:

 Formulating clear policies on standards for presentation of credit proposals, financial covenants, rating standards and benchmarks, delegation of credit approving powers, prudential limits on large credit exposures, asset concentrations, standards for loan collateral, portfolio management, loan review mechanism, risk concentrations, risk monitoring and evaluation, pricing of loans, provisioning, regulatory/legal compliance, etc.

- Approving credit exposures which are beyond the powers delegated to executives of the Bank.
- Controlling the risk through effective loan review mechanism and portfolio management.

FRAUD MONITORING COMMITTEE:

Pursuant to the directives issued by Reserve Bank of India, the Bank set up and formed a Special Committee for Fraud Monitoring ("FMC") at the meeting of the Board of Directors held on 24-June-2017 for monitoring and follow up on fraud cases amounting to ₹ 1,00,00,000/- (Rupees One Crore) and above.

The Fraud Monitoring Committee as at 31st March 2023 comprised of the following members:

- 1. Mr. Sameer Yogesh Nanavati Chairperson of FMC and Nominee Director
- 2. Mr. Alok Prasad Independent Director
- 3. Mr. Rajeev Yadav Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer
- 4. Ms. Aarthi Sivanandh Independent Director
- 5. Mr. Vinay Baijal Independent Director

The Fraud Monitoring Committee did not meet during the year under review since the Committee is exclusively formed for monitoring and follow-up of cases of fraud involving amount of ₹ 1,00,00,000 (Rupees One Crore) and above and there were no cases of such fraud reported during the year.

Functioning of Fraud Monitoring Committee

The terms of reference in addition to the regulatory requirements is governed by the charter, which inter alia includes the following:

- Identify the system lacunae, if any, that facilitated perpetration of the fraud and put in place measures to plug the same;
- Identify the reasons for delay in detection, if any and report to top management of the Bank and RBI (if any);
- Monitor progress of Central Bureau of Investigation / Police Investigation and recovery position;
- Ensure that staff accountability is examined at all levels in all the cases of frauds and staff side action, if required, is completed quickly without loss of time;
- Review the efficacy of the remedial action taken to prevent recurrence of frauds, such as strengthening of internal controls;
- Put in place other measures as may be considered relevant to strengthen preventive measures against frauds;
- To Update the Audit committee on periodic basis on the cases of attempted fraud and action taken on them.

SPECIAL COMMITTEE OF BOARD

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Special Committee of Board to investigate fraud perpetrated by Sambandh Finserve was constituted on 14th June, 2021 and pursuant to the appointment and resignation of the Directors as mentioned in notes to point 1 of this report under heading "Composition of the Board and directorships held during the Financial Year 2022-23" and also to align the committee structure with RBI Circular on Corporate Governance in Banks – Appointment of Directors and constitution of committees of the Board, the Special Committee was reconstituted on 23rd August, 2022. Post the re-constitution the composition of the Special Committee as at 31st March, 2023 was as follows:

- 1. Ms. Aarthi Sivanandh Chairperson of the Special Committee and Independent Director
- 2. Mr. Rajeev Yadav Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer
- 3. Mr. Sunil Satyapal Gulati Independent Director
- 4. Mr. Narayanan Rajagopalan Nadadur Independent Director
- 5. Mrs. Nanda Sameer Dave Independent Director

The Special Committee did not meet during the year under review.

Functions of the Special Committee

The Special Committee shall be responsible for:

• Identify the systemic lacunae if any that facilitated perpetration of the fraud and put in place measures to plug the same.

- Identify the reasons for delay in detection, if any, reporting to top management of the bank and RBI.
- Monitor progress of CBI/Police investigation and recovery position.
- Ensure that staff accountability is examined at all levels in all the cases of frauds and staff side action, if required, is completed quickly without loss of time.
- Review the efficacy of the remedial action taken to prevent recurrence of frauds, such as strengthening of internal controls.

Wilful Defaulter Identification Review Committee

Wilful Defaulter Identification Review Committee ("the Wilful Defaulter Committee) was formed on 27th October, 2021 to review the decision taken by the Wilful Defaulter Identification Committee (Management Level Committee) and to tag a borrower as 'willful defaulter and pursuant to the appointment and resignation of the Directors as mentioned in notes to point 1 of this report under heading "Composition of the Board and directorships held during the Financial Year 2022-23" and also to align the committee structure with RBI Circular on Corporate Governance in Banks – Appointment of Directors and constitution of committees of the Board, the Special Committee was reconstituted on 23rd August, 2022. Post the re-constitution the composition of the Wilful Defaulter Identification Review Committee as at March 31, 2023 was as follows:

- 1. Mr. Pramod Kabra Chairperson of the Wilful Defaulter Committee and Non-Executive Director
- 2. Mr. Narayanan Rajagopalan Nadadur Independent Director
- 3. Ms. Aarthi Sivanandh- Independent Director

GENERAL BODY MEETINGS:

a) Annual General Meeting:

Annual General Meetings (AGM) is the principal forum for interaction with shareholders, where the Board answers specific queries raised by the shareholders. The Board acknowledges its responsibility towards its shareholders and therefore encourages open and active dialogue with all its shareholders – be it individuals, domestic institutional investors or foreign investors.

The Annual General Meeting for financial year 2022-23 was held on 27th September, 2022 at the Registered Office of the Company situated at 301-306, 3rd Floor, Abhijeet-V Opp. Mayor's Bunglow, Law Garden Road, Mithakhali, Ahmedabad – 380006, Gujarat.

Annual Forms were filed in time with the Registrar of Companies, Gujarat.

Form No. Type of Form		Relevant section as per Companies Act, 2013	Date of filing/ submission	
MGT-7	Annual Return	92(1)	November 24, 2022	
AOC-4	Balance Sheet and Profit and loss A/c	137	October 21, 2022	

b) Extra-Ordinary General Meeting:

During the Year, 3(three) Extra-Ordinary General Meetings were held viz. July 19, 2022; August 5, 2023 and March 15, 2023.

The below mentioned special resolutions were passed at the Extra-Ordinary General Meetings held during the year under review:

- To approve re-appointment of Mr. Sunil Satyapal Gulati (DIN: 00016990) as an Independent Director of the Bank for a second term.
- To approve re-appointment of Mr. Alok Prasad (DIN: 00080225) as an Independent Director of the Bank for a second term.
- To approve the appointment of Book Running Lead Managers for the proposed initial public offer of the equity shares of the Bank.
- To approve the Initial Public Offer of the Equity Shares of the Bank.
- Increase in the Borrowing Limits of the Bank from INR 2,500 Crores to INR 4,000 Crores under Section 180(1) (c) of the Companies Act, 2013.
- Approval for creation of charges/mortgages in respect of Borrowings Under Section 180(1)(a) of the Companies Act, 2013.
- Approval to raise funds through Private Placement of Secured/Unsecured, Rated, Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures (NCDs).
- Re-appointment of Mr. Rajeev Yadav as a Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer of the Bank Reappointment of Mr. Rajeev Yadav as a Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer of the Bank

Also, no Special resolution is proposed to be passed through Postal Ballot.

SUBSIDIARY COMPANY:

The Bank does not have any subsidiary.

MEETING OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS:

The Independent Directors of the Bank met on February 27, 2023 without any Non-Independent Directors in attendance.

PERFORMANCE EVALUATION OF DIRECTORS:

The Bank followed an objective based approach for carrying out performance evaluation of Directors. Also, the performance evaluation of the Board collectively, Board-level Committees, Independent Directors and Non-Independent Directors, was done in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with relevant rules made thereunder.

REMUNERATION OF NON- EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS:

The remuneration to the Non-Executive Directors, as approved by Board, is paid in the form of sitting fees only. The RBI vide Circular No. DBR. No.BC.97/29.67.001/2014-15 dated 1st June, 2015 issued Guidelines on Compensation of Non-Executive Directors of Private Sector Banks emphasizing that in order to enable Banks to attract and retain professional Directors, it is essential that such Directors are appropriately compensated.

At the Bank, Sitting fees of ₹ 1,00,000/- and ₹ 50,000/- were paid to Non-Executive Directors (as approved by the Board) for every Board and Committee meetings attended by them. However, the total amount paid to each during the financial year 2022-23 did not exceed ₹ 20,00,000/- and were within the limits prescribed under the provisions of Companies Act, 2013.

None of the Non-Executive Directors have any pecuniary relationship or transactions with the Bank apart from receiving the sitting fees.

The details of sitting fees paid to Non-Executive Directors are mentioned herein below:

Name of Director	Sitting Fees Paid (In ₹)
Mr. Alok Prasad	20,00,000
Mr. Sameer Yogesh Nanavati	19,00,000
Mr. Sunil Satyapal Gulati	20,00,000
Ms. Aarthi Sivanandh	14,00,000
Mr. Varun Sabhlok*	8,00,000
Mr. Vinay Baijal	20,00,000
Ms. Nanda Sameer Dave	18,00,000
Mr. Narayanan Rajgopal Nadadur	10,00,000

* Mr. Varun Sabhlok ceased to be the Independent Director from the Board of the Bank w.e.f. the close of business hours on 30th August, 2022.

CREDIT RATINGS:

During the period under review and till the date of Board's report, the Bank has been assigned CARE A (Stable) rating and ICRA A (Stable) rating from CARE RATINGS and ICRA respectively for its Long-Term facilities and Tier II Bonds. The Bank has also been assigned IND A (Stable) credit rating by India Ratings & Research for its Unsecured Sub-ordinated Debt. Further, the fixed deposit program of the Bank has been rated "ICRA A (stable outlook)" rating by ICRA which is reaffirmed and migrated from MA+ (stable outlook) as per ICRA rating scale. Further, The Banks is assigned Crisil A1+ rating for Certificate of Deposits by CRISIL.

CODE OF CONDUCT:

The Company has a Code of Conduct policy in place and all staff and senior management have adhered compliance to the same.

FAIR PRACTICES CODE:

The Bank has adopted the Fair Practices Code pursuant to the RBI guidelines issued in this regard, which is displayed on the Bank's website and at all branches of the Bank.

DISCLOSURE REGARDING MANAGERIAL REMUNERATION:

Sr. No.	Particulars	Remarks	
1	Designation	Mr. Rajeev Yadav, Managing Director and Chief Executive Director	
2	Remuneration received	₹ 393.0 Lakhs ¹	
3	Nature of employment, whether contractual or otherwise	e Whole-time employee	
4	Qualifications and experience of the employee	B. Tech and PGDM with experience of more than 25 years	
5	Date of commencement of employment*	17 th July, 2020	
6	The percentage of equity shares held by the employee in the company	0.00 (Negligible)	

*The Board of Directors, upon recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, at its meeting held on February 20, 2023 re-appointed Mr. Rajeev Yadav as the MD & CEO for another term, as per the maximum tenure allowed / permissible under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and applicable Banking Regulations/RBI guidelines prevailing from time to time on the Board of the Bank, subject to the approval of Reserve Bank of India on the aforesaid. His re-appointment was, thereafter, approved by way of passing a special resolution at the Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on March 15, 2023.

Disclosure pursuant to Rule 5(1) & 5(2) of The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014:

Disclosure pursuant to Rule 5(1):

Med	lian Info:		
(i)	the ratio of the remuneration of each director to the median remuneration of the employees of the company for the financial year; (median means the numerical value separating the higher half of a population from the lower half and the median of a finite list of numbers may be found by arranging all the observations from lowest value to highest value and picking the middle one, if there is an even number of observations, the median shall be the average of the two middle values)		166X, 166:1
(ii)	the percentage increase in remuneration of each director, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive Officer, Company Secretary or Manager, if any, in the financial year;		MD & CEO ² - 3 %
		CFO - 30 %	
			CS - 20 %
(iii)	the percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year;	9.7 % ³	
(iv)	the number of permanent employees on the rolls of company ²	144704	
(v)	average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last the financial year 2022-23 and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration	(i) (ii)	Average percentile increase in salaries of employees other than managerial Personnel: 11.13% ⁵ Average percentile increase in salaries of managerial Personnel: 11.11% ⁶
(vi)	affirmation that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the company	Yes	

Note:

1. This includes fixed pay of ₹ 304.00 lakhs for FY'23 and Variable Pay of ₹ 89 lakhs pertaining to previous performance periods

- 2. Only Managing Director considered for the computation. Other Directors in Non-executive capacity
- 3. Weighted average percentile increase for 8547 eligible staff
- 4. Payroll Head Count as of 15th Mar'23
- 5. Weighted average percentile increase for all staff other than MD,CFO and CS
- 6. Weighted average percentile increase for MD, CFO and CS

Information with respect to Rule 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 is available for inspection at the registered office of the Bank during business hours on working days of the Bank. If any member is interested in obtaining a copy, such member may write to the Company Secretary in this regard.

Related Party Disclosure pursuant to Part A of Schedule V of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2015:

The transactions with related parties during the year:

Nature of transaction	Relationship	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
iv) The transactions with related parties durin	g the year :		
Issue of equity shares by way of Right Issue			
Mr. Rajeev Yadav	Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer	·	0
Mr. Keyur Doshi	Chief Financial Officer	-	7
Relative of key management personnel	Relatives of key management personnel	-	57
Issue of equity shares by way of Bonus Issue			
Mr. Rajeev Yadav	Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer		0
Mr. Keyur Doshi	Chief Financial Officer	-	16
Fincare Business Services Limited (formerly Fincare Business Services Private Limited)	Holding Company	·	11,566
Relative of key management personnel	Relatives of key management personnel	·	123
Securities premium on equity shares by way			
of Right Issue			
Mr. Rajeev Yadav	Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer	-	0
Mr. Keyur Doshi	Chief Financial Officer	-	109
Relative of key management personnel	Relatives of key management personnel	-	910
Managerial remuneration/remuneration for KMP			
Mr. Rajeev Yadav	Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer	304*	386
Mr. Keyur Doshi	Chief Financial Officer	145	137
Ms. Shefaly Kothari	Company Secretary	38	32
*Does not include variable pay			
Term deposits made with the Bank			
Fincare Business Services Limited (formerly Fincare Business Services Private Limited)	Holding Company	631	2,699
Mr. Rajeev Yadav	Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer	8	-
Relative of key management personnel	Relative of key management personnel	92	19
Term deposits matured (inclusive of interest)			
Fincare Business Services Limited (formerly Fincare Business Services Private Limited)	Holding Company	701	2,339
Mr. Rajeev Yadav	Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer	7	0
Mr. Keyur Doshi	Chief Financial Officer	2	-
Relative of key management personnel	Relative of key management personnel	107	35
Interest expense on term deposits			
Fincare Business Services Limited (formerly Fincare Business Services Private Limited)	Holding Company	8	15
Mr. Rajeev Yadav	Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer	1	1
Mr. Keyur Doshi	Chief Financial Officer	0	0
Relative of key management personnel	Relative of key management personnel	33	34
Interest expense on Sub Debts			
Relative of key management personnel	Relative of key management personnel	1	1

Nature of transaction	Relationship	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Interest expense on Saving account			
Mr. Rajeev Yadav	Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer	0	0
Mr. Keyur Doshi	Chief Financial Officer	0	1
Ms. Shefaly Kothari	Company Secretary	1	0
Relative of key management personnel	Relative of key management personnel	14	42
Receipt of Reimbursement of IPO Cost			
Fincare Business Services Limited (formerly Fincare Business Services Private Limited)	Holding Company	435	-
v) Closing balance of the transactions with rel	ated parties :		
Deposit balance (savings and term deposit)			
Fincare Business Services Limited (formerly Fincare Business Services Private Limited)	Holding Company	296	351
Mr. Rajeev Yadav	Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer	8	7
Mr. Keyur Doshi	Chief Financial Officer	2	2
Ms. Shefaly Kothari	Company Secretary	6	19
Relative of key management personnel	Relative of key management personnel	538	453
Sub-debt payable			
Relative of key management personnel	Relative of key management personnel	11	11
Interest payable on Sub-debt			
Relative of key management personnel	Relative of key management personnel	0	0
Current account balance			
Fincare Business Services Limited (formerly Fincare Business Services Private Limited)	Holding Company	10	8
vi) Maximum outstanding during the year:			
Deposit balance (savings and term deposit)			
Fincare Business Services Limited (formerly Fincare Business Services Private Limited)	Holding Company	997	2,698
Mr. Rajeev Yadav	Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer	24	9
Mr. Keyur Doshi	Chief Financial Officer	197	824
Ms. Shefaly Kothari	Company Secretary	35	20
Relative of key management personnel	Relative of key management personnel	1,203	3,122
Interest expense payable on deposit balance (savings and term deposit)			
Fincare Business Services Limited (formerly Fincare Business Services Private Limited)	Holding Company	8	1
Mr. Rajeev Yadav	Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer	1	0
Mr. Keyur Doshi	Chief Financial Officer	0	1
Ms. Shefaly Kothari	Company Secretary	0	0
Relative of key management personnel	Relative of key management personnel	38	30
Sub-debt payable			
Relative of key management personnel	Relative of key management personnel	11	11
Interest on Sub-debt payable	Actative of Key management personnel		11
Relative of key management personnel	Relative of key management personnel	1	1
Current account balance	Relative of key munugement personnel	I	I
Fincare Business Services Limited (formerly	Holding Company	2,808	1,695
Fincare Business Services Private Limited)		2,000	260,1

VIGIL MECHANISM POLICY:

The Company has adopted a Vigil Mechanism Policy, pursuant to which, Directors, employees and vendors of the Bank can report concerns on unethical and/or improper behavior, practices, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the Bank's Code of Conduct or any other wrongful conduct in the Bank or of its employees. Details of complaints received, and the action taken on the complaints were reviewed by the Audit Committee of the Board.

VIGIL MECHANISM

Vigilance is an inseparable part of management. It promotes clean business transactions, professionalism, productivity, promptness and transparent practices and ensures putting in place systems and procedures to curb opportunities for corruption which results in improving efficiency and effectiveness of the personnel as well as the organization. Anti-corruption measures of the banks are a responsibility of the disciplinary authority identified in the bank and it has the over-all responsibility of looking into the acts of misconduct alleged against, or committed by, the employees within its control and to take appropriate punitive action. It is also required to take appropriate preventive measures so as to prevent commission of misconducts/ malpractices by the employees under its control and jurisdiction. Vigilance functions are performed by Vigilance & Ethics Officer which would be wide ranging and include collecting intelligence about the corrupt practices committed, or

GENERAL SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION:

Shareholding pattern as at 31st March 2023

likely to be committed, by the Bank staff; investigating or causing an investigation to be made into verifiable allegations reported to him; processing investigation reports for further consideration of the disciplinary authority concerned; referring the matters to the MD & CEO of the bank for advice wherever necessary, taking steps to prevent commission of improper practices/misconducts, etc

FINANCIALS CIRCULATION:

Financial Results of the half year ended 30th September, 2022 and 31st March, 2023 were published in newspaper having nationwide circulation on 12th November 2022 and 25th April 2023 respectively in accordance with the requirements of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

OTHER DISCLOSURES:

Disclosures on transactions with related parties, as required under the Indian Accounting Standard 18, have been incorporated in the Notes to the Accounts, being part of the Annual Report.

There are no instances of non-compliance by the Bank, penalties or structures imposed by any Regulatory Authority. There are no materially significant related party transactions with the Bank's Promoters, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel or their relatives, which may have potential conflict with the interest of the Bank at large.

S.No.	Category of the Shareholder	No. of Shares	Percentage (%)
1.	Promoters	173,489,568	78.58
2.	Insurance Companies	3,747,660	1.70
3.	Indian Bodies Corporates	12,571,404	5.69
4.	Overseas Bodies Corporates	18,251,424	8.27
5.	AIF	168,840	0.08
6.	HUF	18,887	0.01
7.	Indian Public	5,137,640	2.33
8.	NRI	20,000	0.01
9.	Trust	7,374,297	3.34
	Total	220,779,720	100

Non Convertible Debentures (NCDs) of the Company have been issued in dematerialized form and have been listed on the Bombay Stock Exchange.

Registrar and Transfer Agent

KFin Technologies Private Limited Selenium Tower B, Plot 31-32, Gachibowli, Financial District, Nanakramguda, Hyderabad – 500032 Phone: +91 40 6716 1604

Debenture Trustee

CATALYST TRUSTEESHIP LIMITED (Erstwhile GDA Trusteeship Limited) Windsor, 6th Floor, Offce No. 604, C.S.T. Road, Kalina, Santacruz (East), Mumbai - 400098 Phone : 022-49220525 www.catalysttrustee.com

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Sd/-

Pramod Kabra

Chairman and Non-Executive Director DIN: 02252403 Add: 2101, Floor 21, Plot 30, Tower No.4, Strata Planet Godrej, Keshavrao, Khadymarg, Saat Rasta, Jacob Circle, Mumbai – 400011, Maharashtra

Date: June 23, 2023

Place: Mumbai

Dematerialization:

The shares of the Bank are dematerialized through KFin Technologies Private Limited (Registrar and Share Transfer Agent).

Registered Office and Corporate Office:

The Registered office of the Company is located at "301-306, 3rd Floor, Abhijeet V, Law Garden Road, Mithakhali, Ahmedabad-380006, Gujrat" and Corporate Office of the Bank is located at "5th Floor, Bren Mercury, Kaikondanahalli, Sarjapur Main Road, Bengaluru – 560035, Karnataka."

Sd/-

Rajeev Yadav

Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer DIN: 00111379 Add: Villa 578, Phase 3, Adarsh Palm Retreat, Outer Ring Road, Devarabeesanahalli, Bellandur, Bangalore- 560103, Karnataka

Date: June 23, 2023

Place: Bengaluru

Annexure II

FORM NO. MR-3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED ON MARCH 31, 2023

[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,

The Members, FINCARE SMALL FINANCE BANK LIMITED CIN: U67120GJ1995PLC025373

301-306, 3rd Floor, Abhijeet -V, Opp. Mayor's Bunglow, Law Garden Road, Mithakhali, Ahmedabad-380006

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and adherence to good corporate practices by **FINCARE SMALL FINANCE BANK LIMITED** (hereinafter called the "Bank"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Bank's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Bank and also the information provided by the Bank, its officers, agents and authorized representatives whether electronically or otherwise during the conduct of secretarial audit; we hereby report that in our opinion, the Bank has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on March 31, 2023 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Bank has proper Board-processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter.

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Bank for the financial year ended on March 31, 2023 and made available to us, according to the provisions of:

- 1) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the Rules made thereunder;
- 2) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the Rules made thereunder;
- 3) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- 4) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the Rules and Regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings: Not Applicable to the extent of Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings as there was no reportable event during the period under review.
- 5) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):

- (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011
 Not applicable as the Securities covered in the regulations were not listed on any stock exchange;
- (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
- (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;
- (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021 - Not applicable as the Securities covered in the regulations were not listed on any stock exchange;
- (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
- (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021 - Not applicable as the Equity shares of the Bank were not listed on any stock exchange;
- (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buy Back of Securities) Regulations, 2018 - Not applicable as the Securities covered in the regulations were not listed on any stock exchange;
- (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 - To the extent applicable to the listed debt securities of the Bank;
- SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 - To the extent applicable to the listed debt securities of the Bank;

We have also examined compliance with the applicable Standards / Clauses / Regulations of the following:

- i. Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI) and made effective from time to time.
- ii. Listing Agreements entered into by the Bank with BSE Limited for listing of Non-Convertible Debentures issued by Bank.

During the Audit period under review, the Bank has complied with all the material aspects / provisions of the applicable Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards etc. as mentioned above except for the following instance:

As mandated under SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015, the Company is presently maintaining the SDD in excel format and ensuring time stamping and audit trail requirement. As confirmed, the Company is in the process of purchasing the software for maintenance of SDD in true spirit of law.

We further report that:

Having regard to the compliance system prevailing in the Bank and on examination of relevant documents and records in pursuance thereof on test - check basis, the Bank has generally complied with the aspects of the following laws specifically applicable to the Bank being a Small Finance Bank:

- 1. The Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934;
- 2. The Banking Regulation Act, 1949 and Notifications and Circulars issued by the Reserve Bank India ('RBI') from time to time;
- Guidelines issued by RBI on Small Finance Bank dated 27th November, 2014 and Operational Guidelines issued dated 6th October, 2016;
- 4. The Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881;
- 5. The Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002 and The Prevention of Money- Laundering (Maintenance of Records etc.) Rules, 2005.

We further report that:

The Board of Directors of the Bank is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors, Independent Directors and Woman Director. The changes in the composition of the Board that took place during the year under review were carried out in compliance of the provisions of Act.

Adequate notice is given to all Directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

All the decisions at the meetings of Board of Directors/ Committees of the Bank were carried unanimously. We were informed that there were no dissenting views of the members' on any of the matters during the year that were required to be captured and recorded as part of the minutes.

We further report that:

Based on review of compliance mechanism established by the Bank, the information provided by the Bank, its officers and authorized representatives during the conduct of the audit and compliance certificate placed before the Board meeting, we are of the opinion that there are adequate systems and processes in the Bank commensurate with the size and operations of the Bank to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable general laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

As informed, the Bank has responded appropriately to notices received from various statutory/regulatory authorities including initiating actions for corrective measures, wherever found necessary.

We further report that:

The compliance by the Bank of the applicable financial laws like Direct and Indirect Tax laws, has not been reviewed in this Audit since the same have been subject to the review by the Statutory Auditors and other designated professionals.

We further report that:

During the Audit period under review, the event / action having major bearing on the Bank's affairs in pursuance of the abovementioned laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards etc. is as mentioned below:

- i. In the Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on 15th March, 2023, the shareholders of the Bank have approved issue of Secured / Unsecured, Rated, Redeemable, Non-Convertible Debentures (NCDs) for an amount not exceeding ₹ 2,000 Million on Private Placement basis within a period of one year from the date of passing of this resolution.
- ii. The shareholders of the Bank in the Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on 15th March, 2023 have increased borrowing limit of Bank from ₹ 25,000 Million to ₹ 40,000 Million under Section 180 (1) (c) of the Companies Act, 2013 and corresponding limit for creating charge on the assets of the Bank under Section 180 (1) (a) of the Companies Act, 2013 has also been increased up to ₹ 40,000 Million.
- iii. The Board of Directors of Bank has given fresh approval for issuing equity shares of the Company by way of Initial Public Offer at their meeting held on July 29, 2022. After closure of the year, the Bank has filed Draft red herring prospectus with SEBI on May 3, 2023 for fresh issue of equity shares aggregating upto ₹ 6,250 Million and offer for sale of upto 1,70,00,000 equity shares of the Bank held by present shareholders.

Further, there were no instances of:

- a) Redemption / buy-back of securities.
- b) Merger / amalgamation / reconstruction etc.
- c) Foreign technical collaborations.

FOR PARIKH DAVE & ASSOCIATES COMPANY SECRETARIES

Sd/-UDAY G. DAVE PRACTICING COMPANY SECRETARY PARTNER ICSI Unique Code No.: P2006GJ009900 Peer review Certificate No.: 796/2020 FCS No.: 6545 C. P. No.: 7158

Place : Ahmedabad Date : June 22, 2023 **Notes:**

- This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as Annexure – A and forms an integral part of this report.
- 2. We have conducted the secretarial audit by examining the Secretarial Records and other documents in electronic mode.

ANNEXURE - A

To, The Members, FINCARE SMALL FINANCE BANK LIMITED CIN: U67120GJ1995PLC025373

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. Maintenance of Secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Bank. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and process as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in Secretarial records. We believe that the process and practices followed by us provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Bank.
- 4. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the Compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- 5. The Compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of the management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedure on test basis.
- 6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Bank nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Bank.

FOR PARIKH DAVE & ASSOCIATES COMPANY SECRETARIES

Sd/-UDAY G. DAVE PRACTICING COMPANY SECRETARY PARTNER ICSI Unique Code No.: P2006GJ009900 Peer review Certificate No.: 796/2020 FCS No.: 6545 C. P. No.: 7158

Place : Ahmedabad Date : June 22, 2023 29

REPORT ON CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR) ACTIVITIES FOR FY 2022-23

[Pursuant to Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, as amended.]

1. Brief Outline on CSR Policy of the Bank

Fincare Small Finance Bank Limited (hereinafter referred to as the 'Bank') in particular and also the sector at large, has a meaningful social impact due to the sheer nature of the business viz. small ticket credit and also due to the client segment it addresses viz. low-income households in rural and semi-urban India. By adopting CSR as a separate pillar of core operations, the Bank aims to build greater relevance to its credo of 'a commercially successful business with a strong Social DNA'.

The Corporate Social Responsibility Policy (CSR Policy) of the Bank sets out the broad framework guiding the Bank's CSR roadmap. The Policy also sets out the principles and the rules that need to be adhered while evaluating and implementing CSR activities as specified in Schedule VII of the Companies' Act, 2013 (excluding the activities pursued in the normal course of business) and the expenditure thereon.

The CSR policy of the Bank is framed in line with the Guidelines on Corporate Social Responsibility for Private and Public enterprises.

The CSR policy encompasses the Bank's philosophy for delineating its responsibility as a corporate citizen and lays

1. Composition of CSR Committee as at 31st March 2023:

down the guidelines and mechanism for undertaking socially useful programs for welfare & sustainable development of the community at large.

CSR Thrust Areas

The Bank has identified select themes for undertaking CSR Projects/programs/activities across its markets of presence.

The actual distribution of the expenditure among these focus areas depends upon the local needs as may be determined by the need identification studies or discussions with borrower community/local government/Gram panchayat/NGOs. For CSR spends, the Bank gives preference to the local area(s) around which the Bank normally operates.

The key themes for the Bank's CSR program are as follows:

- Health & Hygiene
- Livelihood Promotion & Financial Literacy
- Environment Protection & Community Welfare
- Any other activities that the CSR Committee of the Bank may define from time to time, based on inputs received from stakeholders.

S. No	Name of Director	Designation/Nature of Directorship	Number of meetings of CSR Committee held during the year	Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
1	Mr. Divya Sehgal, Chairperson	Nominee Director	4	2
2	Mr. Sameer Nanavati	Nominee Director	4	4
3	Mr. Varun Sabhlok*	Independent Director	1	0
4	Ms. Aarthi Sivanandh	Independent Director	4	4

*Mr. Varun Sabhlok ceased to be member of the committee w.e.f August 23, 2022 after completion of his tenure.

- 2. Web links where composition of CSR committee, CSR Policy and CSR projects approved by the board are disclosed on the website of the company:
 - The composition of the CSR committee is available on our website at https://www.fincarebank.com/sites/default/files/2022-01/
 Committee-Structure.pdf
 - The Committee, with the approval of the Board, has adopted the CSR Policy as required under Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013. The CSR Policy of the Company is available on our website at https://www.fincarebank.com/sites/default/files/2020-03/ Corporate-Governance-Policy-V-2.1-22-01-2020.pdf
 - The Company has also adopted the CSR committee charter, which is available on our website at https://www.fincarebank.com/ sites/default/files/2021-08/CSR-Charter-2.0.pdf
 - The Board, based on the recommendation of the CSR committee, at its meeting held on June 20, 2022 has approved the annual action plan / projects for FY 2022-23, the details of which are available on our website at https://www.fincarebank.com/images/CSR-Plan-FY-23.pdf
- 3. Details of impact assessment of CSR projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of Rule 8 of the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, if applicable: NA
- 4. Details of the amount available for set-off in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of Rule 7 of the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 and amount required for set-off for the financial year, if any: In FY 2021-22 the Bank has spent ₹ 28 in excess of the mandatory requirement but the same is not proposed to be set off.
- 5. Average net profit of the company as per section 135(5): 153,14,87,698
- 6. a. Two percent of average net profit of the Company as per Section 135(5): ₹ 2,36,58,890
 - b. Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programs or activities of the previous financial years: $\mathbf{0}$
 - c. Amount required to be set-off for the financial year, if any: $\boldsymbol{0}$
 - d. Total CSR obligation for the financial year (7a+7b-7c): ₹ 2,36,58,890
- 7. a. CSR amount spent or unspent for the financial year:

		Am	ount Unspent (in ₹)				
Total Amount Spent for the Financial Year. (in ₹)	Total Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account as per section 135(6).	•					
	Amount	Date of transfer	Name of the fund	Amount	Date of transfer		
₹ 2,39,12,919	NA						

b. Details of CSR amount spent against ongoing projects for the financial year:

S. No.	Name of the Project.	Item from the list of activities in Schedule VII to the Act.	Local area (Yes/No).		on of the nject.	Project duration.	Amount allocated for the project (in Rs.).	Amount spent in the current financial Year (in Rs.).	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account for the project as per Section 135(6) (in ₹).	Mode of Implemen-tation - Direct (Yes/No).	tation Imple	f Implemen- - Through men-ting gency
				State	District						Name	CSR Regis- tration number.
						N	OT APPLIC	ABLE				

с.	Details of CSR amount spent ago	inst other than ongoing	g projects for the financial year:

S. No.	Name of the Project.	Item from the list of	Local area	Location	n of the project.	Amount spent	Mode of Implemen-	- Through	mplementation Implementing gency
140.	ingeet.	activities in Schedule VII to the Act.	(Yes/ No).	State	District	for the project (in ₹).	tation - Direct (Yes/ No).	Name	CSR Registration number.
1	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	AP	Ananathapur	48000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
2	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	AP	Ananthapuram	156000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
3	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	AP	Annamayya	48000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
4	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	AP	Chittoor	96000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
5	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	AP	Kadapa	48000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
6	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	AP	Vijayanagaram	120000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
7	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	BR	Begusarai	24000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
8	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	BR	East Champaran	120000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
9	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	BR	Lakhisarai	24000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
10	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	BR	Muzaffarpur	72000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
11	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	BR	Samastipur	24000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
12	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	BR	Sheohar	48000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
13	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	BR	Sitamadhi	12000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
14	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	BR	Sitamarhi	36000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
15	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	BR	West Champaran	144000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
16	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	GJ	Ahmedabad	24000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153

S. No.	Name of the Project.	Item from the list of	Local area	Locatio	n of the project.	Amount spent	Mode of Implemen-	- Through	mplementation Implementing Agency	
INU.	rioject.	activities in Schedule VII to the Act.	(Yes/ No).	State	District	for the project (in ₹).	tation - Direct (Yes/ No).	Name	CSR Registration number.	
17	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	GJ	Anand	204000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	
18	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	GJ	Aravali	132000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	
19	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	GJ	Aravalli	108000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	
20	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	GJ	Arvalli	48000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	
21	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	GJ	Banaskanth	12000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	
22	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	GJ	Dahod	420000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	
23	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	GJ	Gandhinagar	48000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	
24	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	GJ	Jhalod	12000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	
25	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	GJ	kheda	24000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	
26	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	GJ	Mahisagar	192000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	
27	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	GJ	Panch mahal	60000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	
28	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	GJ	Panchmahal	12000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	
29	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	GJ	Sabarkantha	96000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	
30	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	GJ	Vadodra	48000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	
31	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	КА	Belagavi	168000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	
32	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	КА	Belegavi	24000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	
33	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	КА	Bidar	132000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	

S. No.	Name of the Project.	Item from the list of	Local area	Locatio	on of the project.	Amount spent for the	Mode of Implemen-	- Through	mplementation Implementing gency
140.	nojeci.	activities in Schedule VII to the Act.	(Yes/ No).	State	District	project (in ₹).	tation - Direct (Yes/ No).	Name	CSR Registration number.
34	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	KA	Chamarajanagara	24000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
35	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	KA	Chikkaballapur	48000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
36	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	KA	Kalaburagi	60000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
37	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	KA	Kalaburgi	84000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
38	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	KA	Kolar	120000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
39	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	KA	Koppal	72000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
40	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	KA	Mysore	36000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
41	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	KA	Ramanagara	12000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
42	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	KA	Yadagiri	60000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
43	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	MH	Akola	240000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
44	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	MH	Amravati	240000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
45	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	MH	Bhandara	120000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
46	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	MH	Buldhana	120000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
47	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	MH	Nagpur	144000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
48	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	MH	Wardha	120000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
49	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	MH	Washim	120000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
50	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	MH	Yavatmal	96000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153

S. No.	Name of the Project.	Item from the list of	Local area	Locatio	n of the project.	Amount spent	Mode of Implemen-	- Through	Implementation Implementing Agency	
NO.	nojeci.	activities in Schedule VII to the Act.	(Yes/ No).	State	District	for the project (in ₹).	tation - Direct (Yes/ No).	Name	CSR Registration number.	
51	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	MP	Barwani	72000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	
52	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	MP	Dhar	36000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	
53	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	MP	Indore	24000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	
54	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	MP	Jabalpur	312000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	
55	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	MP	Khandwa	96000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	
56	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	MP	Khargone	48000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	
57	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	MP	Mandla	24000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	
58	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	MP	Narsinghpur	144000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	
59	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	MP	Raisen	396000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	
60	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	MP	Sagar	192000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	
61	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	MP	Vidisha	96000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	
62	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	RJ	Bansawa	24000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	
63	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	RJ	Banswara	12000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	
64	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	RJ	Basawara	48000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	
65	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	RJ	Baswara	192000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	
66	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	RJ	Bhilwara	12000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	
67	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	RJ	Chitorgarh	24000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	

S. No.	Name of the Project.	Item from the list of	Local area	Locatio	n of the project.	Amount spent	Mode of Implemen-	- Through	mplementation Implementing gency
110.	i i ojecu	activities in Schedule VII to the Act.	(Yes/ No).	State	District	for the project (in ₹).	tation - Direct (Yes/ No).	Name	CSR Registration number.
68	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	RJ	Chittorgarh	168000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
69	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	RJ	Dungarpur	12000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
70	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	RJ	Jalor	12000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
71	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	RJ	Jhalawar	24000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
72	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	RJ	Kota	48000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
73	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	RJ	Nagour	12000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
74	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	RJ	Partapagarh	24000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
75	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	RJ	Partapgarh	60000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
76	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	RJ	Prata[garh	12000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
77	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	RJ	Pratapgarh	132000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
78	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	RJ	Pratpgarh	12000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
79	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	RJ	Rajsamand	48000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
80	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	RJ	Rajsmand	24000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
81	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	RJ	Sirohi	72000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
82	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	RJ	Udaipur	228000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
83	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	TN	Dharmapuri	60000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
84	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	TN	Kanchipuram	72000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153

S. No.	Name of the Project.	Item from the list of	Local area	Locatio	n of the project.	Amount spent	Mode of Implemen-	- Through	mplementation Implementing gency
NO.	rioject.	activities in Schedule VII to the Act.	(Yes/ No).	State	District	for the project (in ₹).	tation - Direct (Yes/ No).	Name	CSR Registration number.
85	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	TN	Thirupathuru	12000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
86	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	TN	Thiruvannamalai	132000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
87	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	TN	Vellore	156000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
88	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	TN	Wiilupuram	48000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
89	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	TN	Willpuram	60000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
90	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	TN	Willupuram	60000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
91	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	TS	Mahaboobnagar	96000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
92	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	TS	Mahabubnagar	48000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
93	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	TS	Medak	96000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
94	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	TS	Rangareddy	96000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
95	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	TS	Warangal	108000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
96	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	UP	Azamgarh	36000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
97	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	UP	Bahraich	120000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
98	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	UP	Barabanki	48000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
99	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	UP	Bhadohi	48000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
100	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	UP	Deoria	48000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153
101	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	UP	Gorakhpur	96000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153

S. No.	Name of the Project.	Item from the list of	Local area	Locatio	n of the project.	Amount spent	Mode of Implemen-	- Through	of Implementation ugh Implementing Agency	
110.	i toject.	activities in Schedule VII to the Act.	(Yes/ No).	State	District	for the project (in ₹).	tation - Direct (Yes/ No).	Name	CSR Registration number.	
102	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	UP	Hardoi	72000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	
103	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	UP	Jaunpur	24000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	
104	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	UP	Lakhimpur Kheri	24000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	
105	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	UP	Mahrajganj	72000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	
106	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	UP	Mau	12000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	
107	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	UP	Prayagraj	108000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	
108	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	UP	Sitapur	24000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	
109	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	UP	Unnao	24000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	
110	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	UP	Varanashi	24000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	
111	Health Check- up Camp	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	No	UP	Varanasi	36000	No	SEVAMOB	CSR00001153	
112	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	AP	Chittoor	14696	No	NIIT	CSR00000621	
113	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	AP	Gunturu	18370	No	NIIT	CSR00000621	
114	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Anand	7348	No	NIIT	CSR00000621	
115	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Aravali	36740	No	NIIT	CSR00000621	
116	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Aravalli	14696	No	NIIT	CSR00000621	
117	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Arvalli	3674	No	NIIT	CSR00000621	
118	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Chhota Udepur	3674	No	NIIT	CSR00000621	
119	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Chhotaudepur	3674	No	NIIT	CSR00000621	
120	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Dahod	33066	No	NIIT	CSR00000621	
121	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Mahisagar	11022	No	NIIT	CSR00000621	

S. No.	Name of the Project.	Item from the list of	Local area	Locatio	n of the project.	Amount spent	Mode of Implemen-	- Through	Implementation 1 Implementing Agency
110.	i loject.	activities in Schedule VII to the Act.	(Yes/ No).	State	District	for the project (in ₹).	tation - Direct (Yes/ No).	Name	CSR Registration number.
122	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Mehsana	3674	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
123	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Narmada	11022	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
124	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Navsari	3674	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
125	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Panchmahal	25718	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
126	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Panchmahals	7348	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
127	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Sabarkantha	3674	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
128	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Surat	7348	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
129	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	vadodara	3674	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
130	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Vadodra	14696	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
131	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	КА	Ballari	3674	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
132	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	KA	Chikkamangalore	33066	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
133	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	KA	Chitradurga	7348	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
134	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	KA	Davanagere	88176	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
135	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	KA	Hassan	146960	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
136	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	KA	Kadur	3674	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
137	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	KA	Koppal	58784	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
138	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	KA	Mandya	55110	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
139	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	KA	Mysore	113894	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
140	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	КА	Piriyapattana	3674	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
141	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	КА	Viajayanagara	3674	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
142		Promoting Education	No	КА	Vijayanagara	77154	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
143		Promoting Education	No	MH	Akola	51436	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
144	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MH	Amravati	40414	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
145		Promoting Education	No	MH	Bhandara	44088	No	NIIT	CSR00000621

S. No.	Name of the Project.	Item from the list of	Local area	Locatio	n of the project.	Amount spent	Mode of Implemen-	- Through	Implementation 1 Implementing Agency
140.	Toject.	activities in Schedule VII to the Act.	(Yes/ No).	State	District	for the project (in ₹).	tation - Direct (Yes/ No).	Name	CSR Registration number.
146	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MH	Buldhana	44088	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
147	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MH	Gondia	99198	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
148	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MH	Nagpur	492316	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
149	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MH	Nagpur	11022	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
150	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MH	Wardha	80828	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
151	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MH	Washim	25718	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
152	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MH	Yavatmal	121242	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
153	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MP	Dewas	3674	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
154	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Banswara	18370	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
155	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Bhilwara	3674	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
156	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Chitorgarh	3674	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
157	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Dungarpur	7348	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
158	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Partapgarh	7348	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
159	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Rajsmand	3674	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
160	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Sirohi	7348	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
161	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Udaipur	25718	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
162	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Ariyalur	3674	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
163	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Dindigul	3674	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
164	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Madurai	3674	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
165	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Thanjavur	3674	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
166	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Thirunelveli	11022	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
167	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Thirupathur	3674	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
168	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Thiruvarur	3674	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
169	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Thoothukudi	7348	No	NIIT	CSR00000621

S. No.	Name of the Project.	Item from the list of	Local area	Locatio	n of the project.	Amount spent	Mode of Implemen-	- Through	Implementation 1 Implementing Agency
NO.	rioject.	activities in Schedule VII to the Act.	(Yes/ No).	State	District	for the project (in ₹).	tation - Direct (Yes/ No).	Name	CSR Registration number.
170	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Tirunelveli	7348	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
171	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Villupuram	3674	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
172	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	AP	Chittoor	14696	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
173	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Aravali	40414	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
174	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Aravalli	55110	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
175	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Arvalli	7348	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
176	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Chhota udaipur	25718	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
177	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Chhota Udepur	14696	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
178	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Dahod	249832	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
179	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Dahod	3674	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
180	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Dohad	3674	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
181	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Mahesana	25718	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
182	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Mahisagar	66132	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
183	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Mehsana	11022	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
184	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Narmada	66132	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
185	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Navsari	40414	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
186	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Panch mahal	66132	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
187	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Panch mahal	14696	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
188	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Panch mahals	11022	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
189	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Panchmahal	106546	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
190	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Panchmahals	73480	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
191	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Surat	80828	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
192	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Тарі	44088	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
193	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	vadodara	7348	No	NIIT	CSR00000621

S. No.	Name of the Project.	Item from the list of activities in School (Yes/	Locatio	n of the project.	Amount spent	Mode of Implemen-	- Through	Implementation Implementing Agency	
140.	rioject.	activities in Schedule VII to the Act.	(Yes/ No).	State	District	for the project (in ₹).	tation - Direct (Yes/ No).	Name	CSR Registration number.
194	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Vadodra	66132	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
195	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	KA	Bellary (Vijayanagara)	29392	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
196	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	KA	Hassan	47762	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
197	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	KA	Vijayanagara	18370	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
198	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MH	Aurangabad	44088	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
199	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MH	Bhandara	40414	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
200	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MH	Buldhana	44088	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
201	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MH	Lakhandur	3674	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
202	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MH	Nagpur	51436	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
203	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MH	Nagpur	7348	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
204	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MH	Wardha	44088	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
205	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MP	Betul	11022	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
206	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MP	Khandwa	3674	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
207	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MP	Ratlam	11022	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
208	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Banswara	3674	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
209	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Rajsamand	3674	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
210	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Bagidora	3674	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
211	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Banswara	14696	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
212	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Baswara	113894	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
213	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Bhilwara	7348	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
214		Promoting Education	No	RJ	Chittorgarh	36740	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
215	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Debari	3674	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
216	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Dungarpur	77154	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
217	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Lasadiya	3674	No	NIIT	CSR00000621

S. No.	Name of the Project.	Item from the list of	Local area	Locatio	n of the project.	Amount spent	Mode of Implemen-	- Through	mplementation Implementing gency
NO.	rioject.	activities in Schedule VII to the Act.	(Yes/ No).	State	District	for the project (in ₹).	tation - Direct (Yes/ No).	Name	CSR Registration number.
218	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Partapgarh	3674	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
219	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Prata[garh	3674	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
220	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Pratapgarh	29392	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
221	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Rajsamand	25718	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
222	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Serohi	3674	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
223	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Sirohi	29392	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
224	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Udaipur	231462	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
225	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Ananthapuram	7348	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
226	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Devikapuram	7348	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
227	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Dindigul	66170	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
228	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Kanyakumari	14696	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
229	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Pudhukottai	95524	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
230	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Pudukottai	7348	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
231	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Thiruvallur	66132	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
232	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Thiruvannamalai	7348	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
233	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Thiruvarur	113970	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
234	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Tirunannamalai	3674	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
235	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Tirunelveli	7348	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
236	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Tiruvannamalai	55148	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
237	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Vellore	161656	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
238	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Villupuram	44088	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
239	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TS	Badradri	7348	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
240	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TS	Nalgonda	3674	No	NIIT	CSR00000621
241	Fincare Study Center	Promoting Education	No	AP	Chittoor	703034	No	SCINDeA	CSR00004582

S. No.	Name of the Project.	Item from the list of	Local area	Locatio	n of the project.	Amount spent	Mode of Implemen-	- Through	mplementation Implementing Igency
INU.	rioject.	activities in Schedule VII to the Act.	(Yes/ No).	State	District	for the project (in ₹).	tation - Direct (Yes/ No).	Name	CSR Registration number.
242	Fincare Study Center	Promoting Education	No	KA	Kolar	937312	No	SCINDeA	CSR00004582
243	Fincare Study Center	Promoting Education	No	KA	Ramanagara	468656	No	SCINDeA	CSR00004582
244	Fincare Study Center	Promoting Education	No	TN	Madurai	292910	No	SCINDeA	CSR00004582
245	Fincare Study Center	Promoting Education	No	TN	Pudhukottai	292910	No	SCINDeA	CSR00004582
246	Fincare Study Center	Promoting Education	No	TN	Thirupathur	878730	No	SCINDeA	CSR00004582
247	Fincare Study Center	Promoting Education	No	TN	Thiruvannamalai	410074	No	SCINDeA	CSR00004582
248	Fincare Study Center	Promoting Education	No	TN	Tiruppur	410074	No	SCINDeA	CSR00004582
249	Tree Plant Distribution	Environmental Sustainability	No	TN	NA	85000	No	Panega Econets	
250	Water borewell recharge	Conservation of Natural resource	No	AP	Ananthapuram	1005300	No	Sankalpa	CSR00005657
251	Water borewell recharge	Conservation of Natural resource	No	AP	Annamayya	134040	No	Sankalpa	CSR00005657
252	Water borewell recharge	Conservation of Natural resource	No	GJ	kheda	134040	No	Sankalpa	CSR00005657
253	Water borewell recharge	Conservation of Natural resource	No	GJ	Mehsana	938280	No	Sankalpa	CSR00005657
254	Water borewell recharge	Conservation of Natural resource	No	КА	Belagavi	167585	No	Sankalpa	CSR00005657
255	Water borewell recharge	Conservation of Natural resource	No	KA	Koppal	1005513	No	Sankalpa	CSR00005657
256	Grocery kit Distribution	Eradicating Hunger	No	AP	East Godhavari	27000	Yes	NA	NA
257	Grocery kit Distribution	Eradicating Hunger	No	AP	Konaseema	13000	Yes	NA	NA
258	Grocery kit Distribution	Eradicating Hunger	No	GJ	Aravali	121700	Yes	NA	NA
259	Grocery kit Distribution	Eradicating Hunger	No	GJ	Arvalli	81550	Yes	NA	NA
260	Grocery kit Distribution	Eradicating Hunger	No	GJ	Banaskanth	71700	Yes	NA	NA
261	Grocery kit Distribution	Eradicating Hunger	No	GJ	Bharuch	13000	Yes	NA	NA
262	Grocery kit Distribution	Eradicating Hunger	No	GJ	Navsari	158100	Yes	NA	NA

S. No.	Name of the Project.	Item from the list of	Local area	Location	n of the project.	Amount spent	Mode of Implemen-	- Through	mplementation Implementing Agency
INU.	rioject.	activities in Schedule VII to the Act.	(Yes/ No).	State	District	for the project (in ₹).	tation - Direct (Yes/ No).	Name	CSR Registration number.
263	Grocery kit Distribution	Eradicating Hunger	No	GJ	Valsad	39200	Yes	NA	NA
264	Grocery kit Distribution	Eradicating Hunger	No	KA	Belagavi	100000	Yes	NA	NA
265	Grocery kit Distribution	Eradicating Hunger	No	КА	Mysore	46500	Yes	NA	NA
266	Grocery kit Distribution	Eradicating Hunger	No	MH	Kolhapur	62500	Yes	NA	NA
267	Grocery kit Distribution	Eradicating Hunger	No	MH	Nashik	20000	Yes	NA	NA
268	Grocery kit Distribution	Eradicating Hunger	No	MP	Dhar	59500	Yes	NA	NA
269	Grocery kit Distribution	Eradicating Hunger	No	MP	Vidisha	43000	Yes	NA	NA
270	Grocery kit Distribution	Eradicating Hunger	No	RJ	Chittorgarh	111500	Yes	NA	NA
271	Grocery kit Distribution	Eradicating Hunger	No	RJ	Jhalawar	89550	Yes	NA	NA
272	Grocery kit Distribution	Eradicating Hunger	No	RJ	Kota	85250	Yes	NA	NA
273	Grocery kit Distribution	Eradicating Hunger	No	RJ	Partapgarh	100000	Yes	NA	NA
274	Grocery kit Distribution	Eradicating Hunger	No	RJ	Pratapgarh	110500	Yes	NA	NA
275	Grocery kit Distribution	Eradicating Hunger	No	RJ	Sangod	228750	Yes	NA	NA
276	Grocery kit Distribution	Eradicating Hunger	No	RJ	Udaipur	141000	Yes	NA	NA
277	Grocery kit Distribution	Eradicating Hunger	No	TS	Jagathyal	26500	Yes	NA	NA
278	Grocery kit Distribution	Eradicating Hunger	No	TS	Karimnagar	26500	Yes	NA	NA
279	Grocery kit Distribution	Eradicating Hunger	No	TS	Kothagudem	48500	Yes	NA	NA
280	Grocery kit Distribution	Eradicating Hunger	No	TS	Nizamabad	70500	Yes	NA	NA
281	Grocery kit Distribution	Eradicating Hunger	No	TS	Peddapalli	37000	Yes	NA	NA
282	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	AP	Annamayya	11250	Yes	NA	NA
283	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	AP	Balaji	2250	Yes	NA	NA
284	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	AP	Chittoor	9750	Yes	NA	NA
285	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	AP	East Godawari	9750	Yes	NA	NA
286	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	AP	Kadapa	2000	Yes	NA	NA

Name of the Project	Item from the list of	Local area	Locatio	n of the project.	Amount spent	Mode of Implemen-	- Through	mplementation Implementing Agency
noject.	Schedule VII to the Act.	(Yes/ No).	State	District	for the project (in ₹).	Direct (Yes/ No).	Name	CSR Registration number.
Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	AP	Tirupathi	3250	Yes	NA	NA
Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	BR	Dharbangha	0	Yes	NA	NA
Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	CG	Baster	3600	Yes	NA	NA
Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	CG	Bilaspur	3950	Yes	NA	NA
Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	CG	Kanker	0	Yes	NA	NA
Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	CG	Kondagaon	1100	Yes	NA	NA
Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	CG	Mahasamund	3820	Yes	NA	NA
Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	CG	Raigarh	3850	Yes	NA	NA
Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	CG	Raipur	800	Yes	NA	NA
Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Ahmedabad	0	Yes	NA	NA
Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Anand	1600	Yes	NA	NA
Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Aravali	0	Yes	NA	NA
Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Aravalli	0	Yes	NA	NA
Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Arvalli	0	Yes	NA	NA
Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Botad	0	Yes	NA	NA
Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Chhota Udepur	0	Yes	NA	NA
Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Dahod	4370	Yes	NA	NA
Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Gandhinagar	0	Yes	NA	NA
Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	kheda	0	Yes	NA	NA
Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Mahesana	0	Yes	NA	NA
Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Mahisagar	0	Yes	NA	NA
Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Mehsana	0	Yes	NA	NA
Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Navsari	0	Yes	NA	NA
Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Panch mahal	0	Yes	NA	NA
	Project.FinancialLiteracy <td>Name of the Project.the list of activities in Schedule VII to the Act.FinancialPromoting EducationFinancialPromoting<b< td=""><td>Name of the Project.the list of activities in Schedule VII to the Act.Local area (Yes/ No).Financial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoLiteracyEducationNoFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoLiteracyEducationNoFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoLiteracyEducationNoL</td><td>Name of the Project.the list of activities in Schedule VII to the Act.Local area (Yes/ No).LocationFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoAPFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoBRFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoGJFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoGJFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoGJFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoGJFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoGJFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoGJFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoGJFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoGJFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNo<t< td=""><td>Name of the Project.the list of activities in Schedule VII to the Act.Local (Yes/ No.Location of the project.Financial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoAPTirupathiFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoBRDharbanghaFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGBasterFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGBasterFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGKankerFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGMahasamundFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGMahasamundLiteracy EducationNoCGRaigarhRaigarhFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGRaigarhFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoGJAhmedabadFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoGJAnandLiteracy EducationNoGJAnandLiteracy EducationNoGJAnandLiteracy EducationNoGJAnandLiteracy EducationNoGJAnandLiteracy EducationNoGJAnauliFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoGJAnauliLiteracy EducationNoGJAnauliLiteracy EducationNoGJAnauliLitera</br></br></td><td>Name of the Project.the list of carcia (Yes, No.)Lectule 7 the project.spent for the project.Financial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoAPTirupathi3250Financial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoBRDharbangha0Financial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGBaster3600Financial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGBilaspur3950Financial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGKanker0Financial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGKanker0Financial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGRaigarh3850Financial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGRaigarh3850Financial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGRaigarh3850Financial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGRaigarh3850Financial LiteracyPromoting EducationGIAnand0Financial LiteracyPromoting EducationGIAnand0Financial LiteracyPromoting EducationGIAnand0Financial LiteracyPromoting EducationGIAnand0Financial LiteracyPromoting EducationGIAnand0Financial LiteracyPromoting EducationGIAnavalii0Fin</br></br></br></td><td>Name of the Project.the list of activities in activities in activities in schedule VI to the Act.Local activities in tation - No.Local StateDistrictspent for the protect.Implemen- factivities.Financial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoAPTirupathi3250VesFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoBRDharbangha0VesFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGBalespur Bilespur3950VesFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGKondagaon1100YesFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGKondagaon1100YesFinancial Literacy EducationPromoting EducationNoCGRaigarh3820YesFinancial Literacy EducationNoCGRaigarh3820YesLiteracy EducationPromoting EducationNoCGRaigarh3820YesFinancial Literacy EducationNoCGRaigarh3820YesFinancial Literacy EducationNoGJAnand1600YesFinancial Literacy EducationNoGJAnaudi0YesFinancial Financial FormotingNoGJAnaudi0YesFinancial Literacy EducationNoGJAnaudi0YesFinancial Financial Formoting</td><td>Name of the jist of orce with jurgers. regress.Amount of mode of simplementation of civities in area of simplementation. Financial Promoting No EducationLocal oree with jurgers. StateAmount for the promoting bit into the next of the promoting bit into the next of simplementation. Direct (with next of simplementation.Amount method with an and simplementation. Direct (with next of simplementation.Financial promoting Financial promoting </td></t<></td></b<></td>	Name of the Project.the list of activities in Schedule VII to the Act.FinancialPromoting EducationFinancialPromoting <b< td=""><td>Name of the Project.the list of activities in Schedule VII to the Act.Local area (Yes/ No).Financial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoLiteracyEducationNoFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoLiteracyEducationNoFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoLiteracyEducationNoL</td><td>Name of the Project.the list of activities in Schedule VII to the Act.Local area (Yes/ No).LocationFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoAPFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoBRFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoGJFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoGJFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoGJFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoGJFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoGJFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoGJFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoGJFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoGJFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNo<t< td=""><td>Name of the Project.the list of activities in Schedule VII to the Act.Local (Yes/ No.Location of the project.Financial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoAPTirupathiFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoBRDharbanghaFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGBasterFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGBasterFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGKankerFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGMahasamundFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGMahasamundLiteracy EducationNoCGRaigarhRaigarhFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGRaigarhFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoGJAhmedabadFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoGJAnandLiteracy EducationNoGJAnandLiteracy EducationNoGJAnandLiteracy EducationNoGJAnandLiteracy EducationNoGJAnandLiteracy EducationNoGJAnauliFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoGJAnauliLiteracy EducationNoGJAnauliLiteracy EducationNoGJAnauliLitera</br></br></td><td>Name of the Project.the list of carcia (Yes, No.)Lectule 7 the project.spent for the project.Financial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoAPTirupathi3250Financial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoBRDharbangha0Financial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGBaster3600Financial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGBilaspur3950Financial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGKanker0Financial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGKanker0Financial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGRaigarh3850Financial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGRaigarh3850Financial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGRaigarh3850Financial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGRaigarh3850Financial LiteracyPromoting EducationGIAnand0Financial LiteracyPromoting EducationGIAnand0Financial LiteracyPromoting EducationGIAnand0Financial LiteracyPromoting EducationGIAnand0Financial LiteracyPromoting EducationGIAnand0Financial LiteracyPromoting EducationGIAnavalii0Fin</br></br></br></td><td>Name of the Project.the list of activities in activities in activities in schedule VI to the Act.Local activities in tation - No.Local StateDistrictspent for the protect.Implemen- factivities.Financial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoAPTirupathi3250VesFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoBRDharbangha0VesFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGBalespur Bilespur3950VesFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGKondagaon1100YesFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGKondagaon1100YesFinancial Literacy EducationPromoting EducationNoCGRaigarh3820YesFinancial Literacy EducationNoCGRaigarh3820YesLiteracy EducationPromoting EducationNoCGRaigarh3820YesFinancial Literacy EducationNoCGRaigarh3820YesFinancial Literacy EducationNoGJAnand1600YesFinancial Literacy EducationNoGJAnaudi0YesFinancial Financial FormotingNoGJAnaudi0YesFinancial Literacy EducationNoGJAnaudi0YesFinancial Financial Formoting</td><td>Name of the jist of orce with jurgers. regress.Amount of mode of simplementation of civities in area of simplementation. 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Financial Promoting No EducationLocal oree with jurgers. StateAmount for the promoting bit into the next of the promoting bit into the next of simplementation. Direct (with next of simplementation.Amount method with an and simplementation. Direct (with next of simplementation.Financial promoting Financial promoting </td></t<>	Name of the Project.the list of activities in Schedule VII to the Act.Local (Yes/ No.Location of the project.Financial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoAPTirupathiFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoBRDharbanghaFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGBasterFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGBasterFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGKankerFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGMahasamundFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGMahasamundLiteracy EducationNoCGRaigarhRaigarhFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGRaigarhFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoGJAhmedabadFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoGJAnandLiteracy EducationNoGJAnandLiteracy EducationNoGJAnandLiteracy EducationNoGJAnandLiteracy EducationNoGJAnandLiteracy EducationNoGJAnauliFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoGJAnauliLiteracy 	Name of the 	Name of the Project.the list of activities in activities in activities in schedule VI to the Act.Local activities in tation - No.Local StateDistrictspent for the protect.Implemen- factivities.Financial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoAPTirupathi3250VesFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoBRDharbangha0VesFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGBalespur Bilespur3950VesFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGKondagaon1100YesFinancial LiteracyPromoting EducationNoCGKondagaon1100YesFinancial Literacy EducationPromoting EducationNoCGRaigarh3820YesFinancial Literacy EducationNoCGRaigarh3820YesLiteracy EducationPromoting EducationNoCGRaigarh3820YesFinancial Literacy EducationNoCGRaigarh3820YesFinancial Literacy EducationNoGJAnand1600YesFinancial Literacy EducationNoGJAnaudi0YesFinancial Financial FormotingNoGJAnaudi0YesFinancial Literacy EducationNoGJAnaudi0YesFinancial Financial Formoting	Name of the jist of orce with jurgers. regress.Amount of mode of simplementation of civities in area of simplementation. 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S. No.	Name of the Project.	Item from the list of	Local area	Locatio	n of the project.	Amount spent	Mode of Implemen-	- Through	mplementation Implementing Agency
		activities in Schedule VII to the Act.	(Yes/ No).	State	District	for the project (in ₹).	tation - Direct (Yes/ No).	Name	CSR Registration number.
311	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Panch mahals	0	Yes	NA	NA
312	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Panchmahal	0	Yes	NA	NA
313	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Sabarkantha	0	Yes	NA	NA
314	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Sabrkantha	0	Yes	NA	NA
315	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Surat	0	Yes	NA	NA
316	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Surendranagar	0	Yes	NA	NA
317	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Тарі	0	Yes	NA	NA
318	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Vadodra	0	Yes	NA	NA
319	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	КА	B.Lore ®	1000	Yes	NA	NA
320	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	KA	Bangalore	350	Yes	NA	NA
321	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	KA	Bangalore Rural	8400	Yes	NA	NA
322	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	KA	Belagavi	0	Yes	NA	NA
323	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	KA	Bengalore Rural	2050	Yes	NA	NA
324	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	KA	Bidar	0	Yes	NA	NA
325	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	KA	Chamarajanagara	0	Yes	NA	NA
326		Promoting Education	No	KA	Chikkaballapur	7500	Yes	NA	NA
327	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	KA	Chikkamangalore	0	Yes	NA	NA
328	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	КА	Chinthamani	1000	Yes	NA	NA
329		Promoting Education	No	КА	Chitradurga	0	Yes	NA	NA
330	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	KA	Davanagere	0	Yes	NA	NA
331	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	KA	Dharwad	0	Yes	NA	NA
332		Promoting Education	No	КА	Dharwada	0	Yes	NA	NA
333	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	КА	Hassan	15000	Yes	NA	NA
334		Promoting Education	No	KA	Haveri	0	Yes	NA	NA

S. No.	Name of the Project.	Item from the list of	Local area	Locatio	n of the project.	Amount spent	Mode of Implemen-	- Through	mplementation Implementing Agency
110.	Toject.	activities in Schedule VII to the Act.	(Yes/ No).	State	District	for the project (in ₹).	tation - Direct (Yes/ No).	Name	CSR Registration number.
335	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	KA	Kolar	28750	Yes	NA	NA
336	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	KA	ΚορραΙ	0	Yes	NA	NA
337	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	KA	Mysore	15000	Yes	NA	NA
338	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	KA	Ramanagar	1000	Yes	NA	NA
339	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	KA	Ramanagara	0	Yes	NA	NA
340	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	KA	Shivammogga	0	Yes	NA	NA
341	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	KA	Shivamogga	0	Yes	NA	NA
342	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	KA	Tumkur	450	Yes	NA	NA
343	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	КА	Tumukur	250	Yes	NA	NA
344	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	KA	Tumukuru	500	Yes	NA	NA
345	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	KA	Uttara Kannada	0	Yes	NA	NA
346	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	КА	Viajayanagara	0	Yes	NA	NA
347	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	KA	Vijayanagara	0	Yes	NA	NA
348	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MH	Ahmadnagar	14856	Yes	NA	NA
349	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MH	Akola	9137	Yes	NA	NA
350	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MH	Amravati	0	Yes	NA	NA
351	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MH	Bhandara	0	Yes	NA	NA
352	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MH	Buldhana	0	Yes	NA	NA
353	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MH	Gondia	0	Yes	NA	NA
354	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MH	Katol	0	Yes	NA	NA
355		Promoting Education	No	MH	Nagpur	0	Yes	NA	NA
356	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MH	Wardha	0	Yes	NA	NA
357	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MH	Yavatmal	0	Yes	NA	NA
358	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MP	Barwani	0	Yes	NA	NA

S. No.	Name of the Project.	Item from the list of	Local area	Location	n of the project.	Amount spent	Mode of Implemen-	Mode of Implementation - Through Implementing Agency	
140.	nojeci.	activities in Schedule VII to the Act.	(Yes/ No).	State	District	for the project (in ₹).	tation - Direct (Yes/ No).	Name	CSR Registration number.
359	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MP	Dewas	5630	Yes	NA	NA
360	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MP	Dhar	0	Yes	NA	NA
361	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MP	Dhar	5400	Yes	NA	NA
362	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MP	Harda	0	Yes	NA	NA
363	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MP	Indore	0	Yes	NA	NA
364	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MP	Jabalpur	0	Yes	NA	NA
365	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MP	Jhabua	0	Yes	NA	NA
366	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MP	Kanadiya	0	Yes	NA	NA
367	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MP	Katni	0	Yes	NA	NA
368	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MP	Khandwa	6320	Yes	NA	NA
369	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MP	Khargone	3700	Yes	NA	NA
370	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MP	Raisen	0	Yes	NA	NA
371	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MP	Ratlam	21150	Yes	NA	NA
372	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MP	Ujjain	0	Yes	NA	NA
373	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MP	Vidisha	0	Yes	NA	NA
374	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	OD	Koraput	0	Yes	NA	NA
375	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	OD	Malkangiri	0	Yes	NA	NA
376	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Banswara	0	Yes	NA	NA
377		Promoting Education	No	RJ	Baswara	11560	Yes	NA	NA
378		Promoting Education	No	RJ	Chittorgarh	3000	Yes	NA	NA
379	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Dungarpur	1000	Yes	NA	NA
380	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Mandsaur	0	Yes	NA	NA
381	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Partapgarh	0	Yes	NA	NA
382		Promoting Education	No	RJ	Pratapgarh	0	Yes	NA	NA

S. No.	Name of the Project.	Item from the list of	Local area	Location of the project.		Amount spent for the	Mode of Implemen-	Mode of Implementation - Through Implementing Agency	
NO.	rioject.	activities in Schedule VII to the Act.	(Yes/ No).	State	District	for the project (in ₹).	tation - Direct (Yes/ No).	Name	CSR Registration number.
383	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Sirohi	0	Yes	NA	NA
384	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Udaipur	0	Yes	NA	NA
385	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Ariyalur	14100	Yes	NA	NA
386	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Cuddalore	13750	Yes	NA	NA
387	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Dindigul	15000	Yes	NA	NA
388	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Kallakurichi	0	Yes	NA	NA
389	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Madurai	30000	Yes	NA	NA
390	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Pudhukottai	0	Yes	NA	NA
391	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Pudukottai	0	Yes	NA	NA
392	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Ranipet	0	Yes	NA	NA
393	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Thanjavur	0	Yes	NA	NA
394	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Theni	0	Yes	NA	NA
395	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Thirukovilur	0	Yes	NA	NA
396	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Thirunelveli	15000	Yes	NA	NA
397	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Thiruvannamalai	0	Yes	NA	NA
398	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Thiruvarur	0	Yes	NA	NA
399	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Tirunannamalai	0	Yes	NA	NA
400	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Tiruvannamalai	0	Yes	NA	NA
401	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Trichy	15000	Yes	NA	NA
402	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Villupuram	0	Yes	NA	NA
403	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TS	Badradri KG	750	Yes	NA	NA
404	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TS	Nalgonda	8750	Yes	NA	NA
405	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	UP	Bahraich	500	Yes	NA	NA
406	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	UP	Bhadohi	0	Yes	NA	NA

S. No.	Name of the Project.	Item from the list of	Local area	Locatio	n of the project.	Amount spent	Mode of Implemen-	- Through	mplementation Implementing Agency
NO.	rioject.	activities in Schedule VII to the Act.	(Yes/ No).	State	District	for the project (in ₹).	tation - Direct (Yes/ No).	Name	CSR Registration number.
407	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	UP	Jaunpur	0	Yes	NA	NA
408	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	AP	Annamayya	7000	Yes	NA	NA
409	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	AP	Annamayya	0	Yes	NA	NA
410	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	AP	Balaji	1250	Yes	NA	NA
411	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	AP	East Godawari	1750	Yes	NA	NA
412	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	AP	Thirupathi	4000	Yes	NA	NA
413	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	AP	Tirupathi	1750	Yes	NA	NA
414	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	BR	Darbhanga	0	Yes	NA	NA
415	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	BR	Dharbangha	1300	Yes	NA	NA
416	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	BR	Dharbhangaa , Madhubani	480	Yes	NA	NA
417	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	BR	Gopalganj	300	Yes	NA	NA
418	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	BR	Muzaffarpur	0	Yes	NA	NA
419	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	BR	Samastipur	0	Yes	NA	NA
420	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	BR	Samsatipur	0	Yes	NA	NA
421	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	CG	Bhanupratapur	0	Yes	NA	NA
422	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	CG	Kanker	1285	Yes	NA	NA
423	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	CG	Kondagaon	2000	Yes	NA	NA
424	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Aravali	450	Yes	NA	NA
425		Promoting Education	No	GJ	Aravalli	830	Yes	NA	NA
426	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Dahod	4830	Yes	NA	NA
427	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Mahesana	0	Yes	NA	NA
428	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Mahisagar	170	Yes	NA	NA
429	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Narmada	0	Yes	NA	NA
430	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Panch mahal	1500	Yes	NA	NA

S. No.		Name of the Project.	Name of the Project.	Item from the list of		the list of	the list of	Local area	Locatio	n of the project.	Amount spent	Mode of Implemen-	- Through	mplementation Implementing Agency
NO.	Hoject.	Schedule VII to the Act.	(Yes/ No).	State	District	for the project (in ₹).	tation - Direct (Yes/ No).	Name	CSR Registration number.					
431	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Panchmahal	0	Yes	NA	NA					
432	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Panchmahals	0	Yes	NA	NA					
433	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Ταρί	4915	Yes	NA	NA					
434	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	GJ	Vadodra	0	Yes	NA	NA					
435	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	KA	Bellary (Vijayanagara)	0	Yes	NA	NA					
436	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	KA	Hassan	0	Yes	NA	NA					
437	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MH	Bhandara	0	Yes	NA	NA					
438	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MH	Nagpur	0	Yes	NA	NA					
439	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MH	Wardha	0	Yes	NA	NA					
440	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MP	Betul	1400	Yes	NA	NA					
441	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MP	Khandwa	800	Yes	NA	NA					
442	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MP	Khandwa (Burhanpur)	300	Yes	NA	NA					
443	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MP	Pratapgarh	0	Yes	NA	NA					
444	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	MP	Ratlam	2000	Yes	NA	NA					
445	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	OD	Bhadrak	0	Yes	NA	NA					
446	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	OD	Cuttack	0	Yes	NA	NA					
447	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	OD	Jajpur	0	Yes	NA	NA					
448	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	OD	Koraput	0	Yes	NA	NA					
449	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Bansawa	0	Yes	NA	NA					
450	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Basawara	0	Yes	NA	NA					
451	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Baswara	12760	Yes	NA	NA					
452	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Bhilwara	0	Yes	NA	NA					
453	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Chittorgarh	1000	Yes	NA	NA					
454	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Dungarpur	0	Yes	NA	NA					

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S. No.	Name of the Project.	Item from the list of	Local area	Locatio	on of the project.	Amount spent	Mode of Implemen- tation -	Mode of Implementation - Through Implementing Agency	
NO.	rioject.	activities in Schedule VII to the Act.	(Yes/ No).	State	District	for the project (in ₹).	tation - Direct (Yes/ No).	Name	CSR Registration number.
455	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Nagaur	0	Yes	NA	NA
456	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Partapgarh	0	Yes	NA	NA
457	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Pratapgarh	0	Yes	NA	NA
458	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Rajsamand	0	Yes	NA	NA
459	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Rajsamandh	0	Yes	NA	NA
460	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Sirohi	0	Yes	NA	NA
461	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	RJ	Udaipur	0	Yes	NA	NA
462	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Ananthapuram	0	Yes	NA	NA
463	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Devikapuram	0	Yes	NA	NA
464	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Dindigul	0	Yes	NA	NA
465	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Kanyakumari	5250	Yes	NA	NA
466	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Pudhukottai	0	Yes	NA	NA
467	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Thiruvarur	0	Yes	NA	NA
468	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Tiruvannamalai	0	Yes	NA	NA
469	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TN	Villupuram	0	Yes	NA	NA
470	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TS	Badradri KG	2500	Yes	NA	NA
471	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TS	Badradri KG	750	Yes	NA	NA
472	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	TS	Kothagudem	5000	Yes	NA	NA
473	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	UP	Ambedkar nagar / Aazamgarh	0	Yes	NA	NA
474	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	UP	Azamgadh	1500	Yes	NA	NA
475	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	UP	Azamgarh	3300	Yes	NA	NA
476	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	UP	Gazipur	1000	Yes	NA	NA
477	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	UP	Gorakhpour	1000	Yes	NA	NA
478	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	UP	Gorakhpur	6600	Yes	NA	NA

S. No.	Name of the Project.	Item from the list of activities in	Local area	Locatior	n of the project.	Amount spent for the	Mode of Implemen- tation -	Mode of Implementation - Through Implementing Agency	
	-	Schedule VII to the Act.	(Yes/ No).	State	District	project (in ₹).	Direct (Yes/ No).	Name	CSR Registration number.
479	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	UP	Jaunpur	500	Yes	NA	NA
480	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	UP	Kushinagar	1000	Yes	NA	NA
481	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	UP	Mirazapur	500	Yes	NA	NA
482	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	UP	Mirjapur	0	Yes	NA	NA
483	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	UP	Mirzapur	1000	Yes	NA	NA
484	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	UP	Pratapgadh	0	Yes	NA	NA
485	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	UP	Pratapgarh	1000	Yes	NA	NA
486	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	UP	Prayagraj	9600	Yes	NA	NA
487	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	UP	Rajatav	500	Yes	NA	NA
488	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	UP	Sultanpur	1000	Yes	NA	NA
489	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	UP	Varanashi	2270	Yes	NA	NA
490	Financial Literacy	Promoting Education	No	UP	Varanasi	2800	Yes	NA	NA

d. Amount spent on Administrative Overheads: 0

e. Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable: NA

f. Total amount spent for the Financial Year (8b+8c+8d+8e): ₹ 2,39,12,919

g. Excess amount for set off, if any:

SI. No.	Particular	Amount (in ₹)
(i)	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5)	2,36,58,890
(ii)	Total amount spent for the Financial Year	2,39,12,919
(iii)	Excess amount spent for the financial year [(ii)-(i)]	2,54,029
(iv)	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years, if any	0
(v)	Amount available for set off in succeeding financial years [(iii)-(iv)]	2,54,029

8. (a) Details of Unspent CSR amount for the preceding three financial years: N.A

SI. No.	Preceding Financial Year.	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account under section 135 (6) (in ₹)	Amount spent in the reporting	Amount transfo under Schedule	Amount remaining to be spent in succeeding					
			Financial Year (in ₹).	Name of the Fund	Amount (in ₹).	Date of transfer.	financial years. (in ₹)			
	Not Applicable									

(b) Details of CSR amount spent in the financial year for ongoing projects of the preceding financial year(s): NA

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	
SI. No.	Project ID.	Name of the Project.	Financial Year in which the project was commenced.	Project duration.	Total amount allocated for the project (in ₹).	Amount spent on the project in the reporting Financial Year (in ₹).	Cumulative amount spent at the end of reporting Financial Year. (in ₹)	Status of the project- Completed /Ongoing.	
	Not Applicable								

In case of creation or acquisition of capital asset, furnish the details relating to the asset so created or acquired through

CSR spent in the financial year:

(asset-wise details).

9.

- a. Date of creation or acquisition of the capital asset(s) NA
- b. Amount of CSR spent for creation or acquisition of capital asset NA
- c. Details of the entity or public authority or beneficiary under whose name such capital asset is registered, their address etc. NA
- d. Provide details of the capital asset(s) created or acquired (including complete address and location of the capital asset). NA
- 10. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two percent of the average net profit as per Section 135(5): NA

For Fincare Small Finance Bank Limited

Sd/-	Sd/-
Pramod Kabra	Rajeev Yadav
Chairman and Non-Executive Director	Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer
DIN: 02252403	DIN: 00111379
Add: 2101, Floor 21, Plot 30, Tower No.4,	Add: Villa 578, Phase 3, Adarsh Palm Retreat,
Strata Planet Godrej, Keshavrao, Khadymarg,	Outer Ring Road, Devarabeesanahalli, Bellandur,
Saat Rasta, Jacob Circle, Mumbai – 400011, Maharashtra	Bangalore- 560103, Karnataka
Date: June 23, 2023	Date: June 23, 2023

Place: Mumbai

Sd/-

Divya Sehgal

Chairperson of CSR Committee & Nominee Director DIN: 01775308 Address: Flat No. 1307 and 1308, Wing A, 13th Floor, Ashok Tower, Dr. Ambedkar Road, Parel, Sewri, Mumbai – 400 012

Date: June 23, 2023

Place: Mumbai

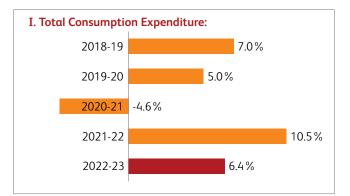
Place: Bengaluru

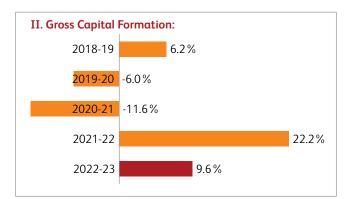
MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

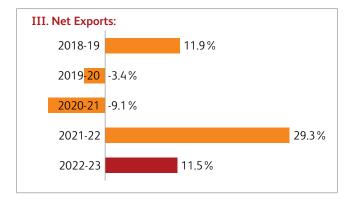
Indian Economy

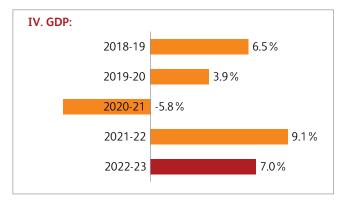
Economic Recovery: The Indian economy gained momentum in the second quarter of 2022-23 as domestic supply chains normalized and contact-intensive sectors rebounded. The recovery was supported by robust balance sheets of the corporate sector and banks, which led to increased credit demand. Additionally, the government's increase in capital expenditure (capex) contributed to the rebound.

GDP Growth: The projected GDP growth rate of 7.0% for FY23 indicates positive momentum and a rebound in economic activities, supported by increased consumption expenditure, improved investment, and a recovery in international trade. The real GDP of India grew by an estimated 7% in 2022-23, making it one of the fastest-growing major economies in the world during that period. This indicates a strong recovery and expansion of economic activity.









Inflation: The Consumer Price Index (CPI) inflation, which was initially projected to moderate to 4.5%, surged to 6.7% in 2022-23. The increase in price pressures was broad-based and persistent, surpassing the upper tolerance level of the inflation target in several months. As a response, the Reserve Bank of India raised the policy repo rate by 250 basis points (bps) cumulatively.

Agriculture

Agriculture Sector: The agriculture and allied sector experienced marginal growth in 2022-23, marking the third consecutive year of moderation. Despite this, the sector's Gross Value Added (GVA) grew by 3.3% due to record production of food grains, sugarcane, and rapeseed-mustard. The sector's performance was supported by a normal cumulative south-west monsoon.

In FY23, agriculture production in India is expected to witness various trends and variations based on the provided data. The overall foodgrains production is projected to increase from 3,156.2 million tonnes in 2021-22 to 3,280.0 million tonnes in 2022-23, representing a growth of 4.7%. The Kharif crop is expected to experience a slight decline of -0.2 $\%\,$ compared to the previous year, while the Rabi crop, including summer crops, is anticipated to show significant growth of 9.5%. Notably, rice production is expected to increase by 4.7%, while wheat production is projected to grow by 4.6%. However, the production of pulses is estimated to decline by -0.9%. In the case of cash crops, sugarcane production is set to witness a substantial increase of 12.5%, while cotton production is expected to decrease by -7.2%. The production of jute and mesta is anticipated to decline by -6.5%. These projections highlight the mixed performance of different agricultural sectors in India for FY23, with notable growth in certain crops and challenges in others.

Kisan Credit Card (KCC) Scheme: The number of operative KCCs increased to 282.96 lakh in 2022-23, with outstanding crop loans, term loans, and loans for animal husbandry and fisheries showing growth compared to the previous year. This indicates increased access to credit for farmers through the KCC scheme.

Priority Sector

Priority Sector Lending: Scheduled commercial banks achieved a priority sector lending target of 44.7% as of March 31, 2023. This demonstrates the banking sector's efforts to meet the financing

needs of priority sectors such as agriculture, small businesses, and other marginalised sectors.

Overall, data of RBI suggests that both public sector banks and private sector banks have made progress in achieving the priority sector lending targets in FY23. They have increased their lending to priority sectors, indicating a focus on inclusive and developmental banking.

Public Sector Banks:

- In FY22, public sector banks achieved priority sector lending of ₹ 26,49,180 Crore, which accounted for 42.90% of their total lending.
- In FY23, there was an improvement in their performance, with priority sector lending reaching ₹ 28,55,355 Crore, accounting for 44.18% of their total lending.
- This indicates that public sector banks have made progress in meeting the priority sector lending targets set by the government.

Private Sector Banks:

- In FY22, private sector banks achieved priority sector lending of ₹ 16,85,806 crore, constituting 43.71% of their total lending.
- For FY23, there was a further improvement, with priority sector lending reaching ₹ 19,93,388 crore, accounting for 45.57% of their total lending.
- Private sector banks have shown an increase in their commitment to priority sector lending, surpassing the previous year's performance.

Foreign Banks:

- In FY22, foreign banks achieved priority sector lending of ₹ 2,08,107 Crore, which accounted for 42.65% of their total lending.
- However, in FY23, there was a slight decline in their performance, with priority sector lending amounting to ₹ 2,10,578 Crore, constituting 42.92% of their total lending.
- Foreign banks have maintained a relatively stable level of priority sector lending, but they have not shown significant growth in meeting the targets.

Inclusive Banking through Digitalization: The government has prioritized expanding and deepening the digital payments ecosystem in the country. Efforts have been made to make districts 100% digitally enabled, with 87 districts identified as digitally enabled out of the total 182 districts as of March 31, 2023. This initiative aims to facilitate safe, secure, and convenient digital payments for individuals.

India Banking Sector

The Indian banking sector is a crucial component of the country's financial system and plays a significant role in driving economic growth and development. It encompasses a diverse range of financial institutions, including commercial banks, cooperative banks, regional rural banks, and specialised banks. The sector is regulated and supervised by the Reserve Bank of India (RBI), the country's central bank.

One of the notable features of the Indian banking sector is its extensive network of commercial bank branches, which facilitates access to banking services across the country. Commercial banks in India serve as the backbone of the sector, catering to the banking needs of individuals, businesses, and various sectors of the economy. They offer a wide range of services, including deposit accounts, loans, trade finance, investment products, and electronic banking solutions.

The Indian banking sector has witnessed significant reforms and transformations over the years. Liberalization measures in the 1990s opened up the sector to private and foreign players, leading to increased competition and innovation. This has brought about positive changes, such as improved customer service, enhanced product offerings, and the adoption of advanced technology in banking operations.

The sector has also seen a push towards financial inclusion, with initiatives like the Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana (PMJDY) aimed at providing access to basic banking services to the unbanked population. The advent of digital banking and mobile-based financial services has further accelerated financial inclusion efforts, allowing individuals to access banking services conveniently, even in remote areas.

Challenges exist within the Indian banking sector as well. Nonperforming assets (NPAs) or bad loans have been a concern, affecting the profitability and stability of banks. Efforts are being made to address this issue through various mechanisms, including the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code (IBC) and reforms in the resolution framework.

Regulatory oversight by the RBI ensures the stability and integrity of the banking system. The central bank formulates policies, regulates interest rates, sets prudential norms, and monitors compliance to maintain financial stability and protect the interests of depositors and borrowers.

In summary, the Indian banking sector is a dynamic and evolving landscape. It plays a pivotal role in supporting economic activities, promoting financial inclusion, and driving overall growth. Continued reforms, strengthened risk management practices, and technological advancements are crucial to further strengthen the sector, enhance customer experience, and foster sustainable growth in the Indian economy.

Indian Banking Sector in FY23

Indian banking sector experienced robust credit growth in FY23, driven by increased lending activity. However, the challenge of mobilising adequate resources amid tightening liquidity conditions underscores the importance of managing liquidity effectively and balancing credit growth with deposit mobilisation to ensure the stability and sustainability of the banking sector.

The analysis of the data reveals several key trends in the Indian banking sector in FY23. Bank credit experienced robust growth, increasing by 15 percent year-on-year, which is a significant improvement compared to the 9.6 percent growth observed in FY22. This marks the highest credit growth since 2011-12, when it stood at 19.3 percent. This surge in credit indicates increased lending activity by banks, which can stimulate economic growth and support business expansion.

On the other hand, bank deposits also witnessed growth, albeit at a slightly lower rate compared to credit. Deposits expanded by 9.58 percent year-on-year in FY23, slightly higher than the 8.9 percent growth seen in FY22. While the growth in deposits is positive, the data indicates that credit disbursements outpaced deposit mobilisation during this period.

The Reserve Bank of India's data highlights that banks raised ₹ 15.78 trillion through deposits in FY23, a significant increase from the ₹ 13.51 trillion raised in FY22. In absolute terms, credit also saw a substantial rise, reaching ₹ 17.83 trillion in FY23 compared to ₹ 10.43 trillion in FY22.

Bankers have acknowledged the strong credit demand observed in FY23; however, they faced challenges in mobilising additional resources due to tightening liquidity. The change in the RBI's stance and the hike in policy repo rates contributed to a liquidity squeeze, making it more challenging for banks to attract deposits and raise funds.

Credit and Deposit

Credit Offtake: The credit offtake (the increase in credit demand) in India has shown significant growth. It rose by 15.0% year on year (y-o-y) for the fortnight ended March 24, 2023. In absolute terms, credit offtake expanded by ₹ 17.8 lakh crore to reach ₹ 136.8 lakh crore as of March 24, 2023, compared to March 2022. This growth has been primarily driven by personal loans, robust growth in nonbanking financial companies (NBFCs), and higher working capital requirements due to inflation.

Credit Trend: The y-o-y growth rate of credit has been increasing over the years. It stood at 5.1% as of March 27, 2020, and gradually increased to 15.0% as of March 24, 2023. This indicates a consistent upward trend in credit expansion.

Deposit Growth: On the other hand, deposit growth witnessed slower growth compared to credit growth. It grew by 9.6 % year on year (y-o-y) for the fortnight ended March 10, 2023. This indicates that the growth in deposits has been comparatively lower than the growth in credit. Several factors contribute to this slower growth in deposits, including rising deposit rates, elevated policy rates, intense competition between banks for raising deposits to meet strong credit demand, a widening gap between credit and deposit growth, and lower liquidity in the market.

Deposit Trend: The y-o-y growth rate of deposits has shown some variation. It was 7.9% as of March 27, 2020, increased to 11.4% as of March 26, 2021, and then declined to 8.9% as of March 25, 2022. However, there was a slight recovery, with the growth rate reaching 9.6% as of March 24, 2023.

Rising Deposit Rates: Deposit rates have already increased and are expected to rise further. The intense competition between banks to attract deposits to meet the strong credit demand has led to a rise in deposit rates. This indicates that banks are offering higher interest rates on deposits to incentivise savers to deposit their money with them.

Liquidity Situation: The short-term Weighted Average Call Rate (WACR), a measure of liquidity in the system, has increased significantly. It reached 6.78% as of March 31, 2023, compared

to 3.34% as of April 01, 2022. This rise in the WACR is a result of higher policy rates and lower liquidity in the market. Lower liquidity indicates that there is less money available in the system, which can impact lending and borrowing activities.

Small Finance Banks

Small Finance Bank (SFB) are a unique category of banks in India that was introduced by the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) with the aim of promoting financial inclusion and providing banking services to underserved and unserved segments of the population. The Small Finance Banks primarily cater to the needs of small businesses, microenterprises, microentrepreneurs in the unorganized sector, and low-income households. The establishment of SFBs is based on the philosophy of "outreach and inclusiveness" to address the banking needs of the marginalized and economically weaker sections of society.

The concept of Small Finance Banks was introduced as part of the RBI's efforts to enhance financial inclusion and provide basic banking services in areas where traditional banking infrastructure is limited. The RBI issued guidelines for the licensing and operations of SFBs in 2014, and the first batch of SFBs received licenses in 2015. These banks are regulated under the provisions of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949.

The primary objective of Small Finance Banks is to provide a range of basic banking services, such as deposit accounts, credit facilities, remittance services, and payment solutions, to the target segments. They also focus on financial literacy to educate customers about banking products and services, thereby promoting financial awareness and wellness.

SFBs have certain key features that distinguish them from other categories of banks in India. Some of these features include:

- Target Customer Segment: SFBs specifically target the unserved and underserved sections of society, including small and marginal farmers, micro and small enterprises, low-income households, and individuals with limited banking access for their credit requirements.
- Area of Operation: SFBs are required to primarily operate in a specific area or region to ensure focused outreach and effective delivery of banking services. Initially, they were required to set up at least 25% of their branches in unbanked rural areas.
- Limited Banking Activities: SFBs are restricted from engaging in complex financial activities like investment banking and large corporate lending. They primarily focus on basic banking services and lending to the target segments.
- Priority Sector Lending: SFBs are mandated to meet the priority sector lending targets set by the RBI. They are required to allocate a significant portion of their lending to sectors such as agriculture, microenterprises, small businesses, and other priority sectors to promote inclusive growth.
- Capital Requirements: SFBs are required to maintain a minimum capital adequacy ratio of 15% of their riskweighted assets, ensuring a strong capital base for stable operations.

 Regulatory Oversight: SFBs are subject to regular regulatory oversight by the RBI to ensure compliance with banking regulations, prudential norms, and consumer protection guidelines.

Since their inception, Small Finance Banks have played a crucial role in expanding access to formal banking services and promoting financial inclusion in India. They have provided a platform for individuals and businesses in rural and semi-urban areas to access basic financial services, avail credit facilities, and become part of the formal banking system. Their presence has facilitated financial empowerment, improved savings habits, and encouraged entrepreneurship in previously underserved regions.

SWOT Analysis of SFBs

Strengths:

Financial Inclusion: SFBs play a crucial role in promoting financial inclusion for the unbanked and underbanked. They provide banking services to small businesses, microenterprises, and low-income households, thereby contributing to inclusive economic growth.

Targeted Approach: SFBs have a focused approach, operating in specific areas or regions where traditional banking infrastructure is limited. This enables them to understand the unique needs of their target customers and design tailored products and services to meet their requirements.

Strong Regulatory Framework: SFBs operate under the regulatory framework of the Reserve Bank of India (RBI). This ensures compliance with banking regulations, prudential norms, and consumer protection guidelines, instilling confidence in customers and promoting stability in their operations.

Priority Sector Lending: SFBs have a mandated priority sector lending requirement, requiring them to allocate a significant portion of their lending to priority sectors such as agriculture, microenterprises, and small businesses. This helps in driving inclusive growth and meeting the financing needs of underserved sectors.

Weaknesses:

Limited Scale: Compared to larger commercial banks, SFBs operate on a smaller scale, with limited branch networks and customer reach. This can restrict their ability to compete with larger players in certain markets and may result in lower economies of scale.

Operational Challenges: Establishing and maintaining a robust operational infrastructure can be a challenge for SFBs, especially in remote and rural areas where physical infrastructure and technology may be lacking. Ensuring reliable connectivity and efficient service delivery can be a hurdle.

Opportunities:

Untapped Market Potential: Despite progress in financial inclusion, a significant portion of the Indian population remains unbanked or underbanked. This presents an opportunity for SFBs to expand their customer base and capture new markets through targeted outreach and innovative products.

Technology Adoption: Rapid advancements in technology offer opportunities for SFBs to leverage digital platforms and mobile banking solutions to reach customers in remote areas, reduce operational costs, and enhance service delivery. Embracing digital transformation can help SFBs overcome physical limitations.

Threats:

Competitive Landscape: SFBs face competition from traditional banks, non-banking financial institutions, and emerging fintech companies. The presence of established players with extensive resources and customer bases can pose challenges in attracting and retaining customers.

Economic Volatility: Changes in the economic environment, such as fluctuations in interest rates, inflation, or overall economic growth, can impact the credit quality of borrowers and asset quality of SFBs. Economic downturns and financial crises can pose risks to their operations and profitability.

Regulatory Environment: Changes in regulatory policies, capital requirements, or priority sector lending norms can have implications for SFBs. Adapting to evolving regulatory frameworks and maintaining compliance can require additional resources and effort.

Banking Services Penetration in India

India has lower commercial bank branches and ATM penetration compared to other countries, indicating a significant scope for improving financial inclusion and increasing access to banking services.

With only 14.6 bank branches and 21 ATMs per 100,000 adults in India as of 2021, as per World Bank data, the availability of physical banking infrastructure appears to be relatively lower compared to both developing and developed countries. This limited presence of bank branches and ATMs could restrict the accessibility of banking services for a considerable portion of the population, especially in rural and remote areas.

The lower branch and ATM penetration in India highlights the need for expanding the physical banking network to reach underserved and unbanked populations. Increasing the number of bank branches and ATMs across the country would help improve the convenience and ease of access to banking services for individuals and businesses alike.

Enhancing financial inclusion and expanding banking services penetration can have several positive impacts. It can promote savings, encourage formal financial transactions, facilitate access to credit for businesses and individuals, and foster economic growth. Moreover, increased access to banking services can enable individuals to participate in the formal financial system, build credit histories, and access a wider range of financial products and services.

To address the gap in banking infrastructure, initiatives such as the Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana, which aims to provide access to financial services for all households in India, have been implemented. Additionally, the rapid growth of digital banking and mobile-based financial services in recent years has played a significant role in extending the reach of banking services, particularly in remote areas where physical infrastructure is limited.

Efforts to expand the physical banking network, coupled with the promotion of digital banking solutions, can contribute to bridging the gap in banking services penetration in India. This would facilitate greater financial inclusion, promote economic development, and improve the overall financial well-being of individuals and businesses across the country.

Status of SFBs in the Indian Banking Sector.

Small Finance Banks (SFBs) may still represent a small portion of the banking sector, with a market share of 1.14% in advances and 0.71% in deposits as of March 31, 2022. However, their significant achievements in deposit mobilisation and outreach to the under-banked population have enabled them to make notable progress. SFBs have successfully attracted deposits from customers, indicating a growing trust and confidence in their banking services. Moreover, their focused efforts to serve the under-banked segments, particularly in rural and semi-urban areas, have contributed to promoting financial inclusion and providing essential banking services to those who have limited access. By tailoring their financial products and services to cater to the specific needs of underserved individuals and businesses, SFBs have managed to gain a larger market share and establish a notable presence within the banking sector.

About Fincare Small Finance Bank:

Fincare Small Finance Bank is a prominent financial institution that operates in India. Established in 2017, Fincare Small Finance Bank focuses on serving the banking needs of unbanked and underbanked segments of the population, including micro, small, and medium enterprises (MSMEs) and low-income individuals.

Fincare Small Finance Bank operates on the principles of financial inclusion, innovation, and sustainability. It aims to bridge the gap between traditional banking and the banking needs of underserved sections of society by offering products and services tailored to their unique situation. With a strong commitment to empowering customers and driving economic growth, Fincare endeavours to create a positive impact on the lives of customers and communities it serves.

The bank provides many financial solutions, including savings account, current account, fixed deposit, micro loan, loan against property or gold, affordable housing loan, among others. Leveraging advanced technology and digital platforms, Fincare ensures accessibility, availability and affordability, using high touch and high tech, in a safe and secure manner, thereby making banking more inclusive.

Fincare Small Finance Bank has built a reputation for its customercentric approach, ethical practices, and robust risk management systems. It adheres to strict compliance standards and operates with a strong emphasis on trust and transparency. The bank is regulated by the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) and follows all regulatory guidelines to ensure the safety of customers' data and money.

With its extensive network of branches and banking outlets across multiple states in India, Fincare Small Finance Bank is committed to reaching out to the remotest areas and catering to the banking needs of the underserved segments. Through its innovative and inclusive approach, Fincare aims to contribute to the economic development and financial well-being of individuals and businesses across the country.

Credit and Deposit Products

The objective of Fincare Small Finance Bank is to provide affordable financial products and services to individuals, MSMEs, and unorganised entities in rural areas.

Deposit Products:

- Savings Account
- Current Account
- Term Deposit
- Recurring Deposit

Loan/Advance Products:

- Microloan: Collateral-free loan, designed for low-income mass retail customers.
- Loan against Property: Loan provided to small business owners for expansion, leveraging their property as collateral.
- Loan against Gold: Loan provided against gold jewellery.
- Affordable Housing Loan: Loan offered for purchase of house property
- Two-Wheeler Loan: Loans offered for the purchase of a twowheeler.
- Overdraft: Loan offering against Fixed Deposit or Property
- Institutional Finance: Term Loan facility for NBFC/Companies for business purposes

Inclusive Focus

Growth in New to Credit Borrowers:

New borrowers without prior credit history increased from 43.84% in 2021 to 54.23% in 2022 and then decreased slightly to 43.78% in 2023.

Total Borrowers and Borrower Accounts:

Number of borrowers increased from 2.09 million in 2021 to 2.39 million in 2022 and further to 2.76 million in 2023.

Microloan Accounts and Disbursements:

Number of borrower accounts for microloans with a ticket size below ₹ 50,000 increased from 1,034,782 in 2021 to 1,641,861 in 2022 and then slightly decreased to 1,254,453 in 2023.

Disbursements of microloans also grew from ₹ 36,103.58 million in 2021 to ₹ 53,356.92 million in 2022, and then decreased to ₹ 49,049.64 million in 2023.

Savings and Recurring Deposit Accounts:

The number of savings accounts held by microloan customers increased from 2.03 million in 2021 to 2.35 million in 2022 and further to 2.72 million in 2023.

Recurring deposit accounts of microloan customers also showed significant growth, rising from 169,040 in 2021 to 620,654 in 2022 and reaching 1,004,168 in 2023.

Basic Savings Bank Accounts:

The number of Basic Savings Bank Accounts (BSBA) increased from 1,864 in 2021 to 2,429 in 2022, and then slightly decreased to 2,351 in 2023.

Review of Financial Performance

Net Interest Income (NII): Fincare Small Finance Bank has witnessed consistent growth in net interest income over the

three-year period. It increased from ₹ 7,010.11 million in 2021 to ₹ 8,787.92 million in 2022, and further to ₹ 10,904.44 million in 2023. This signifies the bank's ability to generate interest income from its lending activities.

Gross Loan Portfolio (GLP): The bank's gross loan portfolio has experienced significant growth throughout the three years, expanding from ₹ 60,722.11 million in 2021 to ₹ 76,001.65 million in 2022, and further to ₹ 99,111.44 million in 2023. This indicates the bank's success in increasing its lending operations and attracting borrowers.

Disbursements: Fincare Small Finance Bank has shown substantial growth in loan disbursements over the three-year period. Disbursements increased from ₹ 46,564.57 million in 2021 to ₹ 68,565.35 million in 2022, and further to ₹ 88,177.53 million in 2023. This reflects the bank's ability to meet the credit needs of its customers and expand its loan portfolio.

Total Assets: The bank's total assets have consistently grown over the three years, reaching ₹ 79,670.73 million in 2021, ₹ 109,015.65 million in 2022, and further to ₹ 124,676.92 million in 2023. This signifies the bank's expansion and increased scale of operations.

Return on Equity (ROE): Fincare Small Finance Bank's return on equity has shown varying performance over the three-year period. It was 11.55% in 2021, declined significantly to 0.72% in 2022, and then recovered to 8.60% in 2023.

Return on Assets (ROA): The bank's return on assets has fluctuated over the three years. It stood at 1.44% in 2021, declined to 0.10% in 2022, and then recovered to 0.95% in 2023.

Provision Coverage Ratio (PCR): Fincare Small Finance Bank has consistently improved its provision coverage ratio over the three years. It increased from 73.68% in 2021 to 78.16% in 2022, and further to 91.51% in 2023.

Cost to Income Ratio: The bank's cost-to-income ratio has increased over the three-year period. It rose from 56.04% in 2021 to 60.17% in 2022, and further to 66.36% in 2023. This indicates a higher investment in building a physical and digital infrastructure despite an uncertain environment, demonstrating commitment to building the bank for the long term.

Retail Deposits: The percentage of retail deposits has gradually declined over the three years, decreasing from 91.70% in 2021 to 86.40% in 2022, and further to 79.79% in 2023. However, on the whole, the retail mix remains a high proportion of total deposit and within the expected long-term range.

Asset Quality: Fincare Small Finance Bank has shown improvement in asset quality with a decline in gross and net non-performing assets (NPAs) over the three-year period. The gross NPA ratio decreased from 6.42% in 2021 to 3.25% in 2023, while the net NPA ratio declined from 2.80% in 2021 to 1.30% in 2023.

Provisioning: The bank has reduced the total provisions held as a percentage of gross advances over the three years. It decreased from 5.75% in 2021 to 2.41% in 2023, indicating improved asset quality and lower provisioning requirements.

Profitability: Fincare Small Finance Bank's net profit varied over the three years. It was ₹ 1,131.39 million in 2021, declined significantly to ₹ 88.71 million in 2022, and then increased to ₹ 1,036.41 million in 2023. This was due to the impact of Covid-19 and the conservative provisioning policy followed by the bank, since inception.

Digital Capabilities

Fincare Small Finance Bank has established itself as a best-in-class player in the banking landscape through its digital capabilities. The bank's significant investment in digital has yielded several benefits, including enhanced customer convenience, streamlined processes, and strong governance and compliances. The impact on productivity and costs shall become visible over the next few years as the outcomes of investment made in pat 3 years begin to bear fruit. With initiatives such as self-service digital savings accounts, the bank attracted a significant number of customers, resulting in jump in deposits and a notable increase in monthly active users. The bank's mobile banking app also underwent a major refresh, offering a comprehensive suite of features and experiencing a surge in daily active users, demonstrating its popularity among customers. Moreover, the introduction of a conversational bot on WhatsApp and video banking services addressed common challenges faced by customers, such as waiting in lines and limited physical space. The bank's automation and efficiency enhancements, coupled with its recognition and awards for digital innovation, further highlight its commitment to delivering exceptional digital banking experiences.

Fincare Small Finance Bank's digital capabilities extend beyond its retail products and services, encompassing various assisted channels designed to cater to specific banking needs. Nano Banking, a comprehensive app used by thousands of team members daily, facilitates branch and retail banking, mortgage loan origination, gold loan onboarding and servicing, microfinance loan origination, and rural banking services. DLite, an end-to-end loan origination app for mortgage loans, experienced significant transactions and efficiencies, thanks to the launch of new products and features. Fincare Loan Against Gold (FLAG) enables seamless onboarding and servicing of gold loan customers, providing convenient features like eSign functionality and UPI collection solutions. mCare streamlines the loan origination process for microfinance loans, serving millions of women customers in rural areas through Aadhaar-based eKYC and instant credit underwriting. Furthermore, mServe caters to the servicing needs of rural banking customers, assisting with field collections and evaluation of loan utilization. The bank's transition to a microservice-based architecture and its emphasis on building APIs have enabled rapid development of new solutions and seamless integration between internal and external systems, showcasing its commitment to technological advancement and agility.

Overall, Fincare Small Finance Bank's digital capabilities have propelled it to the forefront of modern banking, offering enhanced customer experience, efficient operations, and a wide range of banking services. The bank's success in embracing digital technologies and its numerous accolades for digital innovation reinforce its position as a leader in the industry.

People

Fincare Small Finance Bank demonstrates a strong commitment to its people, fostering an environment of staff well-being, growth, and engagement. Through various programs and initiatives, the bank ensures that its workforce feels valued and motivated, contributing to the overall journey of progress of the organization. From conducting confidential satisfaction surveys like eNPS to organising annual celebrations and rewarding exceptional performances, Fincare SFB places great importance on recognising and nurturing talent. The bank's emphasis on creating a balance of challenging role, meaningful work relationships and a balanced compensation & rewards framework, help make Fincare a meritocracy. At Fincare, a great deal of emphasis is laid on building a positive, friendly and warm work environment, continuous learning & development, strong leadership connect, ongoing staff engagement, meaningful rewards & recognition. At Fincare, staff enjoy challenging work with ownership and accountability, work that bring fulfilment, fast track career progression in a fast paced growth environment that throws up diverse role opportunities.

FY21	FY22	FY23
8850	11733	14804

Marketing

Fincare Small Finance Bank has implemented a comprehensive range of marketing initiatives to enhance its brand presence and connect with customers. With the tagline "Wish More, Get More," the bank emphasizes its commitment to providing a delightful banking experience and continuous improvement. The marketing efforts include digital engagement with clients, strong employee communication and morale, network expansion, product and service launches, below the line activities, creatives and videos, social media campaigns, public relations, blog management, multilingual collaterals, building brand salience using diverse media, managing alliances and partnerships, webinars and events, and participation in awards. These initiatives have helped the Bank establish a strong brand perception, expand its customer base, and create meaningful connect with its target market.

Treasury

The Bank's Treasury function encompasses several key units, including the Treasury Fundraising unit, Asset Liability Management (ALM), Trading and Investments Desk, and the Money Market Desk. Each of these units plays a crucial role in ensuring effective financial management and risk mitigation.

Treasury Fundraising: This unit focuses on raising funds for the bank through various channels and instruments. It plays a vital role in maintaining a stable and diversified funding base to support the bank's operations and growth.

Asset Liability Management (ALM): The ALM group is responsible for maintaining compliance with regulatory requirements such as the Cash Reserve Ratio (CRR), Statutory Liquidity Ratio (SLR), Structural Liquidity Statement (SLS), and Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR). The group actively manages liquidity and interest rate risks within the bank's portfolio to ensure financial stability and regulatory compliance.

Trading and Investments Desk: This desk handles the bank's trading activities and investment portfolio. It strategically manages investments in both SLR and non-SLR securities, such as government bonds, corporate bonds, and other marketable securities. The desk aims to optimize returns while carefully managing risks associated with market fluctuations.

Money Market Desk: The Money Market Desk oversees various money market operations, including Call Notice and Term Money transactions, repos, reverse repos (such as Tri-Party Repo, CROMS, SDF, and LAF), and other short-term funding instruments. This desk actively participates in the money market to maintain liquidity and manage short-term funding requirements efficiently.

Corporate Governance

The Bank demonstrates strong corporate governance practices, emphasizing the alignment of management's interests with those of other stakeholders. It places great importance on integrity and ethics and adherence to a Code of Conduct applicable to all staff and an additional Code of Ethics, applicable to the Board and Leadership team. The bank is dedicated to fostering an environment of trust, transparency, and accountability to facilitate business growth.

The Board of Directors forms the crux of corporate governance practices and ensures that management prioritizes the best interests of all stakeholders. The Bank's Board comprises experienced Directors who contribute to the business by making informed decisions and positively influencing the bank's direction and development.

The Management team, comprising founding team members and lateral hires from the banking sector, with a diverse mix of education and experience, both professional and entrepreneurial, is strongly committed to the highest levels of Ethics, Compliance and Governance standards, in letter and spirit, at the bank. The bank enjoys a stellar reputation in the industry on this count.

Internal Audit

Throughout the year, the internal audit unit followed a comprehensive audit framework, encompassing banking outlets focussed primarily on micro loans (Gati and Pragati), as well as the ones that cater primarily to deposits. The bank implemented an Audit Management System, an in-house application, as a testament to our commitment to this critical control function. The application enables the bank to conduct quarterly audits seamlessly. Branches have a critical role in uploading essential artifacts into the system, enabling the audit unit to conduct the audit seamlessly. During the year, Audit unit covered multiple areas, including Asset Operations, Delinquent Collections, Retail Liabilities, HR Management, Bancassurance, and many more. Information System audit, both application and infrastructure-based, is an example of our commitment to creating robust systems, complete security, and risk mitigation. It may be said that Audit forged a path of vigilance, trust, and commitment to our Bank's mission.

Risk and Risk Mitigation

Risk Management is an integral aspect of the Bank's existence and ecosystem. The Bank strictly adheres to a comprehensive framework for risk management, ensuring identification, thorough understanding, accurate measurement, control, and proactive management of risks at all levels. Our risk management approach is designed to protect the financial strength of our Bank, enabling us to achieve our strategic objectives, implement measures to control risks, and foster sustainable long-term growth while upholding responsible business practices.

The Risk Management Committee of the Board (RMCB) oversees the Bank's risk management policies, procedures, strategies, risk appetite, processes, and controls. It is responsible for evaluating

Fincare Small Finance Bank Limited

various limits prior to their consideration by the Board, as well as reviewing portfolio composition and impaired credits.

During the year, the Risk unit achieved the following...

Cautionary Statement

The statements made in this Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), including the Bank's objectives, projections, estimates, general market trends, and expectations, should be considered as "forward-looking statements" within the framework of applicable laws and regulations. These forward-looking statements involve inherent risks, uncertainties, and other factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from those suggested by the forward-looking statements.

These risks and uncertainties encompass various aspects, including but not limited to our ability to effectively implement our strategies, future levels of non-performing advances, our growth and expansion prospects, the adequacy of our allowance for credit losses, provisioning policies, technological changes, investment income, cash flow projections, and our exposure to market risks or other risks.

PILLAR III DISCLOSURE – 31ST MARCH 2023

DF-1- Scope of Application

The framework of disclosures applies to Fincare Small Finance Bank Limited (hereinafter referred to as the Bank) which started Banking Operations on 21st July 2017. Disclosures are made as a standalone entity since the Bank does not have any subsidiary.

a) Capital Structure

As per Reserve Bank of India (RBI) capital adequacy norms, capital funds are classified into Tier-1 and Tier-2 capital. Tier-1 capital of the Bank consists of paid-up share capital, share premium, statutory reserves, revenue and other free reserves. Tier-2 capital consists of sub-debts, general provisions and standard assets provisions. First loss credit enhancement in the form of cash collaterals, deferred tax asset and book debt collaterals reduced from Tier I and II capital as per RBI norms.

b) Equity Capital

As at March 31st, 2023, the Bank has authorized share capital of ₹ 30,000 lakhs, comprising of 300,000,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each and has subscribed and paid up capital of ₹ 22,078 lakhs comprising of fully paid up 220,779,720 shares of ₹ 10 each.

c) Capital Funds:

The capital fund position for the year ended March 31^{st} , 2023 and March 31^{st} , 2022 are:

Particulars (INR lakhs)	As at 31 st March 2023	As at 31 st March 2022
Tier I Capital	117,853	108,488
Tier II Capital	8,856	15,798
Total Capital Fund (Tier I + Tier II)	126,709	124,286

DF-2- Capital Adequacy

Fincare Small Finance Bank Limited (hereinafter to be referred as the Bank) is subject to RBI Master Circular on Basel III Capital Regulations issued on July 1st, 2015 and amendments thereto issued from time to time by RBI.

The revised framework consists of three pillars viz.

- Minimum Capital Requirement.
- Supervisory Review of Capital Adequacy.
- Market Discipline.

The Bank has adopted standardized approach for Credit Risk for computation of Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR). As per RBI guidelines on SFBs, currently the Bank is not considering capital charge for Market Risk and Operational Risk.

Minimum Capital Requirement

As per the operating guidelines for Small Finance Bank, the Bank is required to maintain minimum Capital Adequacy Ratio of 15% with minimum Tier I at 7.5%. as at March 31^{st} , 2023, the Bank has a healthy Capital Adequacy Ratio of 20.04% which is well above the minimum capital adequacy requirement. The Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio is 18.64% which is above the minimum requirement of 7.5%.

Assessment of Adequacy of Capital to Support Current and Future Activities

The Bank has a policy on Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP) which is approved by the Board of Directors. Under ICAAP, the Bank determines whether it has adequate level of capital to meet regulatory norms, current and future business needs, including stress scenarios. The Bank's ICAAP evaluates and documents all risks and substantiates appropriate capital allocation for Pillar 2 risks.

ICAAP enables the Bank to evaluate the adequacy of capital to take care of the future business growth and various other risks that the Bank is exposed to, so that the minimum capital required is maintained on a continuous basis. The Bank considers both quantifiable and non-quantifiable risks while assessing capital requirements. The Bank evaluates the following risks while assessing its capital requirements:

- Credit Risk
- Interest Rate Risk in banking Book
- Liquidity Risk
- Credit Concentration Risk
- Strategic Risk
- Reputation Risk
- Residual Risk of Securitisation
- Human Capital Risk
- Outsource/Vendor Management Risk
- Collateral Risk
- Information and Cyber Security Risk

Monitoring and Reporting

The Board of Directors of the Bank maintains an active oversight over the Bank's capital adequacy levels. On a quarterly basis, an analysis of the capital adequacy position, the risk weighted assets and an assessment of the various aspects of capital monitoring as stipulated by RBI, are reported to the Board.

Common Equity Tier I , Tier II and Total Capital Ratio

Particulars	As at 31 st March 2023	As at 31 st March 2022
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Ratio	18.64%	19.48%
Tier I capital ratio	18.64%	19.48%
Tier II capital ratio	1.40%	2.84%
Total Capital Ratio (CRAR)	20.04%	22.32%

DF-3: Credit Risk: General Disclosures

Qualitative Disclosures

Credit Risk Management at a holistic level encapsulates the Bank's approach to approving and managing credits and aims at making the systems and controls effective. The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for Risk Management within the Bank, including credit risk. The Risk Management Committee of the Board (RMCB) oversees the functioning of Credit Risk Management Department (CRMD) which drives identification, measurement, monitoring and reporting of Credit Risk within the Bank. CRMD is an independent department headed by the Chief Risk Officer (CRO). The CRO reports to the RMCB and administratively to MD & CEO.

The Board approved Credit Risk Policy of the Bank provides a framework for managing credit risks so as to promote quality assets, profitable relationships and prudent growth by leveraging on Bank's traditional client base in key geographies.

Independent business and credit functions are first line of defence and responsible for day-to-day management of credit risk. The respective units formulate various internal controls to ensure adherence to risk management policies, procedures and guidelines.

The Credit Risk appetite of the Bank is defined as part of Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP) by fixing ceiling limits for various parameters. They are monitored on quarterly basis by undertaking the assessment of ICAAP. The CRMD estimates and recommends overall credit risk appetite of the Bank, which is reviewed and approved by the Board. The department defines the risk assessment systems, monitor quality of loan portfolio, develop MIS and undertake loan review. The Risk MIS to top management provides adequate information on the composition of the credit portfolio, including identification of any concentration of risk. The Department monitors compliance of the risk parameters and prudential limits set by the Risk Management Committee of the Board.

Credit Risk Measurement, Mitigation, Monitoring & Reporting Systems

• Credit Origination, underwriting.

Retail: The retail portfolio consists of JLG Microfinance Loans, Loan against Gold, Two-wheeler loans, Affordable Housing Loans, Loan Against Property, Staff Loans and Personal Loans. The JLG Microfinance Loans has standard underwriting norms for serving the base of the pyramid segment of customers. Other products such as Loan against Gold, Two-wheeler, Affordable Housing Loans and Loan Against Property have dedicated credit teams performing systematic credit assessment and valuation of collateral. The underwriting norms for each product are well defined in the relevant policies and embedded in credit procedures.

Wholesale Segment: There is a separate vertical handling wholesale Corporate Loans. Detailed Board approved underwriting standards exist for this segment. A centralised credit team, which is independent of business team, performs the assessment and provides recommendations. The sanction is done by an independent Credit Committee.

Treasury Counterparties: Limits to counterparties for money market products are assessed by Treasury Mid-office team and approved as per norms.

Exposures beyond certain threshold will be reviewed and approved by the Credit Committee as per delegation of powers defined for each product.

Delegation of Powers

Board approved delegation of powers exist for various products, and it covers exceptions and deviations approval as well. The credit sanctions are subject to review by the next higher authority to ensure adequate oversight and review. The credit underwriting in wholesale segment is subject to approval of Credit Committee and has a separate delegation matrix approved by the Board.

Post Sanction Review and Monitoring

Given that the health of the Bank's asset book is the aggregate of the performance of individual credits, monitoring of individual credits through follow up and management of entity level risks on an on-going basis through periodic reviews, assessing early warning signals, ensuring end use of funds, security monitoring, LTV tracking, tracking of all exceptions, deviations, etc. contribute to maintaining credit portfolio health. In addition, monitoring of macro-economic factors and market conditions are also ensured.

Risk based field monitoring framework has been put in place to monitor the JLG portfolio. Additionally, detailed Credit Risk bulletin is published on monthly basis, which covers critical aspects such as product-wise asset quality and delinquencies in various buckets: 1+ days, 30+ days, 60+ days, NPA and write off. The Loan to Value (LTV) and collateral values are also closely monitored and initiated necessary action like margin calls. Early warning exercise is also carried out for proactive management of such accounts.

For wholesale customers, detailed tracking of company performance, external credit rating migration, reporting of delinquencies by other banks via Central Repository of Information on Large Credits (CRILC), are reviewed by Credit Department and CRMD to ensure timely detection of developments.

Recovery & write off Guidelines

The Bank has collection and recovery policy, and the objective is to ensure efficient collection and recovery practices in a cost effective and ethical manner. The teams focus on collection in early delinquency buckets while effectively identifying and managing serious delinquency behaviour. The Bank has well defined legal recovery processes including initiating action under SARFAESI Act. 65

Periodic Reviews

Independent Internal audit team which conducts annual audits and thematic audits.

 Definition and Classification of Non-Performing Assets (NPAs)

The Bank is guided by RBI prescribed Income recognition & Asset classification (IRAC) guidelines.

Advances are classified into performing and non-performing advances ('NPA') based on the RBI guidelines. Further, NPAs are classified into sub-standard, doubtful and loss assets based on NPA classification and provisioning policy of the Bank, subject to the minimum classification and provisioning level prescribed by the RBI under the Income Recognition and Asset Classification norms.

'Overdue' refers to interest and / or instalment remaining unpaid from the day it became payable by the customer.

The Bank follows extant RBI guidelines for resolution of stressed assets, including classification and upgradation of restructured loans.

Quantitative Disclosures

Fund based and Non-Fund based Exposure as at $31^{\rm st}$ March 2023

Exposure	Credit Exposure (INR lakhs)
Fund based Exposure*	960439
Non-Fund based Exposure	0
Total Fund based and Non-Fund based Exposures	960439

*Fund based exposure includes exposure on loans and advances, exposure on Non-SLR Investments and exposure to other banks.

Geographic Distribution of Exposures as at 31st March 2023

Exposures (INR lakhs)	Domestic	Overseas	Total
Fund based Exposure	960439	Nil	960439
Non-Fund based Exposure	0	Nil	0
Total Fund and Non-Fund based Exposures	960439	Nil	960439

Residual Contractual Maturity breakup of Assets

Break up as at 31st March 2023 (INR lakhs)

Time Buckets	Advances	Investments
Day 1	850	69270
2 to 7 days	10203	3118
8 to 14 days	12625	2788
15 to 30 Days	17681	9026
31 days to 2 months	43347	2601
2 months to 3 months	45506	2196
Over 3 months & up to 6 Month	142201	7185
Over 6 Month & up to 1 Year	168352	35080
Over 1 year & up to 3 years	228111	118544
Over 3 years & up to 5 years	67243	2464
Over 5 years	134123	12
Total	870242	252284

*Total Net Advances / NPA Ratios / NPA Movement

Particulars	As at 31 st March 2023 (INR Lakhs)
(i) Gross NPAs to Gross Advances (%)	3.25 %
(ii) Net NPAs to Net Advances (%)	1.30%
(iii) Movement of NPAs (Gross)	
(a) Opening balance	57,323
(b) Additions during the year	59,676
(c) Reductions during the year	88,152
(d) Closing balance	28,847
(iv) Movement of Net NPAs	
(a) Opening balance	24,983
(b) Additions during the year	5,994
(c) Reductions during the year	19,675
(d) Closing balance	11,302
 (v) Movement of provisions for NPAs (excluding provision on standard assets and floating provision) 	
(a) Opening balance	32,340
(b) Provision made during the year	53,682
(c) Write off/ write back of excess provision	68,477
(d) Closing balance	17,545

Write Off & Recoveries

	As at
Particulars	As at 31 st March 2023 (INR Lakhs)
Gross NPA's as at 1 April of particular year (Opening Balance)	57,323
Additions (Fresh NPAs) during the year	59,676
Sub total (A)	116,999
Less :-	
(i) Upgradations	19,654
(ii) Recoveries (excluding recoveries made from upgraded accounts)	13,339
(iii) Technical / Prudential Write offs	53,419
(iv) Write offs other than those under (iii) above	1,740
Sub-total (B)	88,152
Gross NPAs as at 31 st March of following year (closing balance) (A-B)	28,847
Opening balance of Technical / Prudential written off accounts as at 1 April	57,051
Add : Technical / Prudential write offs during the year	55,159
Sub total (A)	112,210
Less : Recoveries made from previously technical / prudential written off accounts during the year (B)	7,868
Closing balance as at 31 March (A-B)	104,342

Note: Non-performing assets include only non-performing advances as at 31st March 2023.

DF-4: Credit Risk: Disclosures for Portfolios Subject to the Standardized Approach

Quantitative Disclosures

Bank's exposure after risk mitigation subject to the standardized approach in the following four major risk buckets as well as those that are deducted:

Particulars	As at 31 st March 2023 (INR lakhs)
- At 0% risk weight	4,36,654
- Below 100% risk weight	5,80,598
- 100% risk weight	234,046
- More than 100 % risk weight	2,195
Deducted (Intangible Assets, Deferred tax assets and first loss credit enhancement in the form of cash collaterals and book debt collaterals)	14,030

DF-5- Credit Risk Mitigation for Standardised Approach

Qualitative Disclosures:

Application of Credit Risk Mitigants

The Bank uses number of techniques to mitigate the credit risks, it is exposed to. Credit Risk Mitigants have the effect of reducing the net exposure for application of risk weights. Credit Risk Mitigation techniques classified as eligible for reduction in the net exposure include:

- i. Eligible financial collateral
- ii. Guarantees
- iii. On-balance sheet netting
- iv. Application of Risk Weights

The Bank adheres to the RBI guidelines defined under the RBI Circular viz., New Capital Adequacy Framework dated 1st July 2015, for application of risk weights for credit risk measurement and capital computation purposes.

Market risk element in collateral: Gold is a commodity and is subject to price fluctuations. The Bank has a system of calculating daily mark-to-market and necessary actions are initiated such as margin calls are made in case of shortfall. Thus, minimum LTV thresholds are ensured.

Guarantors and credit worthiness: The Bank has not taken any benefit of guarantors while computing capital charge.

Quantitative Disclosures:

Credit Risk Portfolio covered by the eligible financial collateral after the application of haircut.

Particulars	As at 31 st March 2023
(INR lakhs)	
Loan Against Gold	86,131
Overdraft against Fixed Deposit	3,032

DF-6- Securitisation Exposures: Disclosure for Standardised Approach

Qualitative Disclosures:

The Bank's primary objective of securitisation activities is to increase the efficiency of capital and enhance the return on capital employed by diversifying sources of funding.

The Bank has adopted Securitisation Policy which is in alignment with the revised guidelines on securitisation dated May 7, 2012, August 21, 2012, March 24, 2014 and September 24, 2021

(Updated as at December 05, 2022) and any further circulars and guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India on Securitisation.

The said guidelines define the Assets eligible for securitisation, Minimum Holding Period (MHP), Minimum Retention Requirement (MRR), Limit on Total Retained Exposures, booking of profit for the PAR and premium securitisation transactions, Deduction of Securitisation Exposures from Capital funds, True Sale and Disclosures by the Originating Banks. 67

The Bank undertakes securitisation transactions mainly as an originator and undertakes the transactions with the following scope as:

- 1. Structurer: Structuring appropriately in a form and manner suitably tailored to meet investor requirements, while being compliant with extant regulations.
- 2. Provider of credit enhancement facilities: Addressing delinquencies associated with the underlying assets, i.e. bridging the gaps arising out of credit considerations between cash flows received/collected from the underlying assets and the fulfilment of repayment obligations to the beneficiaries.
- 3. Provider of collection and processing services: Collecting and/or managing receivables from underlying obligations, contribution from the investors to securitisation transactions, making payments to counterparties/appropriate beneficiaries, reporting the collection efficiency and other performance parameters and providing other services relating to collections and payments as may be required for the purpose of the transactions.
- 4. Provider of Cash Collateral and Book Debts/Guarantees to the extent to be agreed to between the contracting parties.
- 5. During the year ended March 31, 2023, Bank did not undertake any securitization transactions in its Trading Book.

Accounting Policy on transfer and servicing of Assets

The accounting treatment of the securitisation transactions in the books of the Bank is as per the guidance note issued by the ICAI and as prescribed by the RBI guidelines.

The Bank transfers loans through securitisation transactions. The transferred loans are de-recognised when the Bank surrenders the right of benefits specified in the underlying securitised loan contracts.

Cash profit arising at the time of securitisation/assignment of loan portfolio (Premium loan transfer transactions) is amortised over the life of the underlying loan portfolio and the unamortised amount is disclosed as Deferred Income within 'Other liabilities' on the balance sheet.

Contractual rights to receive a portion of interest ('Unrealised profits') arising at the time of securitisation/ assignment of loan portfolio (PAR transactions) is recorded at its present value and disclosed as 'Interest strip on securitisation/ assignment of loan portfolio' within 'Other assets' on the balance sheet. The unrealised profits in respect of securitised/ assigned loan portfolio that is not due for collection is recorded at its present value and disclosed as 'Interest strip on securitisation/ assignment of loan portfolio that is not due for collection is recorded at its present value and disclosed as 'Interest strip on securitisation/ assignment of loan portfolio' within 'Other liabilities'' on the balance sheet. Income from interest strip (excess interest spread) is recognised in the statement of profit and loss, net of any losses, when redeemed in cash.

Quantitative Disclosures:

Ρα	rticulars	As at 31 st March 2023 (INR lakhs)
a)	No of SPVs sponsored by the bank for securitisation transactions (Nos.)	11
b)	Total amount of securitised assets as per books of the SPVs sponsored by the bank	39,464
c)	Securitised Losses booked during the year	-
d)	Amount of assets intended to be securitised within a year	-
e)	Of (d), amount of assets originated within a year before securitisation.	-
f)	Total amount of exposures retained by the bank to comply with MRR as at the date of balance sheet	-
	i) Off-balance sheet exposures	-
	First loss	-
	Others	-
	ii) On-balance sheet exposures	-
	First loss	2,542
	Others	3,886
	Amount of exposures to securitisation transactions other than MRR	
	a) Off-balance sheet exposures	-
	(i) Exposures to own securitisation	
	First loss	-
	Others	-
	(ii) Exposures to third party securitisation	
	First loss	-
	Others	-
	b) On-balance sheet exposures	
	(i) Exposures to own securitisation	
	First loss	-
	Others	-
	(ii) Exposures to third party securitisation	
	First loss	-
	Others	-
g)	Aggregate amount of securitisation exposures that are deducted entirely from Tier 1 capital	2,983

DF-7- Market Risk in Trading Book

Qualitative Disclosures:

Market Risk in Trading Book ('Held for Trading' and 'Available for Sale' categories) covers potential impact due to interest rate risks and equity price risk. At present, the Bank does not deal in foreign exchange and hence exchange risk is not applicable.

The investment activities are governed mainly by Investment Policy, Market Risk Policy and ALM Policy. These policies define the overall risk appetite, various risk and loss limits such as stop loss, M-duration thresholds, PV01 thresholds, Product limits, Credit rating hurdle rates for Non-SLR investments.

These parameters are monitored by Treasury Mid-Office and reported to ALCO, RMCB and Board at prescribed intervals. The Investment Committee oversees the trading and investment activities of the Bank.

Quantitative Disclosures:

Since Small Finance Banks need not provide capital charge towards market risk, no separate capital charge has been provided as at 31st March 2023. The same has been qualitatively assessed under Pillar 2 in ICAAP exercise.

DF-8- Operational Risk

The Operational Risk arises from people, process, systems and external environment. The Bank is governed by Board approved Operational Risk Management Policy.

Information security and Cyber security aspects are covered by separate policies and monitored by dedicated Information Security Committee.

The Operational Risk Management function is managed by Operational Risk Management Group (ORMG). ORMG reports to the Chief Risk Officer. Operational Risk Management Committee is headed by MD & CEO and meets once in two months. ORMC reports to Risk Management Committee of the Board (RMCB).

Risk identification: ORMG uses Risk and Control Self-Assessment (RCSA) tool and incident management activity to systematically identify various risks that the Bank is exposed to.

Risk Measurement & Monitoring: Given the Bank has large retail portfolio, dedicated field monitoring team monitors JLG activities. ORMG also conducts periodic key control testing to assess the effectiveness of various controls.

Small Finance Banks are currently exempt from providing capital charge towards Operational risk. Therefore, operational risk has been qualitatively assessed.

DF-9- Interest Rate Risk in the Banking Book (IRRBB)

Qualitative Disclosures:

Interest rate risk refers to the potential impact on earnings and market value of equity due to changes in interest rates. The earning of assets and the cost of liabilities are now closely related to market interest rate volatility as interest rates are de-regularized. Any mismatch in the cash flows or re-pricing dates, therefore, will have an impact on net interest income and net interest margin.

IRRBB refers to interest rate risk pertaining to entire balance sheet other than trading book. Board of Directors are responsible for overall management of IRRBB. Board has delegated its responsibilities to RMCB which in turn oversees the functioning of Asset Liability Management Committee (ALCO). ALCO is a management level committee chaired by MD & CEO and is a decision-making responsible for balance sheet planning from riskreturn perspective including strategic management of interest rate and liquidity risks.

Management of interest rate risk is governed by Board approved ALM Policy, Investment Policy and Market Risk Policy. The framework covers measurement, monitoring and management of IRRBB. The measures include gap analysis – Traditional & Duration Gap analysis. Board approved thresholds are defined for various gaps and monitored by ALCO. Stress testing is also performed semiannually covering scenarios such as parallel and non-parallel shifts in yield curve to assess the likely impact of interest rate changes on banking book.

IRRBB has been assessed under Pillar 2 risk as part of ICAAP exercise. Since the changes in MVE for prescribed shock levels were well within defined norms, no capital allocation has been made towards the same.

Quantitative Disclosures:

Changes in EaR and MVE for 100 bps parallel shift in yield curve as at 31^{st} March 2023

(INR Lakhs)	+ 100 bps parallel shift	-100 bps parallel shift
Market value of Equity-MVE	2959	-2959
Earnings at Risk- EaR	-1979	1979

DF-10- General Disclosure for Exposures Related to Counterparty Credit Risk

Disclosures: The Bank does not have any exposures to derivatives and hence no specific disclosure is provided.

DF-16- Equities - Disclosure for Banking Book Positions

Qualitative Disclosures

- Bank has Board approved policy on investments in equity.
- Bank is permitted to hold such investments in Held for trading and Available for sale categories.
- Any investment in equities will be approved by Investment Committee and will be in line with prudential Guidelines relating to capital market exposures.

Quantitative Disclosures

The Bank has nil exposure to equities during the year ended $31^{\rm st}$ March 2023

DF – 17 - Summary Comparison of Accounting Assets and Leverage Ratio Exposure measure

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SI No	Particulars	As at 31 st March 2023 (INR lakhs)
1	Total consolidated assets as per published financial statements	12,46,769
2	Adjustment for investments in banking, financial, insurance or commercial entities that are consolidated for accounting purposes but outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	
3	Adjustment for fiduciary assets recognised on the balance sheet pursuant to the operative accounting framework but excluded from the leverage ratio exposure measure	
4	Adjustments for derivative financial instruments	-
5	Adjustment for securities financing transactions (i.e. repos and similar secured lending)	-
6	Adjustment for off-balance sheet items (i.e. conversion to credit equivalent amounts of off- balance sheet exposures)	6,725
7	Other adjustments	11,521
8	Leverage ratio exposure	12,41,972

DF – 18 - Leverage Ratio

SI No	Particulars	As at 31 st March 2023 (INR lakhs)
1	On-balance sheet items (excluding derivatives and SFTs but including collateral)	12,46,294
2	Balance sheet assets deducted from Tier 1 capital and not reckoned for exposure measure above	11,047
3	Total on-balance sheet exposures (excluding derivatives and SFTs) (sum of lines 1) and 2))	12,35,247
	Derivative exposures	
4	Replacement cost associated with all derivatives transactions (i.e. net of eligible cash variation margin)	-
5	Add-on amounts for PFE associated with all derivatives transactions	-

SI No	Particulars	As at 31 st March 2023 (INR lakhs)
6	Gross-up for derivatives collateral provided where deducted from the balance sheet assets pursuant to the operative accounting framework	-
7	(Deductions of receivables assets for cash variation margin provided in derivatives transactions)	-
8	(Exempted CCP leg of client-cleared trade exposures)	-
9	Adjusted effective notional amount of written credit derivatives	-
10	(Adjusted effective notional offsets and add-on deductions for written credit derivatives)	-
11	Total derivative exposures (sum of lines 4 to 10)	-
	Securities financing transaction exposures	
12	Gross SFT assets (with no recognition of netting), after adjusting for sale accounting transactions	-
13	(Netted amounts of cash payables and cash receivables of gross SFT assets)	-
14	CCR exposure for SFT assets	-
15	Agent transaction exposures	-
16	Total securities financing transaction exposures (sum of lines 12 to 15)	-
	Other off-balance sheet exposures	
17	Off-balance sheet exposure at gross notional amount	33,623
18	(Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts)	(26,898)
19	Off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 17 and 18)	6,725
	Capital and total exposures	
20	Tier 1 capital	117,853
21	Total exposures (sum of lines 3, 11, 16 and 19)	12,41,972
	Leverage ratio	-
22	Basel III leverage ratio (%)	9.49%

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Fincare Small Finance Bank Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Fincare Small Finance Bank Limited ("the Bank"), which comprise the Balance sheet as at March 31 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 as well as the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and circulars and guidelines issued by Reserve Bank of India (RBI) in the manner so required by banking companies and give a true and fair view in conformity with the applicable accounting standards prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Bank as at March 31, 2023, its profit after tax and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs), as specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Bank in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2023. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report. We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying financial statements.

Key audit matters

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Identification of Non-performing advances and provisioning of advances: (refer note 2.4 of Schedule 17 and note 18.4 and 18.15 to the financial statements)

Advances constitute a significant portion of the Bank's assets and the quality of these advances is measured in terms of ratio of Non-Performing Advances ("NPA") to the gross advances of the Bank. As at 31 March 2023, the Gross Advances of the Bank was ₹ 8,877.37 crores, Gross NPA of the Bank was ₹ 288.47 crores and Gross NPA ratio of the Bank was 3.25%.

The Reserve Bank of India's ("RBI") guidelines on Income recognition and asset classification and provisioning pertaining to advances dated April 01, 2023("IRAC") prescribes the prudential norms for identification and classification of NPAs and the minimum provision required for such assets including restructuring.

Given the volume and variety of loans, judgement is involved in the application of RBI Regulations for classification of loans as NPA. In view of the significance of this area to the overall audit of financial statements, it has been considered as a key audit matter

Our audit procedures included, among others the following:

- Considered the Bank's policies for NPA identification and provisioning in assessing compliance with the IRAC
- Obtained an understanding and performed walk through of key processes controls around identification of NPAs, classification and provisioning
- Evaluated the design and operating effectiveness of key controls (including application controls) around identification of NPAs, classification of loans in the respective asset classes viz., standard, sub-standard, doubtful and loss with reference to RBI Regulations
- Performed account statement reviews on sample basis for account slippages and upgrades and identified customer accounts availing more than one loan from the Bank and test checked that all loans availed by a delinquent customer are classified appropriately

Key audit matters	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
	• Performed analytical procedures on various financial and non- financial parameters to test the completeness of accounts identified as NPA
	• Performed test of details to test on provisioning rates applied for respective asset classes in lines with the Bank's policies
	• Tested the arithmetical accuracy of computation of provision for advances
	• Assessed disclosures included in the financial statements in respect of asset classifications and provisioning, including specific disclosures made with regard to RBI Regulations
	• Tested on a sample basis that the restructuring of loans done during the year as per IRAC norms was approved and implemented and provisions made on such restructured loans in accordance with the Bank's Board approved policy and the IRAC norms
Information Technology ("IT") Systems and Controls	
The reliability and security of IT systems plays a key role in the	Our audit procedures included the following:
usiness operations of the Bank. Since large volume of transactions re processed daily, the IT controls are required to ensure that pplications process data as expected and that changes made to pplications are made in an appropriate manner. These systems lso play a key role in the financial accounting and reporting rocess of the Bank. Our areas of audit focus included user access management, eveloper access to the production environment and changes to the IT environment across applications, networks, databases and	• For testing the IT general controls, application controls and IT dependent manual controls relevant for financial reporting, we included IT specialists as part of the audit team. The IT specialists also assisted in testing of the information produced by the Bank's IT systems
	• Tested the design and operating effectiveness of the Bank's IT access controls over the information systems that are critical to financial reporting
operating systems as these are key to ensuring IT dependent and application based controls are operating effectively.	• Tested other IT general controls (changes management and aspects of IT operational controls)
Due to the pervasive nature and complexity of the IT environment, we have ascertained IT systems and controls as a key audit matter.	• Inspected requests of changes to systems for appropriate approval and authorization. Further, considered the control environment relating to various interfaces, configuration and other application controls identified as key to our audit
	• Tested the design and operating effectiveness of certain automated controls that were considered as key internal controls over financial reporting
	Instances where deficiencies were identified, tested compensating controls or performed alternate procedures
nformation Other than the Financial Statements and	audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.
Auditor's Report Thereon The Bank's Board of Directors is responsible for the other Information. The other information comprises the information	When we read the annual report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to Those Charged with Governance.
ncluded in the Annual report including the Pillar III Disclosure ander the New Capital Adequacy Framework (Basel II disclosures) but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's	Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements
eport thereon.	The Bank's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the

in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Bank in accordance with the applicable accounting standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (as amended), the relevant provisions of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949, the circulars, guidelines and directions issued by RBI from time to time ("RBI Guidelines") and other accounting

Fincare Small Finance Bank Limited

principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Bank and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Bank or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Bank's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Bank has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the

audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Bank to cease to continue as a going concern.

 Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2023 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. The Balance sheet, the Profit and Loss Account and the Cash flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2023, have been drawn up in accordance with the applicable accounting standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (as amended), the relevant provisions of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949, the circulars, guidelines and directions issued by the RBI from time to time ("RBI Guidelines") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.
- 2. As required by sub section (3) of Section 30 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949, we report that:
 - We have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of our audit and have found them to be satisfactory;
 - b) The transactions of the Bank, which have come to our notice, have been within the powers of the Bank; and
 - c) The financial accounting systems of the Bank are centralized and therefore, accounting returns for the purpose of preparing financial statements are not

required to be submitted by its branches; we have visited 52 branches for the purpose of our audit.

- 3. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Bank so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules (as amended), to the extent they are not inconsistent with the guidelines prescribed by RBI;
 - (e) In our opinion, there are no material financial transactions or matters that have an adverse effect on the functioning of the Bank;
 - (f) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as at March 31, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as at March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
 - (g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure 1" to this report;
 - (h) In our opinion, the entity being a banking company, the remuneration to the managing director during the year ended March 31, 2023 has been paid by the Bank in accordance with the provisions of section 35B(1) of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949; and
 - (i) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - The Bank does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position as at March 31, 2023- refer Schedule 12 to the financial statements;
 - The Bank did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses as at March 31, 2023;

- There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Bank;
- iv. a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the note 18.35 to the financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Bank to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Bank ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the note 18.35 to the financial statements, no funds have been received by the Bank from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Bank shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
 - c) Based on such audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.
- v. No dividend has been declared or paid during the year by the Bank.
- vi. As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable for the Bank only w.e.f. April 1, 2023, reporting under this clause is not applicable.

Sd/-For S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number: 101049W/E300004

Sd/-

Place of Signature: Bengaluru Date: April 24, 2023

per Sarvesh Warty Partner Membership Number: 121411 UDIN: 23121411BGWEFK2022

ANNEXURE I

TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF FINCARE SMALL FINANCE **BANK LIMTED**

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of Fincare Small Finance Bank Limited ("the Bank") as of March 31, 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Bank for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Bank's Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Bank considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Bank's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Bank's internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, as specified under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Bank's internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls With Reference to these Financial Statements

A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the bank; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the bank are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the Bank; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the bank's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls With **Reference to Financial Statements**

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

Date: April 24, 2023

In our opinion, the Bank has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Bank considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI.

Sd/-

For S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP **Chartered Accountants** ICAI Firm Registration Number: 101049W/E300004

Sd/per Sarvesh Warty Partner Place of Signature: Bengaluru Membership Number: 121411 UDIN: 23121411BGWEFK2022

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

	(All	amounts in ₹ lakhs exce	ept otherwise stated)
	Schedule	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Capital and liabilities			
Capital	1	22,078	22,078
Employees stock options outstanding		1,458	638
Reserves and surplus	2	107,835	97,471
Deposits	3	803,319	645,617
Borrowings	4	278,400	294,354
Other liabilities and provisions	5	33,679	29,999
Total		1,246,769	1,090,157
Assets			
Cash and balances with Reserve Bank of India	6	65,438	111,679
Balances with banks and money at call and short notice	7	11,781	11,917
Investments	8	252,284	215,163
Advances	9	870,242	703,696
Fixed assets	10	5,631	4,234
Other assets	11	41,393	43,468
Total		1,246,769	1,090,157
Contingent liabilities	12	6,101	-
Bills for collection		-	-
Significant accounting policies and notes to accounts	17 & 18		
Schedules referred above form an integral part of the Balance Sheet			

As per our report of even date

Sd/-

For S.R Batliboi & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No: 101049W/E300004

Sd/per Sarvesh Warty Partner Membership No.: 121411

Bengaluru April 24, 2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **Fincare Small Finance Bank Limited**

Sd/-Rajeev Yadav MD and CEO DIN: 00111379

Bengaluru April 24, 2023

Sd/-Keyur Doshi Chief Financial Officer

Vadodara April 24, 2023 Sd/-Pramod Kabra Director DIN: 02252403

Mumbai April 24, 2023

Sd/-Shefaly Kothari Company Secretary M No. F7698

Bengaluru April 24, 2023 **Sd/-Sameer Nanavati** Director DIN: 00157693

Ahmedabad April 24, 2023

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

				•
		Schedule	Year Ended 31 March 2023	Year Ended 31 March 2022
I.	Income			
	Interest earned	13	174,412	144,857
	Other income	14	22,668	19,617
	Total		197,080	164,474
II.	Expenditure			
	Interest expended	15	65,368	56,978
	Operating expenses	16	87,405	64,680
	Provision and contingencies (refer Schedule 18.15)		33,943	41,929
	Total		186,716	163,587
III	. Profit/(loss)			
	Net profit/Loss(-) for the period		10,364	887
	Profit/Loss(-) brought forward		17,521	18,110
	Total		27,885	18,997
IV.	Appropriation			
	Transfer to statutory reserves		2,591	222
	Transfer to other reserves		388	1,254
	Transfer to Government/proposed dividend		-	-
	Balance carried over to the balance sheet		24,906	17,521
	Total		27,885	18,997
Sig	nificant accounting policies and notes to accounts	17 & 18		
Εαι	nings per equity share of ₹ 10 each (refer Schedule 18.27)			
Bas	sic (₹)		4.69	0.38
Dilu	uted (₹)		4.68	0.38
Fac	e value per share (₹)		10.00	10.00

Schedules referred above form an integral part of the Profit and Loss Account

As per our report of even date

Sd/-

For S.R Batliboi & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No: 101049W/E300004

Sd/per Sarvesh Warty Partner Membership No.: 121411

Bengaluru April 24, 2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **Fincare Small Finance Bank Limited**

Sd/-Rajeev Yadav MD and CEO DIN: 00111379

Bengaluru April 24, 2023

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Mumbai April 24, 2023

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Bengaluru April 24, 2023 **Sd/-Sameer Nanavati** Director DIN: 00157693

Ahmedabad April 24, 2023

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

	Year ended	Year ended
Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
A. Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net Profit before tax	12,997	575
Adjustments for :		
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	2,140	2,012
Employee Stock Option Compensation	819	538
Amortisation of premium on SLR ¹ investments in HTM ² category	1,081	1,032
(Profit)/loss on disposal of fixed assets	(2)	3
Loan portfolio written off	55,159	36,951
Provision for Advances	(16,268)	6,002
Provision for other contingencies	364	22
Provision for Investments	451	561
(Profit) on sale of investment in SLR ¹ securities	(29)	(540)
Loss on sale of investment in SLR ¹ securities	642	284
(Profit) on sale of investment in mutual funds	-	(19
Operating profit before working capital changes	57,354	47,421
Adjustments for :		
Increase in deposits	157,702	113,708
Increase/(decrease) in other liabilities	4,926	13,186
(Increase) in investments (net)	(20,442)	(63,049)
(Increase) in advances	(206,909)	(222,298
(Increase)/decrease in fixed deposits	2,456	(3,752
(Increase) in other assets	5,422	(20,138)
Cash Flows from/(used in) operating activities	509	(134,922)
Refund/(Payment) of direct taxes(Including Tax Deducted at Source)	(6,115)	(3,954)
Net cash flows from/(used in) operating activities	(5,606)	(138,876)
B. Cash flows from / (used in) investing activities:		
Purchase of fixed assets	(3,547)	(2,636)
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	12	7
Purchase of investments in mutual funds	-	(5,000)
Purchase of investments in Govt Securites (HTM ²)	(24,524)	(34,673)
Proceeds from maturity of investments in Govt Securites (HTM ²)	5,700	9,158
Proceeds from sale of investments in mutual funds	-	5,019
Proceeds from term money lending	-	
Net cash flows from/(used in) investing activities	(22,359)	(28,125)

CASH FLOW STATEMENT (CONTD..) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022
C. Cash flows from / (used in) financing activities:		
Proceeds from issue of equity shares	-	16,971
Proceeds from borrowing under the LAF ³ segment	-	54,000
Proceeds from loans availed from banks and financial institutions	100,000	135,804
Repayment of loans non-convertible debenture	(2,500)	-
Repayment of loans availed from banks and financial institutions	(107,855)	(35,493)
Repayment of borrowing under the LAF ³ segment	(5,600)	-
Net cash flows from/(used in) financing activities	(15,955)	171,282
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents during the year ended (A+B+C)	(43,920)	4,281
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	118,564	114,283
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year*	74,644	118,564

* Includes cash and bank balances with Reserve Bank of India, balances with Banks in current account, money at call and short notice as at 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022.

Note:

- 1 Statutory Liquidity Ratio
- 2 Held to Maturity
- 3 Liquidity Adjustment Facility

Sd/-

For S.R Batliboi & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No: 101049W/E300004

Sd/per Sarvesh Warty Partner Membership No.: 121411

Bengaluru April 24, 2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **Fincare Small Finance Bank Limited**

Sd/-Rajeev Yadav MD and CEO DIN: 00111379

Bengaluru April 24, 2023

Sd/-Keyur Doshi Chief Financial Officer

Vadodara April 24, 2023 Sd/-Pramod Kabra Director DIN: 02252403

Mumbai April 24, 2023

Sd/-Shefaly Kothari Company Secretary M No. F7698

Bengaluru April 24, 2023 Sd/-Sameer Nanavati Director DIN: 00157693

Ahmedabad April 24, 2023 79

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

Schedule 1 - Capital	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Authorised capital		
300,000,000 (31 March 2022: 300,000,000) equity shares of ₹ 10 each	30,000	30,000
Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up capital		
220,779,720 (31 March 2022: 220,779,720) equity shares of ₹ 10 each	22,078	22,078
Total Capital	22,078	22,078

Notes

1 Rights and preference of equity shareholders

Each holder of an equity share is entitled to one vote per share. The Bank declares and pays dividend in Indian Rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except interim dividend. In the event of liquidation of the Bank, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive the remaining assets of the Bank, after distribution of all preferential amounts, if any. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

Sche	edule 2 - Reserves and surplus	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
I.	Statutory reserve		
	(Created pursuant to Section 17(2) of Banking Regulation Act, 1949)		
	Opening balance	9,637	9,415
	Additions during the year	2,591	222
	Deductions during the year	-	-
		12,228	9,637
II.	Share premium		
	Opening balance	68,230	66,977
	Additions during the year	-	15,972
	Deductions during the year	-	(14,719)
		68,230	68,230
III.	General reserves		
	Opening balance	1	1
	Additions during the year	-	-
	Deductions during the year	-	-
		1	1
IV.	Investment fluctuation reserve		
	Opening balance	2,082	828
	Additions during the year	388	1,254
	Deductions during the year	-	-
		2,470	2,082
V.	Balance in profit and loss account	24,906	17,521
	Total (I,II,III,IV and V)	107,835	97,471

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

Sche	edule 3 - Deposits	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
A. I.	Demand deposits		
	i) From banks	737	626
	ii) From others	12,226	8,799
		12,963	9,425
II.	Savings bank deposits	252,647	224,949
III.	Term deposits		
	i) From banks	240,954	173,120
	ii) From others	296,755	238,123
		537,709	411,243
Tota	ıl (I,II and III)	803,319	645,617
B. I.	Deposits of branches in India	803,319	645,617
II.	Deposits of branches outside India	-	-
Tota	1	803,319	645,617
Sche	edule 4 - Borrowings	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
I.	Borrowings in India		
	i) Reserve Bank of India*	54,000	59,600
		5 1,000	59,600
	ii) Other banks	-	10,000
	ii) Other banksiii) Other institutions and agencies	-	
		-	
	iii) Other institutions and agencies	- 206,900	
	iii) Other institutions and agencies a) Government of India		10,000
	iii) Other institutions and agencies a) Government of India b) Financial Institutions*		10,000
	 iii) Other institutions and agencies a) Government of India b) Financial Institutions* iv) Borrowings in the form of bonds and debentures (excluding sub-ordinated debts) 	206,900	10,000 - 204,754 -
II.	iii)Other institutions and agenciesa)Government of Indiab)Financial Institutions*iv)Borrowings in the form of bonds and debentures (excluding sub-ordinated debts)v)Unsecured redeemable debentures/bonds (Refer schedule 18.1 B)	206,900	10,000 - 204,754 - 20,000

* Secured borrowings included in I above is ₹ 54,000 lakhs, ₹ 92,404 lakhs for 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022 respectively.

Schedule 5 - Other liabilities and provisions	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
I. Bills payable	4,162	2,864
II. Inter-office adjustments (net)	-	-
III. Interests accrued	6,073	3,837
IV. Others (including provisions)*	23,444	23,298
Total	33,679	29,999

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

*Others (including provisions)	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
General provision for standard assets (Refer schedule 18.4 I)	3,869	5,342
Provision for other contingencies	285	56
Tax deducted at source payable	696	741
Statutory liability payable	976	635
Accrued expenses	2,944	2,917
Accrued employee expenses	3,827	2,539
Provision for gratuity (Refer schedule 18.14 A)	866	421
Provision for compensated absences (Refer schedule 18.14 C)	1,509	1,275
Other liabilities	8,472	9,372
	23,444	23,298
Schedule 6 - Cash and balances with Reserve Bank of India	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
I. Cash in hand (Including foreign currency notes)*	4,039	3,304
II. Balances with Reserve Bank of India		
i) in current account	34,899	11,475
ii) in other accounts	26,500	96,900
Total (I and II)	65,438	111,679

* The Bank does not have any foreign currency note balances as at 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022.

Schedule 7 - Balances with banks and money at call and short notice	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
I. In India		
i) Balances with banks		
a) In current accounts	1,710	1,247
b) In other deposit accounts*	2,575	5,032
ii) Money at call and short notice		
a) With banks	-	-
b) With other institutions	7,496	5,638
Total (i and ii)	11,781	11,917
II. Outside India		
i) In current accounts	-	-
ii) In other deposit accounts	-	-
iii) Money at call and short notice	-	-
Total (i,ii and iii)	-	-
Total (I and II)	11,781	11,917

* Includes fixed deposits ₹ 2,542 lakhs (31 March 2022: ₹ Nil) and ₹ 32 lakhs (31 March 2022: ₹ 32 lakhs) lien marked for securitisation and UIDAI respectively

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

Sche	edule 8 - Investments	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
I.	Investment in India in		
	i) Government securities	251,288	214,147
	ii) Other approved securities	-	-
	iii) Shares	-	-
	iv) Debentures and bonds	996	1,016
	v) Subsidiaries and/or joint ventures	-	-
	vi) Others	-	-
	Total*	252,284	215,163
II.	Investment outside India in		
	i) Government securities (including local authorities)	-	-
	ii) Subsidiaries and/or joint ventures aboard	-	-
	iii) Other Investments	-	-
	Total	-	-
	Grand Total (I and II)	252,284	215,163
III.	Investments		
Α.	Investments in India		
	Gross value of investments	253,300	215,727
	Less: Aggregate of provision/(depreciation)	(1,016)	(564)
	Net investments	252,284	215,163
В.	Investments outside India		
	Gross value of investments	-	-
	Less: Aggregate of provision/depreciation/(appreciation)	-	-
	Net investments	-	-
	Total investments*	252,284	215,163

*Refer schedule 18.2 A - Investments

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

			•
Sche	edule 9 - Advances	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
A.	i) Bills purchased and discounted	-	-
	ii) Cash credits, overdrafts and loans repayable on demand*	89,423	44,205
	iii) Term loans*	780,819	659,491
	Total	870,242	703,696
B.	i) Secured by tangible assets (including advances against book debts)	383,662	175,159
	ii) Covered by banks/Government guarantees	1,756	4,126
	iii) Unsecured	484,824	524,411
	Total	870,242	703,696
C.I.	Advances in India		
	i) Priority sectors	725,395	603,918
	ii) Public sector	-	-
	iii) Banks	-	-
	iv) Others	144,847	99,778
	Total	870,242	703,696
II.	Advances outside India		
	i) Dues from banks	-	-
	ii) Dues from others		
	a) Bills purchased and discounted	-	-
	b) Syndicate loans	-	-
	c) Others	-	-
	Total	-	-
	Grand Total (C.I and II)	870,242	703,696

*Net of provision for non-performing assets aggregating to ₹ 17,545 lakhs, ₹ 32,340 lakhs and Inter-Bank Participation Certificate (IBPC) sold and outstanding ₹ 65,000 lakhs, ₹ 20,000 lakhs as at 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022 respectively.

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

Sch	edule 10 - Fixed assets	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
A.	Premises		
	Gross Block		
	Opening Balance	-	-
	Additions during the year	-	-
	Deductions during the year	-	-
	Closing balance	-	-
	Accumulated Depreciation		
	Opening Balance	-	-
	Charge for the year	-	-
	Deductions during the year	-	-
	Closing balance	-	-
B.	Other fixed assets (including furniture and fixtures)		
	Gross Block		
	Opening balance	11,752	9,209
	Additions during the year	3,547	2,636
	Deductions during the year	(68)	(93)
	Closing balance	15,231	11,752
	Accumulated depreciation		
	Opening balance	7,518	5,589
	Charge for the year	2,140	2,012
	Deductions during the year	(58)	(83)
	Closing balance	9,600	7,518
	Net Block*	5,631	4,234
	Total fixed assets	5,631	4,234

* Including capital work-in progress amounting to ₹ 33 lakhs, ₹ 5 lakhs and intangible assets amounting to ₹ 130 lakhs, ₹ 151 lakhs as at 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022 respectively

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

Sch	edule 11 - Other assets	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
I.	Inter-office adjustments (net)	-	-
II.	Interest accrued	15,601	12,186
III.	Tax paid in advance / tax deducted at source (net)	6,654	1,804
IV.	Stationery and stamps	-	-
V.	Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims	-	-
VI.	Others*	19,138	29,478
Toto	al	41,393	43,468

*Others	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Loans given as collateral towards securitisation transactions	3,424	-
Deferred tax asset (refer schedule 18.24)	7,934	9,302
Security deposits	1,752	1,458
RTGS Settlement Mirror A/c	2,015	15,452
Goods & Services Tax input credit	754	534
Other receivables	3,259	2,732
	19,138	29,478

Schedule 12 - Contingent liabilities	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
I. Claims against the bank not acknowledged as debts - taxes	-	-
II. Claims against the bank not acknowledged as debts - others	-	-
III. Liability for partly paid investments	-	-
IV. Liability on account of outstanding forward exchange contracts	-	-
V. Guarantees given on behalf of constituents		
a) In India	-	-
b) Outside India	-	-
VI. Acceptances, endorsements and other obligations	-	-
VII. Other items for which the bank is contingently liable*	6,101	-
Total	6,101	-
*Claims against the bank not acknowledged as debts-others	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Cash Collateral	2,542	-
Principal subordination	3,559	-
	6,101	-

SCHEDULES FORMING PART OF THE PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

Schedule 13 - Interest earned	Year Ended 31 March 2023	Year Ended 31 March 2022
I. Interest/discount on advances/bills	158,845	132,047
II. Income on investments	14,044	9,996
III. Interest on balances with Reserve Bank of India and other inter-bank funds	1,065	2,747
IV. Others*	458	66
Total	174,412	144,857
*Others	Year Ended 31 March 2023	Year Ended 31 March 2022
Interest income on money market instruments	365	-
Interest income on Tri Party Repo lending	92	66
Others	1	0
	458	66
Schedule 14 - Other income	Year Ended 31 March 2023	Year Ended 31 March 2022
I. Commission, exchange and brokerage	13,688	9,675
II. Profit on sale of investments	29	540
Loss on sale of investments	(642)	(284)
III. Profit on revaluation of investments	-	-
Loss on revaluation of investments	(451)	(561)
IV. Profit on sale of land, buildings and other assets	7	4
Loss on sale of land, buildings and other assets	(5)	(7)
V. Profit on exchange/derivative transactions	-	-
(Less): Loss on exchange/derivative transactions	-	-
VI. Income earned by way of dividends etc.	-	-
VII. Miscellaneous income ¹	10,042	10,250
Total	22,668	19,617
	Year Ended	Year Ended
1 Miscellaneous income	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Income from sale of Priority Sector Lending Certificate	3,365	5,649
Debit card issue/maintenance charges	4,532	3,387
Others	2,145	1,214
	10,042	10,250

SCHEDULES FORMING PART OF THE PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Schedule 15 - Interest expended	Year Ended 31 March 2023	Year Ended 31 March 2022
I. Interest on deposits	46,911	42,116
II. Interest on Reserve Bank of India/Inter-bank borrowings	3,732	2,984
III. Others	14,724	11,878
Total	65,368	56,978
Schedule 16 - Operating expenses	Year Ended 31 March 2023	Year Ended 31 March 2022
I. Payments to and provisions for employees	56,829	41,207
II. Rent, taxes and lighting (refer schedule 18.25)	5,546	4,290
III. Printing and stationery	1,913	746
IV. Advertisement and publicity	1,115	767
V. Depreciation on Bank's property	2,140	2,012
VI. Directors' fees, allowances and expenses	142	143
VII. Auditors' fees and expenses		
- Statutory Audit Fee	48	49
- Others	19	28
VIII. Law charges	285	111
IX. Postage, telegrams, telephones, etc.	1,570	1,224
X. Repairs and maintenance	943	945
XI. Insurance	734	577
XII. Professional fee	3,171	2,979
XIII. Other expenditure ¹	12,950	9,602
Total	87,405	64,680
1 Other expenditure	Year Ended 31 March 2023	Year Ended 31 March 2022
Travelling and conveyance	2,073	1,005
Communication expenses	/.92	578

(All amounts in Flaths avcont athony is a stated)

1 Other expenditure	Year Ended 31 March 2023	Year Ended 31 March 2022
Total	87,405	64,680
XIII. Other expenditure ¹	12,950	9,602
XII. Professional fee	3,171	2,979
XI. Insurance	734	577
X. Repairs and maintenance	943	945
IX. Postage, telegrams, telephones, etc.	1,570	1,224
VIII. Law charges	285	111
- Others	19	28
- Statutory Audit Fee	48	49
VII. Auditors' fees and expenses		
VI. Directors rees, unowarces and expenses	142	145

1 Other expenditure	Year Ended 31 March 2023	Year Ended 31 March 2022
Travelling and conveyance	2,073	1,005
Communication expenses	492	578
Contribution towards CSR expenses (refer schedule 18.29)	239	306
Bank charges	12	101
Loss on securitisation	10	-
ATM recycler charges	1,496	1,411
Credit Bureau charges	421	240
Business correspondence commission	4,535	3,005
Miscellaneous expense	3,672	2,956
	12,950	9,602

for the year ended 31 March 2023

1 Overview

Pursuant to the resolution passed by the shareholders at the Extra-Ordinary General Meeting held on 19 May 2017 and the issue of small finance bank license by the Reserve Bank of India ("RBI") on 12 May 2017, Disha Microfin Limited ("the Company") commenced its operations as a small finance bank with effect from 21 July 2017. Accordingly, the name of the Company was changed to Fincare Small Finance Bank Limited ("the Bank"). The Bank is a Banking Company governed by the Banking Regulation Act, 1949.

The Bank has been accorded the Scheduled Bank status by Reserve Bank of India vide Notification No. DBR.NBD. (SFB-Fincare). No.8140/16/13.216/2018-19 dated 28 March 2019 and published in the Gazette of India on 13 April 2019.

The Bank's operation includes retail and wholesale banking activities. These activities primarily include micro finance lending activities to provide financial assistance to women borrowers of economically weaker society, who are organized as joint liability groups ('JLG'), with a view of enhancement of their livelihoods in a financially viable manner, primarily in the rural areas of India. Further, the Bank is engaged in providing financial assistance to the borrowers to use the money to augment the household income through loan against property. In addition, the Bank offers other products, including institutional finance, gold loan, two wheeler loans, affordable housing loans and overdraft facility against fixed deposits or properties. The Bank operates across various states and union territories of India.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies

2.1 (i)Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with requirements prescribed under the Third Schedule of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949. The accounting and reporting policies of the Bank used in the preparation of these financial statements conform to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India (Indian GAAP), the circulars and guidelines issued by Reserve Bank of India (RBI) from time to time and the Accounting Standards notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014(as amended) to the extent applicable and practices generally prevalent in the banking industry in India. The Bank follows the historical cost convention and accrual method of accounting, except otherwise stated. The accounting policies adopted in the presentation of financial statement are consistent with those followed in the previous year.

2.1 (ii) Impact of COVID 19

The COVID-19 pandemic affected the world economy over the last 2 to 3 years, however the operations have now returned to normalcy. The Bank continues to monitor and assess the

impact of the pandemic on its operations and financials (including impact on provision for loan portfolio), which depend on ongoing as well as future developments, including, among other things, any new information concerning the severity of the COVID-19 pandemic, governmental and regulatory measures and the Bank's responses thereto. All information available upto the date of these results have been considered and adequately dealt with in preparation and presentation of these financial results.

2.2 Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Indian GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the results of operations during the reporting periods. Although these estimates are based upon management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates used by the management in the preparation of these financial statements include estimates of the economic useful lives of fixed assets, deferred tax, accrual for employee benefits and provision for standard and non-performing assets. Difference between the actual results and estimates are recognised in the period in which the results are known/materialized. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognised prospectively in the current and future periods.

2.3 Revenue recognition

- (i) Interest income on loans is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account as it accrues by applying the rate of interest as per the agreement. Interest income on nonperforming asset is recognised only when realised. Any such income recognised before the asset became nonperforming and remaining unrealized As at the date of being classified as non-performing asset is reversed, as per the income recognition and asset classification norms of RBI.
- (ii) Interest on discounted instruments is recognised over the tenure of the instrument on a constant Yield to Maturity method.
- (iii) Processing fees/upfront fee, handling charges of similar charges collected at the time of sanctioning or renewal of Loan/facility is recognised at the inception/renewal of loan.
- (iv) The fees charged on debit card issuance is recognised on an upfront basis
- (v) The Bank enters into transactions for the sale of Priority Sector Lending Certificates (PSLCs). In the case of sale transaction, the Bank sells the priority sector obligation through the RBI trading platform. There is no transfer of

for the year ended 31 March 2023

2.3 Revenue recognition (cont'd)

risks or loan assets. The fee received for the sale of PSLCs is recognised under Miscellaneous Income within Other income on a straight-line basis over the tenure of the certificate.

- (vi) Interest income on deposits with banks and financial institutions is recognised on a time proportion accrual basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable.
- (vii) Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established on the balance sheet date.
- (viii) Other fees and commission income (including commission income on third party products) are recognize when due, except in cases where the bank is uncertain of ultimate collection.

2.4 Advances

Classification

Advances are classified into performing and non-performing advances ('NPA') based on the RBI guidelines and are stated net of specific provisions made towards NPAs. Further, NPAs are classified into sub-standard, doubtful and loss assets based on NPA classification and provisioning policy of the Bank, subject to the minimum classification and provisioning level prescribed by the RBI under the Income Recognition and Asset Classification ('IRAC') norms.

As per IRAC norms prescribed by RBI, a loan or an advance is classified as NPA where, the interest and/or instalment of principle remains overdue for a period of more than 90 days in respect of a term loan or the account remains "out of order" in respect of an overdraft/cash credit (OD/CC) facility.

"Overdue" refers to interest and / or instalment remaining unpaid from the day it became receivable.

In case of micro-finance loans, rural micro enterprise loans, loan against gold, two wheeler loans, staff loans and CASA accounts with debit balances, NPAs are classified as substandard and doubtful assets as per RBI guidelines.

In case of secured institutional finance and secured overdraft against property, NPAs are classified as sub-standard and doubtful assets as per RBI guidelines.

In case of loan against property with registered mortgage and secured affordable housing loans, NPAs are classified as sub-standard and doubtful assets as per RBI guidelines.

Loss Assets

A loss asset is one where loss has been identified by the Bank but the amount has not been written off wholly. In other words, such an asset is considered uncollectable and of such little value that its continuance as a Bankable asset is not warranted although there may be some salvage or recovery value. All assets involving frauds would generally be treated as loss assets.

Provisioning

General provision for standard assets made in accordance with RBI Guidelines is included under "Other Liabilities & Provisions-Others".

Further, provision for sub-standard, doubtful and loss assets in case of loan portfolio are provided based on NPA classification and provisioning policy of the Bank, subject to minimum provisioning level prescribed by RBI under IRAC norms.

Loan loss provisions in respect of NPAs are charged to the Profit and Loss Account and included under Provisions and Contingencies.

NPAs which have been fully provided for, are written off, based on management estimate and as per the NPA Provisioning and Write off Policy of the Bank.

Recoveries from bad debts written-off are recognized in the Profit and Loss Account and included under Provision and contingency under schedule 18.15.

Provision policy for securitised loans

Provision for losses arising in respect of securitisation/ assignment of micro finance portfolio loan is made in accordance with the provisioning policy for micro finance own portfolio and in case of securitized portfolio of loan against property/rural loan against property loans, it is made in accordance with the provisioning policy for loan against property/rural loan against property own portfolio, subject to maximum guarantee (including cash collaterals and unfunded guarantee) given in respect of these arrangements.

2.5 Inter-bank participation certificate ('IBPC')

The Bank enters into inter-bank participation with risk sharing as issuing bank and in accordance with the RBI guidelines, the aggregate amount of such participation are reduced from aggregate advance outstanding.

2.6 Investments

Classification

In accordance with the RBI guidelines on investment classification and valuation, investments are classified on the date of purchase into "Held for Trading" ('HFT'), "Available for Sale" ('AFS') and "Held to Maturity" ('HTM') categories (hereinafter called 'categories').

Subsequent shifting amongst the categories is done in accordance with the RBI guidelines. Under each of these categories, investments are further classified under six groups (hereinafter called 'groups') –

for the year ended 31 March 2023

2.6 Investments (cont'd)

(a) Government Securities, (b) Other Approved Securities,(c) Shares, (d) Debentures and Bonds, (e) Investments in Subsidiaries/Joint Ventures and (f) Other Investments.

Purchase and sale transactions in respect of all securities are recorded under 'Settlement Date' of accounting,

Basis of classification

Investments that are held principally for resale within 90 days from the date of purchase are classified under HFT category.

Investments which the Bank intends to hold till maturity are classified as HTM securities. Investments which are not classified in either of the above categories are classified under AFS category.

Acquisition cost

Brokerage, commission and broken period interest on debts instruments are recognised in the Profit and Loss Account and are not included in the cost of acquisition.

Disposal of investments

Profit/loss on sale of investments under the aforesaid three categories is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account. Cost of investments is based on the weighted average cost method. The profit from sale of investment under HTM category, net of taxes and transfer to statutory reserve, is appropriated from the Profit and Loss Account to Capital Reserve in accordance with the RBI Guidelines.

Valuation

Investments classified under AFS and HFT categories are marked to market as per the RBI guidelines.

Traded investments are valued based on the trades / quotes on the recognised stock exchanges, price list of RBI or prices declared by Primary Dealers Association of India ('PDAI') jointly with Fixed Income Money Market and Derivatives Association ('FIMMDA')/Financial Benchmark India Private Limited ('FIBL'), periodically.

The market value of unquoted government securities which qualify for determining the Statutory Liquidity Ratio ('SLR'), included in the AFS and HFT categories, is computed as per the Yield-to-Maturity ('YTM') rates published by FIMMDA/ FIBL.

The valuation of Non-SLR securities, otherthan those quoted on the stock exchange, wherever let to yield to Maturity (YTM) rates, shall be with a mark-up (reflecting associated credit risk) over the YTM rates for government securities put out by FIMMDA/FBIL.

Units of mutual funds are valued at the latest repurchase price / net asset value declared by the mutual fund.

Treasury bills, commercial papers and certificate of deposits being discounted instruments, are valued at carrying cost.

Securities are valued scrip wise and depreciation/appreciation aggregated for each group.Net appreciation in each group if any, being unrealized, is ignored, while net depreciation is provided for.

Investments classified under HTM category are carried at their acquisition cost and not marked to market. Any premium on acquisition is amortised over the remaining maturity period of the security on a constant yield-to-maturity basis. Such amortisation of premium is adjusted against interest income under the head Income from investments as per the RBI quidelines.

Non-performing investments are identified and depreciation / provision are made thereon based on the RBI guidelines. Any diminution, other than temporary, in the value of such securities is provided for. The depreciation / provision on such non-performing investments are not set off against the appreciation in respect of other performing securities. Interest on non-performing investments is not recognised in the Profit and Loss Account until received.

2.7 Repo Reverse Repo transactions

In accordance with the RBI guidelines Repo and Reverse Repo transactions in government securities are reflected as borrowings and lending transactions respectively. Borrowing cost on repo transaction is accounted for as interest expense and revenue on reverse repo is accounted for as interest income.

2.8 Investment Fluctuation Reserve ("IFR")

With a view to building up of adequate reserve to protect against increase in yields, RBI through circular no. RBI/2017-18/147 BBR.No.BP.BC.102/21.04.048/2017-18 dated 02 April 2018, advised all banks to create an IFR with effect from the FY 2018-19.

Amount transferred to IFR is not less than lower of the following:

- (i) net profit on sale of investments during the year. or
- (ii) net profit for the year less mandatory appropriation, until the amount of IFR is at least 2% of the HFT and AFS portfolio, on a continuing basis.

The amount is drawn down from IFR as per the guidelines prescribed by RBI.

2.9 Transfer and servicing of assets

The Bank transfers loans through securitization/direct assignment transactions. The transferred loans are derecognised when the Bank surrenders the rights to benefits specified in the underlying securitized/direct assignment loan contract.

for the year ended 31 March 2023

2.9 Transfer and servicing of assets (cont'd)

Cash profit arising at the time of securitisation/assignment of loan portfolio (Premium loan transfer transactions) is amortised over the life of the underlying loan portfolio and the unamortised amount is disclosed as Deferred Income within 'Other liabilities' on the balance sheet.

Contractual rights to receive a portion of interest ('Unrealised profits') arising at the time of securitisation/ assignment of loan portfolio (PAR transactions) is recorded at its present value and disclosed as 'Interest strip on securitisation/ assignment of loan portfolio' within 'Other assets" on the balance sheet. In accordance with RBI guidelines, the unrealised profits in respect of securitised/ assigned loan portfolio that is not due for collection is recorded at its present value and disclosed as 'Interest strip on securitisation/ assignment of loan portfolio' within 'Other liabilities" on the balance sheet. Income from interest strip (excess interest spread) is recognised in the profit and loss account, net of any losses, when redeemed in cash.

2.10 Fixed assets (Property, Plant and Equipment)

Fixed assets (PPE), capital work-in progress are stated at their original cost of acquisition less accumulated depreciation.
Cost comprises purchase price and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use.

All other expenses on existing property, plant and equipment, including day-to-day repair and maintenance expenditure and cost of replacing parts, are charged to the profit and loss account for the period during which such expenses are incurred.

Advances paid towards the acquisition of tangible assets outstanding at each Balance Sheet date are disclosed as capital advances under Other Assets. The cost incurred towards tangible assets, but not ready for their intended use before each Balance Sheet date is disclosed as capital workin-progress, if any.

Gains or losses arising from de-recognition of tangible assets are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the Profit and Loss Account when the asset is derecognized.

2.11 Intangible assets

An intangible is recognized only when its cost can be measured reliably and it is probable that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to it will flow to the bank. Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on the initial recognition at cost. The cost of an intangible assets comprises its purchase price including after deducting trade discounts and rebates, any directly attributable cost of bringing the item to its working condition for its intended use following initial recognition, Intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses. Intangible assets are amortized over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis, commencing from the date the asset is available to the Bank for its use. Intangible assets include computer software, which is acquired, capitalized and amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life.

2.12 Depreciation and amortization

Depreciation on Fixed assets is calculated on a straight-line basis using the rates arrived at based on the useful lives estimated by the management. The Bank has used the following rates to provide depreciation on its tangible assets:

Tangible asset description	Useful life	
Office equipment	5 years	
Computer equipment	3 years	
Furniture and fixtures	10 years	
Leasehold improvements	Over the period of lease	

Intangible assets are amortised, on a straight line basis, commencing from the date the asset is available for its use, over their respective individual estimated useful lives as estimated by the management:

Intangible asset description	Useful life	
Computer software	3 years	

Depreciation / amortisation is charged on a proportionate basis for all assets purchased and sold during the period.

2.13 Impairment of assets

The Bank assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, the Bank estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) net selling price and its value in use. The recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining net selling price, recent market transactions are taken into account, if available. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

for the year ended 31 March 2023

2.13 Impairment of assets (cont'd)

Impairment losses of continuing operations are recognised in the profit and loss account. After impairment, depreciation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the asset over its remaining useful life.

An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the bank estimates the asset's or cashgenerating unit's recoverable amount. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years.

2.14 Employee benefits

Expenses and liabilities in respect of employee benefits are recorded in accordance with Accounting Standard 15 Employee Benefits.

Provident fund

The Bank contributes to the statutory provident fund of the Regional Provident Fund Commissioner, in accordance with the Employees' Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952. The plan is a defined contribution plan and contribution paid or payable is recognised as an expense in the period in which services are rendered by the employee.

Gratuity

Gratuity is a post-employment benefit and is a defined benefit plan. The liability recognised in the Balance Sheet represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the Balance Sheet date less the fair value of plan assets (if any), together with adjustments for unrecognised actuarial gains or losses and past service costs. Any asset resulting from this calculation is limited to past service cost, plus the present value of available refunds and reductions in future contributions to the plan. Independent actuaries using the Projected unit credit method calculate the defined benefit obligation annually.

Actuarial gains or losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are credited or charged to the Profit and Loss Account in the year in which such gains or losses arises.

Compensated absences

Liability in respect of compensated absences becoming due or expected to be availed within one year from the balance

sheet date is recognised on the basis of undiscounted value of estimated amount required to be paid or estimated value of benefit expected to be availed by the employees. Liability/ Asset in respect of earned leave becoming due or expected to be availed more than one year after the balance sheet date is estimated on the basis of actuarial valuation as at the balance sheet date.

Other short-term benefits

Expense in respect of other short-term benefits including performance incentive is recognised on the basis of amount paid or payable for the period for which the employee render services.

Other long-term employee benefits- Deferred cash variable pay

As per policy, A minimum of 60% of Total Variable Pay shall be under deferral arrangement. At least 50% of the Cash component of Variable Pay shall be under deferment. Also, in case Cash Variable Pay for a performance period is below ₹ 25 lakhs, deferral may not be applicable. The NRC shall take a decision on the treatment of the deferral on an annual basis. The deferral period shall be for three years from the end of performance period. The deferral shall be on a pro-rata basis i.e. 1/3rd of deferred component and shall vest at the end of each year for the next three years. Vesting shall take place on a yearly basis after a proper assessment of performance by the NRC and adjustments can be made based on actual results. For variable pay pertaining to Financial Year 2022-23, will be paid in Financial Year 2023-24, 100% of non-cash variable pay and 50% of cash pay was under deferral. The deferred cash variable pay has been recognised as liability at present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date, as required by AS-15 on Employee benefits. The present value has been determined using actuarial valuation after factoring in assumptions of attrition and discounting.

2.15 Employee Share Based Payments

Equity-settled scheme:

The Employees Stock Option Scheme (the Scheme) provides for grant of options on the Bank's equity shares to employees and Managing Director of the Bank. The Scheme provides that employees may be granted an option to subscribe to equity shares of the Bank that shall vest as per the vesting schedule determined by Nomination and Remuneration Committee. The options, post vesting, may be exercised within a specified period. In accordance with the Guidance Note on Accounting for Employee Share-based payments, issued by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, the cost of equity settled transactions has been measured using the fair value method. Details regarding the determination of the fair value of the options are set out in Schedule 18.21. The fair value of the options determined as at the grant date is expensed on a

for the year ended 31 March 2023

2.15 Employee Share Based Payments (cont'd)

straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Bank's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest, with a corresponding credit to Employee stock options outstanding account. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the Employee stock options outstanding account.

The options that do not vest because of failure to satisfy vesting condition are reversed by a credit to employee compensation expense in "Payment to and provision for employee", equal to the amortised portion of the cost of lapsed option. In respect of the options which expire unexercised the balance standing to the credit of Employee stock options outstanding account is transferred to General Reserve.

2.16 Taxes on income

Tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current income-tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Income-tax Act, 1961 enacted in India.

Deferred income taxes reflect the impact of timing differences between taxable income and accounting income originating during the current year and reversal of timing differences of the earlier years. Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted as at the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are recognized for deductible timing differences only to the extent that there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized. In situations where the Bank has unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward tax losses, all deferred tax assets are recognized only if there is virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that they can be realized against future taxable profits.

At each reporting date, the Bank re-assesses unrecognized deferred tax assets. It recognizes unrecognized deferred tax asset to the extent that it has become reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date. The Bank writes-down the carrying amount of deferred tax asset to the extent that it is no longer reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which deferred tax asset can be realized. Any such write-down is reversed to the extent that it becomes reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set-off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

2.17 Foreign currency transactions

Initial recognition

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the reporting currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

Conversion

Foreign currency monetary items are reported using the closing rate as at the Balance Sheet date. Non-monetary items which are carried in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Exchange differences

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on reporting Bank's monetary items at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the year, or reported in previous financial statements, are recognised as income or as expenses in the year in which they arise. Non- monetary items which are measured at fair value or other similar value denominated in foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when such value is determined.

2.18 Provisions and contingent liabilities

A provision is recognised when an enterprise has a present obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on best estimates required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Bank or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation.

A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognised because it

for the year ended 31 March 2023

2.18 Provisions and contingent liabilities (cont'd)

cannot be measured reliably. The Bank does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

Contingent assets are not recognized in the financial statement.

2.19 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are attributable to the acquisition and/ or construction of qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the cost of such assets, in accordance with Accounting Standard (AS) 16, Borrowing Costs. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use. All other borrowing costs are charged to the profit and loss account as incurred.

2.20 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year is adjusted for events of bonus issue; bonus element in a rights issue to existing shareholders; share split; and reverse share split (consolidation of shares).

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

2.21 Transaction cost

Transaction costs (including loan origination costs) are incremental costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of financial liabilities. Transaction cost includes fees paid to advisors and levies by regulatory agencies, including taxes and duties. Transaction costs incurred towards:

- i. ROC fees paid to increase the authorized share capital is expensed to the profit and loss account.
- ii. Acquisition of borrowings is expensed to the profit and loss account in the year in which they are incurred.

2.22 Leases

Operating leases

Leases where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased term, are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the Profit and Loss Account on a straight-line basis over the lease term (i.e. lock in period).

2.23 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents for the purposes of cash flow statement comprises of cash in hand, balances with RBI, balances with other banks.

2.24 Segment reporting

The disclosure relating to segment information is in accordance with AS-17, Segment Reporting and as per guidelines issued by RBI.

Business segments have been identified and reported taking into account, the customer profile, the nature of products and services, the differing risks and returns, the organisation structure and the guidelines prescribed by RBI. The Bank operates in the following segments:

a) Treasury

The treasury segment primarily consists of entire investment portfolio of the Bank.

b) Corporate/Wholesale banking

Wholesale banking includes all advances to companies and statutory bodies, which are not included under Retail banking.

- c) Retail banking includes
 - (i) Digital Banking includes our 101 product and digital branches
 - 101 Product is a digital product where onboarding of customer to any product or service delivery to customers are performed digitally there is no human intervention on any of the process cycle in 101 product.

for the year ended 31 March 2023

2.24 Segment reporting (cont'd)

2. Digital Branches are those branches where all the branch related activity like opening of customer account to any other bank branch activity are performed by Machine without and any human intervention.

Vide its circular dated April 7, 2022, on establishment of Digital Banking Units (DBUs), the RBI has prescribed reporting of Digital Banking Segment as a sub-segment of Retail Banking Segment. During the year ended March 31 2023, the Bank has commenced operation at two DBUs and has identied one product type of deposits category as a Digital Banking Product.

(ii) The retail banking segment others - serves retail customers through the branch network (other than DBU). Exposures are classified under retail banking taking into account the status of the borrower (orientation criterion), the nature of product, granularity of the exposure and the quantum thereof. Revenues of the retail banking segment are primarily derived from interest and fees earned on retail loans, interest on deposits placed as collateral with banks and financial institutions. Expenses of this segment primarily comprise interest expense on borrowings, deposits, infrastructure and premises expenses for operating the branch network, personnel costs and other direct overheads.

d) Other banking operations

Other Banking operations includes all other banking operations not covered under 'Treasury', 'Wholesale Banking' and 'Retail Banking' segments. It also include all other residual operations such as para banking transactions/ activities.

Since the business operations of the Bank are primarily concentrated in India, the Bank is considered to operate only in the domestic segment.

2.25. Share Issue Expenses

Share Issue expenses other than ROC fees paid to increase the authorized share capital are adjusted from Securities premium account as permitted by section 52 of Companies Act 2013.

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.1 - Regulatory Capital

A. Composition of Regulatory Capital

The following table sets forth, for the years indicated, computation of capital adequacy as per the RBI guidelines (under Basel II):

Particulars		As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	
Ι	Common Equity Tier 1 capital (CET 1)/ Paid up share capital and reserves(net of deductions, if any)	117,853	108,488	
II	Additional Tier 1 capital/ Other Tier 1 capital	-	-	
III	Tier 1 capital (I and II)	117,853	108,488	
IV	Tier 2 capital	8,856	15,798	
V	Total capital (III and IV)	126,709	124,286	
VI	Total Risk Weighted Assets (RWAs)	632,177	556,936	
VII	CET 1 Ratio	18.64%	19.48%	
VIII	Tier 1 Ratio (Tier 1 capital as a percentage of RWAs)	18.64%	19.48%	
IX	Tier 2 Ratio (Tier 2 capital as a percentage of RWAs)	1.40%	2.84%	
Х	Capital to Risk Weighted Assets Ratio (CRAR) (Total Capital as a percentage of RWAs)	20.04%	22.32%	
XI	Leverage Ratio	9.49%	10.05 %	
XII	Percentage of the shareholding of			
	a) Government of India	-	-	
XIII	Amount of paid-up equity capital raised during the year	-	15,717	
XIV	Amount of non-equity Tier 1 capital raised during the year, of which:	-	-	
XV	Perpetual Non Cumulative Preference Shares (PNCPS)	-	-	
XVI	Perpetual Debt Instruments (PDI)	-	-	
XVII	Amount of Tier 2 capital raised; of which:	-	-	
XVIII	Debt capital instruments (discounted value)*	5,500	9,000	
XIX	Preference Share Capital Instruments: [Perpetual Cumulative Preference Shares (PCPS)/ Redeemable Non Cumulative Preference Shares (RNCPS)/ Redeemable Cumulative Preference Shares (RCPS)]	-	-	

*Subordinated debt (considered in Tier 2 capital) outstanding as at 31 March 2023 is ₹ 17,500 lakhs (31 March 2022: ₹ 20,000 lakhs).

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.1 - Regulatory Capital (cont'd)

B. Details of Sub-ordinate debt :

ISIN Number	Deemed Date of Allotment	Coupon Rate (% p.a.)	Tenure (in months)	Equivalent Amount as at March 31, 2023	Equivalent Amount as at March 31, 2022
INE519Q08020	29 May 2017	12.60%	66	Nil	2,500
INE519Q08145	20 March 2018	11.30%	75	3,700	3,700
INE519Q08137	22 March 2018	11.30%	75	3,800	3,800
INE519Q08152	30 September 2019	12.87%	72	10,000	10,000

C. Draw down from reserves

During the year ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022, there were no drawdown from reserves.

D. Capital infusion

During the year ended 31 March 2023, the Bank has not infused capital (31 March 2022: 15,717 Lakh). Details of movement in the paid up equity share capital are as below:

Destinutes	As at	31 March 2023	As at 3	31 March 2022
Particulars	Equity Shares	Amount (₹)	Equity Shares	Amount (₹)
Equity shares at the beginning of the year	220,779,720	22,078	63,610,481	6,361
Addition pursuant to equity shares issued during the year	-	-	9,982,759	998
Addition pursuant to bonus equity shares issued during the period	-	-	147,186,480	14,719
Equity shares outstanding at the end of the year	220,779,720	22,078	220,779,720	22,078

(All amounts in \mathfrak{F} lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.2 - Investments

OTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SCHEDULE 18 -

A1. Composition of Investment Portfolio as at 31 March 2023

			Total	Total Investments in India	s in India			Total In	Total Investments outside India	utside Inc	dia	
Particulars	Govern- ment Securities	Other Approved Securities	Shares	Deben- tures and Bonds	Sub-sidiaries and/or joint ventures	Others	Total invest- ments in India	Govern-ment securities (including local authorities)	Sub- Sidiaries and/ or joint ventures	Others	Total Invest- ments outside India	Total Invest- ment
Held to Maturity												
Gross	128,768		•		•		128,768					128,768
Less: Provision for non-performing investments (NPI)	ľ	1	1			1	1					•
Net	128,768						128,768					128,768
Available for Sale												
Gross	123,497		•	1,035	•	•	124,532	•		•	•	124,532
Less: Provision for depreciation and NPI	677	1	1	39	I	1	1,016	1	1	1	1	1,016
Net	122,520			966			123,516					123,516
Held for Trading												
Gross			'		ı			1		'		•
Less: Provision for depreciation and NPI	I	ı	I	ı	I	I	·	I	1	•		
Net	•			•	•	•	•	1	•	'		•
Total Investments	252,265	•		1,035	•	•	253,300	1	•	'	•	253,300
Less: Provision for non-performing investments	'	·	'			'		I		'		
Less: Provision for depreciation and NPI	677	·	ı	39	ı	ı	1,016	ı	·	ı		1,016
Net	251,288			966			252,284					252,284

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(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.2 - Investments (cont'd)

A2. Composition of Investment Portfolio as at 31 March 2022

			Total	Investments in India	in India			Total In	Total Investments outside India	utside Ind	D	
											2	
Dorticulars	Govern-	Other		Deben-	Sub-sidiaries		Total invest-	Govern-ment securities	Sub- sidiaries		Total Invest-	Total
רמו נוכרו מו א	ment Securities	Approved Securities	Shares	tures and Bonds	and/or joint ventures	Others	ments in India	(including local	and/ or joint	Others	ments outside Tadia	Invest-ment
Held to Maturity												
Gross	111.025		'			'	111.025	1		'	'	111.025
Less: Provision for non-performing investments (NPI)	ı	·				1	ı		ı			
Net	111,025						111,025					111,025
Available for Sale												
Gross	103,667	•	-	1,035	•		104,702				•	104,702
Less: Provision for depreciation and NPI	545	1	1	19	,	1	564	1	1	1	1	564
Net	103,122	•		1,016			104,138				•	104,138
Held for Trading												
Gross			1	1	I			1		1	I	•
Less: Provision for depreciation and NPI		1	1	1	,	1	I	1	1	1	1	•
Net	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•
Total Investments	214,692	•		1,035			215,727				•	215,727
Less: Provision for non-performing investments			1	I	,	1	T	,	'		ı	•
Less: Provision for depreciation and NPI	545	·	ı	19	,	ı	564	,	ı	·	I	564
Net	214,147			1,016			215,163				. 	215,163

OTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SCHEDULE 18 -

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.2 - Investments (cont'd)

B. Movement of Provisions for Depreciation and Investment Fluctuation Reserve

Par	ticulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
i.	Movement of provisions held towards depreciation on investments		
	a) Opening balance	564	3
	b) Add: Provisions made during the year	1,016	564
	c) Less: Write off / write back of excess provisions during the year	564	3
	d) Closing balance	1,016	564
ii.	Movement of Investment Fluctuation Reserve		
	a) Opening balance	2,082	828
	b) Add: Amount transferred during the year	388	1,254
	c) Less: Drawdown	-	-
	d) Closing balance	2,470	2,082
iii.	Closing balance in IFR as a percentage of closing balance of investments in AFS and HFT/Current category	2%	2%

C. Repurchase transactions

Tri - Party Repo / Reverse Repo

Par	ticulars	Minimum outstanding during the year 2022-23	Maximum outstanding during the year 2022-23	Daily Average outstanding during the year 2022-23	Outstanding as at 31 March 2023
Sec	urities sold under repo*				
i.	Government securities	50,272	102,377	67,542	50,272
ii.	Corporate debt securities	-	-	-	-
iii.	Any Other Securities	-	-	-	-
Sec	urities purchased under reverse repo*				
i.	Government securities	-	102,500	8,869	7,807
ii.	Corporate debt securities	-	-	-	-
iii.	Any Other Securities	-	-	-	-
Par	ticulars	Minimum outstanding during the year 2021-22	Maximum outstanding during the year 2021-22	Daily Average outstanding during the year 2021-22	Outstanding as at 31 March 2022
	ticulars urities sold under repo*	outstanding during the	outstanding during the	outstanding during the	as at 31
		outstanding during the	outstanding during the	outstanding during the	as at 31
Sec	urities sold under repo*	outstanding during the year 2021-22	outstanding during the year 2021-22	outstanding during the year 2021-22	as at 31 March 2022
Sec i.	urities sold under repo* Government securities	outstanding during the year 2021-22	outstanding during the year 2021-22	outstanding during the year 2021-22	as at 31 March 2022
Sec i. ii. iii.	urities sold under repo* Government securities Corporate debt securities	outstanding during the year 2021-22	outstanding during the year 2021-22	outstanding during the year 2021-22	as at 31 March 2022
Sec i. ii. iii.	urities sold under repo* Government securities Corporate debt securities Any Other Securities	outstanding during the year 2021-22	outstanding during the year 2021-22	outstanding during the year 2021-22	as at 31 March 2022
Sec i. ii. iii. Sec	urities sold under repo* Government securities Corporate debt securities Any Other Securities urities purchased under reverse repo*	outstanding during the year 2021-22 5,397 - -	outstanding during the year 2021-22 86,912 -	outstanding during the year 2021-22 56,742	as at 31 March 2022 83,956

*Amounts reported are based on the face value of securities under Repo and Reverse Repo.

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.2 - Investments (cont'd)

Qualitative disclosure

The Bank applied for the segment of Repo/Reverse repo post receipt of scheduled bank license from the RBI and got the approval for the said segment. The Bank has commenced the Repo and Reverse repo operation w.e.f. 01 August 2019 after requisite collateral and default funds were in place.

The securities provided/allotted to the Bank till date for reverse repo transactions are all issued by Government of India in the form of Government securities, floating rate bonds and T-Bills.

D. Non-SLR investment portfolio

a) Issuer composition of Non-SLR investments

As at 31 March 2023

Issu	Jer	Amount	Extent of Private Placement		Extent of 'Unrated' Securities	Extent of 'Unlisted' Securities
i	PSUs	-	-	-	-	-
ii	FIs	1,035	-	-	-	-
iii	Banks	-	-	-	-	-
iv	Private Corporates	-	-	-	-	-
v	Subsidiaries/ Joint Ventures	-	-	-	-	-
vi	Others	-	-	-	-	-
vii	Provision held towards depreciation	(39)	-	-	-	-
Tot	al	996		-	-	<u> </u>

As at 31 March 2022

Issu	ier	Amount	Extent of Private Placement		Extent of 'Unrated' Securities	Extent of 'Unlisted' Securities
i	PSUs	-	-		-	-
ii	FIs	1,035	-	-	-	-
iii	Banks	-	-	-	-	-
iv	Private Corporates	-	-	-	-	-
V	Subsidiaries/ Joint Ventures	-	-	-	-	-
vi	Others	-	-	-	-	-
vii	Provision held towards depreciation	(19)	-	_	-	-
Tot	al	1,016	-		-	

b) Non-performing Non-SLR investments

During the year ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022; there are no non performing Non - SLR investments.

E. Sale and Transfer to/from HTM Category

During the years ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, the Bank has not sold and transferred securities to or from HTM category exceeding 5% of the book value of investment held in HTM category at the beginning of the year.

The 5% threshold referred to above does not include one-time transfer of securities to/from HTM category with the approval of Board of Directors permitted to be undertaken by banks as per the extant RBI guidelines, sale of securities to the RBI under liquidity management operations of RBI like Open Market Operations (OMO) and the Government Securities Acquisition Programme (GSAP), direct sales from HTM category for bringing down SLR holding consequent to a downward revision in SLR requirement by RBI, repurchase of Government Securities by Government of India or repurchase of State Development Loans (SDL) by respective State Governments under respective buyback/ switch operations, and additional shifting of securities explicitly permitted by RBI.

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.3 - Derivatives

During the year ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022; the Bank has not undertaken any derivative transaction and there is no outstanding position As at the year end. Hence, disclosure related to forward rate agreement / interest rate swap, credit default swaps and exchange traded interest rate derivatives are not provided.

18.4 - Asset quality

A. Classification of advances and provisions held

		As	at 31 Ma	arch 20	23			A	s at 31 M	arch 2022	2	
	Standard		Non-Per	forming	J		Standard		Non-Per	forming		
Particular	Total Standard Advances	Sub- standard	Doubt- ful	Loss	Total Non- Perform- ing Advances	Total	Total Standard Advances	Sub- standard	Doubt- ful	Loss	Total Non- Perform- ing Advances	Total
Gross Standard Advances and NPAs												
Opening Balance	678,654	52,837	3,612	874	57,323	735,977	515,270	22,027	1,232	12,100	35,359	550,629
Add: Additions during the year					59,676						109,846	
Less: Reductions during the year*					88,152						87,882	
Closing balance	858,939	22,284	6,344	219	28,847	887,786	678,654	52,837	3,612	874	57,323	735,977
*Reductions in Gross NPAs due to:												
i) Upgradation					19,654	19,654					42,709	42,709
ii) Recoveries (excluding recoveries from upgraded accounts)					13,339	13,339					8,222	8,222
iii) Technical/ Prudential Write- offs					53,419	53,419					36,840	36,840
iv) Write-offs other than those under (iii) above					1,740	1,740					111	111
Provisions (excluding Floating Provisions)												
Opening balance of provisions held	5,342	30,320	1,146	874	32,340	37,682	11,161	8,057	361	12,100	20,518	31,679
Add: Fresh provisions made during the year					53,682						76,877	
Less: Excess provision reversed/ Write-off loans					68,477						65,055	
Closing balance of provisions held	3,869	13,493	3,833	219	17,545	21,414	5,342	30,320	1,146	874	32,340	37,682

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.4 - Asset quality (cont'd)

		As	at 31 M	arch 20	23			A	s at 31 M	arch 202	2	
	Standard		Non-Per	forming	J		Standard		Non-Pe	forming		
Particular	Total Standard Advances	Sub- standard	Doubt- ful	Loss	Total Non- Perform- ing Advances	Total	Total Standard Advances	Sub- standard	Doubt- ful	Loss	Total Non- Perform- ing Advances	Total
Net NPAs												
Opening Balance		22,517	2,466	-	24,983			13,970	871	-	14,841	
Add: Fresh additions during the year					5,994						32,969	
Less: Reductions during the year					19,675						22,827	
Closing Balance		8,791	2,511	-	11,302			22,517	2,466	-	24,983	
Floating Provisions												
Opening Balance						-						-
Add: Additional provisions made during the year						-						
Less: Amount drawn down18 during the year						-						-
Closing balance of floating provisions						-						-
Technical write- offs and the recoveries made thereon												
Opening balance of Technical/ Prudential written- off accounts						57,051						21,037
Add: Technical/ Prudential write-offs during the year						55,159						36,840
Less: Recoveries made from previously technical/ prudential written- off accounts during						7,868						826
the year Closing balance						104,342						57,051

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.4 - Asset quality (cont'd)

The Bank has compiled the data for the purpose of this disclosure from its internal MIS system.

B. Ratios	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Gross NPA to Gross Advances	3.25 %	7.79%
Net NPA to Net Advances	1.30%	3.55%
Provision Coverage Ratio*	91.51%	78.16%

*Provision Coverage Ratio is computed after considering Technical Write Offs"

C. Details of Restructured Account as per Circular no. RBI/2018-19/203 DBR.No.BP.BC.45/21.04.048/2018-19 dated 07 June 2019

Denticular		Agricult allied a		(excl	orates uding ME)	and m	small edium prises	agricult	xcluding ture and ME)	То	tal
Particulars		31 March 2023	31 March 2022	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Standard	No. of Borrowers	5,753	2,447	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,753	2,447
	Gross Amount	610	455	-	-	-	-	-	-	610	455
	Provision held	33	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	2
Sub-	No. of Borrowers	1,705	38,854	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,705	38,854
standard	Gross Amount	235	8,745	-	-	-	-	-	-	235	8,745
	Provision held	130	4,002	-	-	-	-	-	-	130	4,002
Doubtful	No. of Borrowers	5,388	72	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,388	72
	Gross Amount	544	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	544	19
	Provision held	543	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	543	19
Total	No. of Borrowers	12,846	41,373	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,846	41,373
	Gross Amount	1,389	9,219	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,389	9,219
	Provision held	706	4,023	-	-	-	-	-	-	706	4,023

The Bank has compiled the data for the purpose of this disclosure from its internal MIS system.

D. Details of resolution plan implemented under the Resolution Framework for Covid-19-related Stress as per RBI circular dated August 6, 2020 (Resolution Framework 1.0) and May 05, 2021 (Resolution Framework 2.0) as at March 31, 2023 are given below:

Type of borrower	Exposure to accounts classified as Standard consequent to implementation of resolution plan – Position as at the end of this half- year (i.e.30 September 2022) (A) ²¹	Of (A), aggregate debt that slipped into NPA during the half-year ended 31 March 2023	Of (A) amount written off during the half-year ended 31 March 2023	Of (A) amount paid by the borrowers during the half-year ended 31 March 2023	Exposure to accounts classified as Standard consequent to implementation of resolution plan – Position as at the end of this half-year (i.e.31 March 2023) ³
Personal Loans	-	-	-		-
Corporate persons*		-	-	-	-
Of which MSMEs			-	-	-
Others	5,760	1,335	138	1,493	2,794
Total	5,760	1,335	138	1,493	2,794

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.4 - Asset quality (cont'd)

* As defined in Section 3(7) of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016

The amounts mentioned in above table does not include interest accrued As at the date of implementation of the plan.

¹ Includes cases where the resolution plan implemented after 30 September 2021

² Represents fund based outstanding as of 30 September 2022

³ Represents fund based outstanding as of 31 March 2023

Details of resolution plan implemented under the Resolution Framework for Covid-19-related Stress as per RBI circular dated August 6, 2020 (Resolution Framework 1.0) and May 05, 2021 (Resolution Framework 2.0) as at September 30, 2022 are given below:

Type of borrower	Exposure to accounts classified as Standard consequent to implementation of resolution plan – Position as at the end of this half-year (i.e.31 March 2022) (A) ²¹	Of (A), aggregate debt that slipped into NPA during the half-year ended 30 September 2022	Of (A) amount written off during the half-year ended 30 September 2022	Of (A) amount paid by the borrowers during the half-year ended 30 September 2022	Exposure to accounts classified as Standard consequent to implementation of resolution plan – Position as at the end of this half-year (i.e.30 September 2022) ^{3 & 4}	
Personal Loans	-		-	-	-	
Corporate persons*	-	-	-	-	-	
Of which MSMEs	which MSMEs -		-	-	-	
Others	12,138	2,329	1,192	2,857	5,760	
Total	12,138	2,329	1,192	2,857	5,760	

* As defined in Section 3(7) of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016

The amounts mentioned in above table does not include interest accrued As at the date of implementation of the plan.

¹ Includes cases where the resolution plan implemented after 30 September 2021

² Represents fund based outstanding as of 31 March 2022

³ Represents fund based outstanding as of 30 September 2022

⁴ Closing balance does not include upgraded accounts as of 30 September, 2022

Details of resolution plan implemented under the Resolution Framework for Covid-19-related Stress as per RBI circular dated August 6, 2020 (Resolution Framework 1.0) and May 05, 2021 (Resolution Framework 2.0) as at March 31, 2022 are given below:

Type of borrower	Exposure to accounts classified as Standard consequent to implementation of resolution plan – Position as at the end of the previous half-year (i.e. 30 September, 2021) (A) ²¹	Of (A), aggregate debt that slipped into NPA during the half-year ended 31 March 2022	Of (A) amount written off during the half-year	Of (A) amount paid by the borrowers during the half-year	Exposure to accounts classified as Standard consequent to implementation of resolution plan – Position as at the end of this half-year (i.e.31 March 2022) ³
Personal Loans	-	-		-	
Corporate persons*	-			-	-
Of which MSMEs	ich MSMEs -		-	-	-
Others	rs 25,977 10,6		266	2,901 12,1	
Total	al 25,977 10,67		266	2,901	12,138

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.4 - Asset quality (cont'd)

- * As defined in Section 3(7) of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016
- The amounts mentioned in above table does not include interest accrued As at the date of implementation of the plan.
- ¹ Includes cases where the resolution plan implemented after 30 September 2021
- ² Represents fund based outstanding as of 30 September 2021
- ³ Represents fund based outstanding as of 31 March 2022

E. Disclosure on implementation of resolution plan as required under RBI circular dated June 7,2019 on Prudential Framework for Resolution of Stress Assets

Financial Year 2022-23

Particulars	Resolution Plan implemented	Resolution Plan not implemented
No.of borrowers where timeline for implementation of resolution plan was before 31^{st} March 2023	60,565	Nil
Fund based outstanding as at 31st March 2023	9,247	Nil
Additional provision held as per RBI circular of June 7,2019	41	Nil

Financial Year 2021-22

Particulars	Resolution Plan implemented	Resolution Plan not implemented
No.of borrowers where timeline for implementation of resolution plan was before 31st March 2022	59,799	Nil
Fund based outstanding as at 31 st March 2022	12,801	Nil
Additional provision held as per RBI circular of June 7,2019	54	Nil

F. Disclosure on the scheme for MSME sector - restructuring of advances

During the year ended 31 March 2023 and 2022, the Bank has not done any MSME restructing.

G. Details of financial assets sold to securitisation / reconstruction company for asset reconstruction

The Bank has not sold any financial assets during the year ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022 to securitisation / reconstruction company for asset reconstruction.

H. Details of non-performing financial assets purchased / sold

The Bank has not purchased or sold any non performing financial assets during the year ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022.

I. Provisions towards standard assets

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Provisions towards standard assets	3,869	5,342
	3,869	5,342

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.4 - Asset quality (cont'd)

J. Sector-wise Advances and Gross NPAs

			As a	t 31 March 2023	As at 31 Marc		31 March 2022
Sector1		Outstanding Total Advances	Gross NPAs	Percentage of Gross NPAs to total advances in that sector	Outstanding Total Advances	Gross NPAs	Percentage of Gross NPAs to total advances in that sector
Α.	Priority Sector						
I.	Agriculture and allied activities	410,898	15,193	3.70%	414,352	34,015	8.21%
	Small & Marginal Farmer	242,431	10,433	4.30%	307,525	28,970	9.42%
	Agriculture-Others	168,467	4,760	2.83%	106,827	5,045	4.72%
II.	Advances to industries sector eligible as priority sector lending	10,994	266	2.42%	2,011	27	1.34%
III.	Services	57,549	846	1.47%	13,407	114	0.85%
IV.	Personal loans and others	262,025	7,456	2.85%	204,952	17,843	8.71%
Sub-total (A)		741,466	23,761	3.20%	634,722	51,999	8.19%
В.	Non Priority Sector						
	Agriculture and allied activities	6,891	133	1.93%	9,311	260	2.79%
	Industry	7,175	490	6.83%	6,892	223	3.23%
	Services	24,076	789	3.28%	15,436	190	1.23%
	Personal loans	108,178	3,674	3.40 %	69,616	4,651	6.68%
Sub-total (B)		146,320	5,086	3.48%	101,255	5,324	5.26%
Total (A+B)		887,786	28,847	3.25%	735,977	57,323	7.79%

Provision on Gross NPA ₹ 17,545 lakhs (31 March 2022: ₹ 32,340 lakhs)

The Bank has compiled the data for the purpose of this disclosure from its internal MIS system.

K. Higher provision for Covid 19

The COVID-19 pandemic affected the world economy over the last 2 to 3 years, however the operations have now returned to normalcy. The Bank continues to monitor and assess the impact of the pandemic on its operations and financials (including impact on provision for loan portfolio), which depend on ongoing as well as future developments, including, among other things, any new information concerning the severity of the COVID-19 pandemic, governmental and regulatory measures and the Bank's responses thereto. All information available upto the date of these results have been considered and adequately dealt with in preparation and presentation of these financial results.

The bank has created an additional provision of ₹ 2,274 lakhs and ₹ 34,468 lakhs for the year ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022 respectively. The bank continues to carry an additional provision on account of COVID-19 of ₹ Nil and ₹ 670 lakhs as at 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022 respectively.

L. Overseas Assets, NPAs and Revenue

The Bank does not hold any overseas assets / NPAs as at 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022 and also no overseas operations were undertaken during the year. Hence revenue from overseas operation in 'Nil'.

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.4 - Asset quality (cont'd)

M. Divergence in asset classification and provisioning

There was no divergence observed by the RBI for the FY 2021-22 and Bank is not in receipt of any communication from RBI in this regard for FY 2022-2023.

N. Disclosure of provision for fraud

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Number of frauds reported during the year to the RBI	134	43
Amount involved in such frauds	734	71
Provision made during the year (net of recovery)	229	18
Unamortised provision debited from other reserves as at the end of the year	-	-

18.5 - Business ratios

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
(i) Interest income as a percentage to working funds ¹	16.03%	15.61%
(ii) Non interest income as a percentage to working funds ¹	2.08 %	2.11%
(iii) Cost of Deposits ⁵	6.98%	7.41%
(iv) Net Interest Margin ⁶	10.80 %	10.21 %
(v) Operating profit ² as a percentage to working funds ¹	4.07 %	4.61%
(vi) Return on assets (average) ⁷	0.95%	0.10%
(vii) Business ³ per employee ⁴	97.44	103.74
(viii) Profit per employee ⁴	0.82	0.09

¹ For the purpose of computing the ratio, working funds represent the monthly average of total assets computed for reporting dates of Form X submitted to the RBI under Section 27 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949.

² Operating profit is net profit for the year before provisions and contingencies.

³ Business is monthly average of advances and deposits (net of inter bank deposits) as reported to the RBI in Form X under section 27 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949.

⁴ Productivity ratios are based on average employee number.

⁵ For the purpose of computing the ratio,Interest represents interest on deposit and deposit represent the monthly average of total deposit computed for reporting dates of Form X submitted to the RBI under Section 27 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949.

⁶ Net Interest Income/ Average Earning Assets where Net Interest Income = Interest Income – Interest Expense and Average earning assets is monthly average of advances, Investments and money at call and short notice as reported to the RBI in Form X under section 27 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949.

⁷ Return on Assets would be with reference to average working funds (i.e., total of assets excluding accumulated losses, if any).

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.6 - Asset liability management (ALM)

Assets and liabilities are classified in the maturity buckets as per the guidelines issued by the RBI. The following table sets forth, the maturity pattern of assets and liabilities of the Bank as at 31 March 2023.

	Day 1	2 to 7 days	8 to 14 days	15 to 30 days	31 days to 2 months	Over 2 months & up to 3 months		Over 6 Month & up to 1 year	Over 1 year & up to 3 years	Over 3 years & up to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Deposits	18,751	18,561	16,085	11,631	7,531	6,657	28,171	229,373	452,976	13,583	-	803,319
Advances ^{2, 3}	850	10,203	12,625	17,681	43,347	45,506	142,201	168,352	228,111	67,243	134,123	870,242
Investments	69,270	3,118	2,788	9,026	2,601	2,196	7,185	35,080	118,544	2,464	12	252,284
Borrowings ¹	-	-	837	3,000	5,017	6,050	25,788	44,577	183,646	9,010	475	278,400
Foreign currency assets	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Foreign currency liabilities	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

The following table sets forth, the maturity pattern of assets and liabilities of the Bank as at 31 March 2022.

	Day 1	2 to 7 days	8 to 14 days	15 to 30 days	31 days to 2 months	2 months to 3 months	Over 3 month & up to 6 month	Over 6 Month & up to 1 year	Over 1 year & up to 3 years	Over 3 years & up to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Deposits	15,927	8,459	20,157	4,057	12,609	12,746	53,313	160,905	337,311	18,739	1,394	645,617
Advances ^{2, 3}	2,274	6,872	10,275	16,186	37,828	40,499	109,388	173,097	205,880	48,882	52,515	703,696
Investments	49,481	2,226	2,545	4,317	2,043	2,308	15,733	77,608	53,903	4,757	242	215,163
Borrowings ¹	-	32,804	11,000	3,000	650	3,383	18,347	42,044	149,147	33,210	769	294,354
Foreign currency assets	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Foreign currency liabilities	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

The Bank has compiled the data for the purpose of this disclosure from its internal MIS system.

Classification of assets and liabilities under the different maturity buckets is based on the estimates and assumptions used by the Bank for compiling the structural liquidity statement submitted to the RBI. This has been relied upon by the auditor.

Notes:

¹ The above borrowings exclude interest accrued and due and interest accrued but not due.

² The advances comprise of portfolio loan and does not include interest accrued but not due.

³ Includes interest bearing loans only.

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.7 - Segment reporting

Business segments have been identified and reported taking into account, the customer profile, the nature of products and services, the differing risks and returns, the organisation structure and the guidelines prescribed by the RBI. The Bank operates in the following segments:

a) Treasury

The treasury segment primarily consists of entire investment portfolio of the Bank.

b) Corporate/Wholesale banking

Wholesale banking includes all advances to companies and statutory bodies, which are not included under Retail banking.

c) Retail banking

- (I) Digital Banking includes our 101 product and digital branches
- 1. 101 Product is a digital product where onboarding of customer to any product or service delivery to customers are performed digitally there is no human intervention on any of the process cycle in 101 product.
- 2. Digital Branches are those branches where all the branch related activity like opening of customer account to any other bank branch activity are performed by Machine without and any human intervention.

Vide its circular dated April 7, 2022, on establishment of Digital Banking Units (DBUs), the RBI has prescribed reporting of Digital Banking Segment as a sub-segment of Retail Banking Segment. During the year ended March 31 2023, the Bank has commenced operation at two DBUs and has identied one product type of deposits category as a Digital Banking Product.

(II) The retail banking segment serves retail customers through the branch network. Exposures are classified under retail banking taking into account the status of the borrower (orientation criterion), the nature of product, granularity of the exposure and the quantum thereof. Revenues of the retail banking segment are primarily derived from interest and fees earned on retail loans, interest on deposits placed as collateral with banks and financial institutions. Expenses of this segment primarily comprise interest expense on borrowings, deposits, infrastructure and premises expenses for operating the branch network, personnel costs and other direct overheads.

d) Other banking operations

Other Banking operations includes all other banking operations not covered under 'Treasury', 'Wholesale Banking' and 'Retail Banking' segments. It also include all other residual operations such as para banking transactions/ activities.

e) Unallocated

All items which are reckoned at an enterprise level are classified under this segment. This includes other unallocable assets and liabilities.

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.7 - Segment reporting (cont'd)

Geographical segments

The business operations of the Bank are concentrated in India hence the Bank is considered to operate only in domestic segment.

Business	Tree	Treasury		orate/		Retail	Banking		Other Banking Operations		Tot	tal					
segments	Trea	sury		Wholesale Banking		ital king	Other Banl		31-	31-	31-Mar-	31-Mar-					
Particulars	31- Mar- 2023	31- Mar- 2022	31- Mar- 2023	31- Mar- 2022	31- Mar- 2023	31- Mar- 2022	31- Mar- 2023	31- Mar- 2022	Mar- 2023	Mar- 2022						2023	2022
Revenue	14,503	12,449	982	499	81	14	180,206	150,226	1,308	1,286	197,080	164,474					
Result	731	2,115	1,038	(128)	(1,655)	(1,928)	17,445	4,409	902	745	18,461	5,213					
Unallocated expenses											5,464	4,638					
Operating profit											12,997	575					
Income taxes											2,633	(312)					
Extraordinary Profit/Loss											-	-					
Net profit											10,364	887					
Other information:																	
Segment assets	334,774	357,331	18,395	3,169	28	-	868,823	710,612	552	425	1,222,572	1,071,537					
Unallocated assets											24,197	18,620					
Total assets											1,246,769	1,090,157					
Segment liabilities	269,772	271,686	350	77	6,644	6,066	833,612	673,011	465	224	1,110,843	951,064					
Unallocated liabilities											135,926	139,094					
Total liabilities											1,246,769	1,090,157					

Note:

1. In computing the above disclosure, certain assumptions and estimates are made by the management which have been relied upon by the auditor.

2. The Bank is not using transfer princing methodology currently for the services rendered to the internal department.

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.8 - Related party disclosure

Des	cription of relationship	Nature of relationship
i)	Parties where control exists	
	Fincare Business Services Limited	Holding Company
ii)	Key management personnel	
	Mr. Rajeev Yadav	Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer
	Mr. Keyur Doshi	Chief Financial Officer
	Ms. Shefaly Kothari	Company Secretary
iii)	Other related parties	

Mr. Rakesh Rai, Ms. Komal Keyur Doshi, Mr. Parth Keyur Doshi, Mr. Gopalbhai Doshi, Relatives of key management personnel GOPALBHAI DOSHI (HUF), Keyur Doshi HUF Ms. Sarojben Doshi, Dr. Poonam Yadav, Mr. Viraj Yadav, Ms. Nysa Yadav, Ms. Saroj Khola and Mr. H S Khola.

iv) The transactions with related parties during the year :

		No. of	Value	31	31
Nature of transaction	Relationship	Equity	per	March	March
		Shares	Share	2023	2022
Issue of equity shares by way of Right Issue					
Mr. Rajeev Yadav	Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer	101	10	-	0
Mr. Keyur Doshi	Chief Financial Officer	68,171	10	-	7
Relative of key management personnel	Relatives of key management personnel	568,644	10	-	57
Issue of equity shares by way of Bonus Issue					
Mr. Rajeev Yadav	Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer	224	10	-	0
Mr. Keyur Doshi	Chief Financial Officer	163,964	10	-	16
Fincare Business Services Limited	Holding Company	115,659,712	10	-	11,566
Relative of key management personnel	Relatives of key management personnel	1,228,168	10	-	123
Securities premium on equity shares by way of Right Issue	,				
Mr. Rajeev Yadav	Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer	101	160	-	0
Mr. Keyur Doshi	Chief Financial Officer	68,171	160	-	109
Relative of key management personnel	Relatives of key management personnel	568,644	160	-	910
Managerial remuneration/remuneration fo KMP					
Mr. Rajeev Yadav	Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer			304*	386
Mr. Keyur Doshi	Chief Financial Officer			145	137
Ms. Shefaly Kothari	Company Secretary			38	32
* does not include variable pay					
Term deposits made with the Bank					
Fincare Business Services Limited	Holding Company			631	2,699
Mr. Rajeev Yadav	Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer			8	-
Relative of key management personnel	Relative of key management personnel			92	19
Term deposits matured (inclusive of interest)					
Fincare Business Services Limited	Holding Company			701	2,339
Mr. Rajeev Yadav	Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer			7	0
Mr. Keyur Doshi	Chief Financial Officer			2	-
Relative of key management personnel	Relative of key management personnel			107	35

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.8 - Related party disclosure (cont'd)

Nature of transaction	Relationship	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Interest expense on term deposits			
Fincare Business Services Limited	Holding Company	8	15
Mr. Rajeev Yadav	Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer	1	1
Mr. Keyur Doshi	Chief Financial Officer	0	0
Relative of key management personnel	Relative of key management personnel	33	34
Interest expense on Sub Debts			
Relative of key management personnel	Relative of key management personnel	1	1
Interest expense on Saving account			
Mr. Rajeev Yadav	Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer	0	0
Mr. Keyur Doshi	Chief Financial Officer	0	1
Ms. Shefaly Kothari	Company Secretary	1	0
Relative of key management personnel	Relative of key management personnel	14	42
Receipt of Reimbursement of IPO Cost			
Fincare Business Services Limited (formerly Fincare Business Services Private Limited)	Holding Company	435	-

v) Closing balance of the transactions with related parties :

Nature of transaction	Relationship	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Deposit balance (savings and term deposit)			
Fincare Business Services Limited (formerly Fincare Business Services Private Limited)	Holding Company	296	351
Mr. Rajeev Yadav	Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer	8	7
Mr. Keyur Doshi	Chief Financial Officer	2	2
Ms. Shefaly Kothari	Company Secretary	6	19
Relative of key management personnel	Relative of key management personnel	538	453
Sub-debt payable			
Relative of key management personnel	Relative of key management personnel	11	11
Interest payable on Sub-debt			
Relative of key management personnel	Relative of key management personnel	0	0
Current account balance			
Fincare Business Services Limited	Holding Company	10	8

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.8 - Related party disclosure (cont'd)

vi) Maximum outstanding during the year:

Nature of transaction	Relationship	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Deposit (savings and term deposit)			
Fincare Business Services Limited	Holding Company	997	2,698
Mr. Rajeev Yadav	Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer	24	9
Mr. Keyur Doshi	Chief Financial Officer	197	824
Ms. Shefaly Kothari	Company Secretary	35	20
Relative of key management personnel	Relative of key management personnel	1,203	3,122
Interest expense payable on deposit balance (savings and term deposit)			
Fincare Business Services Limited	Holding Company	8	1
Mr. Rajeev Yadav	Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer	1	0
Mr. Keyur Doshi	Chief Financial Officer	0	1
Ms. Shefaly Kothari	Company Secretary	0	0
Relative of key management personnel	Relative of key management personnel	38	30
Sub-debt payable			
Relative of key management personnel	Relative of key management personnel	11	11
Interest on Sub-debt payable			
Relative of key management personnel	Relative of key management personnel	1	1
Current account balance			
Fincare Business Services Limited	Holding Company	2,808	1,695

18.9 - Concentration of deposits, advances, exposures and NPAs

A. Concentration of deposits

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Total deposits of twenty largest depositors	152,384	114,812
Percentage of deposits of twenty largest depositors to total deposits of the Bank	18.97%	17.78%

B. Concentration of advances

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Total advances to twenty largest borrowers	18,572	14,390
Percentage of advances to twenty largest borrowers to total advances of the Bank	2.13%	1.99%

The Bank has compiled the data for the purpose of this disclosure from its internal MIS system.

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.9 - Concentration of deposits, advances, exposures and NPAs (cont'd)

C. Concentration of exposures

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Total exposure to twenty largest borrowers / customers	18,572	14,390
Percentage of exposures to twenty largest borrowers / customers to total exposure of the Bank on borrowers / customers	2.13%	1.99%

Investment exposure of non-borrower have not been considered while arriving at total exposure.

The Bank has compiled the data for the purpose of this disclosure from its internal MIS system.

D. Concentration of NPAs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Total Exposure to the top twenty NPA accounts	580	664
Percentage of exposures to the twenty largest NPA exposure to total Gross NPAs	2.01%	1.16%

18.10 - Liquidity coverage ratio

Quantitative information on Liquidity coverage ratio (LCR) is given below:

		Quarted 30 June		Quarted 30 Septem		Quarted 31 Decemb		Quarted ended 31 March 2023		
Ρα	rticulars	Total Unweighted Value [*] (average)	Total Weighted Value * (average)	Total Unweighted Value * (average)	Total Weighted Value * (average)	Total Unweighted Value * (average)	Total Weighted Value * (average)	Total Unweighted Value * (average)	Total Weighted Value * (average)	
1)	Total High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA)		182,641		185,519		173,490		197,749	
	Cash outflows									
2)	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:									
	- Stable deposits	16,974	849	17,210	860	21,187	1,059	26,679	1,334	
	- Less stable deposits	365,133	36,513	374,137	37,414	386,352	38,635	396,246	39,625	
3)	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:									
	- Operational deposits (all counterparties)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	- Non operational deposits (all counterparties)	123,314	91,939	119,775	84,833	123,286	90,216	119,983	83,174	
	- Unsecured debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
4)	Secured wholesale funding	24,817	989	14,521	5,543	8,366	-	14,669	4,667	
5)	Additional requirements, of which									

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.10 - Liquidity coverage ratio (cont'd)

	Quarted		Quarted		Quarted		Quarted	
Particulars	30 June Total Unweighted Value* (average)	Total	30 Septem Total Unweighted Value * (average)	Total	31 Decemb Total Unweighted Value * (average)	Total	31 March Total Unweighted Value * (average)	Total
- Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
- Credit and liquidity facilities	15,050	4,450	13,133	3,732	11,884	3,653	10,417	3,178
6) Other contractual funding obligations	9,581	9,581	12,454	12,454	12,271	12,271	15,235	15,235
7) Other contingent funding obligations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8) Total Cash Outflows		144,321		144,836		145,834		147,213
Cash Inflows								
 Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos) 	28,235	-	4,831	-	1,933	-	2,014	-
10) Inflows from fully performing exposures	70,451	51,571	55,118	34,618	65,607	41,454	59,156	34,678
11) Other cash inflows	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12) Other contractual cash inflows	13,260	6,630	12,689	6,344	12,401	6,201	13,581	6,790
13) Total Cash Inflows	111,946	58,201	72,638	40,962	79,941	47,655	74,751	41,468
14) Total HQLA		182,641		185,519		173,490		197,749
15) Total Net Cash Outflows		86,120		103,874		98,179		105,745
16) Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)		212.08%		178.60%		176.71%		187.01%

*The disclosure is arrived taking into account simple average of each of the line item of LCR components over 90 days of each quarter of year ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022. In computing the above information, certain assumptions and estimate have been made by the management which have been relied upon by the auditor.

The Bank has compiled the data for the purpose of this disclosure from its internal MIS system.

Quantitative information on Liquidity coverage ratio (LCR) is given below:

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.10 - Liquidity coverage ratio (cont'd)

_											
		Quarted 30 June		Quarted 30 Septem		Quarted 31 Decemi		Quarted 31 March			
Ρα	rticulars	Total Unweighted Value* (average)	Total Weighted Value * (average)	Total Unweighted Value * (average)	Total Weighted Value * (average)	Total Unweighted Value * (average)	Total Weighted Value * (average)	Total Unweighted Value * (average)	Total Weighted Value * (average)		
1)	Total High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA)		247,478		216,089		184,705		199,780		
	Cash outflows										
2)	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:										
	- Stable deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	- Less stable deposits	323,020	32,302	344,983	34,498	366,123	36,612	379,180	37,918		
3)	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:										
	- Operational deposits (all counterparties)	52,987	52,987	66,010	66,010	60,918	60,918	73,948	73,948		
	- Non operational deposits (all counterparties)	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		
	- Unsecured debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
4)	Secured wholesale funding	20,017	7,088	23,985	10,092	13,107	26	25,700	9,800		
5)	Additional requirements, of which										
	- Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	- Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	- Credit and liquidity facilities	3,681	184	5,039	252	2,438	122	6,227	362		
6)	Other contractual funding obligations	6,780	6,780	8,574	8,574	8,623	8,623	9,500	9,500		
7)	Other contingent funding obligations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
8)	Total Cash Outflows		99,341		119,426		106,301		131,528		
	Cash Inflows										
9)	Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos)	102,189	-	85,795	-	-	-	73,857	-		

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.10 - Liquidity coverage ratio (cont'd)

	Quarted 30 June		Quarted 30 Septem		Quarted 31 Decemi		Quarted ended 31 March 2022		
Particulars	Total Unweighted Value* (average)	Total Weighted Value * (average)	Total Unweighted Value * (average)	Total Weighted Value * (average)	Total Unweighted Value * (average)	Total Weighted Value * (average)	Total Unweighted Value * (average)	Total Weighted Value * (average)	
10) Inflows from fully performing exposures	32,126	16,063	35,361	17,681	32,314	16,157	38,507	19,253	
11) Other cash inflows	176	176	120	120	413	413	1,850	1,850	
12) Other contractual cash inflows	10,088	5,044	11,699	5,849	12,945	6,472	12,416	6,208	
13) Total Cash Inflows	144,579	21,283	132,975	23,650	45,672	23,042	126,630	27,311	
14) Total HQLA		247,478		216,089		184,705		199,780	
15) Total Net Cash Outflows		78,058		95,776		83,259		104,217	
16) Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)		317.04%		225.62%		221.84%		191.70%	

*The disclosure is arrived taking into account simple average of each of the line item of LCR components over 90 days of each quarter of year ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022. In computing the above information, certain assumptions and estimate have been made by the management which have been relied upon by the auditor.

The Bank has compiled the data for the purpose of this disclosure from its internal MIS system.

Qualitative Disclosure around LCR

The Bank maintains Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) which is a ratio of High-Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA) to Expected Net Cash Outflow over the next 30 calendar days, as per the RBI guidelines. Banks were required to meet the minimum required level of 100% LCR with effect from April 01, 2021.

The LCR is being computed and monitored on daily simple average basis. The objective of the LCR is to ensure that the Bank maintains an adequate level of unencumbered HQLAs that can be converted into cash to meet its liquidity needs for a 30 calendar day time horizon under a significantly severe liquidity stress scenario specified by supervisors.

The numerator, High Quality Liquid Assets comprises mainly of excess SLR securities, cash, excess CRR balances, Marginal Standing Facility ('MSF') to the extent of 3 per cent till December 31, 2021 and 2 per cent from January 01, 2022 of Net Demand and Time Liabilities ('NDTL') as guided by the RBI Circular and Facility to Avail Liquidity for Liquidity Coverage Ratio ('FALLCR') up to another 15 per cent of NDTL while the denominator i.e. cash outflow over next 30 days comprises mainly of the deposit maturities and other cash outflows net of cash inflows in next 30 day period. The denominator i.e., cash outflows comprise current and savings deposits, term deposits from all counterparties, bank deposits maturing within next 30 days and other contractual outflows including other liabilities. These cash outflows netted off against cash inflows from loan repayment and other contractual inflows within next 30 days.

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.11 - Net Stable Funding Ratio

		Qu	arted ende	d 31 Dece	mber 2022	2	C	Juarted en	ded 31 Mo	arch 2023	
		Unweighte	d value by	residual m	naturity		Unweighte	d value by	residual r	naturity	
	(Rs.in Lakhs)	No maturity ¹⁷	< 6 months	6 months to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	Weighted value	No maturity ¹⁷	< 6 months	6 months to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	Weighted value
ASF	Item										
1	Capital: (2+3)	121,995			17,500	139,495	131,370	-	-	17,500	148,870
2	Regulatory capital	121,995	-	-	17,500	139,495	131,370	-	-	17,500	148,870
3	Other capital instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers: (5+6)	235,114	222,576	3,204	4,540	420,760	243,924	238,140	4,896	4,870	445,126
5	Stable deposits	28,319	-	-	-	26,903	39,853	-	-	-	37,860
6	Less stable deposits	206,795	222,576	3,204	4,540	393,857	204,071	238,140	4,896	4,870	407,266
7	Wholesale funding: (8+9)	8,183	189,529	103,890	181,525	262,764	21,612	120,002	199,346	231,428	366,211
8	Operational deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
9	Other wholesale funding	8,183	189,529	103,890	181,525	262,764	21,612	120,002	199,346	231,428	366,211
10	Other liabilities: (11+12)	30,584	-	-		-	33,680	-	-	-	
11	NSFR derivative liabilities		-	-	-			-	-	-	
12	All other liabilities and equity not included in the above categories	30,584	-	-	-	-	33,680	-	-	-	-
13	Total ASF (1+4+7+10)					823,019					960,207
RSF	Item										
14	Total NSFR high- quality liquid assets (HQLA)					7,871					9,931
15	Deposits held at other financial institutions for operational purposes	1,143	-	-	-	571	1,710	-	-	-	855
16	Performing loans and securities: (17+18+19+21+23)	-	288,357	167,326	361,477	521,665	-	280,976	168,352	432,019	588,247
17	Performing loans to financial institutions secured by Level 1 HQLA	-	13,992	-	-	1,399	-	7,496	-	-	750

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.11 - Net Stable Funding Ratio (cont'd)

		Qu	Quarted ended 31 December 2022 Quarted ended 31 March 2023								
		Unweighte	d value by	residual m	naturity		Unweighte	ed value by	residual n	naturity	
	(Rs.in Lakhs)	No maturity ¹⁷	< 6 months	6 months to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	Weighted value	No maturity ¹⁷	< 6 months	6 months to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	Weighted value
18	Performing loans to financial institutions secured by non-Level 1 HQLA and unsecured performing loans to financial institutions	-	23,981	4,066	3,722	9,352	-	6,024	5,296	9,822	13,373
19	Performing loans to non-financial corporate clients, loans to retail and small business customers, and loans to sovereigns, central banks and PSEs, of which:	-	240,824	153,868	252,944	412,348	-	256,502	152,382	294,635	454,881
20	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the Basel II Standardised Approach for credit risk		-	-	-		-	-	-	-	
21	Performing residential mortgages, of which:	<u>-</u>	9,559	9,392	104,811	98,565		10,955	10,674	127,562	119,242
22	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the Basel II Standardised Approach for credit risk	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-
23	Securities that are not in default and do not qualify as HQLA, including exchange- traded equities		-	-	-		-	-	-	-	
24	Other assets: (sum of rows 25 to 29)	42,865	11,414	-	51,954	100,404	47,825	-	-	51,827	99,532
25	Physical traded commodities, including gold		-				-				<u>-</u>
26	Assets posted as initial margin for derivative contracts and contributions to default funds of CCPs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.11 - Net Stable Funding Ratio (cont'd)

		Qu	arted ende	d 31 Decei	mber 2022	2	C	uarted en	ded 31 Mo	rch 2023	
		Unweighte	ed value by	residual m	aturity		Unweighte	d value by	residual n	naturity	
	(Rs.in Lakhs)	No maturity ¹⁷	< 6 months	6 months to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	Weighted value	No maturity ¹⁷	< 6 months	6 months to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	Weighted value
27	NSFR derivative assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	NSFR derivative liabilities before deduction of variation margin posted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
29	All other assets not included in the above categories	42,865	11,414	-	51,954	100,404	47,825	-	-	51,827	99,532
30	Off-balance sheet items	10,100				505	10,285				514
31	Total RSF (14+15+16+24+30)					631,016					699,079
32	Net Stable Funding Ratio (%)					130.43%					137.35%

			Quarted en	ded 30 Ju	ne 2022		Que	arted ende	d 30 Septe	ember 202	2
		Unweighte	d value by	residual m	naturity		Unweighte	d value by	residual n	naturity	
	(Rs.in Lakhs)	No maturity ¹⁷	< 6 months	6 months to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	Weighted value	No maturity ¹⁷	< 6 months	6 months to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	Weighted value
ASF	Item										
1	Capital: (2+3)	115,431	-	-	17,500	132,931	119,075	-	-	17,500	136,575
2	Regulatory capital	115,431	-	-	17,500	132,931	119,075	-	-	17,500	136,575
3	Other capital instruments		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers: (5+6)	223,316	201,778	927	1,103	385,589	234,781	203,715	1,000	1,800	398,495
5	Stable deposits	21,316	-	-	-	20,250	22,968	-	-	-	21,820
6	Less stable deposits	202,000	201,778	927	1,103	365,339	211,813	203,715	1,000	1,800	376,675
7	Wholesale funding: (8+9)	8,970	172,163	115,516	160,103	240,623	9,884	206,580	73,738	155,818	217,828
8	Operational deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	Other wholesale funding	8,970	172,163	115,516	160,103	240,623	9,884	206,580	73,738	155,818	217,828
10	Other liabilities: (11+12)	27,310	-	-	-	-	27,396	-	-	-	-
11	NSFR derivative liabilities		-	-	-			-	-	-	

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.11 - Net Stable Funding Ratio (cont'd)

Quantitative information on Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) is given below: (Cont'd)

			Quarted en	ded 30 Ju	ne 2022		Que	arted ende	d 30 Septe	ember 202	2
		Unweighte	ed value by	residual m	naturity		Unweighte	d value by	residual n	naturity	
	(Rs.in Lakhs)	No maturity ¹⁷	< 6 months	6 months to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	Weighted value	No maturity ¹⁷	< 6 months	6 months to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	Weighted value
12	All other liabilities and equity not included in the above categories	27,310	-	-	-	-	27,396	-	-	-	-
13	Total ASF (1+4+7+10)					759,143					752,898
RSF	Item										
14	Total NSFR high- quality liquid assets (HQLA)					9,056					8,309
15	Deposits held at other financial institutions for operational purposes	1,214	-	-	-	607	1,585	-	-	-	792
16	Performing loans and securities: (17+18+19+21+23)	-	250,127	168,372	290,157	452,640	-	269,593	169,142	303,869	474,282
17	Performing loans to financial institutions secured by Level 1 HQLA	-	650	-	-	65	-	1,999	-	-	200
18	Performing loans to financial institutions secured by non-Level 1 HQLA and unsecured performing loans to financial institutions		9,959	1,226	3,352	5,458		8,531	3,029	2,742	5,536
19	Performing loans to non-financial corporate clients, loans to retail and small business customers, and loans to sovereigns, central banks and PSEs, of which:	-	231,734	159,190	209,181	373,266	-	250,127	157,464	211,867	383,883
20	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35 % under the Basel II Standardised Approach for credit risk		-	-	-		-	-	-		-
21	Performing residential mortgages, of which:	-	7,784	7,956	77,624	73,851	-	8,935	8,650	89,259	84,663

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(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.11 - Net Stable Funding Ratio (cont'd)

			Quarted en	ided 30 Jur	ne 2022		Que	arted ende	d 30 Sept	ember 202	2
		Unweighte	ed value by	residual m	aturity		Unweighte	d value by	residual r	naturity	
	(Rs.in Lakhs)	No maturity ¹⁷	< 6 months	6 months to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	Weighted value	No maturity ¹⁷	< 6 months	6 months to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	Weighted value
22	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the Basel II Standardised Approach for credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
23	Securities that are not in default and do not qualify as HQLA, including exchange- traded equities	-	-		-		-	-	-	-	-
24	Other assets: (sum of rows 25 to 29)	36,095	9,273	5,468	52,209	95,552	39,370	16,638	-	52,080	99,647
25	Physical traded commodities, including gold	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
26	Assets posted as initial margin for derivative contracts and contributions to default funds of CCPs	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
27	NSFR derivative assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	NSFR derivative liabilities before deduction of variation margin posted	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	
29	All other assets not included in the above categories	36,095	9,273	5,468	52,209	95,552	39,370	16,638	-	52,080	99,647
30	Off-balance sheet items	13,211				321	10,743				537
31	Total RSF (14+15+16+24+30)					558,516					583,567
32	Net Stable Funding Ratio (%)					135.92%					129.02%

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.11 - Net Stable Funding Ratio (cont'd)

		0	arted ende	d 21 Dece	mbor 2024		~	uarted ar	dod 21 14-	urch 2022	
							Quarted ended 31 March 2022 Unweighted value by residual maturity				
	(Rs.in Lakhs)	Unweighte	a value by		_	Weighted	Unweighte	a value by		naturity	Weighted
	(No maturity ¹⁷	< 6 months	6 months to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	value	No maturity ¹⁷	< 6 months	6 months to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	value
ASF	Item										
1	Capital: (2+3)	114,497	-	-	17,500	131,997	120,187	-	-	17,500	137,687
2	Regulatory capital	114,497	-	-	17,500	131,997	120,187	-	-	17,500	137,687
3	Other capital instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers: (5+6)	-	51,997	44,052	299,638	376,666	-	61,424	44,765	317,462	402,578
5	Stable deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Less stable deposits	-	51,997	44,052	299,638	376,666	-	61,424	44,765	317,462	402,578
7	Wholesale funding: (8+9)	-	111,375	97,011	197,325	230,032	-	129,376	152,164	217,221	284,944
8	Operational deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	Other wholesale funding	-	111,375	97,011	197,325	230,032	-	129,376	152,164	217,221	284,944
10	Other liabilities: (11+12)	39,880	-	-	-	-	30,489	-	-	-	-
11	NSFR derivative liabilities		-	-	-			-	-	-	
12	All other liabilities and equity not included in the above categories	39,880	-	-	-	-	30,489	-	-	-	-
13	Total ASF (1+4+7+10)					738,695					825,209
RSF	Item										
14	Total NSFR high- quality liquid assets (HQLA)					6,316					6,404
15	Deposits held at other financial institutions for operational purposes	1,363	-	-	_	682	1,247		-	-	623
16	Performing loans and securities: (17+18+19+21+23)	-	224,140	162,937	276,785	427,486	-	233,932	173,097	307,277	464,524
17	Performing loans to financial institutions secured by Level 1 HQLA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.11 - Net Stable Funding Ratio (cont'd)

		Quarted ended 31 December 2021 Quarted ended 31 March 20			rch 2022	2					
		Unweighte					Unweighte				
	(Rs.in Lakhs)	No maturity ¹⁷	< 6 months	6 months to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	Weighted value	No maturity ¹⁷	< 6 months	6 months to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	Weighted value
18	Performing loans to financial institutions secured by non-Level 1 HQLA and unsecured performing loans to financial institutions	-	3,773	213	3	676	-	961	485	1,065	1,452
19	Performing loans to non-financial corporate clients, loans to retail and small business customers, and loans to sovereigns, central banks and PSEs, of which:	-	214,238	156,240	214,895	367,899	-	225,999	165,230	236,127	396,323
20	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35 % under the Basel II Standardised Approach for credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21	Performing residential mortgages, of which:	-	6,129	6,484	61,887	58,911	-	6,972	7,382	70,085	66,749
22	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the Basel II Standardised Approach for credit risk	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
23	Securities that are not in default and do not qualify as HQLA, including exchange- traded equities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
24	Other assets: (sum of rows 25 to 29)	42,829	5,046	-	58,973	104,203	49,010	27,439	5,472	53,363	118,707
25	Physical traded commodities, including gold	-				-	-				-
26	Assets posted as initial margin for derivative contracts and contributions to default funds of CCPs		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.11 - Net Stable Funding Ratio (cont'd)

Quantitative information on Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) is given below: (Cont'd)

		Ou	Quarted ended 31 December 2021				Quarted ended 31 March 2022				
		Unweighted value by residual maturity				Unweighted value by residual maturity					
(Rs.in Lakhs)		No maturity ¹⁷	< 6 months	6 months to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	Weighted value	No maturity ¹⁷	< 6 months	6 months to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	Weighted value
27	NSFR derivative assets		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
28	NSFR derivative liabilities before deduction of variation margin posted		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
29	All other assets not included in the above categories	42,829	5,046	-	58,973	104,203	49,010	27,439	5,472	53,363	118,707
30	Off-balance sheet items	6,428				321	16,434				822
31	Total RSF (14+15+16+24+30)					539,008					591,080
32	Net Stable Funding Ratio (%)					137.05 %					139.61%

The Bank has compiled the data for the purpose of this disclosure from its internal MIS system.

Qualitative Disclosure around NSFR

The Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) is a significant component of the Basel III norms. Post Global Financial Crisis, the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision (BCBS) proposed certain reforms to strengthen global capital and liquidity regulations with the objective of promoting a more resilient banking sector. BCBS introduced "Basel III: International framework for liquidity risk measurement, standards and monitoring" in December 2010 which presented a global regulatory standard on liquidity viz., Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) and Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) for measuring and monitoring liquidity profile of the Banks. Subsequently, the Reserve Bank of India introduced detailed guidelines for measuring LCR and NSFR.

The NSFR promotes resilience over a longer-term time horizon by requiring banks to fund their activities with more stable sources of funding on an ongoing basis. The Asset Liability Management (ALM) Policy approved by the Board covers overall governance around liquidity profile of the Bank. The Asset Liability Committee (ALCO) is a decision-making unit responsible for implementing the liquidity and interest rate risk management strategy of the Bank in line with its risk management objectives and ensures adherence to the risk tolerance/limits set by the Board.

The guidelines for NSFR were effective from December 1, 2021. The NSFR is defined as the amount of available stable funding relative to the amount of required stable funding. "Available stable funding" (ASF) is defined as the portion of capital and liabilities expected to be reliable over the time horizon considered by the NSFR, which extends to one year. The amount of stable funding required ("Required Stable Funding") (RSF) of a specific institution is a function of the liquidity characteristics and residual maturities of the various assets held by the Bank. The minimum NSFR requirement set out in the RBI guideline is 100%, the Bank has maintained well above the RBI requirement.

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.12 - Exposures

A. Exposure to Real Estate Sector ⁴

Par	ticulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
i)	Direct exposure		
	a) Residential Mortgages ¹	127,952	41,356
	PSL (₹ 62,276 lakhs as at 31 March 2023 and ₹ 23,778 as at 31 March 2022)		
	b) Commercial Real Estate ²	-	-
	c) Investments in Mortgage-Backed Securities (MBS) and other securitized exposures		
	i. Residential	-	-
	ii. Commercial Real Estate	-	-
ii)	Indirect Exposure ³	-	-
Tot	al	127,952	41,356

¹ Lending fully secured by mortgages on residential property that is or will be occupied by the borrower or that is rented. Individual housing loans eligible for inclusion in priority sector advances shall be shown separately. Exposure would also include non-fund based (NFB) limits.

² Lending secured by mortgages on commercial real estate (office buildings, retail space, multipurpose commercial premises, multifamily residential buildings, multi tenanted commercial premises, industrial or warehouse space, hotels, land acquisition, development and construction, etc.). Exposure would also include non-fund based (NFB) limits;

³ Fund based and non-fund-based exposures on National Housing Bank.

⁴ Loan against property (given for the general business purpose other than real estate) secured against properties having exposure of ₹ 1,57,887 lakhs have not been considered in real estate exposure (previous year – ₹ 1,09,082 lakhs).

B. Exposure to capital market

As at 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022, the Bank does not have any exposure to capital market.

C. Factoring exposures

As at 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022, the Bank does not have any factoring exposure.

D. Risk category wise country exposure

The Bank's exposures are concentrated in India only, hence country risk exposure as at 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022 is 'Nil'.

E. Details of single borrower limit (SGL) / group borrower limit (GBL) exceeded by the Bank

During the year ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022, the Bank's credit exposures to single borrowers and group borrowers were within the limits prescribed under the extant RBI guidelines.

F. Unsecured advances

Part	ticulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
I)	Total unsecured advances of the bank	484,824	524,411
II)	Out of I), amount of advances for which intangible securities such as charge over the rights, licenses, authority, etc.have been taken	-	-
III)	Estimated value of such intangible securities	-	-

G. Intra group exposure

The Bank does not have any intra group advances, hence intra group exposure as at 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022 is 'Nil'.

H. Unhedged Foreign currency Exposure

The Bank does not have any unhedged foreign currency exposure as at 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022.

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.12 - Exposures (cont'd)

I. Details of loans transferred / acquired under the RBI Master Direction on Transfer of Loan Exposures dated September 24, 2021

During the year ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022, the Bank has not transferred any non-performing assets (NPAs) or transferred any Special Mention Account (SMA) and loan not in default or aquired any loans not in default or acquired any stressed loans or purchased non-performing financial assets from other banks or sold non-performing financial assets to other banks.

The Bank has securitised standard assets as perMaster Direction – Reserve Bank of India (Securitisation of Standard Assets) Directions, 2021 dated September 5, 2021 as updated from time to time. (Refer Schedule 18.22)

The Bank has issued Inter Bank Participation Certifications as per circular DBOD.No.BP.BC.57/62-88 dated December 31, 1988 as updated from time to time. (Refer Schedule 18.28)

18.13 - Disclosure of Penalties imposed by the RBI

No penalties have been levied on the Bank by the RBI during the year ended 31 March 2023 and 2022.

18.14 - Employee benefits

A. Gratuity

The Bank has a defined benefit gratuity plan. Every employee who has completed five years or more of service is eligible for gratuity on cessation of employment and it is computed at 15 days salary (last drawn salary) for each completed year of service. The scheme is funded with an insurance company in the form of a qualifying insurance policy.

The following tables summarise the components of net benefit expense recognised in the Profit and Loss account and the funded status and amounts recognised in the balance sheet for the gratuity plan.

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022
The amounts recognised in the Profit and Loss account are as follows:		
Service cost	603	447
Interest cost	105	76
Expected return on plan assets	(80)	(71)
Net actuarial gain on plan assets	(20)	(15)
Past service cost	-	-
Expense recognised in the Profit and Loss account	608	437

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.14 - Employee benefits (cont'd)

A. Gratuity (cont'd)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
The amounts recognised in the Balance Sheet are as follows:		
Present value of the obligation as at the end of the year	2,019	1,576
Less :Fair value of plan assets as at the end of the year	1,139	1,154
Net liability recognised in the Balance Sheet*	880	422
Changes in the present value of defined benefit obligation:		
Defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the year	1,576	1,186
Service cost	603	447
Interest cost	105	76
Actuarial gain	(46)	(27)
Benefits paid	(219)	(106)
Defined benefit obligation at the end of the year	2,019	1,576
Changes in the fair value of plan assets:		
Fair value at the beginning of the year	1,154	1,039
Expected return on plan assets	80	71
Actuarial Gain/(loss)	(26)	(12)
Contributions	150	162
Employer direct benefit payments	-	-
Benefits paid	(219)	(106)
Admin expenses/taxes paid from plan assets	-	-
Fair value as at the end of the year	1,139	1,154
Assumptions used in the above valuations are as under:		
Discount rate	7.51%	7.12%
Expected return on plan assets	7.12%	6.67%
Future salary increase	10.00 %	10.00%
Attrition rate	30.00 %	30.00%
Retirement age (years)	60 Yrs	60 Yrs

Experience adjustments:

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021	Year ended 31 March 2020	Year ended 31 March 2019
Defined benefit obligation	2,019	1,576	1,186	611	327
Less: Plan assets	1,139	1,154	1,039	143	144
Excess/(Deficit)	880	422	147	468	183
Experience adjustments on liabilities - gain / (loss)	9	22	22	1	(12)
Experience adjustments on assets - (gain) / loss	(26)	(12)	(1)	(9)	1

* Does not included interest accrued but not due.

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.14 - Employee benefits (cont'd)

B. Defined contribution plan

The Bank makes contributions to the statutory provident fund as per the Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952. This is a defined contribution plan as per Accounting Standard (AS) 15. Contributions made during the year ended 31 March 2023 amounted to ₹ 2,303 lakhs (31 March 2022 : ₹ 1,746 lakhs).

C. Compensated absences

The actuarial liability in respect of privilege leave granted to employees of the Bank and outstanding as at 31 March 2023 is ₹ 1,509 lakhs (31 March 2022: ₹ 1,275 lakhs).

Assumptions used in the above valuations are as under:	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Discount rate	7.51%	7.12%
Future salary increase	10.00 %	10.00 %

18.15 - Provision and contingencies

Provision and contingencies recognised in the Profit and Loss account comprise:

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2023	Year Ended 31 March 2022
Provison for Non-Performing Investments	-	-
Provision for non-performing assets (includes bad debts written off ₹ 55,159 lakhs (31 March 2022: ₹ 36,840 lakhs)	40,337	36,319
Provision made towards Income tax		
- current tax	803	2,339
- deferred tax (credit) (refer schedule 18.24)	1,368	(2,651)
- Prioe period Tax	462	-
Provision for standard assets	844	(5,136)
Provision for restructured assets	(11,976)	10,672
Provision for other contingencies	2,105	386
	33,943	41,929

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.16 - Disclosure of complaints

A. Summary information on complaints received by the bank from customers and from the Offices of Ombudsman

Par	ticulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
rui		31 March 2023	31 March 2022
I.	Complaints received by the bank from its customers		
	Number of complaints pending at beginning of the year	4	6
	Number of complaints received during the year	335	298
	Number of complaints disposed during the year	330	300
	Of which, number of complaints rejected by the bank	49	22
	Number of complaints pending at the end of the year	9	4
II.	Maintainable complaints received by the bank from Office of Ombudsman		
i.	Number of maintainable complaints received by the bank from Office of Ombudsman	95	107
	a) Number of complaints resolved in favour of the bank from Office of Ombudsman	30	111
	b) Number of complaints resolved through conciliation/mediation/advisories issued by Office of Ombudsman	65	3
	c) Number of complaints resolved after passing of Awards by Office of Ombudsman against the bank	-	-
	The Bank has compiled the data for the purpose of this disclosure from its internal MIS system.		
ii.	Number of Awards unimplemented within the stipulated time (other than those appealed)	-	-

Note: Maintainable complaints refer to complaints on the grounds specifically mentioned in Integrated Ombudsman Scheme, 2021 (Previously Banking Ombudsman Scheme, 2006) and covered within the ambit of the Scheme

B. Top five grounds of complaints received by the bank from customers

Grounds of complaints, (i.e. complaints relating to)	Number of complaints pending at the beginning of the year	Number of complaints received during the year	% increase/ decrease in the number of complaints received over the previous year	Number of complaints pending at the end of the year	Of 5, number of complaints pending beyond 30 days
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Year ended 31 March 2023					
I. ATM/Debit cards	-	20	(55%)	-	-
II. Loans and advances	1	65	48%	3	1
III. Internet/Mobile/Electronic banking	1	25	(39%)	-	-
IV. Levy of charges without prior notice/ excessive charges/ foreclosure charges	-	24	85%	1	-
V. Staff behaviour	1	-	(100%)	-	-
VI. Others	1	201	37%	5	1
Total	4	335		9	2
Year ended 31 March 2022					
I. ATM/Debit cards	-	44	(66%)	-	-
II. Loans and advances	2	44	69%	1	-
III. Internet/Mobile/Electronic banking	-	41	(37%)	1	-
IV. Levy of charges without prior notice/	1	13	(38%)	-	-
excessive charges/ foreclosure charges					
V. Staff behaviour		9	125%	1	-
VI. Others	3	147	(49%)	1	-
Total	6	298		4	-

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.17 - Letter of comfort

The Bank has not issued letter of comfort during the year ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022.

18.18 - Bancassurance Business

The fees or commission earned in respect of insurance/mutual fund broking business.

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Income for selling life insurance policies	1,121	1,207
Income from selling non-life insurance policies	187	79
Income from selling mutual fund product	-	-

18.19 - Off Balance Sheet SPVs Sponsored (which are required to be consolidated as per accounting norms)

There are no off balance sheet SPVs sponsored by the Bank, which needs to be consolidated as per accounting norms as at 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022.

18.20 - Disclosure on Remuneration

A) Qualitative Disclosures

(a) Information relating to the composition and mandate of the Remuneration Committee.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC) of the Board is the main body that sets the principles, parameters and governance framework of the remuneration policy and also assists the Board to fulfil its responsibility that remuneration policy and practices, reward, fairly and responsibly, in relation to the Bank and individual performance.

As at 31 March 2023, the NRC had four members of which three are Independent Directors. The functions of the committee include recommendation of appointment of Directors to the Board, evaluation of the performance of the Directors, approve remuneration for Directors, Key Management Personnel (KMP) viz. Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary, as well as senior management personnel viz. Material Risk Takers (MRT) of the Bank.

External consultants whose advice has been sought, the body by which they were commissioned, and in what areas of the remuneration process

The Bank did not take any advise from an external consultant on any area of remuneration for the year ended 31 March 2023

Scope of the Bank's remuneration policy (e.g. by regions, business lines), including the extent to which it is applicable to foreign subsidiaries and branches

Pursuant to the guidelines issued by RBI, the Compensation Policy of the Bank (Version 3) was approved by the Board on 3rd September 2021 and the same covers all employee of the Bank.

Type of employees covered and number of such employees

All permanent employees of the Bank, categorised into Chief Executive Officer, MRT, Control function staff and Others, are covered under the policy. The total number of permanent employees of the Bank as at 31 March 2023 (Payroll cut-off date) was 14,470

(b) Information relating to the design and structure of remuneration processes.

Key features and objectives of remuneration policy: The Bank has, under the guidance of the Board and the NRC, followed remuneration practices intended to drive meritocracy and performance based on a prudent risk management framework. The Compensation policy is aligned to the guidelines issued by the RBI vide notification RBI/2019-20/89 DOR.Appt. BC.No.23/29.67.001/2019-20 dated 04 November 2019 (the RBI guidelines).

The Remuneration policy of the Bank is designed with a view to

- i. ensure that the level and composition of remuneration is in line with other companies in the industry, sufficient to attract and retain right talent, at all levels and keep them motivated enough to meet the organizational objectives.
- ii. ensure that a reasonable balance is maintained in terms of composition of remuneration, both,
 - a. performance-linked fixed and variable components
 - b. time horizon linked immediate and long term retention components

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.20 - Disclosure on Remuneration (cont'd)

iii. Ensure that remuneration is linked to nature of role played by the individual in the Bank (i.e., Chief Executive Officer, MRT, Control function staff or Others)

Effective governance of compensation: The NRC has oversight over compensation to KMP as well as MRT.

The Remuneration policy of the Bank is designed with a view to :

Alignment of compensation philosophy with prudent risk taking: While the Bank seeks to achieve a mix of fixed and variable remuneration that is prudent, it currently has designed the remuneration composition based on role of the individual in the Bank.

- For Chief Executive Officer and MRT, a balanced combination of fixed and variable pay (immediate and deferred) is used.

- For Control function staff and Others, the predominant component is fixed pay and variable pay is used for rewarding performance.

Also, the remuneration of employees in financial and risk control functions is not linked to business outcomes and solely depends on their individual/department quality and performance goal achievement. The Bank seeks to align remuneration with financial and non-financial performance indicators.

Whether the remuneration committee reviewed the Bank's s remuneration policy during the past year, and if so, an overview of any changes that were made: The updated remunearation of the bank (Version 3) was approved by Board of the Bank in September 2021

Discussion of how the Bank ensures that risk and compliance employees are remunerated independently of the businesses they oversee: The remuneration of employees in control functions such as Risk and Compliance depends solely on their individual/ department performance and is not linked to any business outcomes.

(c) Description of the ways in which current and future risks are taken into account in the remuneration processes. It should include the nature and type of the key measures used to take account of these risks.

Overview of the key risks that the Bank takes into account when implementing remuneration measures: The Board approves the overall risk management policy including risk framework, limits, etc. The Bank conducts all its business activities within this framework. The NRC while assessing the performance of the Bank Chief Executive Officer and MRT, considers adherence to the policies and accordingly make its recommendations to the Board.

Overview of the nature and type of key measures used to take account of these risks, including risks difficult to measure: The evaluation process incorporates both qualitative and quantitative aspects including asset quality, provisioning, increase in stable funding sources, refinement/improvement of the risk management framework, effective management of stakeholder relationships and continuity of key members of senior management.

Discussion of the ways in which these measures affect remuneration: In order to ensure alignment of remuneration with prudent practices, in addition to business performance, the NRC takes into account adherence to the risk and compliance framework.

Discussion of how the nature and type of these measures have changed over the past year and reasons for the changes, as well as the impact of changes on remuneration: With the adoption of new compensation policy in line with RBI guidelines, there is greater emphasis on linking variable pay of MRT to risk taking and to bring a reasonable balance in their fixed and variable pay. Also, the elements of Deferral, Malus and Clawback have been adopted for MRT.

(d) Description of the ways in which the Bank seeks to link performance during a performance measurement period with levels of remuneration

Overview of main performance metrics for the Bank, top level business lines and individuals: The main performance metrics include reasonable business growth, asset quality, profitability, productivity and efficiency metrics, compliance, digital quotient and customer-centricity.

Discussion of how amounts of individual remuneration are linked to the Bank-wide and individual performance: The assessment of employees is based on parameters viz. Bank level goals, functional goals, individual competency assessment and subjective evaluation. The proposed weightage of performance parameters for MRT is Bank goals - 20%, Functional goals-40%, Competency Rating - 20% and Subjective Assessment - 20%.

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.20 - Disclosure on Remuneration (cont'd)

(e) A discussion of the bank's policy on deferral and vesting of variable remuneration and a discussion of the bank's policy and criteria for adjusting deferred remuneration before vesting and after vesting.:

As per policy, A minimum of 60% of Total Variable Pay shall be under deferral arrangement. At least 50% of the Cash component of Variable Pay shall be under deferment. Also, in case Cash Variable Pay for a performance period is below Rs. 25 lakhs, deferral may not be applicable. The NRC shall take a decision on the treatment of the deferral on an annual basis. The deferral period shall be for three years from the end of performance period. The deferral shall be on a pro-rata basis i.e. 1/3rd of deferred component and shall vest at the end of each year for the next three years. Vesting shall take place on a yearly basis after a proper assessment of performance by the NRC and adjustments can be made based on actual results. For variable pay pertaining to FY-22, paid in FY23, 100% of non-cash variable pay and 50% of cash pay was under deferral.

Discussion of the measures the Bank will in general implement to adjust remuneration in the event that performance metrics are weak, including the Bank's criteria for determining weak performance metrics: The variable compensation paid to Chief Executive Officer and MRT is linked to achievement of Bank level goals and functional goals. As per policy, the deterioration in financial performance of the Bank shall lead to contraction in variable pay, which can even be reduced to zero. While deterioration on account of uncontrollable factors may not necessarily be considered for contraction in variable compensation, the NRC may take a decision on the percent of contraction based on available information. Further deferred vesting, malus and clawback shall be applicable to variable pay component of Chief Executive Officer and MRT to facilitate adjusting remuneration in the event that performance metrics are weak.

Description of the ways in which the Bank seeks to adjust remuneration to take account of the longer term performance: Adjustments to remuneration on account of long term performance is included in the Variable Pay philosophy. Variable Pay shall have a mix of cash and non cash components for Chief Executive Officer and MRT. For other employees, eligibility for non cash variable pay shall be determined by the NRC on a case to case basis. The non cash component shall be in the form of Stock Options. As per policy, in general, 40% of non cash variable pay (wherever applicable) and cash variable pay (where it exceeds a specified threshold) of any employee of the Bank shall vest at the end of performance period and the remaining 60% shall be under deferral arrangement.

Discussion of the Bank's policy and criteria for adjusting deferred remuneration before vesting and (if permitted by national law) after vesting through claw back arrangements: As part of the new compensation policy, malus and clawback is applicable to all categories of staff. The variable shall be subject to malus and clawback arrangements in the event of subdued or negative financial performance. Malus shall cover future vesting only and shall not reverse vesting after it has already occurred. In the event of wilful and deliberate misrepresentation or misreporting of financial performance of the Bank in any year, clawback shall be applicable. The decision shall be taken by the NRC after taking into account all material facts. A lookback period of 3 years from the date of vesting shall be applicable to the clawback clause.

(f) Description of the different forms of variable remuneration (i.e., cash and types of share-linked instruments) that the bank utilizes and the rationale for using these different forms.

Overview of the forms of variable remuneration offered. A discussion of the use of different forms of variable remuneration and, if the mix of different forms of variable remuneration differs across employees or group of employees, a description of the factors that determine the mix and their relative importance:

The forms of variable remuneration used by the Bank are:

- a. **Performance Incentives** used for rewarding teams (primarily Business functions) for business growth, customer count/ satisfaction, asset quality, audit score etc.
- b. Performance Pay used for rewarding performance against quarterly/yearly goals/key risk areas.
- c. **Share-linked Instruments** As per the Compensation policy of the Bank, variable pay shall have a mix of cash and non cash components for Chief Executive Officer and MRT. For other employees, eligibility for non cash variable pay shall be determined by the NRC on a case to case basis. The non cash component shall be in the form of Stock Options.
- d. Long Term Retention Bonus (LTRB) a tool for retention and improved morale While short-term retention bonus plan continues to be in use, LTRB is discontinued w.e.f. 01 March 2019.

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.20 - Disclosure on Remuneration (cont'd)

B) Quantitative Disclosures (covers only Chief Executive Officer/ Material Risk Takers)

		31 March 2023	31 March 2022
a) i - Number of meetings held	by the Remuneration Committee during the year	Twelve	Twelve
ii - remuneration paid to its r		Nil	Nil
•	g received a variable remuneration award during	19 employees received Performance pay and 16 employees were granted employee stock options.	17 employees received Performance pay and 16 employees were granted employee stock options.
c) Number and total amount o	f sign on awards made during the financial year	Nil	Nil
d) Details of guaranteed bonus	s, if any, paid as joining / sign on bonus	Nil	Nil
e) Details of severance pay, in	addition to accrued benefits, if any.	Nil	Nil
f) Total amount of outstandin	g deferred remuneration		
- Cash (₹ in lakhs)		984	620
- Shares		Nil	Nil
- Share linked instruments (E	SOPs) (Nos.)	29,04,176 equity shares	18,06,696 equity shares
- Others		Nil	Nil
g) Total amount of deferred re	muneration paid out during the year ²	123	Nil
 Breakdown of amount of re and variable, deferred and n 	emuneration awards for the year to show fixed on deferred.		
- Fixed pay		1,860	1,559
- Variable pay			
- Non deferred (₹ in lakhs)		503	291
- Deferred (ESOPs)		503	291
- Deferred (ESOPs) (Nos.)		12,15,100 equity shares	15,06,745 equity shares
	nding deferred remuneration and retained post explicit and / or implicit adjustments.	Nil	Nil
j) Total amount of reductions adjustments.	during the financial year due to ex post explicit	Nil	Nil
 K) Total amount of reductions adjustments. 	during the financial year due to ex post implicit	Nil	Nil
I) Number of MRTs identified		19	17
m) Number of cases where mal	us has been exercised	Nil	Nil
n) Number of cases where claw	/back has been exercised	Nil	Nil
o) Number of cases where both	n malus and clawback have been exercised	Nil	Nil
p) The mean pay for the bank	as a whole (excluding sub-staff) ³	3.45	3.25
 q) Deviation/Ratio of the pay (₹ in lakhs/times) 	of Managing Director from/to the mean pay ⁴	304/88x	292/91x

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.20 - Disclosure on Remuneration (cont'd)

C) Disclosure on remuneration to Non-Executive Directors

The Bank has paid remuneration to its Non- executive director by way of sitting fees for attending meetings of the Board and its committees. An amount of ₹ 142 lakhs (31 March 2022: ₹ 143 lakhs) was paid as sitting fees to the Non-Executive Directors during the year.

Notes

¹ During the year, MRT otherthan MD & CEO were granted employee stock options and also one MRT resigned in the month of Feb 2023.

- ² The Deferred payment paid during the year pertains the deferral amount for the Financial year 20-21.
- ³ Mean is computed as CTC for Active HC excluding MD & CEO as at 31-Mar-23 /Active HC as at period ended March 31,2023.
- ⁴ Computed as Fixed Pay for MD & CEO / Mean pay as computed above). There are no whole time directors in the bank. Hence, the requirement to give disclosure related to Deviation/Ratio of the pay is not applicable.

18.21 - Employee Share Based Payments:

At their meetings held on 29 March 2019 and 10 May 2019, the Board and the shareholders of the Bank respectively passed a resolution approving the "Fincare Small Finance Bank Stock Option Scheme" (as amended from time to time) (hereinafter referred as 'the scheme') to create, offer, issue and allot in one or more tranches, to or for the benefit of employees including Managing Director of the Bank, such number of employee options, not exceeding 1,000,000 that would eventually convert into equity shares of ₹ 10 each in the hands of the employees of the Bank.

The eligible employees under this scheme are determined by the NRC at its sole discretion. The NRC would determine the vesting schedule of any grant made under this scheme and the same would be intimated to the eligible employee at the time of the grant. An eligible employee shall be entitled to exercise the vested option(s) and seek allotment of the shares of the Bank as per this scheme, within a period of five years from the vesting date at the exercise price intimated at the time of the grant.

ESOP-2018-FSFB Plan:

a) The details of activity under ESOP-2018-FSFB Plan have been summarised below:

	Year end	Year ended 31 March 2023		ded 31 March 2022
	No. of options	Weighted average exercise price (₹)	No. of options	Weighted average exercise price (₹)
Outstanding at the beginning of the year*	1,806,696	102.71	370,451	93.62
Granted during the year	1,215,100	110.60	1,506,745	105.14
Forfeited during the year	117,620	108.99	70,500	106.91
Exercised during the year	-	-	-	-
Expired during the year	-	-	-	-
Options outstanding at the end of the year	2,904,176	105.76	1,806,696	102.71
Out of the above exercisable at the end of the year	913,311	99.59	309,276	93.56

* The increase in ESOP outstanding as at April 01, 2021 was on account of issue of bonus share by the bank to its shareholder in the ratio of 2:1.

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.21 - Employee Share Based Payments (cont'd)

b) The details of exercise price for stock options outstanding as at year ended March 31, 2023:

Range of exercise prices	No. of options outstanding	Weighted average remaining contractual life of options (years)**	Weighted average exercise price (₹)
80-90	144,564	1.56	88.33
90-100	422,184	2.17	95.29
100-110	1,188,488	2.80	106.91
110-120	1,148,940	3.88	110.60
	2,904,176		105.76

The details of exercise price for stock options outstanding as at pervious year ended March 31, 2022:

Range of exercise prices	No. of options outstanding	Weighted average remaining contractual life of options (years)**	Weighted average exercise price (₹)
80-90	144,564	2.08	88.33
90-100	422,184	2.77	95.29
100-110	1,239,948	3.23	106.91
	1,806,696		102.71

** The Management has made assumptions regarding the exercise date to compute weighted average remaining contractual life of the options which has been relied upon by the auditor.

c) Fair value of Employee stock options

The fair value of the options is estimated using Black-Scholes options pricing model. The following table lists the inputs to the model used for determining fair value of the options.

	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Weighted average exercise price (₹)	110.60	102.87
Weighted average share price (₹)	110.60	102.87
Expected volatility	45.34%-41.56%	43.38% - 43.49%
Life of the options granted (Vesting and exercise period)		
- At the grant date	3.50 yrs - 5.50 yrs	3.50 yrs - 5.50 yrs
Risk free interest rate	5.95%-6.70%	5.22%-6.07%
Expected Dividend rate	0.00%	0.00%

As Fincare Small Finance Bank Limited is an unlisted company, so the Bank calculated the expected annual volatility of stock price using stock price volatility information of other peers from BSE for the latest historical period as per time to maturity.

Note : Mar'23 details are as per the valuarton repoted dated : June'2022

d) Effect of the employee share-based payment plans on the Profit and Loss Account and on the financial position:

Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Total employee compensation cost pertaining to share-based payment plans	819	538
Compensation cost pertaining to equity-settled employee share-based payment plan	819	538
included above		
Liability for employee stock options outstanding as at year end	1,458	638

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.22 - Disclosures relating to securitisation

Par	ticulars	As at	As at
		31 March 2023	31 March 2022
a)	No of SPEs holding assets for securitisation transactions originated by the originator	11	9
b)	Total amount of securitised assets as per books of the SPEs	39,464	5,712
c)	Total amount of exposures retained by the bank to comply with MRR as at the date of		
	balance sheet		
	i) Off-balance sheet exposures First loss		
	Others	-	-
	ii) On-balance sheet exposures	-	
	First loss	2,542	
	Others	3,886	327
d)	Amount of exposures to securitisation transactions other than MRR	5,000	527
u/	a) Off-balance sheet exposures		
	(i) Exposures to own securitisation		
	First loss	-	-
	Others	-	-
	(ii) Exposures to third party securitisation		
	First loss	-	-
	Others	-	-
	b) On-balance sheet exposures		
	(i) Exposures to own securitisation		
	First loss	-	-
	Others	-	-
	(ii) Exposures to third party securitisation		
	First loss	-	-
	Others	-	-
e)	Sale consideration received for the securitised assets and gain/loss on sale on account of securitisation	32,020	-
f)	Form and quantum (outstanding value) of services provided by way of liquidity support, post-securitisation asset servicing, etc.	-	-
g)	Performance of facility provided.		
-	- Amount paid	-	-
	- Repayment received	-	-
	- Outstanding amount	-	-
h)	Average default rate of portfolios observed in the past.	-	-
i)	Amount and number of additional/top up loan given on same underlying asset.	-	-
;)	Investor complaints		
<i>'</i>	(i) Directly/Indirectly received and;	-	-
	(ii) Complaints outstanding		

18.23 - Depositor Education and Awareness Fund

During the year ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022 no amount has been transferred to Depositor Education and Awareness Fund.

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.24 - Deferred tax assets

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Deferred tax asset arising on:		
Depreciation and amortisation	708	598
Provision for employee benefits:		
Compensated absences	380	321
Gratuity	218	106
Long Term Retention Bonus (LTRB)	5	27
Others	1,043	155
Deferred rent	3	4
Provision on portfolio loans	5,577	8,091
	7,934	9,302

18.25 - Operating leases

The Bank's significant leasing arrangements are in respect of operating leases for office premises which are renewable on mutual consent at agreed terms. The aggregate lease rentals payable are charged to the Profit and Loss Account.

Head office, registered office and branch office premises are obtained on operating lease. The branch office premises are generally rented on cancellable term ranging from twelve months to thirty six months with escalation clause; however none of the branch lease agreement carries non-cancellable lease periods. There are no restrictions imposed by lease arrangements. There are no subleases. Certain offices of the Bank have non-cancellable lease arrangements and the minimum lease payments for such arrangements during the non-cancellable period have been disclosed below.

Lease payments during the year are charged to the Profit and Loss Account.

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022
Lease payments recognised in the profit and loss account.	4,505	3,477

The details of lease commitments in terms of minimum lease payments within the non-cancellable period are as follows:

Payments falling due	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Within one year	158	347
Later than one year but not later than five years	112	257
Later than five years	-	15

18.26 - Micro small and medium enterprises

Par	ticulars	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022
i)	Principal amount remaining unpaid	46	0
ii)	Interest due thereon remaining unpaid	-	
iii)	Interest paid by the Bank in terms of Section 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, along-with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the year.	-	-
iv)	Interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the period) but without adding interest specified under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Act, 2006	-	-
v)	Interest accrued and remaining unpaid	-	-
vi)	Interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprises	-	-

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.27 - Earnings per equity share

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022
Net profit attributable to equity shareholders	10,364	887
Weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year used for computing basic earnings per share (nos)	220,779,720	219,552,509
Weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year used for computing Diluted earnings per share (nos)	221,375,377	219,552,509
Basic earnings per share	4.69	0.38
Diluted earnings per share	4.68	0.38

18.28 - Inter-Bank Participation Certificate (IBPC) transactions

During the year, the Bank has sold its advances through IBPCs. The details are as follows:

Par	ticulars	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022
i)	Aggregate value of IBPCs transaction during the year ¹	75,000	49,400
ii)	Aggregate consideration received	75,000	49,400
iii)	Aggregate gain recorded	-	-
iv)	IBPCs outstanding	65,000	20,000

¹ aggregate value of the own portfolio pool identified for IBPC transaction ₹ 187,500 lakhs (2022 : ₹ 123,500 lakhs).

18.29 - Corporate social responsibility (CSR)

Part	ticulars	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022
(a)	Gross amount required to be spend	237	306
(b)	Gross amount required to be spend as approved by the Board	237	306
(c)	Amount spent during the year		
	(i) Construction/ acquisition for any asset	-	-
	(ii) any other projects	239	306
Tot	al	239	306
(d)	short fall at the year end	-	-
(e)	pervious year short fall	-	-
(f)	reason for short fall	NA	NA

Nature of Activities - (i) Financial & Digital Literacy Camp (ii) Crisis Relief Camp (iii) Promoting Water Conservation and Tree Plantation (iv) Health care camp and (v) COVID-19 pandemic support

18.30 - Payment of DICGC Insurance Premium

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022
Payment of DICGC Insurance Premium	690	580
Arrears in payment of DICGC premium	-	-

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.31 - Priority Sector Lending Certificate (PSLC) Purchased and Sold during the Year

During the year ended 31 March 2023, the Bank sold PSLCs amounting to ₹ 2,16,500 lakhs (2022: ₹ 2,80,000 lakhs) under Small and Marginal farmers category. The income earned on the PSLCs sold during the year is ₹ 3,365 lakhs (2022: ₹ 5,649 lakhs).

During the year ended 31 March 2023, the Bank bought PSLCs amounting to $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$ 12,000 lakhs(2022 : $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$ 59,000 lakhs) under Micro enterprises category. The expense incurred on the PSLCs bought during the year is $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$ 72 lakhs (2022: $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$ 952 lakhs).

18.32 - Implementation of IFRS converged Indian Accounting Standards (Ind-AS)

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA), Government of India has notified the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 on February 16, 2015. Further, a Press Release was issued by the MCA on January 18, 2016 outlining the roadmap for implementation of Indian Accounting Standards (IND AS) converged with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) for banks. As per earlier instructions, banks in India were required to comply with the IND AS for financial statements for accounting periods beginning from April 1, 2018 onwards, with comparatives for the periods ending March 31, 2018 or thereafter. Progressing towards IND AS, the Bank had prepared pro forma financials as at June 30, 2017 as per extant regulatory guidelines and submitted the same to the RBI. On April 05, 2018, the RBI had announced deferment of implementation date by one year with IND AS being applicable to banks for accounting periods beginning April 01, 2019 onwards. In preparation for the same, the Bank has been submitting quarterly pro-forma financials to the RBI from quarter ended June 30, 2018. On March 22, 2019, the RBI has announced deferment of the implementation of IND AS by banks till further notice; however, the Bank continues to submit to the RBI pro-forma financials on half year basis.

18.33 - Marketing and distribution

The Bank has received fees of ₹ Nil (31 March 2022: ₹ 36 lakhs) with respect to marketing and distribution function (excluding bancassurance business) during the financial year ended 31 March 2023.

18.34 - Amortisation of expenditure on account of enhancement in family pension of employees

During the year ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022, the Bank has not done any expenditutre towards enhancement of family pension of employee.

18.35 - Funding transactions

To the best of our knowledge and belief, the Bank, as part of its authorised normal business, grants loans and advances, makes investment, to and accepts deposits and borrowings from its customers, other entities and persons. These transactions are part of Bank's authorised normal business, which is conducted ensuring adherence to regulatory requirements.

Other than the transactions described above

- (a) No funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Bank to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries") with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall lend or invest in other persons or entities identified by or on behalf of the Bank ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (b) The Bank has not received any funds from any person(s) or entity(ies) ("Funding Party") with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Bank shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

18.36 - Details of Large Exposures Framework limits exceeded by the Bank

As per regulatory guidelines, with effect from April 1, 2019 in case of single counterparty, the sum of all the exposure values of a bank to a single counterparty must not be higher than 20 percent of the bank's available eligible capital base at all times. In exceptional cases, Board of bank may allow an additional 5 percent exposure of the bank's available eligible capital base. In case of group of connected counterparties, the sum of all the exposure values of a bank to a group of connected counterparties must not be higher than 25 percent of the bank's available eligible capital base at all times.

The eligible capital base for this purpose is the effective amount of Tier 1 capital fulfilling the criteria defined in Master Circular on Basel III – Capital Regulation /Master Direction on 'Basel III Capital Regulations' as per the last audited balance sheet.

During the years ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, the Bank has not exceeded the prudential exposure limits as laid down by the RBI guidelines under Large Exposure Framework.

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs except otherwise stated)

18.37 - Books of accounts

As per the MCA notification dated 05 August 2022 Government has notified the Companies (Accounts) Fourth Amendment Rules, 2022. As per the amended rules back-up of the books of account/other books & papers maintained in electronic mode, including at a place outside India, shall be kept in servers physically located in India on a daily basis.

The Bank's servers are physically located in India and back up is done on a daily basis. Thus the Bank is compliant with the requirements of the above notification.

The above notification is not applicable for financial year ended 31 March 2022.

18.38 - Maintenance of Audit trail

The MCA vide its notification dated 24 March, 2021 had introduced the concept of audit trails by inserting proviso to rule3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. It was provided that for the F.Y. commencing on or after 1st April ,2021, every company which uses accounting software for maintaining its books of account, shall use only such accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail of each and every transaction, creating an edit log of each change made in books of account along with the date when such changes were made and ensuring that the audit trail cannot be disabled. However, the applicability was deferred by 1 year by amending the same vide Companies (Accounts) Second Amendment Rules, 2021. The new date of applicability was 1 April, 2022. Yet again, the MCA has amended the proviso vide Companies (Accounts) Second Amendment Rules, 2023.

The Bank uses various software as its accounting software and the management has taken steps to be compliant with requirements of Audit trail functionality from 1 April 2023

18.39 Previous year's figures have been regrouped / reclassified, wherever considered necessary, in order to make them comparable with figures for the current year.

These are the notes appended to and forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

As per our report of even date.

Sd/-

For S.R Batliboi & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No: 101049W/E300004

Sd/-

per Sarvesh Warty Partner Membership No.: 121411

Bengaluru April 24, 2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **Fincare Small Finance Bank Limited**

Sd/-Rajeev Yadav MD and CEO DIN: 00111379

Bengaluru April 24, 2023

Sd/-Keyur Doshi Chief Financial Officer

Vadodara April 24, 2023 Sd/-Pramod Kabra Director DIN: 02252403

Mumbai April 24, 2023

Sd/-Shefaly Kothari Company Secretary M No. F7698

Bengaluru April 24, 2023 Sd/-

Sameer Nanavati Director DIN: 00157693 143

Ahmedabad April 24, 2023